

# کوردستانی عێراق له روژنامه

## ئه مریکیه کاندا

٢٠٠٥-١٩٩١

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### The Daily Herald

Saturday, March 20, 1991 Central Illinois Newspaper for 77 Years Since 1856 Price 50 Cents

#### Bangor promises events center funds

BY JENNIFER J. DUNN  
Bangor, Maine, promises to provide \$1 million in state funds to help build a new center for the arts and culture in the city, Mayor Robert C. Bangor announced today.

#### Kurds claim control of major city

AMMAN, Jordan (AP) — Kurdish forces in Iraq have taken control of a major city, a spokesman for the Kurdish National Council said today.

#### Abortion law's chances remote, professor says

BY LINDA A. KAY  
The chances of a Supreme Court decision that would overturn the 1973 Roe v. Wade decision are remote, according to a professor at the University of Illinois at Chicago.

#### Bush administration refuses aid to rebels

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Bush administration has refused to provide military aid to the rebels in the Philippines, a State Department spokesman said today.

#### Judge stays ACLU prayer lawsuit

COURT rules to await decision of Rhode Island case

#### Prayer issue not a case of believers against non-believers, attorney says

WASHINGTON (AP) — A federal judge has stayed a lawsuit filed by the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) against the U.S. Department of Education, which is trying to force schools to allow prayer.

#### 50,000 Albanians rally against Communists

TIRANA (AP) — Fifty thousand Albanians gathered in the capital today to demand the end of Communist rule in their country.

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<b>FINC #1</b>	
1000	100.00
2000	100.00
3000	100.00
4000	100.00
5000	100.00
6000	100.00
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10000	100.00

Weather	
Temp	60-70
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پروفیسور. دکتور یاسین سەردەشتی

سلیمانی / ٢٠٢٤



**خوینەری بەریز:** ئاشکرایە کە کوردستانی عێراق لە سالانی ۱۹۹۰کانی سەدەى بیستەم و سەرەتای دەیهی یەكەمی سەدەى بیست و یەك، پێشەات و رووداوگەلیکی فرە گرنگ و بایەخدارى بەخۆیەوه بێنیه کە زادهی جەنگی کەنداو و گورانکارییهکانی دواتر بوون لەناوچەکەدا. ئەوهی خۆی لەراپەرینی ئاداری ۱۹۹۱ و دواتر کۆرموی خەلکی کوردستان و هەروەها دامەزراندنی حکومەتی هەریم کوردستان و جەنگی نیوخۆیی نیوان پارتي و یەكیتی و هەتا رووخاندنی رژیمی بەعسی عێراق لەلایەن ئەمریکاوه لە سالی ۲۰۰۳ و دواتر بنیاتنانهوهی عێراق دیموکراتی فیدرال، دەبینیتەوه. هەموو ئەم رووداوه گرنگانه رەنگدانەوهیهکی وردی لە رۆژنامەوانی ئەمریکادا هەبووهو بوته هەوال و بابەتی وتاری چاودێرو راپورتی پەیمانێرەکانیان، ئەوهی کە هەر ئەوکات دەبوو وەرەبگیردرین یان پوختەى بۆچوونەکانیان بخریتە بەرچاوی گەلی کورد لە باشووری کوردستان، کەبەداخهوه پیمانوايه بەمەبەست نەکراره.

دیاره ئەم هەوال و بۆچوونانه جگە لەوهی کەرەسەیهکی خاون بۆ ئەنجامدانی هەر توێژینهوهیهکی میژوویی لەو قوناغه، هەروەها بەرچاورییهکیشن بۆ هەر کەسێک بیهویت سەرنجیکی روونی سەبارەت بە رووداوهکانی ئەو قوناغه و هەلوێستی ئەمریکا و کاریگەرییان لەناراستەى ئەو رووداوانه هەبیت. ئێمه بە پێویستمان زانی هەندیک لەو بابەت و وتار و هەوالانه بخهینه بەرچاوی خوینەرانى کورد و بە ناوهروکی ئەو بابەتابەیان ئاشناکەین کە سەبارەت بەو رووداوانهیه لەو قوناغهدا لەم ناوچهیه روویانداوه. هیوادارم شوینی خۆی بگریت. لەگەل ریزمدا.

پروفیسۆر. دکتۆر یاسین سەردەشتی

۱ى شوباتى ۲۰۲۴



## كورد هانی ئەمەریكا دەدات دیموكراتی له عێراق پێشبخەن

رۆژنامەى ئەمەریكى "The Salt Lake Tribune" كه له رۆژى شەممەى رێكەوتى ١٢مارتى ١٩٩١دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوەتەوه، بابەتێكى له لاپەرە ٤ى خۆیدا بەو ناوێشانەى سەرەوه نووسىوه، كه ئەمە دەقهكەيەتى:

" واشنتون : سەركردهكانى بەرگرىكارى كوردییى له عێراق، كه سێ سأل لەمەوبەر قوربانى چەكى كىمىایى سەرۆك سەدام حسین بوون، رۆژى پێنجشەممە داوايان له سەرۆك بوش كرد كه هانى هێنانەئارای حكومەتێكى دیموكراتى بدات له عێراق كه دان به نەتەوهكەياندا بنێت.

هۆشيار زىيارى سەرۆكى نوێنەرایەتى دەرەوهى پارتى دیموكراتى كوردستان، كه نوێنەرایەتى نزیكەى لەسەدا ٢٠ى دانیشتوانى عێراق دەكات، وتى "پىویستە پرسى كورد بخرێتە بەرنامەى كارى نێردمۆلەتییەوه". ئەو وتى "ئێمە ناتوانین ئەمە به تەنیا بیکەین".

زىيارى به رۆژنامەنووسانى راگەياندا وهلامى سەرەتایى ئىدارەى بوش "هاندر نەبووه".

ئەو و بەرپرسانەى دیکەى كورد له واشنتون بو دیدار لهگەڵ سەركردهكانى كۆنگرێس رايانگەياندا، هیوايان خواستوو لهگەڵ بەرپرسیكى ئىدارەى كۆنگرێس كۆببنەوه.

بهلام كۆبوونەوهیەكى بەرنامە بو دارێژراو، لهگەڵ ریچارد شیفتەر یاریدهدرى سكرتێر دەولەت بو مافەكانى مرۆف و كاروبارى مرۆبى، له دوا ساتدا رەتكرايهوه، بههۆى ئەوهى دواتر وتەبیژىك وتى شیفتەر "خستەى كارەكانى زۆر پر" بووه. سەركرده كوردهكان لەبرى ئەو، لهگەڵ یاریدهدرانى شیفتەر كۆبوونەوه.

پیتەر گالبرایس، یاریدهدهری لیژنه‌ی په‌یوه‌ندییه‌کانی دهره‌وه‌ی نه‌نجومه‌نی پیران، وتی: "هه‌ندیك فشاری ده‌ویست" له‌لایهن سه‌رۆکی لیژنه‌که کلاپیۆرن پیل دی-ئار. ئای، ته‌نانه‌ت بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی کۆبوونه‌وه‌یه‌ک له‌گه‌ڵ شیفته‌ر دیاری بکریت.

سه‌رکرده‌کانی به‌رگریکاری، وتیان: زۆریک له‌و سه‌ربازه عیراقیانه خۆیان راده‌ست کرد، دوا‌ی ئه‌وه‌ی، ته‌نانه‌ت پیشتریش، که شه‌ری زهمینی ده‌ستی پیکرد، کورد بوون. ئه‌وانه‌ی که سه‌دام فه‌رمانی پیکردبوون بۆ به‌رکه‌کانی پیشه‌وه به‌لام نه‌یانده‌ویست بجه‌نگن.

زیاری ناماژه‌ی به‌وه‌شکرد، عیزه‌ت دوری، جیگری سه‌رۆککۆماری عیراق ماوه‌یه‌کی که‌م پیش جه‌نگه‌که هه‌ره‌شه‌ی به‌کاره‌ینانی چه‌کی کیمیایی له‌ دژی کورد کرد ئه‌گه‌ر هاوکارنه‌ین له‌گه‌ڵ هه‌وله‌کانی عیراق.

وێرای ئه‌وه‌ش، سه‌رکرده‌کانی به‌رگریکاری ووتیان، ئه‌ندامانی پارتیزانه کورده‌کان، به‌رپرسیاربوون له‌ نزیکه‌ی ۵۰ هێرش بۆ سه‌ر باره‌گاکی حزبی به‌عسی سه‌دام له‌ باکوری رۆژه‌لاتی عیراق له‌ قۆناغی زهمینی شه‌ردا و ژماره‌یه‌کی دیارینه‌کراویان له‌ ئه‌فسه‌رانی هێزی ئه‌منی عیراقیی کوشتوه.

له‌ ده‌یه‌ی رابردوودا، سوپای سه‌دام نزیکه‌ی ۳۰۰۰ گوندی کوردی له‌ باکووری رۆژه‌لاتی عیراقی پر له‌نه‌وت رووخاند و رزگار بووانیان برده‌ دهره‌وه بۆ زه‌وییه‌ وێرانه‌ رووته‌لاکان له‌ باشوور، یان په‌نابانبرد بۆ تورکیا و ئێران، که زۆریکیان له‌ که‌مپه‌کانی په‌نابهران ماونه‌ته‌وه و ناتوانن کار بکه‌ن یان مندا‌لانه‌کانی خۆیان بنێرن بۆ قوتابخانه.

# Iraqis Pass Carnage, Ruin on Road Home

**By David Turley**  
**WASHINGTON**—Iraqi soldiers, the war weary but still obedient and obedient to their officers, were seen marching south over the road from Baghdad to Basra, Iraq, in the early hours of the morning. The road was littered with burned-out tanks and armored vehicles, having been used by the Iraqis to transport their heavy armor and supplies to the front lines.

The Iraq army has been annihilated and its heavy armor and supplies are being transported south. The road from Baghdad to Basra, Iraq, is littered with burned-out tanks and armored vehicles, having been used by the Iraqis to transport their heavy armor and supplies to the front lines. The road was littered with burned-out tanks and armored vehicles, having been used by the Iraqis to transport their heavy armor and supplies to the front lines.

# Hussein Hails Free Kuwait, Asks for Arabs to Unite

**By Carol Rosenberg**  
**AMMAN**, Jordan—Swelling cries from Iraq and other Arab states for a renewed effort to solve the Palestine problem.

King Hussein of Jordan, speaking to the press in Amman, hailed the freedom of Kuwait and urged Arab unity. He said that the liberation of Kuwait was an indication of the Arab people's strength and that they should unite to solve their common problems.

King Hussein said that the liberation of Kuwait was a victory for the Arab people and that they should unite to solve their common problems. He urged Arab unity and said that the liberation of Kuwait was an indication of the Arab people's strength.

# Bush Seeks More Time To Reach Trade Deals

**WASHINGTON** (UPI)—President Lyndon B. Johnson's administration is seeking more time to reach trade agreements with Latin American nations.

President Johnson said that his administration needs more time to reach trade agreements with Latin American nations. He said that the administration is working hard to reach these agreements but needs more time.

# Generally Speaking, Future May Shine On Top U. S. Brass

**WASHINGTON** (UPI)—President Bush brushed aside questions Friday about whether his new top military men on the staff will serve as "pioneers" in setting the course for the nation's future.

President Bush said that he is optimistic about the future of the United States. He said that his new top military men will serve as "pioneers" in setting the course for the nation's future.

# Exxon Fine Should Be Double Spill Damage, Justice Says

**ANCHORAGE**, Alaska (UPI)—In new Federal court filings Friday, the Justice Department said it wants a \$1-million fine doubled to \$2 million for the Exxon Valdez oil spill if the oil giant is convicted in its ongoing criminal trial.

The Justice Department said it wants a \$1-million fine doubled to \$2 million for the Exxon Valdez oil spill if the oil giant is convicted in its ongoing criminal trial. It said that the fine should be double the amount of the spill damage.

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# Kurds Urge U.S. to Push For Democracy in Iraq

**WASHINGTON** (UPI)—Leaders of Iraq's Kurdish resistance, who met in Chicago last week, urged the United States to push for democracy in Iraq.

The Kurdish leaders said that they want the United States to push for democracy in Iraq. They said that the United States should support the Kurdish resistance and push for a democratic government in Iraq.

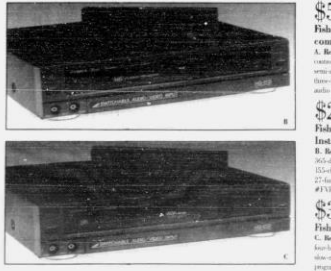
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ئه‌وان وتیان ئه‌و گروپه کوردییانه‌ی بانگه‌شه‌ی ده‌وله‌تییکی سه‌ربه‌خۆ ده‌که‌ن، ناتوانن هیچ ده‌نگیکیان هه‌بیت له هه‌یج گه‌فتوگه‌و دانوستانی‌که‌دا، که له‌ماوه‌ی دوا‌ی رووخاندنی سه‌دام به‌ده‌ست هاوپه‌یمان‌ه‌کان دینه‌ئارا.

هاوپه‌یمانان، که بو خۆیان به‌ئینیانداوه عیراق پارچه‌ پارچه‌ نه‌بیت، ماوه‌یه‌کی زۆره کوردیان له دووره‌په‌ریزییدا راگرتوه. هه‌رچه‌نده سه‌رکرده‌کانی کورد چهن‌دین جار جه‌ختیان له‌پابه‌ندبوونیان به دیموکراسییه‌وه کردۆته‌وه.

کوردان میژوویه‌کی درێژیان له‌خه‌یانه‌تکردنی هه‌یزه ده‌ره‌کیه‌که‌کاندا هه‌یه، بریتانیا و فرهنسا له‌و به‌ئینانه‌ پاشگه‌زبوونه‌وه که سه‌بارت به دامه‌زراندنی ده‌وله‌تییکی کوردیی له ریکه‌وتنه‌نامه‌ی سیقه‌ری سالی ۱۹۲۰دا، داویانه، ئه‌وه‌ی که ئیمپراتۆری عوسمانیی هه‌له‌وه‌شاندوه .

ئه‌وه‌ی مسته‌فا بارزانی (پیشه‌وا قازی محمه‌د بوو/س)، سه‌رکرده‌ی ئه‌فسانه‌یی کورد، له‌ کۆتایی دووه‌مین جه‌نگی جیهانییدا، کۆماریکی که‌م ته‌مه‌نی له کوردستانی ئێراندا راگه‌یاند، به‌لام کاتیک سوپای سوڤیتی که‌ پیشتر ناوچه‌که‌یان گرتیوو، کشایه‌وه، کۆماره‌که رووخا."

### Briefs

#### Tory Party loses in Major's first test

LONDON (AP) — Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Tory Party suffered a surprise defeat in a by-election in a London district headed from Major for a stunning defeat in its first electoral test that failed to shed doubt on her leadership.

The Liberal Democratic Party, a coalition group comprising the remnants of the Liberal Party and the Liberal Democrats of Bill Rodgers of the late Conservative Party, won the seat. Margaret Thatcher led her party to a narrow victory in a by-election in the London district of Barking.

The party's victory in Barking, which is a traditional Tory area, was seen as a recent setback for the incoming Conservative government, which is expected to face a series of by-elections in the next few weeks. The party's victory in Barking was seen as a setback for the incoming Conservative government, which is expected to face a series of by-elections in the next few weeks.

#### Defence: Witness lied about Mandela

JOHANNESBURG (AP) — A defense lawyer today said that a witness who testified that Nelson Mandela's kidnapping and assault trial of concealing information about his whereabouts during the trial.

The witness, who testified that he saw Mandela being taken to a prison in South Africa, had been accused of lying about his whereabouts during the trial.

#### Letter bomb kills 2 Fatah guerrillas

ALGERIA (AP) — A letter-bomb exploded in the offices of Fatah, the mainstream Palestine Liberation Organization faction, in the Algerian capital, killing two guerrillas and wounding two others.

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#### Turkey, Iran wary of Kurdish offensive

AMMAN, Jordan (AP) — Iraq's rebellion Kurds claim to have captured several cities in recent days, taking advantage of Baghdad Army's crushing defeat in the Gulf War. But neighboring Turkey and Iran are wary of a conflict that could spill over into their own borders.

The Kurds are claiming to have captured several cities in recent days, taking advantage of Baghdad Army's crushing defeat in the Gulf War. But neighboring Turkey and Iran are wary of a conflict that could spill over into their own borders.

#### Gorbachev gets OK for Security Council

MOSCOW (AP) — President Mikhail Gorbachev has received approval Thursday for eight of ten nominees to the Security Council, an inner cabinet that will take decisions before the Security Council.

Gorbachev has received approval Thursday for eight of ten nominees to the Security Council, an inner cabinet that will take decisions before the Security Council.

#### Israel pushes '89 peace plan

JERUSALEM (AP) — Israeli government leaders have pushed a peace plan to Israel's Arab neighbors, but the plan is still far from being accepted by the Arab side.

Israeli government leaders have pushed a peace plan to Israel's Arab neighbors, but the plan is still far from being accepted by the Arab side.

## Baker looks at chances for Arab-Israeli peace

BAKING (Arab Affairs) — On the first of a 10-day trip to the Middle East, U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz is expected to meet with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and other officials to discuss the prospects for peace between the Arab and Israeli sides.

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Shultz's trip to the Middle East is based on the assumption that the Arab side is ready to accept a two-stage process to settling the Arab-Israeli dispute.

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The Israeli official said that Rabin would like to see a peace agreement that would allow for a permanent settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

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President Bush said Wednesday that he would like to see a peace agreement that would allow for a permanent settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

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Shultz's trip to the Middle East is expected to be a key moment in the peace process between the Arab and Israeli sides.

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Thousands of Albanians pack a ship that ran a blockade to the port of Brindisi, Italy, Thursday.

## Italy will send back Albanians

BRINDISI, Italy (AP) — A repatriation decision has been made to send back thousands of Albanians who have arrived by boat in southern Italy but will not be accepted by the Italian government.

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The U.S. High Commissioner for Refugees, meanwhile, appealed to Italy today to prevent any further repatriation of Albanians.

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Several thousands of others broke through police barriers in Rome, saying they were fleeing from the Albanian refugee situation.

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## Germany, Iran wary of Kurdish offensive

AMMAN, Jordan (AP) — Iraq's rebellion Kurds claim to have captured several cities in recent days, taking advantage of Baghdad Army's crushing defeat in the Gulf War.

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Germany and Iran are wary of a conflict that could spill over into their own borders.

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## Kuwait ex-hostages say Iraqis let them go hungry, thirsty

THE IRAQI BORDER OF KUWAIT (AP) — Men who were held captive by Iraqis in Kuwait said they were let go hungry and thirsty.

Men who were held captive by Iraqis in Kuwait said they were let go hungry and thirsty.

Several Kuwaitis also said they were let go hungry and thirsty.

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The Kuwaitis who returned home last Thursday were among thousands taken away by Iraqi soldiers.

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Many of the men had to live in tents for several weeks.

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The returning Kuwaitis said Iraqis captured most of them from their homes Feb. 23-25.

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377-2234

## ئاۋاۋەگىرىيەكانى دژ بە سەدام لە عىراق بەردەوامە

رۆژنامەى "The Daily Herald" كە لە رۆژى يەكشەممەى رىكەوتى ۱۰ مارتى ۱۹۹۱دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوتەو، لەلاپەرەى يەكەم خۇيدا، ھەوالىكى بەو ناونىشانەى سەرەو بەلاوكردۆتەو، كە ئەمە دەقەكەيەتى:

" نىقۇسىا، قوبرس: سەرچاۋەكانى ئۆپۇزسىۋن و گەشتىاران ئەمپرو لە عىراقەو ئەمپرو شەممە بلاويانكردەو: ئاۋاۋەگىرىيەكان دژى سەدام حوسىن وپراى سەرکوتكردنى بىبەزەبىانە لەلايەن پاسەوانى دلسۆزى كۇمارىيەكانىيەو كە ھەزاران كەسى تىيدا كۇژراون، لە زيادبووندايە.

يەككە لە گروپە ئۆپۇزسىۋنەكان، كە يەكئىتى نىشتمانى كوردستانە، رايگەياند : لەو ناۋچەيەى باكوور ژمارەيەكى زور سەربازى حكومەت چوونەتە پال ياخىبووكان، ئەوانەى دەستيانگرتوۋە بەسەر كۆپتەرى جەنگىيى و كۇگاكانى تەقەمەنى و دامەزراۋەيەكى مووشەك.

سەرچاۋەيەكى دىكەى ئۆپۇزسىۋن رايگەياندوۋە، لە رۆژى ھەينىەو، پشيوپىەكان لانىكەم لە پىنج گەرەكى ھەژارنىشىنى دەوروبەرى بەغدا پەرەيسەندوۋە.

سەرچاۋەكە ئاماژەى بەو شەكردوۋە، ھىلىكۆپتەرى جەنگىيەكانى سوپا بانگكراون بۇ ئەوۋى پەلاماردان و بلاۋەپىكردنى ئاۋاۋەگىران لە گەرەكەكانى پايتەخت كە زۆرىنەيان موسلمانى شىعەن و ژمارەيەكى زۆريان كوشتوۋە. ھىچ ئامارىكى ديارىكراويس لەو پروۋە نەخراۋەتەروو.

گەشتىاران دەلئىن سەربازانى ۋەفادار بۇ سەدام، بە ھەلىكۆپتەرى و تانكەكانيان، سەدان كەسىان كوشتوۋە، بۇ ئەوۋى ئەمپرو ھەينى

نازاو هگزییهکان له مهینه سه‌دام، کۆنترۆڵ بکه‌ن. ئه‌وه‌ی گهره‌کیکی به‌غدایه و نزیکه‌ی یه‌ک ملیۆن که‌سی تێدایه.

نازانی فه‌رمی کۆماری ئیسلامی ئێران ب‌لاویکرده‌وه، ئه‌ده‌وا پارتی، له ئۆپۆزیسیۆنی عێراقی، ئه‌مه‌رۆ شه‌مه‌ ئیدیعایه‌کرد که‌ فه‌رقه‌ی که‌وته‌می سوپای عێراق، به‌ فه‌رمانه‌که‌یه‌وه، داویانه‌ته‌پاڵ هێزه‌کانی به‌رگری. راپۆرته‌که‌، که‌ له نیکۆسیا چاودێری کراوه، رایگه‌یانده‌وه، ئه‌و فه‌رقه‌یه‌ ب‌نکه‌که‌ی له‌ باشووری به‌سه‌ریه‌، نزیک سنووری کوه‌یت.

هیچ ورده‌کاریه‌کی زیاتری نه‌خسته‌روو. فه‌رقه‌یه‌کی عێراقی به‌گشتی ۱۰,۰۰۰ بۆ ۱۵,۰۰۰ سه‌رباز له‌خۆده‌گریت.

له‌ کوه‌یت، ئه‌فسه‌رانی هه‌والگری سوپای ئه‌مه‌ریکا رایانگه‌یانده‌، یاخیبووانی عێراق داوای چه‌کیان له‌ سه‌ربازانی ئه‌مه‌ریکا له‌ باشووری عێراق کردوه. هه‌ندیک له‌ سه‌ربازه‌کانی ئه‌مه‌ریکی چه‌کیان پێداون، هه‌رچه‌نده‌ سیاسه‌تی ئه‌مه‌ریکا ئه‌وه‌ قه‌ده‌غه‌ ده‌کات.

ئه‌فسه‌ریک که‌ نه‌یویست ناوی ئاشکرا بکری، به‌ رۆژنامه‌ی ئه‌سۆشیتد پریس راگه‌یانده‌، تفه‌نگی M-16 ی تۆتۆمایک و ته‌قه‌مه‌نی له‌ لایه‌ن هه‌ندیک له‌ سه‌ربازانی ئه‌مه‌ریکیه‌وه‌ بۆ یاخیبووه‌کان به‌جیه‌پلارون، کاتیک پێگه‌کانی خۆیان له‌ ده‌ره‌وه‌ی باشووری شاری ناسیری به‌جیه‌پلارون.

نایه‌تو‌ل‌ا ته‌قی موده‌ریسی، سه‌رکرده‌یه‌کی ئۆپۆزیسیۆنی شیعه‌، له‌ دوورخراوه‌یه‌که‌یه‌وه‌ له‌ دیمه‌شقی پایته‌ختی سووریا، په‌یامێکی بۆ خافیر پیریز دی کۆیلار، سه‌رکرتیری گشتی نه‌ته‌وه‌ یه‌که‌گرتوه‌کان نارد و داوای کۆبوونه‌وه‌ی ئه‌نجومه‌نی ئاسایشی کرد بۆ تاوتوێکردنی ریگاگانی وه‌ستاندنی "کوشته‌نی به‌کۆمه‌لی خه‌لکی عێراق".

گه‌شتیاران له‌ عێراقه‌وه‌ باسیان له‌وه‌ کردوه‌ که‌ نازاوه‌گزییه‌کان بۆ ئێرێ شاره‌ موس‌لمانه‌ سوننه‌نشینه‌کان ب‌لاوبوونه‌ته‌وه‌، ئه‌و شارانه‌ی که‌ تاراوه‌یه‌کی زۆر د‌لسۆزیان بۆ سه‌دام مابووه‌وه‌، سه‌دام که‌خۆی ئه‌ندامه‌

له كهمينه‌ی سوننه. له سه‌دا په‌نجاوینجی عیراقیه‌كان موسلمانى شیعهن.

هه‌روه‌ها ئه‌وان ئاماژه‌یان به‌وه‌شکردوه، كه رۆژانى هه‌ینی و دووباره رۆژى شه‌مه، خۆپیشانده‌ران وینه‌ی سه‌دامیان دراندوه و دروشمیان وتوه كه داواى رووخاندنیان کردوه و هه‌یرشیان کردوته سه‌ر باله‌خانه حكومییه‌كان و باله‌خانه‌كانی پارتی سۆسیالیستی عه‌ره‌ی به‌عسی ده‌سه‌لاتدار له شار وچه‌كانی فله‌وجه و رومادی، له رۆژه‌لاتی عیراق.

سه‌باره‌ت به‌دۆخی باشووری شاری به‌سه‌ره، دووم گه‌وره‌ترین شاری عیراق، گه‌شتیاریک وتی: "ئه‌وه کۆمه‌لكوژییه‌کی راسته‌قینه بوو. كوژراوه‌كان به‌هزاران كه‌سن. خانوه‌كان ته‌خت كراون."

وهك هه‌ر سه‌رچاوه‌كانی تر كه باس له یاخیبوونه‌كه ده‌كهن، گه‌شتیاره‌كه به‌و مه‌رجه قسه‌یكرد كه ناوی نه‌یه‌ت، به‌هۆی ترسی تۆله‌سه‌ندنه‌وه له كه‌سوكار و هاوڕێیانی. هه‌روه‌ها داواى کردوه كه پینگه‌ی ئیستاناشی باسی لێوه نه‌كړیت.

ئهو ئاماژه‌ی به‌وه‌شکردوه، كه گاردی كۆماریی تانكى T-72 به‌كارده‌هینن بۆ رووخاندنی ئهو خانوانه‌ی كه گومانی ئه‌وه‌یان هه‌یه هه‌لاتوانی ئاسایی سوپا یان ئاژاوه‌گیرانی مه‌ده‌نی خۆیان تێدا هه‌شارداوه.

به‌سه‌ره خالی ده‌ستپێکی ئهو ئاژاوه‌گیریه‌ی كه داواى ئه‌وه هه‌لگیرسا كه هاوپه‌یمانان سوپای عیراقیان تیکشكاند. رادیۆی تارانى فه‌رمى ئێران، له راپۆرتیکدا رایگه‌یاند: گاردی كۆماریی كه به‌ ته‌قه‌ی تانك و تۆپخانه‌كانیان یاخیبووانیان راوه‌دوونانی، رۆژى هه‌ینی تۆپه‌كانیان به‌ر کۆمه‌لگه‌ی پترۆكیمیایی به‌سه‌ره كه‌وتوه‌وو ئاگری گرتوه.

راديوکه، که له نیکۆسیا چاودیری دهکریت، دملیت: دوکهلی ناگرهکه، بهشیک له شاری خورهمشاری ئیرانی داپوشیوه.

له دهمی ئەو پەنابەرانی که رۆژی شەممە گهیشتونەته ئیران، رایگهیاندوه که یاخیوونەکه له شاری بەسرە توندتر بووه.

سەبارەت بە دۆخی شارەکانی مەزارگە شیعەکانی تێدایە له کەربەلا و نەجەف، گهشتیاران هەروەها هەواییانداه که له چەند رۆژی رابردوودا، تۆلەسەندنهوی درندانه له دژی کۆمهلی یاخیووان ئەنجامدراوه. ئەوان دملین کەربەلا که ٦٠ میل له باشووری بەغداوه دووره، رۆژی هەینی به تۆپ و تانک، بۆ ماوهی ١٢ کاتژمێر، بۆردومان کراوه.

له باکووریش، یاخیووانی کورد، بانگهشەیی ئەوهیاندەکرد که سوپایان له شەش شاردان تیکشکاندوه، له نیویاندا سلیمانی. ناوهندی پارێزگای ناوچه شاخاوییهکان، که له ١٥٠ میل له باکووری بەغداوه.

هۆشیار زیاری، و تهبیژی بەرهی کوردستانی عێراق رایگهیاند: که ٥ هەزار سەربازی سوپایان داویانەتەپال یان خۆیان رادهستی کورد کردوه.

ناوبراو ستایشی هاوکاریی نیوان گروپه ئۆپوزسیونه شیعەکان و و کوردهکانی کرد، ئەوانهیی که ریزهکانیان له هاوپهیمانییهکی ١٧ پارتیدا یهکخستوه که له ئیران و سوریاوه کاردهکن. بریاربوو ههفتهی داهاوو ئەندامانی ئەو گرووپانه له بهیروت کۆببنهوه.

دکتور بەرهم سەلح، و تهبیژی یهکیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان، رایگهیاند، ئەمڕۆ هەینی سەربازخانەکهی حامیه له پارێزگای سلیمانی گیراوه، له نیویاندا ژمارهیهک کۆپتهری سەربازیشی تێدایه.

ههروهها ياخيبيوان سهربازخانهي تاسلوجهي نزيكيشيان گرت. شويني داناني مووشهك و كوگايهكي تهقهمني، له چاوپيكهوتنيكي تهلهفونيدا له لهندهنهو وتي.

سالخ وتي: ياخيبيواني كورد روژي شهممه كونترولي ناوهندي شاروچكهي شهقلاوهيان كردوو، به بهريومهبرايهتي نهمن و پولييسيشهوه. شهقلاوه، له پاريزگاي ههوليره، لباكووري پاريزگاي سليماني.

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**Geneva Steel officials say professors' letter misleading**

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**World Tanks roll into Belgrade**

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**Nation Lincoln Savings sold at last**

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**Sports Cougars earn NCAA berth**

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# The Daily Herald

Sunday, March 10, 1991

Central Utah's Newspaper for 117 Years — Issue No. 222, Provo, Utah

1.00

## 21 POWs head for home; Baker visits Kuwait

**By The Associated Press**  
Twenty-one American soldiers were captured behind enemy lines head for home Saturday, as a big U.S. effort tried to use the soldiers to make Kuwait's desert defenses more difficult for the Iraqi army.

It took a time for the soldiers to get out because they were in Iraq. After about a week of capturing Iraq, we correspondents including 11 Americans and two non-

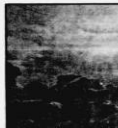
Iraqis were taken to a detention camp in Jordan. All military bases across the United States, including the Air Force, were alerted to receive them. The soldiers were taken to the United States by a military transport plane. The soldiers were taken to the United States by a military transport plane. The soldiers were taken to the United States by a military transport plane.

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The Bush administration officials will be among the first to greet the 21 men and two women soldiers at Andrews Air Force Base near Washington.

As they left the prison camp behind, Secretary of State James A. Baker III continued his diplomatic mission to help end the war in the Middle East in the aftermath of the allied victory over Iraq.

He met with Kuwait's crown prince, Emir of Kuwait, who returned home Monday to a city devastated during Iraq's invasion.



Three carp fishermen from Oregon try to break through the ice on Utah Lake earlier this week. The trio said they had

made it out to some open water earlier in the day, but by the afternoon the lake had refrozen to block their passage.

After about half an hour of struggling, they decided to pack it in and return again another day.

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### Determined fishermen

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## Utah open records bill clarifies public access

**By JEREMY ZIMMERMAN**  
House Staff Writer  
Utah Legislature, a landmark bill passed which clarifies public access to governmental records.

The bill, entitled the Government Records Access and Management Act (GRAMA), is the result of two years of intensive work by a special legislative task force chaired by Rep. Mark Stephens, R-Farmington, and Sen. David Steiner, R-West Jordan.

The bill clarifies the definition of public information, the procedures for requesting records, and the time frames for providing records. It also clarifies the public's right to know.

The provisions were represented by 200 three members on the Legislative Council, who also included public interest groups.

## Abortion law sponsor says loophole will be fixed

**BALL LAKE CITY AP** — A loophole in Utah's strict new anti-abortion law could theoretically allow pro-life advocates to bring minor charges against women who terminate their pregnancies, the bill's sponsor announced.

However, American Civil Liberties Union attorneys, responding to a lawsuit filed by the ACLU, said the law would be amended to close the loophole.

Legislative Council member Norma Kangertier is expected to sign a bill that would amend the law to close the loophole.

The bill's passage would be significant, considering the two years taken by the house to write and revise the bill to resolve repeated opposition from several state agencies.

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## Anti-Saddam riots continue in Iraq

**NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP)** — Rioting against Saddam Hussein is increasing despite a ruthless crackdown by his Iraqi Republican Guard troops.

The Iraqi opposition Al-Iraqiya has called for a general strike against Hussein's regime.

One opposition group, the Patriotic Union Group, said that in that northern region large numbers of government troops have been deployed.

Another opposition source said anti-Hussein forces have staged at least five protests since Hussein's invasion of Kuwait last Friday.

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## Yeltsin urges citizens to reject party's rule

**MOSCOW (AP)** — A week before a referendum on outlawing one-party rule, President Boris Yeltsin urged citizens to reject the Communist Party's rule.

Yeltsin urged the creation of a new political party, known as the Democratic Choice movement, according to the independent media news service.

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## 5 Utah schools plan graduation prayers

**By the Associated Press**  
Five northern Utah high schools plan to hold prayer services this spring despite the American Civil Liberties Union's opposition to the practice. The schools are: Layton and Cheever High schools in Layton; and North and South Ogden high schools in Ogden. The schools are planning to hold prayer services during the graduation ceremony.

"I don't think it's out of proportion," said High School Principal Dave Hines. "I've heard nothing against it. We don't have any complaints."

Assistant principal Dean Egan added, "The kids would have been very strong about prayer."

The kids would have been very strong about prayer, said Assistant Principal Dean Egan. "The kids would have been very strong about prayer," said Assistant Principal Dean Egan.

Some senior class officers had written a letter to the schools saying there are students at the school who don't want to be represented by the LDS Church, she said.

MaryAnn Peterson, school district superintendent, said she was not in favor of the prayer services. "I don't think it's out of proportion," she said. "I've heard nothing against it. We don't have any complaints."

Assistant principal Dean Egan added, "The kids would have been very strong about prayer."

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The Utah State Board of Education, which plans the graduation ceremony, said it will not have any prayer services at the graduation.

In Davis County, student leaders at both Cheever and Layton High schools plan to have prayer services at the graduation, while Davis High in Tropic will not have prayer services before a decision is made on whether to have prayer services at the graduation.

Assistant principal Dean Egan added, "The kids would have been very strong about prayer."

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Utah's Chief Justice, Charles H. Wilson, said in a recent decision that the state cannot require prayer at the graduation ceremony.

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## Parliament defeats Walesa election plan

**WASNAZ, Poland (AP)** — In Parliament last week, a bill to allow the formation of a new political party was defeated by a narrow margin.

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**(Continued from Page A1)**  
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## به پێی هه‌واله‌كان كوردان كه‌ركوكيان به‌ده‌سته‌هناوه

رۆژنامه‌ی "The Daily Herald" كه له رۆژی سێشه‌مه‌ی رێكه‌وتی ١٩ مارتی ١٩٩١دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوه‌ته‌وه، له‌لایه‌ری یه‌كه‌م خۆیدا، هه‌والێکی به‌و ناوێشانه‌ی سه‌رموه بلاوكردۆته‌وه، كه ئه‌مه ده‌قه‌كه‌یه‌تی:

" به‌پرسیانی یاخیبووان ئیدیعیان کردوه، كه به‌به‌یانی ئه‌مڕۆ جه‌نگاوه‌رانی كورد ده‌ستیان به‌سه‌ر شوینه سه‌رمه‌کیه‌کانی شاری كه‌ركوکی ده‌وله‌مه‌ندی نه‌وتی باکووری عێراقدا گرتوه و خه‌ریکی ده‌رکردنی پاشماوه سه‌ربازییه‌کانی سوپای عێراق بوون،.

له به‌یاننامه‌یه‌کی به‌ره‌ی كوردستانی عێراقدا له له‌نده‌ن، ئاماژه‌ی به‌وه‌كردوه، هێزه‌کانی یاخیبووان ناوچه‌یه‌کی به‌رفراوانیان له ناوه‌راستی شاره‌كه‌دا كۆنترۆلكردوه، كه 150 میل له باکووری به‌غداوه‌ دوه‌ره.

هه‌روها ئازانسی فه‌رمی كۆماری ئیسلامی ئێران به‌ پشته‌به‌ستن به‌ رادیۆیه نه‌ینه‌یه‌یه‌كه‌ی یاخیبووان كه له ناوخۆی عێراقه‌وه بلاویكردۆته‌وه، رایگه‌یاند كه هێزه‌کانی ئۆپۆزیسیۆن ده‌ستیان به‌سه‌ر شوینه‌سه‌رمه‌کیه‌كاندا گرتوه و هێزه ته‌ره‌فداره‌کانی حكومه‌ت له شاره‌كه‌ ده‌رده‌كهن.

له به‌یاننامه‌یه‌كه‌ی به‌ره‌ی كوردستانیدا هه‌روها ئاماژه به‌وه‌ كراوه كه ئازاوه‌گێرییه‌كان په‌ریوه‌ته‌وه بۆ موصل، كه گه‌وره‌ترین شاری باکووری ئێرانه (عێراقه‌/س) و ژماره‌ی دانیشتووانی زیاتر له‌ یه‌ك ملیۆن كه‌سه.

به‌ره‌ رایگه‌یاندوه، هاوولاتیانی كوردو عه‌ره‌ب و مه‌سیحی رژانه سه‌ر شه‌قامه‌كان و هێزه ئه‌مینییه‌كان نزیکه‌ی 20 هه‌زار دانیشتوویان

کۆکردهوه بۆ ئهوهی وهک قهههانی مرۆی له دژی خۆپیشاندهران و  
پنشمهرگهکانی کورد بهکاربیهینن.

له باشوور، ئاوارهکان دهلین: شهقامهکانی بهسره، که دووم  
گهرهترین شاری و لاتهکهیه، پرن له تهرمی پینج ههزار کهس  
لهوانهی که له راپهرینی دژبه سهدام لهوی کۆژراون.

له لایهکی دیکهوه، ئهمرۆ رۆژنامهیهکی حکومی، له زاری  
سه عدی مههدی سالحی سهروکی ئهجوتهنی نیشتمانی عیراقهوه  
رایگهیاندهوه، بهم زووانه دهسهلاتی یاسادانان دهست به جبههگیردنی  
ئهو چاکسازیانه دهکات که سهدام حوسین له وتاریکیدا رۆژی شهممه  
بهلینی پیدابوو.

رۆژنامهی ئهلعیراق له زاری ئهوهوه نووسیهتی: "پیش تیههرینی  
ماوهیهکی زۆر، دهستووری نوێ پشتراستدهکریتهوه بۆ ئهوهی  
بهرفراوانترین بهشداریکردن له پرۆسهی بریارداندا مسوگهربکات.  
ههروهها سیستهمیکی فرهحیزیش مسوگهر دهکات."

ههروهها ئهمرۆ، ئازانسی ههوالهکانی کۆماری ئیسلامی (ئیرنا)  
وتی: وهزیری دهرهوه عه لی ئهکبهر ویلایهتی به دیپلوماتکاریکی  
سهردانیکهری ئیتالای و توه که پپوسته ریکخراوه نیودهولهتیهکان  
پشتیوانی له راپهرینهکه بکهن. له زاری وهزیری ئیرانهوه  
نووسیهتی: بریاردان لهسه چارهنووسی خویان به دوور لهههر  
دهستیهردانیکه دهرمکی، مافی حاشاههلهنگری گهلی عیراقه.

ئیران رهتیکردهوه که دابینکهری پپووستیهکانی ئهو یاخیبوانه  
بیت، که لهباشووری عیراقن و بهپلهی یهکهم سهربه مهزههپی  
موسلمانی شیعهن که له ئیراندا بالادهستن.

بهلام سهمیر ئیبراهیم سلیمان، که دارتاشیکی میسرییهو رۆژی  
دووشهممه له بهسره ههلاتوه. وتی: بلندگوانی مزگهوتهکان لهو  
ناوچانهی که بهدهست راپهروهکانهوهیه، ئاگادارییان پندهدات که  
ئهو "کۆپتهره سپیانه" نهخههخوارهوه کهبیراون هاوکارییه

پښوېسته‌كان به‌رده‌ده‌نه‌وه بۆ ئه‌و ناوچانه‌ی كه له‌شاره‌كه‌دا به‌ده‌ست راپه‌ر یو مه‌كانه‌وه‌ن.

سلیمان ئاماژه‌ی به‌وه‌شكرد، بڵندگۆی مزگه‌وته‌كان كه به‌مۆلیده‌ی كارهبایي كاره‌كه‌ن، به‌خه‌لكیان ده‌گوت كه كۆپته‌ره‌كان ه‌ی ئیرانن.

سلیمان وتی: چه‌كدارانی یاخیبیووان، زنجیره‌یه‌ك قوتابخانه‌یان له‌سه‌رتاسه‌ری به‌سه‌ره‌ كرډۆته‌ باره‌گاكانی خۆیان، هه‌روه‌ها خالی پشكینیان داناه‌وه و له‌و ناوچانه‌ی كه كۆنترۆلیان كردوه‌وه. به‌رگه‌ی هاتوچۆیان به‌سه‌ر دانیشه‌توانی شاره‌كه‌دا دابه‌شكردوه‌وه.

ساحید شه‌عبان، كه میكانیکیه‌کی میسریه‌یه و ماوه‌ی نۆ ساله‌ له‌به‌سه‌ره‌ ژیاوه، ده‌لئیت: "په‌ر بووه‌ له‌ ته‌رم و كه‌لاك، سه‌گ له‌هه‌موو شوینیک ده‌یانخۆن، له‌وئ نه‌ خواردن هه‌یه، نه‌ ئاو."

سالم سالم مۆسه‌ری، كه شاگرده‌، ده‌لئیت: له‌ هه‌ندیک شوینی شاره‌كه‌دا، ته‌رمه‌كان "یه‌ك له‌سه‌ر یه‌ك كۆكرانه‌ته‌وه‌وه هه‌لچنراون".

په‌نابه‌ره‌ میسریه‌یه‌كان، كه رۆژی دووشه‌مه‌ له‌ خالیکی پشكین له‌لێواری ئه‌و زه‌وه‌ییانه‌ی له‌ژێر كۆنترۆلی هاوپه‌یمانان چاوپێكه‌وتنیان له‌گه‌لدا كراوه، ژماره‌ی ته‌رمه‌كانیان ته‌نها له‌ به‌سه‌ره‌ به‌ 5 هه‌زار كه‌س خه‌مڵاندوه‌وه. موقه‌ده‌م پاتریك ریتیر، فه‌رمانه‌ی كه‌تیه‌ی سوپای ئه‌مه‌ریكا له‌ میجوه‌ره‌كه‌دا، ئه‌و خه‌مڵاندنه‌ی به‌ باوه‌ر پێكراو ناوبرد.

وتیشی: "ئیمه‌ ئه‌وه‌مان له‌ چه‌ند په‌نابه‌ریكه‌وه‌ بیستوه‌وه، كه له‌ كاته‌جیاوازه‌كاندا له‌وباره‌یه‌وه‌ دواون". ده‌لئیت: وا دیاره‌ سه‌ربازانی سه‌دام هێرشێ تۆله‌سه‌ندنه‌وه‌ ئه‌نجامده‌ن. هێزه‌ وه‌فاداره‌كانی سه‌دام به‌ره‌نگاری هه‌ردوو یاخیبوون و ته‌حه‌دای شیعه‌ له‌باشوورو سه‌ره‌لدانی كورده‌ نه‌ته‌وه‌یه‌یه‌كان له‌ باكوورن ده‌كه‌ن.

یاخیبووانی شیعه‌ و كورد، هێزه‌كانی سه‌دام به‌ به‌كاره‌ینانی گازی خه‌رده‌ل و ناپالم له‌ دژی ئه‌وان تۆمه‌تبار ده‌كه‌ن."

**Inside Today:**  
**Low gasoline prices help keep Consumer Price Index rise small**  
 Page A7

**Local**  
**Highland wants to exclude public**  
 Page B1

**Sports**  
**'Iron' Mike TKOs Ruddock in 7th**  
 Page B5

**Foed**  
**Share Easter with honey bunny**  
 Page C1

# The Daily Herald

Tuesday, March 19, 1991

Central Utah's Newspaper for 117 Years — Issue No. 231, Provo, Utah

50 Cents

## USX trial opens with workers' allegations

**SALT LAKE CITY (AP)** — USX Corp. attorneys in Salt Lake City today opened a two-week trial in a federal court to hear workers' allegations that the steel producer deliberately tried to keep them from receiving all their benefits.

The bench trial that began Monday before U.S. District Judge Bruce Bennett is expected to last for several weeks.

About 120 operators, many of them steelworkers and their wives, packed the courtroom. Dozens of benches filled with them in the four-story, law-walled courtroom.

USX attorneys, admitted for years as plaintiffs, filed a lawsuit to try to prove that many workers received millions of dollars in pension and other benefits.

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## Byrd urges Senate to stop arms sales to renege nations

**WASHINGTON (AP)** — The chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee called on the Senate today to halt arms sales to nations that have not delivered on their promise to help pay for the Persian Gulf war.

Sen. Byrd, R-Ill., made his remarks as the Senate moved to pass a measure that would provide \$14.8 billion in aid to the United States for the Persian Gulf war.

Byrd said that arms sales to nations that have not delivered on their promise to help pay for the Persian Gulf war would be a "disgrace to the United States."

He urged the Senate to pass a measure that would prohibit arms sales to nations that have not delivered on their promise to help pay for the Persian Gulf war.

## Kurds reportedly winning in Kirkuk

**IN SOUTHERN IRAQ (AP)** — Kurdish fighters often control a few sections in the Kirkuk city area and were dislodging pockets of Iraqi "people" from "officially" controlled areas.

A communique from the Iraqi Kurdistan Front in London said that forces controlled large areas of the Kirkuk city area.

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## Police chase ends in fatal collision

**BY PATRICK CHRISTIAN and KEVIN WENDERT Herald Staff Writers**

A 49-year-old Fillmore man is dead following a high-speed chase that ended in a collision at the intersection of East Bay Boulevard and South University Avenue in Provo Monday afternoon.

The crash occurred at 5:49 p.m. on U.S. 89 near Mountain View and continued to 1411 where CH1F troopers, and eventually, the Utah County sheriff's officers, caught up with the vehicle.

The driver of the vehicle was identified as a 49-year-old man who was killed in the crash.

## Utah County Crisis Line back in operation

**BY CHRISTI C. EVANS Herald Staff Writer**

After a two-week closure, the Utah County Crisis Line is back in operation with limited hours and a new telephone number.

The crisis line reopened March 19 and is now operating between 8 a.m. and 3 a.m. daily instead of its former 24-hour operation. Residents can call the crisis line at 801-225-3225.

The crisis line is operated by the Utah County Crisis Line Association, a non-profit organization that provides crisis intervention services to the community.

## Index

Find It	Weather
Arts/Entertainment	Mostly cloudy tonight with showers Friday.
Classified	Clear, sunny during the day, but occasional cool areas.
Community	Highs near 80. See Monday's high near 80. See Monday's high near 80.
Local	
Market	
News	
Opinion	
Sports	
Special	
TV	
Weather	
World	

# People

## Carters to help build houses

MENLO PARK — Former President Carter and his wife, Rosalynn, will take on voluntary and paid volunteers to help build 10 houses for the homeless in the city of Menlo Park in Miami's Liberty City section.

Carter visited the inner-city area on President's Day in 1980 in the wake of the race riots that left 10 people dead. The three-day visit followed the acquisition of other volunteers changed in the area.

## Playwright, actor win awards

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif. (AP) — Playwright Henry Hewitt and actor B.J. Wong were awarded special awards by the Los Angeles Music Center for their performance in "The American Playwright" during the American Playwright Festival.

Hewitt and Wong were among those honored Monday by the Association of Asian Pacific American Artists during the festival.

## Welk opens \$500,000 grant

WASHINGTON, D.C. (AP) — He is to receive his \$500,000 grant from the National Endowment for the Arts. The grant will be used to fund a series of 120-hour federal grant courses in two locations.

The National Teachers Union, which opposes the grant, released a letter Monday in which it said the grant would have been used to fund private schools.

The grant would be used to fund a series of 120-hour federal grant courses in two locations.

## IRAQ:

(Continued from Page A1) warnings to credits not to shoot down 'white helicopters' that were dropping supplies including parts of the city and border areas.

U.S. forces had turned a series of ambushes throughout Iraq into their headquarters, Salameh said.

Salameh said that several reports, some on the ground, indicated that Iraqis were carrying out a series of ambushes throughout Iraq into their headquarters, Salameh said.

## CRASH:

(Continued from Page A1) car with his guns and they pointed their guns at him," said James Shawna, who was also injured.

Shawna said that he and his wife were driving in front of her, she didn't know if he was more forward than he was.

## Air Pollution

The Federal government is taking the lead in the Wash. Post air pollution report originated by the Urban Research Institute. The complete report is available by telephone at 400-363-3636.

## Overall Air Quality

Today's air quality was good in all Washington District areas. Forecast called for little change in pollution levels with a clearing in the night.

North Park — good  
South Park — good  
West — good  
East — good  
Central — good

The Urban County residential area residing in London from the London area. The Urban County residential area residing in London from the London area.

## COURT:

(Continued from Page A1) He said the decision of the justice system to settle in the late year may be a wiser course than a costly, prolonged suit against Coe.

"In labor disputes as on other kinds of litigated suit against Coe, the suit may be a wiser course than a costly, prolonged suit against Coe."

The ruling is a victory for the court's first judicial power to second-guess labor settlements.

The case stemmed from a strike against financially troubled Continental Airlines last year. The suit was filed in October, 1979.

The strike association argued in a settlement that gave striking pilots a choice of return to work on the same job or to a new job.

## USX:

(Continued from Page A1) He says there the plant would be closed. The plant would be closed. The plant would be closed.

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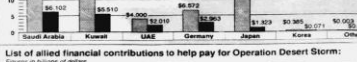
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## Allied Financial Contributions

Percent contributions have produced great what they have put in for Japan Desert Storm.



List of allied financial contributions to help pay for Japan Desert Storm: Figures in billions of dollars.

COUNTRY	PLEDGE	SECOND PLEDGE	TOTAL RECEIVED	RECD	TOTAL	RECD	AMOUNT
Saudi Arabia	\$3,230	\$13,500	\$16,839	\$4,536	\$1,566	6:10	\$10,273
Kuwait	1,956	13,900	15,856	9,900	0:10	5:10	34,106
UAE	1,000	3,000	4,000	1,876	0:10	5:76	1,990
Germany	1,072	5,500	6,572	2,432	0:21	2:80	2,605
Japan	1,740	9,000	10,740	8,866	4:47	1:33	9,437
Korea	0:00	3:00	3:00	0:00	0:01	0:01	1:314
China	0:00	0:00	0:00	0:00	0:03	0:03	1:8
TOTAL	\$7,972	\$44,000	\$51,972	\$19,242	\$7,728	17:76	\$33,663

TOTAL RECEIVED: Shows how much the money pledged has been received to date. RECD: Shows how much has been received in kind, such as transportation or other services.

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## COSTS:

(Continued from Page A1) nitter approved the arms-sale treaty without discussion last week.

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## Bangerter signs school-board election bill

SALT LAKE CITY (AP) — Gov. Frank Bangerter has signed a bill establishing an election board to oversee the process of electing school board members.

The bill, which is the first of its kind in Utah, will establish a board to oversee the process of electing school board members.

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## عیراقییه یاخیبووهکان: سوپا یاخیبوونهکهی تیکشکاند

رۆژنامهی "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژی سێشه‌ممهی ریکه‌وتی ٢٦ی مارتی ١٩٩١دا، چاپ و بلاوکراووتهوه، له‌لایه‌ریه‌یه‌که‌می خۆیدا، باب‌ه‌تیک‌ی به‌و ناو‌نیشانه‌ی سه‌رموه بلاویکردۆتهوه، که ئه‌مه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

"سه‌فوان- عیراق: ئاواره‌کان و چه‌کداره به‌رگریکاره‌کان ده‌لێن سه‌ربازانی حکومه‌ت هه‌موو شاره‌گه‌وره‌کانیان له‌ باشووری عیراقیان کۆنترۆلکردۆتهوه و هه‌روه‌ها یاخیبووانی کوردیش زیانی گیانی زۆریان به‌هۆی په‌لاماردانیانه‌وه له‌لایه‌ن هه‌لیکۆپته‌ره‌ جه‌نگییه‌کان له‌ ناوه‌ندی نه‌وتی که‌رکوک را‌گه‌یاندوه.

وه‌زاره‌تی ده‌روه‌ی ئه‌مریکا ئه‌مڕۆ دووشه‌ممه‌ رای‌گه‌یاند، هه‌وا‌ل‌گریی و‌لاته‌که‌یان پشت‌گیری ئه‌و هه‌وا‌ل‌انه‌یان کردوه که باس له‌وه‌ ده‌که‌ن سه‌ربازانی عیراق ده‌ست‌کو‌تیان له‌ باشوور به‌سه‌سته‌یناوه و پێده‌چێت کۆنترۆلی که‌رکوک و شاره‌ سه‌ره‌کییه‌که‌ی تری باکورشیان بکات که شاری موس‌له.

به‌لام سه‌رکرده‌ کورده‌کان ئه‌مڕۆ پێیان له‌سه‌ر ئه‌وه‌ دا‌گرت، که که‌رکوک له‌ ژێر ده‌ستی ئه‌واندا‌یه

بالیۆزی عیراق له‌ نه‌ته‌وه‌ یه‌ک‌گرتووه‌کان، رۆژی دووشه‌ممه‌، ئێرانی دراوسێی به‌ناردنی هه‌ندیک یه‌که‌ی سه‌ربازی بو‌ ئه‌ودیوی سنوور و ته‌قه‌کردن له‌ سه‌ربازه‌ عیراقییه‌کان تۆمه‌تبارکرد بو‌ پشتیوانی له‌ گروپه‌ یاخیبووه‌کان که له‌ ئێرانه‌وه‌ دزه‌ ده‌که‌ن. تاران ئه‌و تۆمه‌تانه‌ی ره‌تکرده‌وه.

چه‌کداره به‌رگریکاره‌کان و په‌نا‌به‌ران، که رۆژی دووشه‌ممه به‌ره‌و سه‌فوان و بنکه‌ سه‌ربازییه‌کانی دیکه‌ی ئه‌مریکا هه‌لاتوون، رایان‌گه‌یاندوه‌وه، یاخیبووه‌ موس‌لمانه‌ شیعه‌کان باشوور، هه‌موو ئه‌و شار

و شارۆچکه گهوارهیهان لهدهستداوه که لهم دوایانهدا له ۱۵ ی مارتدا کۆنترۆلیان کردبوون.

نامازهیان بهوشکرد، که دلسۆزانی سهدام حوسین تانک، ههلیکۆپتەر و توپخانه قورسهیان بهکارهیناوه بۆ تیکشاندنی نارزه‌ایه‌تییهکانی باشوور.

ئهمرۆ له زاری به‌پرسانی ئیداره‌ی بوشهوه رایانگه‌یاندوووه که هیرشه به‌رده‌وامه‌کانی ههلیکۆپتەر جه‌نگیه‌کان - وه‌ک سه‌رپێچیکردن له ئاگادارکردنه‌وه‌ی ئهمریکا بۆ عێراق له به‌کارهینانی فرۆکه‌ی جه‌نگ - نامرازیکی سه‌ره‌کی بووه بۆ کۆنترۆلکردنه‌وه‌ی پێگه‌ به‌هیزه‌کانی یاخیبووان.

له راپۆرته‌که‌ی رۆژنامه‌ی نیویۆرک تایمزدا هاتوووه که ئیداره‌ی ئهمریکی مشتومری له‌سه‌ر ئه‌وه کردوووه که ئایا به‌شداری زێده‌تر له پاراستنی یاخیبووان بکهن.

به‌کارهینانی فرۆکه‌ له‌لایهن عێراقه‌وه بۆ شه‌رکردن له‌گه‌ڵ یاخیبووان، پێشیلکردنی مه‌رجه‌کانی ئه‌و ئاگر به‌سته کاتییه‌یه که مانگی رابردوو که‌وته بواری جیه‌جیه‌کردنه‌وه. هه‌یزی ئاسمانی ئهمریکا، هه‌فته‌ی رابردوو، دوو فرۆکه‌ی جه‌نگی عێراقی خسته خواره‌وه به‌هۆی پێشیلکردنی قه‌ده‌غه‌کردنه‌که.

ئهمرۆ به‌پرسانی سه‌ربازی ئهمریکا له‌ریازی پایته‌ختی سه‌عودیه رایانگه‌یاندا، ئهمریکا رێگه‌ی به‌ عێراق داوه سه‌ربازه‌کانی به‌ هه‌لیکۆپتەر بگوازیته‌وه. ئه‌وان راشیانگه‌یاندوووه، ناتوانن ئه‌و هه‌موالانه پشتراست بکهنه‌وه که باس له هیرشه‌کانی ئه‌م دواییه‌ی کۆپتەر مه‌کانی عێراق ده‌کهن.

له پێشهاته‌کانی تردا:

ناژانسی هه‌وآلی فه‌رمی عێراق ئهمرۆ دووشه‌ممه بلاویکرده‌وه، ته‌ها یاسین ره‌مه‌زان جیگری سه‌رۆک کۆماری عێراق سه‌ردانی



شاری كەربەلای كردوو و هانی هەولەكانی ئاوەدانكردنەوهی كردوو بۆ پاككردنەوهی پاشماوو شوینەواری یاخیبوونەكە.

بالیۆزی عێراق لەنەتەوه یەكگرتووكانی عێراق، عەبدولئەمیر ئەلئەنباری رایگەیاند، وڵاتەكەى ئامادەیه بایى زیاتر لە یەك ملیار دۆلار، لە زێر و دراوی كەدەستی بەسەردا گرتوو، بگەڕێنیتەوه بۆ كوهیت.

لە واشنتۆن، مارگریت توتیلەرى وتەبیژی وەزارەتى دەروەهى ئەمریکا وتی "ئاستى گشتى شەرو پێكدادان لە (باشوورى عێراق) بەشیۆهیهكى رێژهی بەردەوامە لە دابەزین".

ئاماژەى بەو شەكردوو، هیزەكانى لایەنگرى سەدام، تارادەیهكى زۆر موسڵ و كەركوكیان كۆنترۆلكردوو.

بەلام بەرپرسانى یاخیبووى كورد لە شارى زاخۆ بەدریژایی سنوورەكانى توركیا، ئەو ئیدیعیایەیان رەتكردوو و رایگەیاند، كەركوك لە رۆژى پینجشەممەوه، لەدەستى یاخیبوواندا بوو.

جەلال تالەبانی، سەركردهى یاخیبووان، دواى ۱۸ مانگ لەدەروە، ئەمڕۆ گەیشته زاخۆ و بە هەزاران پارتیزانى چەپلە لێدەرى وت كە شەڕ دەكەن تا "هەموو عێراق رزگار دەكریت".

ئاماژەى بەو شەكرد، كە لەگەڵ سەركردهكانى دیکەى ئۆپۆزسیۆن كۆدەبنەوه بۆ دامەزراندنى حكومەتێكى كاتى لە كوردستانى عێراق، لە زۆربەیان ئەو ناوچەیهى كە یاخیبووان بانگەشەى ئەوه دەكەن ئەمڕۆ بەدەستیانەوهیه. پەيامنێرانى رۆژئاوا لە زاخۆ و لە هەولێر كە ۹۰ میل لە باشوورى رۆژھەلاتەوه دوورە، ئەو ناوچەیهیان بینووە كە بە توندى لە دەستى یاخیبوواندايه.

تالەبانی ئاماژەى بەو شەكرد، ۵۰۰۰۰۰ كورد چەكدارن، هەرچەندە، تەنیا چەند دەیان هەزارێك شەركەرى راھینراو و رێكخراو بوون.

ئەو سەرۆكى يەكيتى نىشتمانى كوردستانى ياخيبيوو بوو كه وتى،  
رۆژى دووشەممە لە دوو ھېرشى ئاسمانى حكومەتدا خەلكىكى زۆر  
لە كەركوك كوژراون. ھەروەھا ياخيبيوان رايانگەياندوو لە كۆى  
پىنج كۆپتەر كە ئەمڕۆ دووشەممە ھېرشىيان كردۆتە سەر يەككە لە  
بنكەكانيان لە شارى دەۆك لە نزىك سنورى توركيا، يەككىيان  
خستوو تە خوار مەو

ئازانسى ھەوالى فەرمى كۆمارى ئىسلامى ئىران وتى ئەو  
پەنابەرانەى گەيشتونەتە سنورەكانى ئىران، ھەوالیانداوہ كە  
پىكدادان لە بەشكە لە شارەكانى باشوور و ئەو شاروچكانەى  
چەكدارىان تىايە، بەردەوامە.

پەنابەران وتیان، سەربازانى پاسەوانى كۆمارى، باشترین  
مەشقیكراترین س دلسۆزترین سەربازەكانى سەدام، بە تانكەوہ  
بەشەقامەكاندا دەسورنەوہ، گەنجان دەخەنە بەردەم دوو بژاردەى  
توندى: پەيوەندىكردن بە سوپاوە يان بكوژریت."

**Inside Today:**  
**Congress treating savings & loan crisis like dead cat, says Orton**  
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**Nation**  
**'Wolves' grabs seven Oscars**  
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**Sports**  
**Jazz shoot down Bucks, 109-98**  
 Page B6

**Food**  
**Horn a fine choice for Easter dinner**  
 Page C1

# The Dallas Herald

Tuesday, March 26, 1991

Central Texas's Newspaper for 117 Years — Issue No. 238, Provo, Utah

50 Cents

## Iraqi rebels: Troops crush revolt

**SAPVAN, Iraq (AP)** — Refugees and resistance fighters say government troops have reoccupied every major city in southern Iraq, and that from nearly 100,000 Iraqis could be in the oil center of Kirkuk. The U.S. State Department said Monday that its intelligence supported reports that Iraq's army had made gains in the north and appear to be in control of Kirkuk. Major Gen. Karim Masoud said today that Kirkuk was under their control.

The U.S. ambassador in Baghdad, General Andrew Nathan, said Monday that the U.S. is not sending any military aid to the rebel forces and is not providing any weapons or training. He said the U.S. is not providing any aid to the rebel forces and is not providing any weapons or training.

rebel accusations. Resistance fighters and refugees, fleeing Monday to Babylon and other U.S. military outposts, said the Iraqi army had taken control of the oil center of Kirkuk. They said Saddam Hussein's loyalists had taken control, including a heavy artillery to crush the resistance.

The U.S. administration officials were quoted today as saying the rebels had taken control of Kirkuk — in defiance of a U.S. warning. Iraq's oil exports are valued at \$10 billion a year.

The report that the U.S. administration officials were quoted today as saying the rebels had taken control of Kirkuk — in defiance of a U.S. warning. Iraq's oil exports are valued at \$10 billion a year.

Iraq's use of aircraft in battling the rebels would violate the terms of a temporary ceasefire. The U.S. State Department said the Iraqi army had taken control of the oil center of Kirkuk. They said Saddam Hussein's loyalists had taken control, including a heavy artillery to crush the resistance.

The U.S. administration officials were quoted today as saying the rebels had taken control of Kirkuk — in defiance of a U.S. warning. Iraq's oil exports are valued at \$10 billion a year.

country is ready to return to Iraq, said more than \$1 billion in gold and currency. The U.S. State Department spokesman Margaret Tutwiler said "overall levels of fighting on the southern Iraq continue to be relatively low."

She said rebel forces were largely in control of Mosul and Tikrit. But Karbala rebel officials in the city of Zabab said the Iraqi army had taken control of the city. She said rebel forces were largely in control of Mosul and Tikrit.



AP Leaphorn  
 Mike Parris, 31, of Denton, Texas, applies pressure to shut off the valve of an oil well and gas well damaged by retreating Iraqi forces in the Al-Amud oil field in Kuwait. Monday.

## U.S. may make a profit on Gulf War

**WASHINGTON (AP)** — America's allies in the Persian Gulf War continue to pay their financial obligations, raising the possibility that the United States could actually make a profit on the conflict, congressional budget analysts say.

However, the White House said today that the government would refund money to allies, rather than reap a windfall profit, from the war.

He said it was still too early to know what the final price would be or whether there will be any windfall profit.

The German Finance Ministry then reported on Monday that its government paid \$3.1 billion plus interest for the war.

largest donors, Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, are expected to fully pay their bills within a few weeks. The U.S. has already received \$1.5 billion from Kuwait and Saudi Arabia.

The U.S. has already received \$1.5 billion from Kuwait and Saudi Arabia.

months of debate before the presentation of the bill will begin. It will be the first time that the bill will be presented to Congress.

The bill will be presented to Congress.

## Legislators plan changes in abortion law

**FROM HERALD STAFF**  
**BY REP. BOB BAKER**  
**SALT LAKE CITY** — Utah's legislators will be asked next month to change a state law that makes women subject to criminal prosecution for seeking abortions, state officials said.

The abortion statute adopted that year allows abortions only if the mother or the baby's life is in danger or if the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest that is reported within the first six weeks.

The bill would be presented to the legislature next month.

decriminalize the law for the woman seeking the abortion.

McCallister said he thought the staff preparing the bill takes care of all criminal penalties. He said that the state becomes aware of the crime when the bill is passed.

months of debate before the presentation of the bill will begin. It will be the first time that the bill will be presented to Congress.

The bill will be presented to Congress.

## Dirty job

Mike Parris, 31, of Denton, Texas, applies pressure to shut off the valve of an oil well and gas well damaged by retreating Iraqi forces in the Al-Amud oil field in Kuwait. Monday.

## Local executives back proposed restaurant tax

**By PATRICK CHRISTIAN**  
**Herald Staff Writer**  
**Local restaurant owners** Monday support a 1 percent restaurant tax for a regional sports center.

ing on April 8. As presently proposed, the center would be built on the Utah Valley Community College campus in Orem, using \$7.1 million from the county and \$10 million from the state.

The sports center would be used for public and college purposes.



AP Leaphorn  
 Whopi Goldenberg shows her excitement after winning an Oscar for Best Supporting Actress for her role in 'Ghost' at the 43rd Annual Academy Awards in Los Angeles. Monday.

## Gorbachev strips Moscow of police powers

**MOSCOW (AP)** — President Mikhail Gorbachev today ordered the Soviet Interior Ministry to take charge of law enforcement in Moscow, stripping planning powers from the police city government.

The presidential order came one day after the Cabinet banned all demonstrations in its capital for three weeks, because a Communist newspaper said its chief editor had been arrested.

Shilo, as the head of Moscow's law enforcement.

The decision was certain to intensify jurisdictional disputes between central and local authorities that have hampered the badly needed reform and forced some economic reforms.

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## Happy Whoopi

Whopi Goldenberg shows her excitement after winning an Oscar for Best Supporting Actress for her role in 'Ghost' at the 43rd Annual Academy Awards in Los Angeles. Monday.

## Attorney general requires Nu Skin to prove it's legal

**BY HERALD STAFF**  
**Nu Skin International** has scheduled a meeting with the state attorney general's office to prove it isn't breaking the law.

The state attorney general's office is to prove it isn't breaking the law.

A meeting has been scheduled for the second day of April between the attorney general's office and Nu Skin.

The meeting is to prove it isn't breaking the law.

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## Weather

Variable clouds tonight and Wednesday. High 48, low 32. Wind light. See 3B, Interior Page A7.

## Air Quality

Today's air quality was good in all Washburn Forest areas, although some areas were near 3B, Interior Page A7.

Herald "Want Ads" get results. Place your ad by calling 373-6450

### People

#### King's case heads to court

PHILADELPHIA (AP)—Talk show host Larry King wants to hire a divorce-and-support battle with his ex-wife, Patricia Richardson.

King's lawyer, Richard J. Linn, said the judge agreed to award King that's where it stands.

King's attorney, Richard J. Linn, said he is not available for comment.

King's lawyer, Richard J. Linn, said he is not available for comment.

King's lawyer, Richard J. Linn, said he is not available for comment.

#### Welk: Grants go to museum

RISBANK, N.D. (AP)—Bismarck lawyer Welk says the unrecalled \$500,000 federal grant for a commemorative museum in Bismarck is being used to pay for the museum's operating costs.

Welk said the grant is being used to pay for the museum's operating costs.

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### TAX:

(Continued from Page A1) — an additional 1 percent contingent tax and will provide for a total of \$7.7 million in bonds this year.

Proponents of the events center, including local dentist and Utah legislator C.E. "Chuck" Peterson, of Provo, have urged the state to approve an April bond election authorized by the Utah Legislature through House Bill 66 and can be used to develop tourism and facilities that support increased tourism.

County officials make sure they are not putting their money into a contest that will, because it is not in the public interest.

### POLICE:

(Continued from Page A1) — House Legislature called by Yellin's hardline opponents. The motion was called after a 10-10 tie in the House. Yellin demanded last month that Garbarino resign, accusing the Democrat of betraying the forces of democratic reform by allowing a conservative resurgence.

Yellin says the overwhelming support of the people of Illinois, the most populous republic, but it cannot be seen as a sign of the people's support because only a portion of its vote were valid through direct election.

### NU SKIN:

(Continued from Page A1) — his office, he believed. Nu Skin distributors sold more money and prices for getting a certain number of business distributors and at least \$500 worth of product a month.

He said if that's true, then it's a pyramid scheme and "since because it is impossible for all of these people to actually make money as they are promised."

### IRAQ:

(Continued from page A1) — No said he would confer with his opposition leaders to establish a temporary government to resolve claims to lead today. Today, Iraq's army is in the north, 50 miles to the northeast.

Yusuf said 50,000 Kurds are in the north, although only a few tens of thousands are armed and equipped fighters.

### LAW:

(Continued from Page A1) — They say, our allegations are unfounded.

Francine Hain, press secretary to Bismarck, said there has not been clear on his support for the abortion law.

The governor has signed the bill, but is offering that we support it. He said "we're really in a bind."

### Los Angeles police refuse to help FBI

LOS ANGELES (AP)—The FBI was unable to question a suspect in the collapse of four new towers in a videotaped hearing because the officers would not voluntarily cooperate.

A Los Angeles County spokesman has responded to four questions asked by other officers Monday when the investigators were told the officers would not cooperate.

Los Angeles County spokesman said the officers would not cooperate with the FBI. He said the officers would not cooperate with the FBI.

Los Angeles County spokesman said the officers would not cooperate with the FBI.

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### Costs:

(Continued from Page A1) — The cost of the events center is estimated at \$100 million.

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### The Daily Herald

Published Daily, except on Sundays, Public Holidays, and Election Days.

Subscription Rates: \$1.00 per copy, \$1.00 per month, \$1.00 per quarter, \$1.00 per year.

Advertising Rates: \$1.00 per line per day, \$1.00 per line per week, \$1.00 per line per month.

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## ياخيبووانى كورد دهستكهوتهكانيان راگهياند، نهامريكا بيلايهن دهميينتهوه

روژنامهى "The Daily Herald" كه له روژى چوارشه ممهى ريكهوتى ۲۷ى مارتى ۱۹۹۱د، چاپ و بلاوكراوتهوه، له لاپهرهى يهكهمى خويدا، ههوالئيكى له ئهسووشيهت پريسهوه وهگرتهوهو بهو ناو نيشانهى سهروهه بلاويكردوتهوه، كه ئهمه دهقهكهيهتى:

" ئهمرو ياخيبوووهكان دهستكهوتى نوپيان له خهباتيان دژى حكومهتى عيراقى سهدام حسين، راگهياند. بهلام نهامريكا جهختى له بيلايهنى خوى كردهوه لهو شههه نيوخوييهى كه لهو كاتهوه پههيسه ندووه كه ههزمهكانى سهدام مانگيگ لهمهوبهر لهلايهن ههزه هاوپهيمانهكانهوه، تيكشكينرا.

مارلين فيتزوواتهر، وتهبيژى كوشكى سپى، روژى سيشه ممه به پايهمنيرانى وت: "ئيمه نامانهويت لهو شههه ناوخوييهدا رول ببينين كه له عيراقدا روودهات."

له نيشانهى پههسه ندى پشيوپى له عيراقدا، ئهمرو له شارى سهفوانى سنورى كه له لايهن هاوپهيمانهكانهوه كوئترولكراوه، ههراو نازاوه لهسهه خوراك ههگيرساوه.

نازاوه كه ئهو كاته ههگيرسا، كه بارههنگريكى سعودى گهيشت كه خوراكى ههنگرتبوو.

رائيد يوسف عهلى ئهلبوهه له سوپاى سعودى، وتى: "ئيمه ئهمانهويت به ريكوپيكي بيت، بهلام خهلكهكه زوريان برسپيه، كه خواردنهكه دهبين، شيت دهبن."

بههوى ئهم حالهتى نازاوهى خوراكهوه ههچ حالهتئيكى برينداربوونى سهخت، رانهگهههراوه.

كوردە ياخييهكان كه كۆنترۆلى ناوچهيهكى بهرفراوانيان له باكوورى عيراقدا كردوو، ئەمڕۆ رايهنگهياندا كه لهكاتى گرتنى بنكهيهكى ئاسمانى، له نزيك سهنتهرى نهوتى باكوور له كهركوك، دوو فرۆكهى جهنگى حكومهتيان گرتوو. ئەم ئيديعايه بهشيوهيهكى سهربهخۆ پشتراست نهكراوتهوه.

ئەمڕۆ گروپىكى كوردى ئيديعايكرده كه بههۆى هيرشيكى ئاسمانى حكومهتهوه، قوربانى زۆر لهنيو خهلكى سفيل كهوتوتهوه. بهياننامهيهك كه لهلايهن پارتى ديموكراتى كوردستانهوه له لهندن، كه به تهلهفاكس رهوانهى ئەسوشيهيت پريس كراوه له قوبرس، وتى كه زياتر له 1000 كەس له ههفتهى رابردودا، له ئەنجامى هيرسه ئاسمانىيهكان بۆ سهه شارهكانى باكوورى: كهركوك و كفرى و دهوك و كهلازو دوزخوماتو، كوژراون.

حكومهتى عيراق ناراستهوخۆ دانى به باره سهختهدا كه لهسهركوتكردى كورده ياخييووهكاندا، رووبهرووى بوتهوه. ههرچهنده، رۆژنامهى فرمى، ئيديعاى ئەوهيكرده كه "پاكسازى گروپه تيكدهرهكان له ناوچهكانى باكوور به گويرهى پلان بهريوهدهچيت."

ههروهها ئەمڕۆ رۆژنامهكه وتى كه ئاشتى و ئارامى و جيگيربيان بۆ باشوورى عيراق گهيراندوتهوه. وهزارتى دهرهوه و پناگۆن رۆژى سيشهمه وتيان كه بروا وايه هيزهكانى عيراق، ههول بۆ چهسپاندنى كۆنترۆلى خويان لهباشوور بدن.

ئهو ناگرهسته كاتيهى كه جهنگى لهزى عيراق وهستاند، داوادهكات عيراق فرۆكهكانى ههئنهسينت. بهلام ههندىك پيشيلكارى روويانداوه و فرۆكه ئەمريكىيهكان لهههفتهى رابردودا، دوو فرۆكهى جهنگى عيراقيان خستوتهخوارهوه.

هيزه ئەمريكىيهكان بهردهوامبوون له داگيركردى ناوچهيهكى فراوان له باشوورى عيراق، بهلام هيج شتىكى نهكردوو بۆ ريگرتن

له كۆپتەرە جەنگىيە عىراقىيەكان كه بەمەبەستى ئەركى جەنگىيە بفرن. ئەوھى گروپە ياخييەكان ئىدىعائى دەكەن كه ئەو كۆپتەرە، گازى خەردەل و ناپالم بەسەر ياخييوواندا دەبارىنن.

رۆژى سىشەممە، كۆشكى سىي سەرقالى ئەوھبوو كه ولاتە يەكگرتووەكان چى بكات سەبارەت بە بەكارھىنانى كۆپتەرى جەنگى لەلایەن عىراقەوھ. فیتزواتەر وتى كه بەكارھىنانى كۆپتەر لەلایەن عىراقەوھ، پىشیلکردنى بنەماكانى ئەو لىكتىگەيشتەيە كه لە نىوان ژەنەرأل شوارسكوفى سەركردهى سەربازىيە ھىزە ئەمريكىيەكان لەكەنداو و سەركرده سەربازىيە عىراقىيە بەزىوھكاندا بوو.

ئەو وتى كه بەكارھىنانى كۆپتەر لەراستىيدا، مەرجەكانى ئاگر بەستەكە پىشیل ناكات.

ئەون وتى: " ئەمە لىكتىگەيشتەيەك بوو كه لەگفتوگۆكانى نىوان ژەنەرأل شوارسكوفدا ھاتەنارا و وتراوہ كه مشتومرىكى زارەكىيە بوو و شتىك بە نووسراو نەبووہ."

فیتزواتەر سەبارەت بەوھ ناروون بوو كه چۆن ھاوپەيمانهكان وەلامى بەكارھىنانى كەشتىيە جەنگىيەكان لەلایەن عىراقەوھ دەدەنەوھ.

ئەو وتى: " راستىيەكەى... ئىمە دەمانەويت لەسەر ئەم بابەتە ناروون بىن، ئىمە گرتتەبەرى ئەو بنەما وردانەتان پى نالئىن كه چۆن لەھەمبەر ئەو كۆپتەرەنە مامەلەبەكەين. ئىمە پىتان نالئىن ھۆكار چىيە، ھەر وھا بەسەدامىش نالئىن كه ھۆكار چىيە، با خويان بىخەملىن."

شوارزكوفىش لەلای خۆيەوھ وتى كه ئەو لەو بىريارە بەداخە كه لەدىدارى 3ى مارتدا لەگەل سەركرده سەربازىيەكانى عىراقدا، سەبارەت بە رىگەدان بە بەكارھىنانى فرىنى كۆپتەرەكان داويتى.

ئەو لەدىدارىكدا لەگەل دىقىد فرۆست كه بىريار وایە ئەمسەو لە كەنالى PBS پەخشبكرىت، وتى: " لەو بىروايەدام كه من بەھەلەدا چووم، چونكه پىم وایە ئەوان لەو كاتەدا كاتىك ئەم پىرسىارەيان كرد،

مههستیان لهوه بهکارهینانی کوپتهرهکان بوو دژی نهو یاخیببونهی که دهشیت روودات."

ههروهه فهراندهیهکی گهردهلولی بیابان ناشکرای کردوهه که پیشنیاری کردوهه له پاش کاتی وهستاندنی جهنگهکهوه لهشهری زهمینی بهردهوام بن، بهلام سهروک بوش، فهرانی به وهستاندنی شهرهکه کردوهه.

ژهنهال وتی " بهراشکاوپی، پیشنیارهکهه نهوه بوو... لهچوونهپیش بهردهوامبین، نیمه بهتهواوی دهمانتوانی دهرگاکه دابخهین و لهراسنییدا شهری قرکرن نهجامدهین."

له نهتهوه یهکگرتووهکان، ولاته یهکگرتووهکانی نهمریکا و نهدامانی ریبری دیکهی نهجومهنی ئاسایش، خهریکی کوتاییهینان بوون به رهشنووسی بریارنامهیهک که بنهماکانی ناگرهستیکی ههمیشهیی بچهسپینیت. بهپی نهو بنهمایهنه، دهوو عیراق ههر چهکیکی کیمیایی و بایهلوچی و ناوکیی ماوتهوه، لهناوییهریت، دهنه هیشتا رووبهرووی گهماروی چهک دهبیتهوه.

ههرچهنده، قهرهبوکردنهوهکان لهنیو خاله نالوزهکاندا بوون، لهگهل نهوهی که سوڤیت رایگهیانده که بهرههستی نهو پلانه دهکات، که کار بو کهمکردنهوهی داهاهی نهوتی عیراق دهکات، بو قهرهبوکردنهوهی نهو ولاتانهی لهنهجامی کاری دوژمنکارانهی عیراق تووشی زیان هاتوون.

دیلوماتهکان وتیان که نهدامانی ههمیشهیی نهجومهنی ئاسایش که نهمریکا و بریتانیا و فرنسا و چین و یهکیتی سوڤیتین، نهمرؤ جاریکی دیکه کووونهتهوه بو پهسهندکردنی رهشنووسهکهیان و پیشکهشکردنی به ۱۰ نهدامهکهی دیکه.

نهوان وتیان که دهشیت لهه ههفتهیهدا دهنگان نهجامبدریت، بهلام نهگهری زیدهتره که ههفتهی داهاوو بیت.



ھاوکات کورده یاخییهکان رایانگه‌یاندووہ که سەدان ئەفسەری  
عیراق و ھەزاران سەربازی دیکە ی حکومەت وازیان ھیناوەو  
پەپوھندییان بە تیکۆشانی ئەوانەوہ کردووہ.

جەلال تالەبانی، سەرکردە ی یاخییهکان، ئەوہ ی ۱۸ مانگ بوو لە  
دەرەوہ بوو کاتیک رۆژی سێشەممە گەرایەوہ شاری زاخۆ نزیک  
سنووری تورکی وتی ئەو فرۆکانە ی گێروان بریتین لە فرۆکە ی میگی  
MIG-21 و فرۆکە یەکی سۆخۆ ی ، که ھەردووکیان دروستکراوی  
سۆفیتن.

ئەو وتی که سەربازانی حکومەت توانیوئانە سی فرۆکە ی دیکە  
لەناوبەن، بەلام دوو فرۆکە گێراوە که زیانیان پێ نەگەشتووہ. "

**Inside Today:**  
**Economic Development Dept.**  
 explains some future goals

**World**  
**Commandos kill**  
**four hijackers**

**Lifestyle**  
**Movie heroes can**  
**be nurturing too**

**Sports**  
**Tracksters have**  
**mix for success**

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# The Daily Herald

Wednesday, March 27, 1991 Central Utah's Newspaper for 117 Years — Issue No. 239, Provo, Utah

## Kurdish rebels report gains; U.S. remains neutral

**By The Associated Press**  
 Kurdish rebels today reported gains in their struggle against the government of Iraq President Saddam Hussein. But the United States has underscored its neutrality in the civil war that has raged since Saddam's forces were defeated in 1991 and the Kurds were expelled from their homes in the northwestern Iraq. The rebels are fighting their way south from their base in the northern town of Erbil. The claims could not be independently confirmed.

A sign of growing chaos in Iraq came on Monday as Iraqi forces moved to take the town, which is filled with thousands of hungry refugees fleeing the fighting.

The rebels met with the arrival of Saudi Arabian food trucks. To try to be organized, but the

region of Kirkuk, Kerki, Dohuk, Karbar and Tikrit. However, the Iraq government has largely admitted it is struggling to repress the rebellion in the north. However, the official newspaper Al-Jumhuriya claimed that "nipping up pockets of saboteurs in the northwestern area" was being according to the newspaper.

The newspaper also said today that Iraq has captured a plane, destroyed an oil well and the Free Iraqi Army and the Free Iraqi Army were of Iraq. The Free Iraqi Army were of Iraq. The Free Iraqi Army were of Iraq.

U.S. forces continue to occupy a large area of southern Iraq but have made no attempt to keep the Iraq helicopter gunships from flying. Instead, aircraft which were shot down have been used to drop medical supplies and supplies on Iraqis.

On Tuesday, the White House said that the United States would not keep forces' use of helicopter gunships. The White House said that the United States would not keep forces' use of helicopter gunships.

Gen. Schwarzkopf said it was a side, not a decision nothing in writing," he said.

U.S. officials were vague about how the rebels would respond to continued Iraqi use of the gunships.

"We don't want to see the Iraqis use the gunships," he said. "We don't want to see the Iraqis use the gunships."

reactions that were going on," he said in an interview with David Frost scheduled for broadcast tonight on PBS.

The Beirut, States observer also revealed that he recommended continuing the ground war beyond an end to the fighting.

"We could have completely closed the door and made it an act of a battle of annihilation," the general said.

At the United Nations, the United States and other leading Security Council members were finalizing a draft resolution that would force Iraq to permit a cease-fire. Under the plan, Iraq would have to destroy its remaining chemical, biological and nuclear weapons.

## Bond issue to decide new tax

**By JOSEPH ZIMMERMAN**  
 House and Senate bills to raise the tax on restaurant food to 15 percent will be decided by a bond issue to be held in the fall.

The House bill would raise the tax on restaurant food to 15 percent from the current 12 percent. The Senate bill would raise the tax on restaurant food to 15 percent from the current 12 percent.

because in the last days of the Legislature, the bill became a bond issue. The bill became a bond issue.

The bill became a bond issue. The bill became a bond issue.

U.S. forces continue to occupy a large area of southern Iraq but have made no attempt to keep the Iraq helicopter gunships from flying.

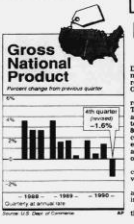
reactions that were going on," he said in an interview with David Frost scheduled for broadcast tonight on PBS.

At the United Nations, the United States and other leading Security Council members were finalizing a draft resolution that would force Iraq to permit a cease-fire.

## Economy stronger than expected, government's GNP report shows

**WASHINGTON (AP)** — The U.S. economy fell at an annual rate of 1.4 percent in the final three months of last year, a less severe downturn than previously believed, the Commerce Department's second estimate of the gross national product — the broadest measure of economic health — showed today.

The Commerce Department's second estimate of the gross national product — the broadest measure of economic health — showed today.



## Board recommends RDA in Orem

**By BOB BIKKEN**  
 Herald Staff Writer

The Orem Community Economic Development Board has recommended the establishment of another development area in southwest Orem.

## Trying to leave

People in the predominantly Palestinian neighborhood of Hawaii in Kawaiiki City line up at the barred windows of a police station Wednesday seeking exit visas in order to leave Kuwait.

U.S. officials were vague about how the rebels would respond to continued Iraqi use of the gunships.

## Attacks on LDS missionaries, chapels may be gulf-related

**WASHINGTON (AP)** — Attacks on Mormon missionaries and chapels in the Middle East may be related to the Gulf crisis, a State Department spokesman said today.

The spokesman said that the attacks on missionaries and chapels in the Middle East may be related to the Gulf crisis.

is a worldwide, apostolical organization. The State Department spokesman said that the attacks on missionaries and chapels in the Middle East may be related to the Gulf crisis.

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## Weather

Partly cloudy tonight with a slight chance of showers, then clearing and becoming light on Thursday and becoming light on Friday.

## Air Quality

Today's air quality was good in most areas. Watch for a slight increase in the afternoon.

Have a story idea? Call The Herald newsroom 373-5050



## كوردان ئىدىعاي كۆنترۆل كوردنى شاره سهره كىبه كان ده كهن

رۆژنامهى "The Daily Herald" كه له رۆژى چوار شه ممهى ريكهوتى ۳۰ى مارتى ۱۹۹۱دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوتهوه، ههوا ئىكى بهو ناونيشانهى سهروهه بلاوكردۆتهوه، كه ئهمه دهقه كهيهتى:

" ئامىدى - عىراق : ياخيبيووه كوردهكان ئىدىعا دهكهن كه رۆژى ههينى سهنتهرى سهرهكىي نهوتى كهركوكيان گرتۆتهوه. بهلام حكومهت وتى كه پاش دوو رۆژ شهركردن، بهتهواويي كۆنترۆلى شارهكهيان كردۆتهوه. ومزارهتى دهروهى ئهمريكا وتى كه شهريكى توند لهباكور بهردهوامه و پىدهچىت هيزهكانى حكومهت، شارهكايان گرتبۆتهوه. ياخيبيووه كوردهكان تكاي يارمهتبيان له نهتهوه يهكگرتووهمان و ولاته يهكگرتووهمان كردووه. ئىدارهى بوش داوايان له عىراقيهيكان كرد كه سهدام بروخينن، بهلام ههروهها وتيان كه ئهوان لهدهروهى شهركه دهمننهوه. ئهوان رۆژى ههينى ههمان ههلوئىست و پىنگهى خويان دووپاتكردوه.

ياخيبيووهكان شارى كهركوكيان گرت ههتاوهكو سوپاي حكومهت رۆژى چوار شه ممه پاش هيرشيك چوه شارهكهوه. وهك ههوالدراوه، بههۆى ئهوه شهريهى كه لهپىناو ئهوه شارهدا كراوه، لهماوهى ئهوه دوو رۆژهدا، دهيان ههزار له خهلكهكه لهترسى پهلامارو هيرشى ئاسمانىي و تۆپ و موشهكهكان و لهپىناوى پاراستنى گيانى خويان ههلاتوون.

پيامنيرانى رۆژئاوا له شارى دهوك كهبهدهستى ياخيبيووانهوهيه، له ۲۰ ميل لهباشوورى رۆژئاواى ئهم شاره و لهنزىكى سنورى توركيى، وتيان كه دهيان ههزار لهخهلكانى سقىل، له رۆژى ههينيدا، بۆ چىاكانى دهوروبهر ههلاتوون.



تیایدا بالآدهستی گهراندوهه. ئەنجومەنی بالای شیعە ئیدیعای ئەوهی کرد  
کە یاخیوووەکان لەچەندین بەشی پارێزگاکانی بەسەر و میسان  
لەباشوور، لەگەڵ سوپادا شەرو پێکدادانیان کردووه.

مەسعود بارزانی سەرۆکی بەرەو کوردستانی، تەکای لەنەتەوه  
یەکگرتوووەکان کرد کە هەنگاو بۆ وەستاندنی شەڕ بنیت. بارزانی  
لەبەیاننامەیەکدا کە لە لەندن لەلایەن بەرەو کوردستانییهوه  
بلاوکرایهوه، ئەو بەرەیهی نوێنەری گروپە کوردییەکان دەکات،  
وتی: " ئەوهی کە ئێستا کە ئێمە رووبەرۆوی دەبینەوه، هەلگری  
هەموو نیشانەکانی جینۆساید و کۆمەڵکوژی و قەلاچۆکردنی  
سیستematیکە. " ئەو بەرپرسیاری حکومەتی عێراقی بەوه تۆمەتبار کرد کە  
نزیکەی ۱۰۰،۰۰۰ گنەجی کوردی لە شارەکانی کەرکوک و  
دوزخوورماتو وداقوق بە بارمته گرتووه.

نەتەوه یەکگرتوووەکان ئەمێستا بەهۆی جەزنی هەینی گەرۆه  
جەزنی پەسخ هوه، لە پشوووان و تەنیا وەلامی دەولەتان دەدەنەوه و  
بەدەم داوای کوردانەوه ناچن، مەگەر دەولەتێک بدۆزنەوه کە فشار بۆ  
نیگەرانییەکانیان بکات.

بارزانی پێشتر لەگەڵ سەرکردهیهکی دیکەیی بالای کورددا کە  
جەلال تالەبانییه، پەيوهندی کردووه له تەکانامەیهکدا بۆ سەرۆک بوش  
دەلێن: " بە ناوی بنەماکانی نازادیی و دادپەوهریی و دیموکراسی، ئێمە  
تەکا لە وڵاتە یەکگرتوووەکان دەکەین کە بەهەنای خەلکی عێراقهوه  
بیت. " ئەوان لە بەیاننامەیهکدا، کە لە لەندن بلاوکراوهتەوه، ئەمەیان  
وتووه. ئەوان وتیان بوش " بەشێوهیهکی شەخسیی داوای لەخەلکی  
عێراق کردووه کە لە دژی دکتاتۆری و محشی سەدام حسین، راپەڕن. "  
پاش ئەوهی کە هاوپەیمانان بەسەرکردهیی ئەمریکا لە جەنگی  
کەنداودا، عێراقیان تێکشکاند. "







## عیراق و یاخیبووهکان ئیدیعی گرتنی شارهکان دهکهن

رۆژنامهی ئهمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی دووشهممهی ریکهوتی ۱ی ئهبریل/نیسانی ۱۹۹۱دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوهتهوه، بابهنیکی له لاپهرهکانی ۱ و ۲ ی خۆیدا بهو ناوینشانهی سهروهه نووسیهوه، که ئهمه دهقهکهیهتی:

" نیقۆسیا- قوبرس (AP) : یاخیبووهکانی کورد وتیان که هیزه عیراقیهکان بهپالپشتنی کۆپتهرو فرۆکهی جهنگی و توپخانه، له رۆژی یهکشهممهدا دووناوهندی پاریزگاگانیان کوتاوه، بهلام نهیتوانیهوه دهست بهسهه هیه شاریکدا بگریت.

هههچنده، عیراق دهلئیت که گوایه یاخیبووهکانی له شارهکانی باکوور له دهوک و ههولیر راوناهوه ههروهها وتی که هیزهکانی حکومهت له لایهن خهلهکهوه به هوتاف و خوشیهوه، پیشوازیبیکراون. مهحاله که ئیدیعی ههیهک لهو دوولایه پشتراست بگریتهوه.

راپهرینه کوردیهکه، پینج ههفته لهمهوبهه له باکووری عیراق ههلهگیرسا. کاتیک که جهنگی کهنداوی فارس، به شکستی سهدام لهسهه دهستی هاوپهیمانان بهریبهه ئهمریکا، کۆتاییهات. لهههمان کاتدا، موسولمانه شیعهکان لهباشوور راپهرین.

هیزهکانی لایهنگری سهدام له ههفتهی رابردودا، هیرشیکی بهرفراوانیان لهذری یاخیبووانی کورد ئهنجامدا، ئهوانهی که دهستیان بهسهه تهواوی ناوچه میژووویهکانی خۆیادا گرتبوو.

هیزهکانی حکومهت له رۆژی پینجشهممهدا، دهستیان بهسهه سهنتهه نهوتی لهکههکوکدا گرت. ههروهها له رۆژی یهکشهممه، دههکهوت که بهتهواوی کۆنترۆلی ئهوییان کردوه. ئهم ههواله له لایهن وهفا عهمرهوه که پهیمانی ئهسووشیهت پریشه، له شارهکهوه دراوه.

ئەو وتى ھېشتا تەرم و ئۆتۆمىيل و بارھەلگىرى سووتاو لەسەر شەقامەكان پەرت و بلو كەوتوون و زۆربەى بىنا و تەلارمەكانىش بەھۆى پارچەى موشەك و گولەوہ كون و وئىرانبوون.

دەسەلاتدارانى عىراق، ياخيبيووەكانيان بە ئەنجامدانى كوشتن و تالانىي و وئىرانكردن تۆمەتبار دەكرد، لەكاتىكدا دەستيان بەسەر شارمەكدا گرتووه. ھەرچەندە ياخيبيووەكانىش، سوپاكەى سەداميان بەوہ تۆمەتباردەكرد كەتوانى وەحشىيانەى دژى خەلكى مەدەنى كردووہ و ھاوارى يارمەتییان لەھاوپەیمانان كەرد.

بەلام و لاتە يەكگرتووہكان وتى كە ئەو لە جەنگە ناوخۆييەكەدا دەستپوەرەدان ناكات، ھەرچەندە ئەو چەند فرۆكەيەكى جەنگى عىراقى خستۆتە خواروہ، ئەوانەى مەرجەكانى ئاگر بەستيان بەزاندووہ و فریون. ھەرچەندە، ئەمرىكییەكان تەقەيان لە كۆپتەرە جەنگییەكان نەكردووہ.

ئازانسى ھەوالەكانى عىراق لە رۆژى يەكشەممەدا، وتى كە حكومەتى بەغدا پەيامىكى بو "خافىر پىرئىز دى كويلار"ى سكرتئىرى نەتوہ يەكگرتووہكان ناردووہ و ئەو پىشلىكارىيانەى سەركۆنە كردووہ كە گوايە لەلايەن فرۆكە جەنگییە ئەمرىكى وسعودييەكانەوہ لەئاسمانى عىراقدا ئەنجامدراوہ. ھەروەھا عىراق لەو پەيامەيدا شكايەتى ئەوەيكردووہ كە سوپاى ئەمرىكى، باشوورى عىراقيان داگىر كردووہ و پىنگە شوپنەھوارىيەكانى ئورىان تالانكردووہ.

لە شەرىشدا لەباكوورى عىراق، ئىدىعەى ئەوەيكرد كە ياخيبيوہ كوردەكان لە دەھۆك ھەلاتوون و ۳۰ ميل لەباشوورى سنوورى توركياوہن، ھەروەھا لە ھەولئىریشەوہ، ۷۵ ميل بەرەو باشوورى رۆژھەلات رۆيشتوون.

ئازانسى ھەوالەكانى عىراق وتى: "پارتىزانەكان بەرەو چىكان ھەلاتوون و چەكەكانيان لەپشتەوہ جىھىلاوہ. خەلكى دەھۆك و ھەولئىر، بەسرودى نىشتىمانى پىشوازىيان لە ھىزە چەكدارەكانمان كردووہ و

هوتافیان بۆ سەرۆک سەدام حسین کیشاوه. " رادیۆی به‌غدا وتی که عیزمت ئیبراهیم، جیگری سەرۆکی فەرمانده‌ی هیزه چه‌کداره‌کانی عێراق، رۆژی یه‌کشه‌مه‌مه به‌ سەدامی وتوو که هه‌ولێر به‌ته‌واوی به‌ژیر کۆنترۆلی حکومه‌تدایه‌.

هه‌رچه‌نده، وته‌بیژی یاخیبووان له‌ لهنده‌ن و دیمه‌شقه‌وه، نکۆلییان له‌ ئیدیعاکانی عێراق ده‌کرد که هه‌ولێرو ده‌ۆکی گرتبیت. وته‌بیژی یه‌کیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان وتی که شه‌ر له‌شاره‌کانی نزیک که‌رکوک به‌رده‌وامه‌.

هه‌فته‌یه‌ک له‌مه‌به‌ر، یاخیبووانی کورد باسیان له‌ دامه‌زراندنی حکومه‌تی کاتی ده‌کرد له‌ شوینه‌ی که پێیان ده‌وت: کوردستانی ئازاد. ئیستا که وینه‌ی بۆمبارانی درنده‌نه‌ له‌لایه‌ن هیزه‌کانی عێراقه‌وه ده‌کێشن که بارودۆخی ژیان ده‌شپۆینیت، هه‌روه‌ها وینه‌ی هه‌لاتی به‌کۆمه‌لی خه‌لکی مه‌ده‌نی هه‌لاتوو و ترساوه‌وه.

هۆشیار زیبیری وته‌بیژی پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان له‌ لهنده‌ن وتی: "زۆریک له‌ خه‌لک له‌ لیواری مه‌ترسیدان. نه‌ خواردن، نه‌ یاو، نه‌ پێداویستییه‌کان له‌به‌رده‌ستن. "

رۆژی شه‌مه‌مه، ده‌یان هه‌زار له‌خه‌لکی مه‌ده‌نی به‌هۆی تۆپبارانی شاری ده‌ۆک له‌لایه‌ن هیزه‌ عێراقیه‌کانه‌وه، هه‌لاتن. رۆژنامه‌نوسه‌ رۆژئاواییه‌کان ده‌لێن که که‌م که‌س له‌پاڵ جه‌نگاوه‌ره کورده‌کان له‌شاره‌که‌دا ماونه‌ته‌وه. زیبیری وتی که هیزه‌ عێراقیه‌کان له‌رۆژی یه‌کشه‌مه‌مه‌دا، دووباره‌ هێرشیانکردۆته‌وه سه‌ر هه‌ولێرو ده‌ۆک.

ئهو وتی: "کۆپتیری جه‌نگی، فرۆکه‌ی بالچه‌سپاو Fixed Wing، جو‌ره‌ها موشه‌ک به‌شپوه‌ی ره‌مه‌کی به‌کار هێنراون. "

له‌ به‌یاننامه‌یه‌کی پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستاندا، داوا له‌ هاوپه‌یمانان کراوه‌ له‌ ریگری له‌ عێراق بکه‌ن له‌وه‌ی هیزی ئاسمانی بۆ تۆقاندن و کوشتنی خه‌لکی مه‌ده‌نی به‌کاربه‌یئیت و ئهو جه‌نگی جنۆسایده‌ له‌دژی خه‌لکی کوردستان به‌هستین. "



# Did U.S. Go Too Far in Victory?

**Continued From A-1**  
**New York**—Anwar of the American Revolution, the U.S. military forces from Kuwait and to position them in Iraq, to the north of the ground war to cut off Iraq's oil supply and to cause Iraq to renounce its aggressive foreign policy, will soon receive reports from the U.S. military forces in Kuwait, as well as the hundreds of top reports filed by reporters at the White House, according to a Pentagon spokesman.



**Iraqi troops who had been overlooked by rallying allied forces march into Saudi Arabia looking for a place to surrender.**

But other Pentagon officials say that in a sense of "no." And a high-level official at the White House recently insisted: "There were the warriors the town, the village who were being rescued by the U.S. military forces." "Any report" he was asked the "Iraqis" were "not." Gen. Norman Schwarzkopf, who had led the coalition forces, said that he thought President Bush stopped the war in its tracks. But some Pentagon and State Department officials in the Middle East and some of those who were in the coalition forces, including Schwarzkopf, said they were concerned about the prospects of a long war.

Iraqi troops who had been overlooked by rallying allied forces march into Saudi Arabia looking for a place to surrender. American policy had some full-scale operations in the Persian Gulf. The U.S. military forces in Kuwait and to position them in Iraq, to the north of the ground war to cut off Iraq's oil supply and to cause Iraq to renounce its aggressive foreign policy, will soon receive reports from the U.S. military forces in Kuwait, as well as the hundreds of top reports filed by reporters at the White House, according to a Pentagon spokesman.

relations was, said he was looking for an Iraqi soldier who stopped to say good-bye to his family. "I was the soldier," he said. "Leave everything. If you want to go, go." The streets began to fill up with Iraqis who were looking for a place to surrender. They were looking for a place to surrender. They were looking for a place to surrender. They were looking for a place to surrender.

Administration officials said the coalition forces had changed long with the U.S. military forces in Kuwait and to position them in Iraq, to the north of the ground war to cut off Iraq's oil supply and to cause Iraq to renounce its aggressive foreign policy, will soon receive reports from the U.S. military forces in Kuwait, as well as the hundreds of top reports filed by reporters at the White House, according to a Pentagon spokesman.

# Iraq, Rebels Both Claim to Control Cities

**Continued From A-1**  
**Baghdad**—Iraqi and Saudi war, looking and destruction while they hold the city. The insurgents, however have around Baghdad a group of operations against coalition and appeared to the city. The insurgents, however have around Baghdad a group of operations against coalition and appeared to the city.

Iraqi and Saudi war, looking and destruction while they hold the city. The insurgents, however have around Baghdad a group of operations against coalition and appeared to the city. The insurgents, however have around Baghdad a group of operations against coalition and appeared to the city.

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**Cheryl Ladd, Frankie Avalon and Annette Beninghoff.**

**Cheryl Ladd** prepared her latest role by settling in as a much more serious actress and picked up tips from *Paul Snider* and *Conan O'Brien* after playing a news anchor in a made-for-TV movie long known to her.

"I learned that being a news anchor isn't easy; not everybody can do it," Ladd said. "I was a news anchor's job was very different from that of an actress, she said.

Ladd said she was a news anchor's job was very different from that of an actress, she said. Ladd said she was a news anchor's job was very different from that of an actress, she said.

**Frankie Avalon** and **Annette Beninghoff** former teen heartthrobs are hoping to take a wave of nostalgia with a television action comedy.

The pair premiered last week on the episode of ABC's "Full House" one of the stars of that show, *Conan O'Brien*, played an actor who had to be introduced to try to be a "Full House" star. The pair premiered last week on the episode of ABC's "Full House" one of the stars of that show, *Conan O'Brien*, played an actor who had to be introduced to try to be a "Full House" star.

**Los Angeles** is looking to a California restaurant owner **Darwin Earle** brought little publicity from a city used to higher-end dining.

Earle's place of operation was not based on the food. The restaurant was not based on the food. The restaurant was not based on the food.



**Dr. Val Jones examines 13-month-old Derrick Davis. Jones is one of two doctors who seek help in San Juan County.**

**Wanted: \$10,000 Reward! Search On for County Doc**

**Continued From A-1**  
Two open positions in either Monticello or Bluffton. If the doctor takes a full year the position will get another \$2,500. The full year of practice that will be paid \$10,000.

Interested individuals may be contacted by the county office at 235-1111. The county office is located at 235-1111. The county office is located at 235-1111.

**Dr. Steven Warren**, has offered a reward to an "off-to-work" recruit a third doctor to deal with the epidemic of patients.

**Los Angeles** Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service.

# Easter Lends Hope In Chaos, Says Pope

**VATICAN CITY** (AP) — Pope John Paul II said Sunday that the Persian Gulf War had not a dark shadow over humanity but that Easter marking the resurrection of Jesus Christ was a day of "hope, strength and love."

In his Easter address to tens of thousands of people packed into St. Peter's Square, the pontiff called on world leaders to end the war.

**Los Angeles** Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service.

# Israel Adds New Restrictions Where Palestinians Live

**Los Angeles** Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service. The Los Angeles Times Service.

**Dr. Val Jones** examines 13-month-old Derrick Davis. Jones is one of two doctors who seek help in San Juan County.

## کوردان ده‌سندەگرن بەسەر بەلیۆزخانەى عێراقىی لە برۆکسل

رۆژنامەى "The Daily Herald" کە لە رۆژى چوارشەممەى رێکەوتى ٣ى ئەبریل/نیسانی ١٩٩١دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوەتەوه، هەوآئىكى بەو ناوونیشانەى سەرەوه بلاوکردۆتەوه، کە ئەمە دەقەکەیتى:

" برۆکسل - بەلچىکا: ئەمڕۆ دەیهەا کورد بۆ ماوهى پێنج کاتژمێر، دەستیان بەسەر بەلیۆزخانەى عێراقىیدا گرت. ئەوان پاسەوانىکیان بەبارتە گرت و بیناکەیان تالانکرد، وهک نارهزایەتییەک دژى ئەو درنايەتییەى گوايه دژى کوردانى سىقیل لە عێراق کراوه.

پۆلیس وتى کە دەوتریٔت پاسەوانەکە لەکاتى شەرو پێکەهلپژاندا برینداربووه، کاتىک کوردهکان هوروزمیان بردۆته ناو بەلیۆزخانەکە کە لە گەرەکیكى نیشهجیووندايه. هیچ فیشهکیک نەتەقیوه، هیچ روونیش نییه کە کوردان چهکاربووبن.

ئەوان داوايانکردوه کە چاویان بە زاید حەیدرى بەلیۆزى عێراق و کەنالهکانى میدیا بکەوت، بالام پاش ئەوهى بەلیۆزخانەکەیان جیهیشت، بران بۆ لىکۆلینهوه.

بەرپەسىكى پۆلیس بەمەرجى ئەوهى ناوى نەبریت، وتى: "خۆشبهختانه پيويسىتى نهکرد بۆ رزگارکردنى بارمتەکان، دەستیهوردان بکەين."

حەیدەر، دەستبەسەرداگرتنى بینای بەلیۆزخانەکەى بە کارىكى تیرۆرسىتى دژى نوینەرایەتییەكى دپلۆماسى ناوبرد.

بەرپەسىكى پۆلیس وتى کە ١٢ خۆپێشاندهر لە کاتژمێر ٥،٣٠ بەیانى، پاش شکاندنى پەنچەرەکان، چوونەته ناو بینا سى نھۆمییەکەى تازەکەى بەلیۆزخانەکەوه. پۆلیس وتى کە ئەوان مۆبیلات و کەلوپەلى

بالیۆزخانه که میان شکاندووو نالای عیراقیان له ده ره وهی بالیۆزخانه که داگرتووو له جیی ئوو نالای رهنگی کوردییان داناو.

به پرسیکی دیکه ی پۆلیس که نه یویست ناوی بهینریت، وتی که چهگیکی کلاشینکوف له یهکیک له پهنجهرهکانی بالیۆزخانه که وه، فریدراوته خواره وه.

پۆلیس وتی که کوردان پاسهوانه کایان نازادکردوو و پاش پینج کاتر میر، به ئاشتیانه بالیۆزخانه که میان جیه پشته وه.

پیش ئوهی برۆن، کوردهکان وینهکانی سه دام حسینی سه روکی عیراقیان دراند، ئوهی سوپاکه ی شه ری یاخیبونیک دهکات که له لایهن رهگهزی کوردانه وه له باکووری عیراق له وکاته وه بهرپاکراوه که جهنگی کهنداو له ناگر بهستی کدا له شوباتدا، کو تاییهات.

ئوو په نابهرانه ی له شه ره که هه لدین، ده لئین که کو پتیره عیراقیه کان هیرشیان کردوته سهریان و بومی فوسفورییان به کار هیناوه، ئوهی بوته هوکاری سووتاندیکی زور. "

## People

### Famed British author dies

**PARIS (AP)** — Graham Greene, whose widely acclaimed novels of international political intrigue and moral dilemma captivated readers for more than a half-century, died this morning in Southampton, 68, was 68.

The author died at La Providence Hospital in the town of Verney, near Lake Geneva, where he had been hospitalized for several days. Hospital director Robert Berthelot said the cause of his death was not immediately known.

Greene maintained a passion for politics, criticism and religion in his long career, and his best works brought together elements of the spy thriller and the psychological drama.

"Graham Greene's place in history as one of the greatest British novelists of the 20th century," said Tony Lacey, publishing director of Penguin Books in Britain.

"He was a great and magical writer, hard to fit into any pattern," said John Le Carré, the spy novelist who described Greene as his "guiding star." Greene, who had a home in Antibes on the French Riviera,



Graham Greene

is the author of such celebrated novels as "The Power and the Glory" and "The Quiet American." He turned many of his stories into successful movie scripts, including "The Man in the Hat" and "The Comedians." Greene traveled widely and was his most successful novels had a political thrust. Critics said his novels sought to convey a sense of morality and hope to men, which he achieved by frustration and despair. Greene, a Roman Catholic convert, viewed many of his novels as "mere entertainments."

### Painting yields major find

**NEW YORK (AP)** — A painting of the Declaration of Independence signed on July 4, 1776, was discovered tucked behind a painting bought for \$1 at a flea market and may fetch more than \$1 million, an auction house says.

A Philadelphia insurance agent bought the old, torn painting of a country scene two months ago in Adamstown, Pa., because he liked the wood frame, said David Hodes, vice president of Sotheby's, which authenticated the document.

When the man removed the

painting, the frame fell apart and he found a folding document, Hodes said.

"When we completed the value, we were completely stunned," Hodes said.

Sotheby's estimated the copy might be worth \$1 million. The auction house will offer it for sale June 4. It January 1981, another copy of the Declaration of Independence sold for \$1 million.

The owner wishes to remain anonymous and turned down an interview request relayed by Sotheby's.

## Kurds take over Iraqi Embassy in Brussels

**BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP)** — A dozen Kurds took over the Iraqi Embassy in Brussels for nearly five hours last night, taking a giant hostage and demanding the building be protected against potential Kurdish civilians in Iraq.

The point was slightly injured during a scuffle as the Kurds carried the embassy in a residential suburb, police said. No shots were fired, and it was not clear if the Kurds were armed.

They had demanded to meet with Iraq Ambassador Tariq Hashar and the focus on were taken away for questioning immediately after leaving the building.

"Fortunately, we did not have to intervene" to free the hostages, said a police official who spoke on condition of anonymity.

Hander called the occupation of the compound "a terrorist act and a diplomatic mistake."

The 12 protesters entered the

about 5:30 a.m. after breaking windows, the police official said. They damaged embassy furniture and office equipment, looted the Iraq flag outside the embassy and replaced it with the Kurdish colors, police said.

A second police official, speaking on condition of anonymity, said a Katholiek newspaper gun was thrown out of one of the embassy's windows.

The Kurds released the guard and left the embassy peacefully nearly five hours later, police said. Before leaving, the intruders displayed pictures of Iraq President Saddam Hussein, whose army has been accused of assassinating Iraq's own Kurds in northeastern Iraq since the Persian Gulf War ended in a ceasefire in 1975.

Kurdish refugees fleeing the fighting have said Iraqi helicopters attacked them and used phosphorus bombs, which cause severe

## U.N.:

(Continued from Page A1) halts repressive measures.

It was not immediately clear whether France would be satisfied to veto the U.N. ceasefire resolution.

If the Security Council fails to condemn Iraq for its repression of Kurds, "the political and moral authority of the United Nations will be seriously damaged," said spokesman Hubert Vendreux quoted Mitterrand as saying.

France's U.N. ambassador, Jean-Marie Rochereau de la Sabloniere, sought a resolution ending peace talks between Saddam's government and Iraq's rebels.

Resolution would also demand that Baghdad cooperate with Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar in getting humanitarian aid to Iraq's "refugees."

Turkey's government said it told U.N. ambassadors to request an urgent meeting of the Security Council to discuss the plight of at least 300,000 Iraqi refugees who want to enter Turkey from northern Iraq.

Turkey's semi-official Anatolia news agency said some 2.5 million

Iraqis are trying to flee into Iran. U.N. Ambassador Thomas Pickens said the French Turkish proposals could be discussed after the vote on the ceasefire resolution.

But when the Soviet ambassador, Yuri Voronov, was asked if the council should intervene in Iraq's civil war he should be made responsible to indicate he did not.

Iraqi Ambassador Amir Abdul al-Aziz ridiculed France and Turkey for "making demands that were rights," calling their proposals a "traffic barrier intervention."

The United States, Soviet Union, China, Britain and France on Wednesday resisted all but the most moderate resolutions of the U.S. and France of the ceasefire resolution.

The five nations, permanent council members who veto power the ability must in advance to agree on a text before submitting it to the other 11 members.

A permanent ceasefire text adopted as soon as Baghdad accept the resolution, which calls for U.S. peacekeeping troops to be stationed in the region, making possible the withdrawal of the U.S. forces and French troops that deflated Iraq.

al-Aziz called the resolution Iraq "very bad" and "unfair," but did not indicate that Iraq would reject the concept.

## IRAQ:

(Continued from Page A1) the country was accepting some refugees from the Kurdish area of Iraq. Thousands of Iraqis from the north, mostly Shiite Muslims like the majority in Iraq, were fleeing into Iran.

The Kurdish refugees are also trying to get into Turkey, which has accepted entry.

The refugees formed a solid column of more than 10 miles stretching from the outskirts of Erbil along the border into the mountains as far as Diyar. They were packed tightly into all manner of vehicles, some riding in carts, all were exhausted.

Whole families traveled on foot, carrying whatever they could. Children as young as 3 carried babies strapped to their backs. One paraplegic was being laboriously pushed in a wheelchair.

Refugees said they had been attacked by helicopter gunships on their way out of Erbil, which is 110 miles north of Baghdad, and many killed.

They pleaded with foreign reporters for help, each echoing the same appeal:

## Air Pollution

The growing information is taken from the Winchell Frost air pollution report compiled by Utah Bureau of Air Quality. The complete report is available by telephone at 523-6200.

Conditions as of 8 a.m. were as follows:

## Residential Areas

"We need help. The helicopters are killing us. We have no food. We will die. Why is the United Nations doing nothing to help us?" said a young woman engineer, her voice choking with emotion.

The Kurds' month-old uprising was launched in the wake of Iraq's defeat in the Persian Gulf War. It was the latest in a series of successful rebellions that country by Kurds seeking autonomy in their ancestral homeland, which encompasses parts of Iraq, Turkey, Iraq and Syria.

In New York, France sought to focus attention on the Kurds' plight with a proposal that the United Nations push for peace talks between the Iraq government and rebels it has fought since being

defeated by the U.S.-led allied coalition. That would include the Shiite Muslims in southern Iraq.

Washington has urged Iraqis to support Saddam. But it has turned down rebel pleas for military and humanitarian aid, and is reportedly unwilling to draw into Iraq's internal civil war.

Rebels have repeatedly accused members of the U.S.-led allied coalition of the United States, of abandoning them by not enforcing the temporary ceasefire but on Iraq using its aircraft for military missions.

The Shiite insurgency in the south is widely reported to have been crushed but Iranian news agency quoted Shiite sources as saying Iraq government troops used helicopter gunships against rebels in the southern city of Basra, causing casualties and destruction.

It said battles between government troops and Shiite rebels were still going on in Basra and Tikrit, and that the sound of explosions could be heard in Iraq's Kharranmahbar.

IRNA also quoted foreign news agency government troops had fired 10 Soviet missiles into the Shiite holy city of Najaf during the past week to suppress the battles which there.

Foreign journalists who visited the city of Tikrit did not report any food attacks.

## USX:

(Continued from Page A1) this issue is the manner people will react to recent events, characterized events, symbolized events.

## 7 PEAKS:

(Continued from Page A1) that means that it's not dead at the past."

Neither Borchert nor a representative from Seven Peaks could be reached for comment on the meeting.

Sary Gregerson, city attorney, said the city required Seven Peaks to bond for just under \$500,000 in relation to the cut.

Facing another concern about Seven Peaks, John Wood, Provo resident and owner of Landoff, asked the council why an advertisement for Seven Peaks Water Park was published in the Provo city paper in the March issue of the Provo City Update.

The update is mailed to 30,000 homes and businesses monthly with Provo city bills.

"In my mind, it smacks of a coup" of interest in how the public trust and private enterprise," Wood said.

Barbara Ireland, mayor administrative assistant, said the update was originated in 1987 to get out information about new businesses. Evidence that had been directed to the community, such as Seven Peaks, are also covered, he said.

Because the update has low business-owners advertising on a biyearly basis focusing on Seven Peaks, Ireland said.

The Daily Herald

PRICES EFFECTIVE TUESDAY THRU SATURDAY

# REAMS

Now Open  
**SUPERSTORE**  
750 East 400 South  
Springville, Utah

1350 NORTH FREEDOM BLVD. PHONE 895 WEST CENTER ST. PROVO  
WE ADD 10% TO THESE PRICES

<b>BANANAS</b> Golden Ripe		
Lb.		<b>29¢</b>
<b>CARAMEL</b> Former Peck, 1 lb.	<b>10¢</b>	<b>GRAPES</b> Purple Globe
<b>GELATIN</b> Former Peck, 1 lb.	<b>17¢</b>	<b>APPLES</b> Fuji
<b>SEEDLESS GRAPES</b> Former Peck, 1 lb.	<b>79¢</b>	<b>RED PINE GRAPES</b> Former Peck, 1 lb.
<b>POTATOES</b> Form #1, 25 lbs.	<b>99¢</b>	
<b>GROUND BEEF</b> Family Pack		
Lb.		<b>1 09</b>
<b>PIZZY THINGS</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>20¢</b>	<b>TURKEY BREAST</b> 1 lb. 10¢
<b>BAKED</b> Form #1, 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>CHEDDAR CHEESE</b> 1 lb. 10¢
<b>SPARE RIBS</b> Former Peck, 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>CORN BARS</b> Former Peck, 1 lb. 10¢
<b>CARAMEL</b> Former Peck, 1 lb. 10¢	<b>99¢</b>	<b>GLAZED HAM</b> Form #1, 1 lb. 10¢
<b>COKE</b> Spritz Or Dr. Pepper 6 Pack		
Coke		<b>1 29</b>
<b>WESSON OIL</b> 1 qt. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>TOWELS</b> 100% Cotton, 10 x 12
<b>CHOCOLATE CHIPS</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>79¢</b>	<b>NEW FREEDOM</b> All Varieties 27 Oz.
<b>SHERO'S SPREAD</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>BLENNER</b> 1 lb. 10¢
<b>SHRIMP CHEESE</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>PIZZA</b> 1 lb. 10¢
<b>FLOUR</b>		
25 Lb. Bag		<b>2 49</b>
<b>GRAPE JUICE</b> 1 qt. 10¢	<b>55¢</b>	<b>CHUNKY SOUPS</b> 100% Beef, 10 x 12
<b>DAILY DESSERT</b> Former Peck, 1/2 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>TOWELS</b> 100% Cotton, 10 x 12
<b>BAEGLS</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>69¢</b>	<b>CAT FOOD</b> 100% Chicken, 10 x 12
<b>ENTREES</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>SPAGHETTI SAUCE</b> 1 lb. 10¢
<b>SLEEPING BAGS</b> 4 Lbs. (irr.)		
		<b>19 99</b>
<b>PETITE PONIES</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>PLATE HOLDERS</b> 100% Cotton, 10 x 12
<b>LITTLE MISS DOLLY</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>4 10</b>	<b>HAIR SPRAY</b> 100% Alcohol, 10 x 12
<b>8 1/2 OZ</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>SPRITS BOTTLE</b> 100% Cotton, 10 x 12
<b>BLUO LOTS</b> 1 lb. 10¢	<b>1 10</b>	<b>MEASURING CUP</b> 100% Cotton, 10 x 12
<b>COLEMAN COOL</b> 40 Oz. Cooler		
		<b>17 99</b>
REAMS WIFERS CARAMEL PATCH ROLLS 4.29		



## نه هامة تيبه كورد بيه كه شايه نى وه لامدان وه بيه كى جيهان بيه

روژنامهى "The Daily Utah Chronicle" كه له روژى چوار شه ممه ريكه وتى ۱۰ى ئه بريل/نيسانى ۱۹۹۱دا، چاپ و بلاوكر اوته وه، بابته تيكى بهو ناونيشانهى سهر وه بلاوكر دوتته وه، كه ئه مه دهقه كه يه تى:

"ئوه چهند ههفته بيه كه له مه و پيش بوو كه جيهان پرواى وابوو ئيدى عىناق به زيوو و تيكشكاوو دواچار ئاشنيس دهره فه تيكى له روژه لاتهى ناوه راستدا بو خولقا. به لام لهو كاته وهى چهكى هاوپه يمانان بيه ننگ بوو، چهكى عيراق بيه كان زور زياتر له ماوهى "گهره طولى بيايان" چالاكتر بوو. جياوازيه كه ش تنيا له مه دايه كه قوربان بيه سفيله كه خه لكه كوه بيه تيبه بيه ديفاعه كه نين، ئيستاكه ئوه خه لكه عيراق بيه سفيله كه يه كه له ژير رحمته تى تيرورى سه دامدايه.

بئه چه نيت ئه و گروپه يى كه سه دام زياتر پى له سه ر تيكشكاندنيان داده گريت برى تيبه نيت له دانيش توهانه كورده كه يى باكوورى عىراق. سه دان ههزار له كوردانى عىراق، له بهردهم توره يى سوپاى عىراقدا هه لدين و په نا بو توركيا و ئيران ده بن. كو پته ره عيراق بيه كان تنيا گونده كورديه كان ويران ناكهن، به لكو ئه وان ژماره يه كى گه ره خه لكى سيفيلى بيه ديفاعيش ده كوژن كه له سه ر سنوره كان بى هيج په ناگه و خو راك و پاراستننك، كو بوونه ته وه.

به داخه وه، توندوتيزى مله و رانه له دژى كوردان، شتتكي نوئ نيه له عىراقدا. به لكو به سه ده يى ئه وه برى تيبه له بهرده وامى ئه و سه ركوتكار بيه يى كه چهند ده يه يه كه كه بى هيج پشتگير بيه كى نيوده وه له تيبى، روو به رووى كوردان بوته وه.

كاتيك سه دام چه كه به دناوه كيميابه كه يى دژى كورد به كار هينا، جيهان هيج شتتكيان نه كرد. دواى ئه وه ش كه عىراق له پاش جهنگ، ههنگاوى خيراى نا بو سه ركوتى ياخي بوونه چه كدار بيه كه يى كورد،

جیهان دیسانهوه هیچی نهکرد. بهدئنیاییهوه دوا سهرکوتکاری لهډزبان پښووستی بهئاوردانهوه و بایهخی جیهان ههیه. کاتی دهولتهتیکي سهربهخوی کورد هاتووه.

بهو هویه که کوردان بوماوهی چهنډین دهیه بوونهته قوربانی توندوتیژی و ههلاواردنی باش بهدیکومینتکراو، ههریویه جیهان چیدی ناتوانیت لههوزیاتر نههامهتییهکایان به ویزدانیکي زیندووهوه پشتگویی بخت.

گهلی کورد لهسهر خاکی میژوویی کوردستان دهژین، که ناوچهیهکه دهکهوتیه باکووری عیراق و ئیران و روژههلاتی تورکیا و سوریاهه. ئهوان لهم ولاتانهدا، ههمیشه کهمینیهکی سهرکوتکراو بوون. ههروهها بوماوهی چهنډین سال داوایان لهجیهان کردوه که یارمهتییان بدن بو پیکهینانی دهولتهتیکي سهربهخو.

لهگهل ئهو زیده یهکیتییه که ئیستا که زیاتر له ههموو کاتیکي پښوو لهنیوان خیزانی ولاتانی جیهانی نیودهولتهتی دهبیزیت، چارهسهری رهوشه کوردیهه که گونجاوه. ژمارهیهکی زور له ولاتانی ئهروپی، لهواقیعدا بایهخی خویان لهههمبهر کوردان پښانداهه، لهریگه یابهندبوونیان به ناردنی خوراک و یارمهتی تاوهکو لهم قهیرانهی ئیستایان یارمهتییان بدن. ولاته یهکگرتوهکان دهتوانیت وهک رابهریک له ناشتی و جهنگدا که هیزی خوی پښانبدات لهریگه سوودوهگرتن لهو یهکیتییه بو بنیاتناتی پالپشتیهکی نیودهولتهتی بو دامهزراندنی کوردستان.

بو ریگهگرتن له مملانی لهروژههلاتی ناوهراست، پښووسته ئیستا که ههنگاوی کونکریتی بو بنیاتناتی بناغیهکی پاریزراو بو ناشتی بنریت. سهربهخویی بو کوردان ههنگاویکی بههیز دهبیت بو زامنکردنی هاوکاری و ناشتی بو سهیه.

# EDITORIAL

## Kurdish plight begs, deserves world response

It was only a few weeks ago that the world believed Iraq had been defeated and that peace might finally have a chance in the Middle East. Since the coalition guns have fallen silent, however, the Iraqi guns have been more active than they were during Operation Desert Storm. The only difference is that the innocent victims are not the defenseless Kuwaitis; innocent Iraqi citizens are now at the mercy of Saddam's terror.

The group which Saddam seems to be most determined to destroy is northern Iraq's Kurdish population. Hundreds of thousands of Kurds are fleeing before the wrath of the Iraqi army and seeking refuge in Turkey and Iran. Iraqi helicopter gunships have not only decimated Kurdish villages, they have also killed large numbers of defenseless civilians who have massed along Iraq's borders without any shelter, food or protection.

Unfortunately, unchecked violence against the Kurds is nothing new in Iraq; it is simply a continuation of the oppression that the Kurds have endured for generations without international support.

When Saddam used his infamous chemical weapons against the Kurds, the world did nothing. When Iraq took swift action to suppress the Kurdish rebellion after the war, the world did nothing. Surely the latest violence against them demands the world's attention. The time has come for an independent Kurdish nation.

Given the Kurds have been the victims of well-documented violence and discrimination for decades, the world community can no longer afford to ignore their plight in good conscience.

The Kurdish people reside in the historic region of Kurdistan, an area in northern Iraq and Iran, and Eastern Turkey and Syria. In these

countries, they have always been a repressed minority and, for many years, they have been calling on the world to help them form an independent state.

With the international family of countries more unified now than it has been at any time in the past, it is possible for the Kurdish situation to be addressed. Many European nations have already shown their concern for the Kurds by pledging to send food and aid to help them in their present crisis. The United States could show its strength as a leader in both peace and war by taking advantage of this unity to build international support for the formation of Kurdistan.

To prevent future conflict in the Middle East concrete steps must be taken now to build a secure foundation of peace. Independence for the Kurds would be a strong step toward ensuring cooperation and peace for tomorrow.



Letters

### College Republican owes several apologies

Editor:  
Not only did Alec Niu ("Republicans not the only ones playing games," April 3) miss the point of Chris Aggeler's column, he provides ammunition for Chris's objection to the infantile post-war politics of some Republicans. Alec admits Republicans "play the game," but fails to notice that whether political parties play partisan politics is not the issue. If government were a game—which it is not—the behavior of some post-war Republicans would have gotten them fined and suspended by now.

College Republican Alec Niu earns his own technical foul by showing us how he plays "the game." Alec suggests that a vote

debate. No doubt George Bush would not be sitting on 85 percent approval ratings if Swartzkopf and Co. had bogged down in Kuwait, but accusing Democrats of secretly hoping or conspiring for American defeat is ridiculous. His whole letter boils down to just another Republican cheap shot (now known in Utah as a "Craig Moody"). It would merit attention had Alec not tried to present it as fact and explain it away as the way the system works.

Alec offers us a *Congressional Quarterly* article, which he believes proves his point. In fact, this article merely notes that many more Democrats than Republicans voted against giving George Bush a blank check

unpopular vote to exercise restraint before starting a war in the Persian Gulf. Standing up for a principle regardless of its popularity is the ultimate test of conscience. To Alec, such actions when taken by Democrats are not expressions of conscience, but un-American opportunism.

Three months ago, the country got a chance to see American politics at its best. Now we see politicians at their worst. The thoughtful, exhaustive debate preceding the war has been replaced by innuendo, baseless accusations, slander and opportunism. "The game" is the same, but the tactics of certain players have changed. College Republican Alec Niu, and those who adopt his tactics, owe the

## Fusion duo owes U., public explanations

It has been more than two years since University of Utah researcher B. Stanley Pons and his partner, Martin Fleischmann, triumphantly assembled the press and trumpeted to the world that they had created nuclear fusion in a bottle. With this amazing revelation, the two scientists sent the world whirling in amazement, bewilderment and suspicion. "It was as if someone had said he'd flown to Mars in a prop plane," observed *Time Magazine*.

Speculation ran uncontrolled and expectations rose fast and high. For good reasons. Cold fusion would put an effective end to our dependency on imported petroleum to the final chagrin of Middle-East emirs, sheiks, and terrorists. Energy-poor nations would be freed from foreign suppliers' blackmail. The environmental benefits would be great because cold nuclear fusion yields low radioactivity—meaning no more "radwaste" burials.



**J. Bel-Ami de Montreux**  
*Chronicle Columnist*

Had Pons and Fleischmann's revolutionary claim held true, the Nobel Prize would be naturally theirs. Also, the state of Utah would no longer be renowned solely as the mystical polygamist community or the state where the legislature plays one on one with God before making laws.

Yes, Utah's time had come to be the world capital of nuclear fusion, to escape unemployment, disparate classes and child hunger. Mirages of fusion plants loomed across Zion's horizons. The canonization of University of Utah President Chase Peterson seemed certain. And Utah law

repeatedly deflected the scientists, you cannot help feeling betrayed by their obstinate silence. Last fall, when the fusion partners fled the country, I felt that they had to escape the ridicule and scorn of the local press and the National Cold Fusion Institute's uxorial mugging. I commented: "Messrs. Pons and Fleischmann simply got frustrated with the peculiar intellectual psyche of this state." I denounced the state's investment of the equivalent price of an acre of Idaho potato crop in the fusion venture and I additionally offered that the problem is that "we are a small state and we use leaders with gods, with can't-do-no-wrongs self-advertised rightness." These equities are fitting since this state continues to cause home-grown talents fleeing to fall into despair to flee Utah's otherwise beautiful solace.

However, Pons and Fleischmann have had enough time to refine their process and explain their indefensible and defective announcement of two Easters ago. We need to know if we have been misled or if the scientists simply improved on the process to make water bubbles or second-class flashlight batteries.

Apparently, the creators did not build a sun on earth in their laboratory paraphernalia filled with percolating water. Apparently, the wefts of gas and salvos of invisible particles

## هاوپه‌یمانان ناوچه‌ی ناسایشی له باکوری عیراق فراوانتر ده‌کهن

رۆژنامه‌ی "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژی پینجشهمه‌ی ریکه‌وتی ۲ی مایسی ۱۹۹۱دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوتهوه، بابه‌تیکه‌ی بهو ناونیشانه‌ی سهره‌وه له لاپه‌ره‌ی ۴ی خۆیدا بلاوکردۆتهوه، که ئەمه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

"سهرسه‌نگ- عیراق: به‌پرسان رایانگه‌یاند، ئەم‌رۆ هاوپه‌یمانان ده‌ستیان کرد به فراوانکردنی ناوچه‌ی ئەمنی خۆیان له باکوری عیراق، به‌ئاراسته‌ی رۆژه‌لات به‌مه‌به‌ستی ئاماده‌کاریی بو دانانی که‌مپی دووم بو نیشته‌جێکردنی په‌نابه‌ره کورده گه‌راوه‌کان.

له‌همان کاتدا، هیزه هه‌والگه‌رییه سهربازییه بژارده‌کانی ئەم‌ریکا، ته‌نانه‌ت قوولتر رۆچوونه‌ته ناو خاکی عیراقه‌وه، چوونه‌ته پشته‌وه‌ی ناوچه‌ی ئارام به‌مه‌به‌ستی پروپیوی جموجۆلی سهربازانی عیراق و کۆکردنه‌وه‌ی زانیاری هه‌والگه‌ری.

وه‌ک به‌شیک له رۆیشتن به‌ره‌و رۆژه‌لات، زیاتر له ۱۵۰۰ سهربازانی به‌ریتانی، هۆله‌ندی، فه‌ره‌نسی و ئەم‌ریکی، له به‌یانیه‌وه ده‌ستیان به جوله کردوه بو شارۆچکه‌ی سهرسه‌نگ که ۲۵ میل له رۆژه‌لاتی زاخویه، ئەوه‌ی که یه‌که‌م که‌مپی په‌نابه‌رانی لێیه.

وا بریار بوو ئەو سهربازانه ناوچه‌که کۆنترۆل بکهن که به‌شیکه له ناوچه‌ی ئەمنی نوێ، هه‌تا ده‌گاته که‌ناری رۆژه‌لاتی شارۆچکه‌ی ئامیدی. له‌وه‌ی که‌مپی دووم بو ئاواره‌کان دروست ده‌کهن.

هاوپه‌یمانان رۆژی چوارشهمه رایانگه‌یاند که فه‌رماتیان به هیزه‌کانی عیراق کردوه له شارۆچکه‌کان بکشینه‌وه. ناوچه‌ی ئەمنی بو ئەو ۸۰۰ هه‌زار په‌نابه‌ره کورده دانراوه که له مانگی ئازاردا به‌ره‌و شاخه‌کانی نیوان عیراق و تورکیا هه‌له‌هاتن، بو ئەوه‌ی له

سەرکووتکردنی یاخیبوونهکهیان له‌لایهن سه‌دام حسینه‌وه رزگاریان بێت.

زیاتر له ۹ ههزار په‌نابه‌ر له چیاکانه‌وه گه‌راونه‌ته‌وه، که سه‌دان کهسیان به‌هۆی برسێتی و فشاره‌وه گیانیان له‌ده‌ستداوه. و هه‌ندیکه‌ی دیکه‌ش به‌دوای نه‌وانه‌دا دینه‌وه.

هیشتا زۆر که‌س له تۆله‌سه‌ندنه‌وه‌کانی هه‌یزه‌کانی سه‌دام ده‌ترسن و هاوپه‌یمانان هیوادارن که‌مپه‌کانیان نه‌و ئاسایشه‌ دا‌بین بکه‌ن که پێویسته‌ بو که‌مکردنه‌وه‌ی نه‌و ترسانه‌ و رازی‌کردنی هه‌موو کورده‌کان بو گه‌رانه‌وه.

له سه‌رسه‌نگ، گون‌دیکه‌ی مه‌سیحی له‌سه‌ر بناری گردیک که‌ دیمه‌نه‌ دل‌رفینه‌کانی تێدایه‌ و رووی دو‌کانه‌کان شکینرا‌بوون. کاتیک سه‌ربازه‌کانی هاوپه‌یمانان ده‌ستیان به‌سه‌ر بنکه‌یه‌کی ئاسمانی له‌ ده‌روه‌ی شارو‌چکه‌که‌دا گرت. پاسه‌وانی کۆماریی نو‌خبه‌ به‌ بی‌ری ره‌ش و سووره‌وه له‌گه‌ڵ سه‌ربازانی دیکه‌ی سوپای عی‌راقیی، به‌ سه‌ر شه‌قامه‌کاندا ده‌سو‌رانه‌وه.

ئه‌فسه‌ره‌کان رۆژی چوارشه‌مه‌ه رایانه‌گیاندا که‌ پێشبینی ده‌روسته‌کردنی زنجیره‌یه‌ک که‌مپ ده‌که‌ن له‌ باکووری هه‌لی پانی ۳۶ له‌ عی‌راقدا، که‌ ره‌نگه‌ تا سنووری ئی‌ران درێژ‌بێته‌وه.

به‌یانی ئه‌مه‌رۆ کۆپته‌ره‌کانی جو‌ری کۆبرای ئه‌مه‌ریکی ده‌سو‌رانه‌وه، له‌کاتیکدا باره‌ه‌لگره‌کانی پیر له‌ سه‌رباز به‌ رینگاکه‌دا ده‌کشان و به‌ره‌و سه‌رسه‌نگ ده‌رۆشتن. فرۆکه‌کانی وار‌توگ به‌ مووشه‌کی دژه‌ تانکی هه‌یلفایه‌ره‌وه، له‌ ئاسمانه‌وه‌ چاو‌دیر‌بیان ده‌کرد، له‌ کاتیکدا فرۆکه‌کانی F-14 هه‌یزی ده‌ریایی ئه‌مه‌ریکا، به‌سه‌ر ناوچه‌که‌دا ده‌سو‌رانه‌وه.

مه‌یجۆر جۆن کیلی، له‌ ئۆرنج پارک، فلۆریدا، وتی نزیکه‌ی ۱۰۰۰ سه‌ربازی ئه‌مه‌ریکی له‌ هه‌یزی ۳۲۵ ی فرۆکه‌ی سه‌رباز هه‌لگری ئاسمانی به‌ره‌و رۆژه‌ه‌لات ده‌رۆن، له‌گه‌ڵ کۆماندۆی

هیزی ٤٥ی دهریایی شاهانهی بهریتانیا و هیزی دهریایی هولهندی و هیزه نوخبهکانی فهرمنسا.

له وهلامی پرساریکدا که بیرورای چیه لهسهر مانورکه، کیلی وتی "نازانم له کویم، له مانگی یهکهوه خیزانهکههم نهیینوه".

تیری کارۆل، تمهن ٢٥ سال، خهکی شاری جاکسونفیل له ویلایهتی ئارکنساس، له بهیانیه تهماوییهکهدا ههلههرزی. وتی: "ئههم بهیانیه کانتزمیر ٣ له خه ههلسام و بییان وتم سواری بارههگرکه بهم".

پیشمههرگهکانی کورد لهسهر بناری گردهکان وهستابوون و کلاشنکوفهکانیان بهلاشاناندا هاتوه خواری، سهیری جولهی سهربازانی هاوپهیمانان دهکن. یهکیان به ناوی ئهنس ئهیوب بهروانی لهسهر بهردیکی گهوره وهستابوو که رووی له کاروانیکی هامهری ئهمریکی بوو. وتیشی: هیوادارین ههموو باکووری عیراق بگرن. "ئهوکات دهیکهین. ئهوکاته کوردستانمان دهبیت".

هاوپهیمانان ئهمرۆ چوارشههمه رایانگیاند، تهها هیزیکی بچوکی پۆلیسی "خوجیی"ی عیراق ریگیان پیدهدریت له ئامیدی بمیننهوه.

بهپرسیانی ئهمریکا رایانگیاند، کۆشکی هاوینهی سهدام که دهکهوته روژناوای ئامیدی، له ناوچهی ئهمنی نویدا دهبیت. کۆلۆنیل بۆب فلۆک، وتهبیژی هاوپهیمانان رایگیاند، ریگه به عیراقیهکان دهریت وهک پاسهوانی کۆشکهکه بمیننهوه، بهلام له کۆشکهکهدا بهدوای چهکی قورسدا دهگهڕیین.

ئههم بهیانیه پاسهوانانی کۆشکهکه به شیوهیهکی شیکپۆش چاکهتی دژه گولهیان لهبهردا بووهو پیلای بویاخکراویان لهپیدا بووه، کلاشنکوفیان به سنگیانهوه ههلواسیوه. دوو روژ پنیستر پهيامنیرانی روژناوا بینویانه سهربازهمکان به بهو ناوهدا سوپاونهتهوه و داوای ویسکییان دهکرد.



## كوردەكان وتیان: دابران له رۆژناواوه مەرجی ئۆتۆنۆمییه

رۆژنامەى "The Daily Herald" كه له رۆژى چوارشەممەى رێكەوتى ٢٥ى ژون/حوزەيرانى ١٩٩١دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوئەوه، بابەتێكى بەو ناوئێشانەى سەرەوه بلاوكردۆتەوه، كه ئەمە دەقهكەیهتى:

"شەفلاوه- عێراق (AP) : سەركرده كوردەكان وتیان كه سەدام حسین لەبەرامبەر پێدانى ئۆتۆنۆمییه كوردییەكەدا، داواى بەلێنى له كورد، كه گروپێكى لەمێژینه سەركوتەراون، كردوووه كه پەيوەندى راستەوخۆ لەگەڵ رۆژناوا بپچڕینیت و له شەركردن لەدژی شیعەكان هاوكارىی بكەن.

سەركردهكان وتیان كه داواكارىیه نەهێنیهكانى پێشوو، لەمپەرى سەرەكیین لەبەردەم رێكەوتنێك سەبارەت بە ئۆتۆنۆمییهكى كوردی.

ئاشكراکردنى ئەم نەهێنیه گومان دەخاتە سەر ئەگەرى زوو بەدیھیاتنى رێكەوتن. مەسعود بارزانى سەرۆكى گروپێكى كوردیى وتى: "رێكەوتن نزیکه."

مەحمود عوسمان، سكرتێرى گشتى حیزبى سۆشالیستی كوردستان، لەرۆژى دووشەممە وتى كه نوێنەرانى حكومەتى سەدام لەسەرەتای مانگی حوزەيراندا، مەرجى نوێیان خستۆتە ناو ئەو بەلگەنامەیهى كه پێشكەشى دانوستانكارانى كوردیان كردوو.

حیزبى سۆشالیستی كوردستان یەكێكه لەهەشت حیزبەكەى بەرهى كوردستانى.

مەحمود عوسمان وتى كه لەبەلگەكەدا بەرپرسیانى حكومەت، هێزه كوردییەكانیان هانداه، بۆ یارمەتییان لەسەر كوتەردنى راپەرین و خۆپێشاندانەكان له دژی حیزبى بەعسى فەرمانرەوا.



سامی عەبدولرحمان، دانوستانکاری بالای بەرەوی کوردستانی و سەرۆکی پارتي گەلی دیموکراتی کوردستان، وتی که بەتایبەتی نامازە بۆ حیزبە شیعییەکانی لایەنگری ئێران و گروپەکانی لایەنگری سوریا، کراون.

دانوستان سەبارەت بە ئۆتۆنۆمیەکی کوردیی لە عێراق، لەنێسانی رابردوو و مەوێ لەبەغدا بەرپۆلە دەچیت. پاش ئێوەی سەدام هەلمەتە خوێناویبەکەمی لەدژی راپەرینەکەمی کورد وەستاند و هەروەها هێزە کوردییەکان هاتنە ناو عێراقەو.

لەکاتیگدا، چەندین سەرکردهی کوردیی وتیان که هیشتا گەشبین بەوەی که دەکریت لەگەڵ بەغدا بکەونه رێکەوتن، بەلام لەو جۆش و خروشەیی بارزانی سەرۆکی پارتي دیموکراتی کوردستانیان کەمکردووە که سەبارەت بەرێکەوتن دەریبیریوو.

بارزانی وتی که بەغدا رازیبوو لەسەر ئەنجامدانی هەلبژاردن لە ناوچه کوردییەکەمی باکوور لەماوەی سی مانگ و لەسەر ئاستی ولاتیش لەماوەی سالیگدا.

هەوآلی ئەو داواکارییە نەهێنیانە، تیشکی خستە سەر ئەو ناکوکییەمی که لەنێوان مەسعود بارزانی و جەلال تالەبانی سەرکردهی بەکیتی نیشتمانی کوردستاندا هەبوو. "

...ing scandal, Kaifu instructed Finance Minister Ryutaro Hashimoto

Despite the tough talk, it is not clear how aggressive the govern-

because they can prompt demands from clients for brokerages to cov-

prices of a stock invested.

## Croatia, Slovenia plan federation seces

**ZAGREB, Yugoslavia (AP)** — Croatian and Slovenian lawmakers said they would vote today on legislation under which their republics, Yugoslavia's most prosperous, would immediately secede from the troubled Balkan federation. The Western-oriented republics had pushed for a loose federation against the objections of hard-line leaders from Serbia, the largest of Yugoslavia's six republics. Croatia

and Slovenia have already held referendums in which secession won overwhelming support. They had originally planned to declare independence Wednesday, and the decision to act earlier was not explained. But it raised speculation that it was an attempt to put the federal government and Serbia off balance. Croatia and Slovenia are breaking away after months of ethnic

and political feuding that have plunged Yugoslavia into economic chaos and moved the patchwork nation toward civil war. Their moves could trigger unrest and bloodshed in Croatia, as 600,000 ethnic Serbs living in Croatia staunchly oppose any idea of living in an independent state of Croatia. Violence between Serbs and Croats, the country's two largest ethnic groups, has claimed the

lives of at least 22 persons since early May, in the country are at. Fierce fighting in and Croatia could ripple out of Yugoslavia to the Balkans, which is of interethnic violence. Yugoslavia, a co-official languages as ethnic groups, has since it was first for

## Break with West condition for autonomy, Kurds claim

**SHAHLAWA, Iraq (AP)** — In exchange for Kurdish autonomy, Saddam Hussein has demanded a promise from the long-repressed ethnic group that it cut direct ties with the West and help him fight the Shiites, Kurdish leaders say.

ing Bath Party. Pro-Iranian Shiite parties and pro-Syrian groups were mentioned specifically, said Sami Abd al-Rahman, a top negotiator for the front and chief of the Popular Democracy Party of Kurdistan.

The previously secret demands represent a key obstacle to an accord on Kurdish autonomy, the leaders say.

Negotiations on a Kurdish autonomy zone in Iraq have been going on in Baghdad since April, when Saddam halted his bloody crackdown on the Kurds' rebellion and allied military troops entered northern Iraq.

The disclosure cast doubt on the prospects for an early agreement. On Sunday, Masoud Barzani, the leader of the biggest Kurdish group, said an accord was imminent.

While many Kurdish leaders said they remained optimistic that an agreement could be reached with Baghdad, they played down the enthusiasm expressed by Barzani, who heads the Democratic Party of Kurdistan.

Mahmoud Osman, general secretary of the Kurdistan Socialist Party, said Monday that representatives of Saddam's government set out the new conditions in a document submitted to Kurdish negotiators in early June.

Barzani says Baghdad has agreed to elections in the northern Kurdish region within three months and nationwide within a year.

The Kurdistan Socialist Party is a member of the eight-party Kurdistan Front. In the document, Osman said, government officials urged Kurdish forces to help suppress uprisings and demonstrations against the rul-

News of the secret Iraqi demands highlighted differences between Barzani and Jalal Talabani, head of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan.

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## strike force

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## دهیان هزار کەس لەشەڕەکانی شاری سلێمانی هەلاتوون

رۆژنامەی ئەمریکی (PRESS REPUBLICAN) کە لەرۆژی چوارشەممەیی رێکەوتی ٩ی ئۆکتۆبەری ١٩٩١دا، چاپ و بلاوکرانەوە. لەژێر ناوێشانی: "شەری کوردو عێراقیی سەدەها کوژار برینداری لێکەوتۆتەوه" "ئاماژەی بەپێکدادانەکانی نیوان کورد و هێزه سەربازییەکانی حکومەتی عێراقی لەشاری سلێمانی داوە و بەپشت بەستن بە قسە و تەبیژیکی کورد و تیمی پزشکی دەلیت کە لەو شەڕانەدا سەدەها کوژراو و بریندار هەن.

هەوڵەکە، ئەو شەڕانە بەخراپترین شەڕ و پێکدادان لەقەڵەم دەدات کە لەماوەی پینج مانگی پیشوودا، ئەوەی کە چوار رۆژ بەردەوامی هەیه و دەیان هزاریش بەهۆی ئەو شەڕانەوه لەناوچەکە هەلاتوون.

هەروەها، وتە و گروپیکی کوردیییش رادەگوێزێت کە تێیدا حکومەتی عێراقیان بەوه تۆمەتبار کردووه کە ئاوی بەستی دوکانی کەمکردۆتەوه، کە ٤٣ میل لەرۆژئاوای شاری سلێمانییەوه دوورە، بەمەبەستی برینی تەزوی کار بە لەشارەکەو وێرانکردنی هەریمەکە. "

Schleyer, president of the German Employers Association, in the fall of 1977. Prosecutors said Ms. Maier-Witt helped monitor Schleyer's movements before the abduction, assisted the kidnappers' getaway, and helped distribute ultimatums that jailed terrorists be freed or Schleyer would be killed.

### **Iraqi-Kurd fighting leaves hundreds dead, wounded**

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Fighting Tuesday between Iraqi government troops and Kurdish rebels left hundreds dead and wounded, according to spokesmen for the rebels and a medical team. Tens of thousands fled the battles around the northern city of Suleimaniya.

As the worst outbreak of fighting in five months continued for the fourth day, a Kurdish group charged that Iraq was lowering water levels at the vital Dukan dam, 43 miles west of Suleimaniya, threatening to cut electricity in Kurdistan and sabotage the region's irrigation system.

## **INTERNATIONAL**

### **Homosexuals protest handling of Dahmer case**

MILWAUKEE (AP) — Police arrested four people at a rally by

## كوردان هيزى هاوپهيمانان رهخندهكهن بههوى دهستيوهرنهانان لهروداوى شهركهه سلمياني

رۆژنامهى ئهمريكى (PRESS REPUBLICAN) كهلهروژى دووشهممى ريكهوتى ۱۴ى ئوكتوبهري ۱۹۹۱دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوتههوه، لهلاپههه ۲ى خويدها، بابهتيكى (جينيڤر ديكسون)ى بهانويشاني "دوا بنكهى ستافي كوئونيلي ئهمريكى له عيراق" بلاوكردوتهوه. بابهتهكه باس لهوهدهكات كه هيزهكاني هاوپهيماني رۆژئاوا پاش نهوهى ئهركى خويان جيبهجيكردوهو كوردهكان لهچيكان گهراونهتهوه ناوچهى ئارام، بنكهو باري خويان پيچاوتههوهو رويشتون، بهلام هيزيكى بچوكلهيان بهسهركردهي (كوئونيل ديك ناب) جيپيشتوهه بئنهوهى چاوديبى ئهو دوخه ناجيگيرهبن كه لهنيوان كوردو حكومهتهكهى سههم حسيندا ههيهو ريگرين لهوهى جاريكى ديكه كوردان بهشيوهى پيشوو پهلاماربدرينهوه. دياره پرۆسهى هانتى زياتر له ۱۳۰۰۰ سهربازى هاوپهيمانان، كهنداوكه ۸۰۰۰يان ئهمريكى بوون، لهكاتى كۆرهوهى ۱۵۰۰۰۰۰ له كوردان كه ههلاتن بو سنورهكان لهدواى راپهرينهكهيان دژى سهدام پاش جهنگى بهكيكوو له روداوه ميژووييهكان لهميژووى بهشاريي سوپاي ئهمريكا لهپرۆسهى مرؤقايهتيى لهدرهوه.

بهلام ههنديك لهكوردان لهههفتهى رابردودا، هيزهكاني هاوپهيمانان رهخنهكرد بههوى دهستيوهرنهانان پاش نهوهى شههه سلمياني ههلهگيرسا كه ۸۰ ميل له باكوورى رۆژههلاتى بهغدادهويه.

كوئونيل ناب پاساوى دهستيوهرنهانانى بهوه هيناوتههوه، كه شههه كه لهدرهوهى ناوچهى ئارامى باكوورى عيراق بووه ديارنهبووه چون دهستپيكردوهه، ههروهها لهوناوچانهى كه سوپاي عيراقى و كورد تيكلن لهكاتى وادا سهخته هاوپهيمانهكان دهستورهدهنه كيشهكهوه. بهلام وتى : لهو بروايدام سهدام درك بهوهدهكات ئهگهر شتيكى نهشياو بهرامبهه كورد بكات بهراستى سزادهريت."

# U.S. colonel staffs last outpost in Iraq

By MARY BETH SHERIDAN  
Associated Press Writer

ZAKHO, Iraq (AP) — The Western troops have packed their bags and the Kurdish refugees have left their camps, but U.S. Army Col. Dick Naab stays on at the last dusty, coalition outpost in Iraq.

Naab, the U.S.-led allies' negotiator with Iraq during the Kurdish refugee crisis, staffs a lonely but critical office. From a three-bedroom concrete house with a porch swing and rows of marigolds, the colonel and a small team are trying to maintain the precarious balance between Saddam Hussein's government and the Kurdish minority.

"It's the Alamo," jokes Naab, 50, sitting on a shiny brown-checked sofa in the spartan living room.

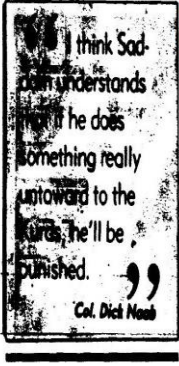
Naab, who works with seven other coalition officers, is the last link in Iraq with one of the biggest aid operations in U.S. history.

More than 13,000 coalition troops were in Iraq at the operation's height in the spring, including 8,000 Americans. They helped resettle the estimated 1.5 million Iraqi Kurds who fled to the borders after their uprising against Saddam was crushed at the end of the Gulf War.

These days, Naab's office is trying to ensure that there are no repeat performances by Saddam.

Naab says the Western troops will return if Saddam turns on the Kurds. But the coalition was criticized by some Kurds last week for not intervening when fighting flared in the Suleimaniya area, 80 miles northeast of Baghdad.

"The coalition guarantees are there," said Naab, a silver-haired former Viet Nam combat



player. They (Iraqi troops) understand they can't go too far."

Naab noted that the fighting last week occurred well outside the old allied "security zone" in northern Iraq.

"There's a great deal of uncertainty on how it started," he said. He said that since Kurds and Iraqi troops are intermingled in the area, sometimes sharing duties, it would be difficult for Western troops to step in.

Still, he said, "I think Saddam understands that if he does

something really untoward to the Kurds, he'll be punished."

The coalition's last ground troops, stationed across the border in Turkey, went home last week. But the allies maintain a strike force of warplanes in Turkey in case the Kurds are in trouble.

Naab's Iraqi counterpart, Brig. Abdul Ahab, turns up regularly in Zakho in his white Oldsmobile to discuss the Kurdish situation.

But, as Naab's assignment stretches into its seventh month, much of his time is spent on humanitarian projects.

For example, Naab helped arrange a mine-clearing operation in northern Iraq carried out by unarmed Iraqi soldiers — under the protection of the Kurdish rebels. In six weeks, he estimates, the three teams have unearthed more than 10,000 mines.

"It's very important in what I call the reconciliation process," he said.

But Naab admits the two sides have a long way to go. Talks between the Kurds and the government on an autonomy

accord for the minority have stalled. The fighting in Suleimaniya, he said, is a "symptom of the bad state of play it's in."

"There may be forces that really don't want an agreement," he said.

Another problem, he said, is the large number of Iraqis who are armed and can easily provoke violence.

"It's like the Wild West," he said.

Naab's office also provides assistance to the United Nations and other humanitarian groups scattered throughout the Kurdish-dominated north, helping returning refugees restart their lives.

In anticipation of a harsh winter, the allies have donated lumber, cement, blankets and surplus army jackets to the Kurds.

Among his other tasks, Naab meets with a steady stream of Kurds who turn up at his doorstep. They report everything "from where Saddam's hiding his nuclear weapons to how they want to go to America," he said.

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## نەتەووە یەكگرتووەكان: ھێرش بۆ سەر كوردان پەرەیسەندووە

رۆژنامەى "STANDERD\_EXZAMINER" كە لە رۆژى سێشەممەى رێكەوتى ٣١ى مارتى ١٩٩٢دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوتەو، ھەوآلىكى بەو ناوئىشانەى سەرەو ە بلاوكردۆتەو، كە ئەمە دەقەكەيەتى:

" جنيف – عێراق: بەرپرسانى نەتەو ە يەكگرتووەكان ئەمڕۆ وتیان كە عێراق ھێرشە سەربازىيەكانى خۆى بۆ سەر گوندە كوردىيەكان چركردۆتەو، بە بەكارھێنانى كۆپتەر وەك ملھورىيەك لەھەمبەر ئاگادار كوردنەو كەى سەرۆك بوش و ھەروەھا مەرجەكانى ئەو ئاگر بەستەى كوتايى بە جەنگى كەنداو ھيئا.

ئەو بەرپرسانە و كوردانى دوورخراو ە ھەندەران وتیان كە بەغدا لەھەولى ترساندى كورددايە لە باكورى عێراق، پيش ئەو ە لە ھەلبژار دنێكدا، ئەنجومەنىكى نوینەرايەتى سەربەخۆ ھەلبژيردرت.

ھەندىك لە كوردان لە دەترسن كە حكومەتى بەغدا خۆى ئامادە دەكات بۆ ھێرشىكى سەرتاسەرى بۆ دەستبەسەرداگرتنەو ە ئەو ناوچانەى كە سياز دە مانگ لەمەبەر، لەكاتى راپەرینە كوردىيەكەى دواى جەنگى كەنداوى فارس، لەدەستیداو ە.

سەرچاوەيەكى نەتەو ە يەكگرتووەكان كە بەمەرجى ناوئەھيئانى دوا، وتى عێراق لە ھەفتەى رابردودا ١١ گوندى كوردى تۆپيارانكردوو ە كە كەوتووئەتە ئىوان شارى ھەوليرى باكورى عێراق و شارى موصلەو ە و ٤٠,٠٠٠ كەسى ناچاركردوو ە كە مآلكانىان جيبھيلن. ئەو ژنە وتى كە ھيچ ھەوآلىك سەبارەت بە بوونى قوربانى نىيە و ھەوآلىش سەبارەت بە ھيرشى زیدەتر لەم ھەفتەيدا نىيە.

بەرپرستیکی نەتەوە یەکگرتووەکان کە ئەویش بەمەرجی ناوئەهینانی قسەیکرد، وتی کە سەدام حسین هیزی پالپشتیی سەربازی رەوانەیی ناوچەیی هەولێر کردوو. ئەو وتی کە هەوایی باوەرپێکراوم هەیه سەبارەت بە بوونی ۳۰,۰۰۰ سەرباز لە ناوچەکەدا، کە لە نۆیواندا گاردی کۆماری هەیه کە باشترین هیزی رەهینراوی سەدامن .

هەولێر، ۲۰ میل لەباکووری بەغداویە و لەریگەیی شەقامی سەرکییەو بە شاری سترایژیی نەوتیی کەرکوکەو، بەستر او تەو.

بەرپرەسەکەیی نەتەوە یەکگرتووەکان وتی کە نیگەرانییەکی دیکە ئەو هیه کە عێراق بەئاشکرا کۆپتەر مکانی لەو ناوچەیی هەلەسینیت کە بەدەست کوردەوون و نزیک سنوور مکانی تورکیان.

سالی پار، سەرۆک بوش، عێراقی بەتوندیی ئاگادار کردوو کە فرۆکە بەسەر باکووری هێلی پانی ۱۳۶ نەفرینیت، پاش ئەو هیه کە سەدام حسین کۆپتەری هەلساند بۆ ئەو هیه راپەرینە چەکدارییەکەیی کورد و شیعیەکان لەپاش جەنگی کەنداو، سەرکوتیکات.

۱۲۰۰۰ کەس لەهیزی سەربازی بە رابەری ئەمریکا، بەرە باکووری عێراق جوولاون بۆ سەرپەرشتیکردنی گیرانەو هیه ۱,۵ ملیۆن کورد، ئەوانەیی پاش تیکشکاندنی راپەرینەکەییان لەلایەن هیزە مکانی عێراقەو لەمارتی ۱۹۹۱دا، بۆ تورکیا و عێراق، هەلاتن.

هیزە رۆژناواییەکان لە حوزەیراندا کشانەو بۆ تورکیا.

لەتێف رەشید، و تەبیزی یەکییتی نیشتمانی کوردستان، ئەمڕۆ لە چاوپێکەوتنیکدا لە لەندەن ئیدیعیای یاخیبوووەکانی دووپات کردوو کە ئەم هیزشەنەیی دوایی، بە مەبەستی ترساندنی کوردانە لە چوونەپیش بەرەو هەلبژاردن. بەرپرسانی نەتەوە یەکگرتووەکانیش هاوربوون.

وا دانراو کە هەلبژاردن لە کوردستانی عێراق لە ۳۰ نیساندا بکریت بۆ هەلبژاردنی ۱۰۰ نوینەر بۆ ئەنجومەنیک بۆ ۳,۵ ملیۆن کوردی عێراق.



### U.N.: Attacks on Kurds up

GENEVA (AP) — Iraq has stepped up its attacks on the Kurds in northern Iraq since the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution on Monday calling for a cease-fire in the fighting.

Some Kurds from the Baghdad government said they had been driven from their homes in northern Iraq since the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution on Monday calling for a cease-fire in the fighting.

There were no reports of casualties and no reports of further attacks on work camps. In official news reports, the United Nations said that the Kurds had been driven from their homes in northern Iraq since the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution on Monday calling for a cease-fire in the fighting.

near Karbala which was near the Turkish border. The Kurds had been driven from their homes in northern Iraq since the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution on Monday calling for a cease-fire in the fighting.

Lauf Rashid, a spokesman for the Peshmerga forces of Kurdistan, said that the Kurds had been driven from their homes in northern Iraq since the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution on Monday calling for a cease-fire in the fighting.

### WORLD BRIEFS

#### LDS chapel bombed in provincial Chile

Intel guerrillas exploded a bomb Sunday night in Santiago, Chile, that destroyed a Mormon chapel. The explosion caused damage to an adjacent 10-story office building. The explosion also caused damage to an adjacent 10-story office building.

#### South Africa calls for new election

JOHANNESBURG (South Africa) — The African National Congress called for a referendum on Monday to decide whether to accept a new constitution. The African National Congress called for a referendum on Monday to decide whether to accept a new constitution.

#### Libya is reportedly holding exit visas

LINSETH (Norway) — In an attempt to make the best of a bad situation, the Norwegian government is reportedly holding exit visas for Libyans who have fled the country. The Norwegian government is reportedly holding exit visas for Libyans who have fled the country.

#### Cabinet members from Brazil resign

BRASILIA (Brazil) — Cabinet members resigned on Monday after the president announced that he would not run for a second term. The cabinet members resigned on Monday after the president announced that he would not run for a second term.

#### Columbus letter is sold at auction

PHILADELPHIA — A letter written by Christopher Columbus regarding the discovery of America was sold at auction on Monday for \$268,868. The letter was written by Christopher Columbus regarding the discovery of America.

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## كوردان يه كه مین هه لێژاردنی دیموكراتی دواده خه

رۆژنامهی "STANDERD\_EXZAMINER" كه له رۆژی يه كشه ممه ی ریکهوتی ۱۷ی مهی/مابسی ۱۹۹۲دا، چاپ و بلاوكر اوتهوه، ههوايكي بهو ناو نيشانهی سهروهه بلاوكر دۆتهوه، كه ئه مه دهقه كه يهتی:

" زاخو - عیراق: وتهیژیک وتی كه سهركردهكانی كورد له رۆژی شه ممه دا يه كه مین هه لێژاردنی دیموكراتیيان له ناوچه كه بۆ ماوهی دوو رۆژ دواخستوه، به هۆی ئه و گرفتهی كه له پلانهكانی پارێزگاریی له دهنگی ساخته دا، هه بوه.

وا دانرابوو كه هه لێژاردنه كه له رۆژی يه كشه ممه دا بكریت بۆ ده ستنیشانه كردهی ۱۰۰ كورسی ئه نجومه نی نیشتمانی كوردستان و ههروه ها ئه وهی كه به "رابهری تا قانه" ناو ده بریت بۆ ناوچه گه مارۆ دراوه كه ی باكوور.

به ره م سألح، وتهیژیی يه كنی نیشتمانی وتی كه بهرپرسیانی هه لێژاردن، پلانیان بۆ ئه وه هه بوه كه دهستی دهنگه ران به مه ره كه بیك رهنگی كه ن كه بۆ ماوه یه كی درێژ به مینیته وه هه تا وه كو ریگه له دووباره دهنگه نه وه بگرن، به لام ده ركهوت كه مه ره كه به كه خۆی ناگرئ. جه لال تاله بان، سهركردهی گروپه كه و ههروه ها مه سعود بارزانی ركابه ری، به ختی سهركهوتنی زیاتریان له نیو چوار كاندیده كه دا هه یه بۆ رابه ری.

ناكامی هه لێژاردنه كه ده توانیت ئاراسته ی په یه ونیدی نیوان دوو لایه نه كه، به غدا و كوردهكان، بكات. ئه وانه ی كه سالی پاراپه رینه كه بیان له دژی سه دام حسین تيكشكینرا. ههروه ها له پاش جهنگی كه نداو ۱,۵ ملیون ئاواره ی كورد هه لاتن و دواتر له سایه ی چاودیری رۆژ ناواییه كان، گه رانه وه."

### WORLD BRIEFS

#### Azerbaijanis again oust their president

**BAKI, Azerbaijan** — A special anniversary gala celebrating the 10th anniversary of the ouster of Azerbaijan's first president was held here today. Hundreds of people, including "Freedom" protesters, celebrated in the capital.

It was the second time the former Communist boss has been ousted out of power, and his opponents seemed confident this time it would stick. Parliament had just reelected him last Thursday after his ouster in March.

The governing National Congress named legislative chairman Yaqub Mammadov acting president until elections June 7.

There was no immediate indication of what steps parliament would take to counter the National Congress.

#### Kurds are delaying first democratic vote

**ZAKHO, Iraq** — Kurdish leaders Saturday postponed by two days the region's first democratic election because of a problem in plans to guard against vote fraud, a spokesman said.

The election had been scheduled for Sunday to choose a 100-seat Kurdistan National Assembly, as well as a so-called "single leader" for the combined region.

Election officials had planned to mark voters' hands with long-lasting ink to prevent repeat voting, but the ink failed to prove durable.

The ink had been provided by the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan.

The group's leader Jalal Talabani and rival Masoud Barzani

are the front-running candidates in the four-person leader race.

The election committee could not agree on the details, however, and the committee was dissolved last year after the Gulf War.

#### Marlene Dietrich is buried in Berlin

**BERLIN** — Marlene Dietrich, the wandering entertainer who dazzled the world but confounded her country, was buried under brilliant

blue skies Saturday in the town where she was born but could not stay.

The politician's daughter, who studied to be a concert violinist but settled for screen stardom, was laid to rest amid the towering belfries of Berlin's stately Friedrichs Cemetery.

Hundreds of Berliners crowded outside the cemetery's stone arches way waiting for the return of the bachelorette girl who turned to fame playing cool vamps with brooding eyes, income tax and a thimble, when singing voice.

— The Associated Press

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## سەرکردهکانی کورد ههولێ بهدهستهینانی پشتگیری ولاته یههگرتهوهکان دهدهن بۆ هاوپهیمانی

روژنامهی "The Daily Herald" که له روژی ههینی ریکهوتی ۸ی ئۆگۆستوس/نابی ۱۹۹۲دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوتهوه، بابتهیکی "راسیت گاردلیک" نووسهری ئهسۆشییهت پرئیسێ بهو ناونیشانهای سهرهوه بلاوکردوتهوه، که ئهمه دهقهکهیهتی:

شهقلاوه- عیراق: " جووتیک فرۆکهی F16 لهئاسمانی هاوینی سامالدا، بهسهر ئهم گونده، که کهوتوته سهر دوریانیک، دهفریت، وهک ئاماژهیهک بۆ پابهندبوونی روژئاوا بۆ پشتگیری کورد لهباکووری عیراق.

دهشتیکی سهوز که سروشتیکی روتلی ههیه، گوندیک که بارهگای گروپیک پینمههرگی کوردی لیه که جهلال تالهانی سهرکردهیهتی دهکات. ههر ۲۰ خولهک ریگهی ئۆتومبیل بهولاتر، هاوینهههاری سهلاحهینه، که بارهگای ریکخراومهکی مهسعود بارزانی رکابهه.

ههردوو شوینهکه ئامادهکاری دهکهن بۆ پینسوازیی له سهرکردهکانیان که له سهرداننیکیان بۆ ولاته یههگرتهوهکان بگهڕینهوه ولات. چالاکی مافی مرووف له نیورک روژی پینجشممه تی: " پیاوهکان ولاته یههگرتهوهکانیان جیهیشت بهو برایهوه که واشنگتون پشتگیری پلانیک دهکات بۆ خستهسهریی هاوپهیمانییهکی ئۆپوزسیون لهباکووری عیراق.

بارزانی و تالهانی، لهکاتیکی درهنگی روژی پینجشممهدا چون بۆ لهندهن، تاوهکو به سهرکردهکانی دیکهی ئۆپوزسیونی عیراقیهوه پهیهوستبن، ههتا لهگهڵ ئهواندا سهردانی ریههرانی سوریا و میسر و لهوانهشه پاشایهتی عهرهبی سعودیی بکهن.

ئەندرو وایتلی، بەریۆبەری میدل ئیست وۆچ وتی که هاوپەیمانییە لاوازە که هەروەها ئەو موسولمانە شیعە و سوننیانەش لەخۆدەگرت، که بەرھەستکاری سەدام حسین، بەھیوایە که بئەوی سەرکردایەتیە کە لە ئەندەنەو بو ئەو ناوچەییە لەباکووری عێراق بگوازیئەو که نەتەو یەکگرتووەکان دەپارێزێت.

گروپە ئۆپۆزیسیۆنەکان، هەولی بەدەستەینانی زیاتری هاوکاریی سیاسی و دارایی لە ئەمریکا و نەتەو یەکگرتووەکان دەدەن لە رووبەر و بوونەوی هەرەشەیی پەرەگرتووی پەلامارەکانی عێراق و بەردەوامی ناستەنگ و سەختییە ئابوورییەکان.

فڕۆکە جەنگییەکانی ئەمریکی و بریتانی و فرەنسی که لەتورکیا جیگیرن، رۆژانە بە ئاسمانی باکووری عێراقدا دەسورێنەو، بەئومێدی رێگری لە هەر ھێرشێکی گەورەیی دیکەیی عێراق دژی کورد.

ئەسەد گوێزە، بەرپرستی کورد وتی: " فڕۆکەکانی هاوپەیمانان پاش نزیکەیی هەفتەیک دیارنەمانیان، بەژمارەیکەیی زیاتر لە هەر کاتیکی دیکە، بەسە ئێرە و هەولێردا دەفڕن."

هەروەها وتی: " یەوان چاودێریی ئەو ھێزانە دەکەن که عێراق لە دەورووبەری ناوەندە نەوتییەکانی وەک کەرکوک و موسڵ مۆلیان دەدات. هەروەها لە دەورووبەری هەولێر لەرۆژناوا و لەنزیک کەلار و کفریش لەباشوور."

سالی پێشوو، ھێزێکی ۲۲ ھەزار سەربازی، بەریبەری ئەمریکا، باکووری عێراقیان داگیرکرد بو یارمەتییدانی ۲,۵ ملنۆن کورد و دەستبەسەر داگرتنەوی ئەو ناوچەییە که نزیک تورکیا و ئێران بوو. ئەوێ که لەویو هەلاتن کاتیک سەدام راپەرینەکەیی تیکشکاند. ھێشتا، نزیک بە ملیۆنیک کورد لەو شارۆکانە دەژین که لەژێر دەستی حکومەتی عێراقان، لەوانە شاری نەوتی کەرکوک.

سەرکردەکانی ئۆپۆزسیۆنی عێراقیی، ناوچەیهکی ئارامی هاوشیوهیان بۆ ئەو شیعانە دەوێت کە لەباشووری عێراق، شەری هێزمەکانی سەدام دەکەن.

عێراق لەماوەی هەفتهکانی دواییدا، دەستی بەهەراسانکردنی ئەو گوندانە کردووە کە کەوتوونەتە دامینی ناوچە کوردییەکەو، لەریگە تۆپبارانکردنی دانیشتووان و فرمانکردن بە چۆڵکردنی کوردان لەو ناو.

کۆکردنەوەی هێز لەلایەن عێراقەو، لەپاش ئەو هەرمەشه ئەمریکییانەیه هاتەئارا کە مانگی پێشوو سەبارەت بە بەکارهێنانی هێز بۆ ناچارکردنی بەغدا، تاکو ریگە بەدات بە پشکنەرەکانی نەتەوه یەکگرتووێکان کە بەگەڕین بەدوای ئەو بەلگە گومانلێکراوانەیی تاییەت بە بەرنامەیی موشەکه عێراقییەکان.

هەروەها لەماوەی پینچ هەفتهی رابردوودا، پەلامارەکان لەدژی نەتەوه نەتەوه یەکگرتووێکان و ریکخراوه فریاگوزارییه نێودەوڵەتییهکان، بەتوندیی زیدەبوون.

کوردان بۆ راکیشانی زیاتری پشتگیری روژناوا، لەمانگی مایسدا، پارلەمانیان هەڵژارد و دەزگای جێبەجێکردنیان دامەزراند. هەروەها پۆستەکان لەنیوان پارتییەکی بارزانی و یەکتییەکی تالەبانی دابەشکران.

بارزانی و تالەبانی، بەهۆی ئەو دۆخە زیدە سەختەیی تێیدان، داوایان لە "جیمس ئەی. بیکەر"ی وەزیری دەرەوهی ئەمریکا کرد، کە ناوچە کوردییەکە بەدەربیت لەو سزا بازەرگانییهی کە لەلایەن نەتەوه یەکگرتووێکانەو، بەسەر عێراقدا سەپینراوه.

هەرچەندە، نەتەوه یەکگرتووێکان ریگە بە چوونەناووەی خواردن و دەرمان دەدات بۆ عێراق. ریگە بەو ئامێر و پارچەیی یەدەکی پیشەسازییه نادریت کوردان پێویستیان پێیهتی کە بجیتە ناو ئەو

ناوچانهی که بدهست کوردهون. ئەو ناوچەپەیی که بەشیوہیەکی  
فەرمی بەشیکە لە عێراق.

وێرای سزا بازرگانییەکان، کوردان لە ئۆکتۆبەری پێشووەوە  
لەسایەیی گەمارۆکانی عێراقیییدا سەبارەت بە چوونی نەوت و خۆراک  
بۆ ھەرمێمەکە، دەنالیین. ھەروەھا بەغدا کارمەندانی کوردی  
دەمکردوو، ئەوہی وایکردووہ کہ دەیان ھزار خێزان لە داھات  
بێبەشین.

لە نۆفەمبەرہوہ، حکومەتی عێراق، سەلام سدیق کہ ٢٧ سالا  
مامۆستای سەرەتاییہ، ھەروەھا کچیک کہ ئەویش مامۆستایہ، لە ٢٥٠  
دیناری موچەیی مانگانەیی بێبەشکردون، کەدەکاتە "١٥ دۆلار".

ئەو وتی کہ مانگانە پێویستی بە ٩٠٠ دینار "٥٠ دۆلارە" بۆئەوہی  
بتوانیت بە بەرزیی نرخەکاندا رابگات."

### News

## Fraud alleged in Mexican elections

MEXICO CITY (AP) — A post-election blueprint of promises, votes to be played Mexico five days after the vote.

The governing Institutional Revolutionary Party, or PRI, has claimed victory in all five gubernatorial elections held Sunday, but opposition parties, nonpartisan monitors and some newspapers claim blatant instances of fraud.

Fraud results in all five states are election officials in one major district of Veracruz state announced results before they had even opened the ballots from individual polling stations, the Mexico City daily La Jorjita reported Thursday.

## Leaders reaffirm war efforts

SAN CRISTOBAL, Venezuela (AP) — The presidents of Venezuela and Colombia reaffirmed their efforts to combat drug trafficking and achieve regional integration.

They said they hoped to convince Ecuador, Paraguay and Bolivia the other members of the Andean Pact — of the advantages of an integration process broader than that of the pact.

They did not give a timetable for when the guidelines would be finalized or provide other details.

## Vitamin A may prevent cataracts

LONDON (AP) — Eating vegetables rich in foods such as milk, liver and green and yellow vegetables may help prevent aging cataracts, according to a new study.

Dr. Graham Colclough, an ophthalmologist at Harvard Medical School, said that vitamin A intake can 40 percent less likely to need cataract surgery than women whose diets lack the vitamin.

He said multivitamins containing vitamin A were not as effective, but he did not say why.

Cigarette smokers whose diets rich in vitamin A did not reap the full benefits, said Colclough, thinking in advance to increase the risk of cataracts and may negate the benefits of diet, he said.

## Mozambique OKs truce with rebels

ROBEH (AP) — The government of Mozambique and a rebel group agreed to a three-day ceasefire in a case file by Oct. 13 Italian mediators announced.

Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo announced the accord reached in three days of negotiations with leftist President Joaquim Chissano and rebel leader Afonso Dhlakama.

Chissano and Dhlakama, who heads the right-wing RENAMO guerrilla movement, have been in their first face-to-face talks in months this week.

Mario Raffaeli, an Italian mediator, said the two sides agreed to protect freedom and democracy and the personal safety of all Mozambicans.

## Janica reports typhoid fever cases

KINGSTON, Jamaica (AP) — The Ministry of Health has confirmed three cases of typhoid fever and says 11 more people in south-west Jamaica may have contracted the disease in the past month.

# Detainees recount horror of Serb-run camps

By NADA BURIC  
Associated Press Writer

ZAGREB, Croatia — Tears welled up in Hasan's eyes as he told his younger brother how he was at a Serb-run detention camp, disappeared and probably were dead.

Hasan, 47, a retired building engineer, was one of three Muslim men who emerged from the camp to tell of beatings, rape and a harvest of crops.

Others were Adem, a 56-year-old former worker, and 70-year-old Mehmed. All three, who did not give last names to protect family members who might still be detained, said they survived the camps before being allowed to flee to Croatia.

All who are in the Bosnian conflict stand accused of human detention camps, but most accusations of atrocities against inmates emerge from Serb-run camps.

Reporters rarely are able to visit such places.

But the three men on Thursday provided detail of their captivity and personal data that appeared to corroborate their accounts, which were similar to previous news reports.

In Bosnia Thursday, Independent Television News showed videotape of emaciated Muslim detainees at Omarska, where prisoners get one meal a day, and starved figures behind barbed wire at Trnopolje.

Radoslav Karadzic, the leader of Bosnian Serbs, said in a television interview, "I am glad the journalists have seen the worst prison in Bosnia, Omarska. — This is for war criminals, not civilians."

Yugoslav Premier Milan Milutinovic said today he would order Karadzic and other Bosnian Serb leaders to either close the camps within 30 days or resign, but he acknowledged he had only nominal authority over them.

Veljko Ostojic, information minister for the Bosnian Serbs, said Croats and Muslims had kept Serbs at a prison camp at Celadici, which was captured by the camp last month. He said camp workers' names were never reported.

The three released Muslims told their stories to an Associated Press reporter at a Zagreb gathering used as a gathering place for people from their region around Kozarac, an northwest Bosnia Herzegovina, about 75 miles southeast of Zagreb.

Hasan said he spent 50 days in three camps — Omarska, Trnopolje and a brick factory near Prijedor. He said when Serbs forced inmates to Kozarac, and workers told him and other villagers they would be treated as refugees.

But as soon as people gathered, soldiers separated men from women and children and took them to the brick factory.

"We were kept in a brick stove, only three by six meters big about 10 feet by 2 feet, with one door, no food or drink."

Three days later, he was taken to a camp near Omarska, about 15 miles from Kozarac, where interrogators accused him of being about his brother.

"Two or three men beat me with sticks, gun bars, hanks and feet about one hour, asking and beating, then asking again," he said. He got no sleep and had with the beat of a gun in the mouth. His collarbone was broken.

Hasan, the oldest of nine brothers, found two of his younger brothers in Omarska. They also were beaten.

After three days, Hasan was moved again to nearby Trnopolje. He did not see his brothers again.

In Trnopolje, he could see from his cell window women prisoners being repeatedly raped. Once a group from the camp was sent to gather corpses of victims from artillery shelling.

## Chaos mars Poland's democracy

By DRIBILLA MENAKER  
Associated Press Writer

WARSAW, Poland — Political leaders are using the chaotic circumstances of Poland's first general election since before World War II.

No longer mere Communist show-dressing, Parliament's powerful lower house, the Sejm, has become a hotbed of chaotic debate and confusion.

It is Trnopolje, he could see from his cell window women prisoners being repeatedly raped. Once a group from the camp was sent to gather corpses of victims from artillery shelling.

## Veterans gather at Guadalcanal

By PETER O'LOUGHLIN  
Associated Press Writer

GUADALCANAL, Solomon Islands (AP) — Veterans of Guadalcanal gathered on the battlefield for an emotional commemorative ceremony that began 50 years ago today, Oct. 26, 1942, on the island's eastern coast.

Soldiers, some with others sat respectfully on the tropical sand in the dedication of the memorial to American and allies who died.

One by one, they read names of the dead. The other commentators, the survivors, Australian and New Zealanders, spoke of the horrors of the island.

At the opening ceremony for the new memorial, which is the first of about 500 in a Marine Corps program called "The War Shaped" which was played and the U.S. flag raised over the memorial.

A Marine house guard fired a salute. Jim Smith, 71, of Fairfax, Va., thought the pink granite monument and walls containing details of the battle was moving. "It's a landmark."

"It should have been built years ago," said the former 1st Marine Division Raider who was wounded at Edson's Ridge, one of the fiercest battles of the campaign.

The \$1.3 million memorial was built by the Guadalcanal Solomon Islands War Memorial Foundation, which included members from Australia and New Zealand.

The opposition groups are seeking further political and financial assistance from the United States and the United Nations in the face of growing threats of Iraq attacks on oil-producing economic hardship.

"After disappearing for about a week, the coalition jets were numerous that went over here and over there," said a Saudi Arab, a Kurdish official.

"They are keeping an eye on the forces. Iraq keeps reinforcing around the oil centers of Kirkuk and Mosul around 100 in the west and near the towns of Karer and Kufa in the south," he said.



Ossetian captives during fighting between Georgian and south Ossetian forces, look at the destroyed remains of their home Tuesday in Tskhinvali, Georgia.

## All that remains

With the introduction of the Commonwealth of Independent States' peacekeeping troops into the region, fighting has died down and refugees are returning to their homes.

## Kurdish leaders seek U.S. support for coalition

By HANIT GURPOLIC  
Associated Press Writer

TEHRAN, Iran — A coalition of Shiite and Sunni Muslims opposed to President Saddam Hussein, hopes to move its headquarters from London to a U.N.-protected zone in northern Iraq.

The opposition groups are seeking further political and financial assistance from the United States and the United Nations in the face of growing threats of Iraq attacks on oil-producing economic hardship.

"After disappearing for about a week, the coalition jets were numerous that went over here and over there," said a Saudi Arab, a Kurdish official.

"They are keeping an eye on the forces. Iraq keeps reinforcing around the oil centers of Kirkuk and Mosul around 100 in the west and near the towns of Karer and Kufa in the south," he said.

help about 2.5 million Kurds regain control of an area near Turkey and Iran, from where they fled when Saddam's forces crushed their uprising.

About 1 million Kurds still live in Iraqi-controlled zones, including the oil city of Kirkuk.

Iraqi opposition leaders want to set up a safe haven for Shiite and Sunni Muslims in northern Iraq.

Iraqi opposition leaders want to set up a safe haven for Shiite and Sunni Muslims in northern Iraq.

divided between Barzani's Kurdistan Democratic Party and Talabani's Patriotic Union of Kurdistan.

Because of their additional hardships, Barzani's Talabani said Secretary of State James A. Baker III for help in making the Kurds an exempt from U.N. trade sanctions against Iraq.

Although the United Nations allows food and medicine to enter Iraq, industrial equipment and spare parts the Kurds need cannot enter the area they control, which is officially part of Iraq.

In addition to the trade sanctions, the Kurds since last October have suffered from a Iraqi blockade of fuel and food to the region.

Barzani also has fired 100 mortar shells, depriving tens of thousands of families of electricity.

Nov. 1989, the Iraqi government has deprived Barzani of a primary school teacher for 10 years, and a daughter, and a teacher, of its 250-400-a-month \$370 salary.

He said he would need 1000 dollars (\$370) to pay for his wife's wedding price.

They are also a difficult moment in history," said Anton Biriack of the Center Alliance party. "We have to change more than 10,000 legislative acts."

But since the dissolution of the last Communist government in July 1989, the Sejm has adopted about 275 laws.

When Parliament debated for 12 hours on July 27 about whether to accept a report that resulted from six weeks of commission reports.

People fighting for bread are looking at us and, unfortunately, they are right in thinking that we have gone mad," he said.

One day last week, deputies spent by the first 40 minutes debating whether to toughen their agenda, which already had 40 items, before voting not to consider any additions.

At the debate June, Speaker Wieslaw Chruszowski took a week's vacation.

"Please don't leave the room," he begged the 180 colleagues he found.

He had to call a half-hour recess for lack of a 250-member quorum. He said the speaker announced the main problem. Within would be the main problem. Within would be the main problem.

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## هیرشکردنه سەر بنکه‌ی یونیسف له‌سلیمانی

روژنامه‌ی ئەمریکی (Adirnidock Daily Enterprise) که له روژی سێشهممهی ریکهوتی ۲۲ی ئوتی ۱۹۹۲دا، چاپ و بلاوکراو تهوه، له‌لایه‌ره ۵ی خۆیدا وتاریکی به‌ناونیشانی "سه‌دام دژایه‌تی ده‌کات له‌کاتی‌کدا روژئاوا ئاماده‌کاریی بو دانانی ناوچه‌ی ئارام له‌مه‌لێه‌ندی شیعه‌کاندا ده‌کن" دا به‌زانده‌وه. له‌م وتاره‌دا باسی کیشمه‌کیشی نیوان عێراق و ولاتی هاپه‌یمانی کراوه له‌پاش جه‌نگی که‌نداو و راپه‌رینه‌که‌ی سالی ۱۹۹۱، کاتی‌ک هاپه‌یمانان ناوچه‌ی ئارامیان بو کورد پیکه‌یناو پاشتریش خوازیار بوون فشاری زیاتر به‌خه‌نه سەر رژیمی به‌عس و سه‌دام حسێن له‌عێراقدا. رژیمی به‌عس که دامه‌زراندنی ناوچه‌ی ئارام و دامه‌زراندنی ده‌سه‌لاته ئۆتۆنۆمه کوردیه‌که‌ی له‌کوردستان زۆر پیناخۆش بوو، هه‌روه‌ها پیلانیشی ده‌گێرا تاوه‌کو له‌ده‌ره‌وه‌ ناوه‌وه فشار بخاته‌سەر هاپه‌یمانان و گه‌مارو بخاته‌سەر کوردستان تاوه‌کو ئه‌وه‌له پوچه‌ل بکاته‌وه، زۆر ده‌ترسا هه‌مان شت له‌باشووریش به‌ریوه‌بچیت و هه‌ولی هاپه‌یمانانی به‌ دا به‌شکردنی عێراق بو سی زۆنی : شیعی عه‌ره‌بیی و سوننی عه‌ره‌بیی و زۆنی کوردیی ناوزه‌ ده‌کرد.

له‌م بابته‌دا هاتوه‌: "هه‌روه‌ها که‌مینه‌ی کوردی عێراقیش له‌پاش جه‌نگی که‌نداو راپه‌رین. سالی پار، ولاتی هاپه‌یمانان به‌رابه‌ری ئەمریکا، بو پاراستنی کورد ناوچه‌ی ئارامیان له‌سەر هێلی پانی ۳۶ دامه‌زراند، که له‌و ساته‌وه به‌ره‌و ئۆتۆنۆمی ده‌رون . به‌و دوایه‌، هیرشه‌کان کراونه‌ته سەر کارمه‌ندانی یونین و کریکارانی فریاگوزاریی نیوده‌وه‌له‌تی له‌ ناوچه‌ کوردیه‌که‌.

روژی دووشه‌ممه‌، هیرشبه‌ران به‌موشه‌ک هیرشیان کردۆته سەر بنکه‌ی به‌شی فه‌ندی مندا‌لانی یونین / یونیسف له‌سلیمانی.

بەرپرسیکی یوئین له باکووری شاری ههولیر وتی، که نامانجی هیرشکه ترساندنێ روژئاواییهکانه بو دمرکردنیان له ولاتهکه.

شایهنی باسه، وهک بهرپرسهکهی یوئین وتویهتی که بنکهکهی یوئین زیانی پئی نهکهوتوهو قوربانیش نییه، یهکیکیش له هیرشهبرهکان پاش شههتهقه گیراوه.

ههروهها خزر عهبدولعهزیز دوری بهرپرسی بالآ لهحیزبی بهعس و بهرپرسی له کاروباری ناوچه کوردیهکه، روژی دوو شههمه ئاگاداری داوه که : عیراق چاوپۆشی لهبوونی خو بهریوه بهری کوردیی ناکات و وتی بهرهی کوردستان که ئیستا دهسهلاتیان بهدهستهویه فریدهدرینه دهرهوه.

Official newspaper Nhan Dan, listed system just like Taiwan and South

## decree for Shiite lands

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rebelled follow-

ing the Gulf war. Last year, the U.S.-led coalition imposed a  
haven above the 36th parallel to protect the Kurds, who  
have since moved toward autonomy.

Recently, there have been attacks against U.N. personnel  
and relief workers in the Kurdish area.

Attackers on Monday fired rocket-propelled grenades at  
the headquarters of the U.N. Children's Fund in  
Suleimaniya, according to a U.N. official in the northern  
city of Irbil. U.N. officials said the attack appeared aimed at  
scaring Westerners out of the country.

The UNICEF building was not hit, there were no casualties  
and one attacker was caught after a gunfight, said a U.N. of-  
ficial, speaking on condition of anonymity.

Khidr Abdul Aziz al-Douri, the ruling Baath Party's senior  
official in charge of the Kurdish area, warned Monday that  
Iraq will not tolerate Kurdish self-government and said the  
Kurdish Patriotic Front, which holds power, "will be kick-  
ed out."

But he stressed Saddam Hussein's keenness not to use any  
armed force to clean the area, INA quoted him as telling  
the pro-government Kurdish daily Al-Iraq.

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## Briefs

### De Klerk's vehicle stoned at rally

**JOHANNESBURG, South Africa (AP)** — A crowd complaining about past human rights abuses at the office of Deputy President F. W. de Klerk in an east-side township near Johannesburg, a de Klerk spokesman said.

The incident occurred Monday night as de Klerk, the last president under apartheid, addressed a rally of about 500 people in Regent Park, a middle-class suburb of Johannesburg.

De Klerk received a standing ovation for his speech, but some 150 protesters outside in complaint about the lack of housing for non-whites, and Erik Schaefkens, a spokesman for de Klerk.

Armed with sticks and clubs, the demonstrators blocked the road and demanded de Klerk speak in Afrikaans. Police with high-impact shields, batons and some of the demonstrators threw stones at de Klerk's car. No injuries were reported.

### No near-term plans to rebuild Grozny

**MEZDUR, Russia (AP)** — A top Russian official indicated that Moscow has no near-term plans to rebuild the Chechen capital something that could make it easier to control the Chechen region.

Even as Russian officials speak of a rebuilding order in the region, fighting continued Monday. Chechen explosives and two Russian SU-26 warplanes were downed by anti-aircraft gunners south of the capital, Grozny, the Echo Moscow radio station reported.

The Russian military not verified immediately.

The Chechen war has intensified Monday, that its forces had completely surrounded Grozny and would storm the last Chechen fighter base within days.

Russia has claimed to control the city's infrastructure, including the oil pipeline.

Russian troops have continued a second ring around Grozny, "effectively excluding the possibility" of "other" "conflict scenarios coming in a government statement said.

The Chechens now hold only the southwestern part of city.

Using heavy artillery fire and airstrikes, Russian forces also are pushing to the south and east of the capital, into areas still controlled by the rebels.

Olga Ivanovskaya, Russia's first deputy prime minister and the presidential envoy for Chechnya, arrived Monday at the main Russian military base at Moscow and outside Chechnya. He is expected to visit Grozny today to preside over a session of a government commission for rehabilitating Chechnya.

## Candidates' visions for Hong Kong clash

**By MARCUS ELIASON Associated Press Writer**

**HONG KONG** — With seven days and an acute realization of term not and seems. Improbable. It has its own Hong King's official ballot in these days of democracy.

Since the 1985 election, Hong King's voters have been in Hong Kong born and Chinese to the territory, it there on the colonial government's side from his days as a legislator.

But opponents are indicating as these two pillars of Hong Kong politics square off in a municipal election Sunday that transcends issues of sovereignty and how to proceed to carry the continuing vision of Hong King's voters about Chinese rule.

Mrs. Tu, 61, a former missionary from Newswald, England, belongs to Hong King's newly defined pro-Chinese camp and can expect to be endorsed by Beijing when it reverts the colony from Britain in 1997.

Scott, in contrast, is one of China's most significant critics, a former Hong Kong's main pro-democracy party, and therefore opponent of the bid to be the post-1997 administration.

Scott and the Democratic Party maintain that the only way to preserve Hong King's freedoms beyond 1997 is to anchor them in a system as strong that China cannot dismantle it.

Mrs. Tu, the incumbent in the municipal council race, sees no point in pushing China for democracy if she thinks that China cannot dismantle it.

### N. Korea ousts Polish observers

**By PAUL ALEXANDER Associated Press Writer**

**SEOUL, South Korea** — South Korea made good today on its threat to expel 140 military peace observers from the North's side of the Demilitarized Zone, then claimed the United States for the situation.

It was not immediately clear what the observers' mission was, but it was to monitor the armistice system in its effort to stop directly with the United States, and draw a wedge between South Korea and Washington.

The North alleged today that Washington destroyed the armistice system and implied that talks with Washington were the next logical step.

The U.S. side has reduced provisions of the agreement and its enforcement devices to minimal limits in favor of its recognition of South Korea and across building.

The North's official Korean Central News Agency quoted an unidentified Foreign Ministry official as saying:

"So we do not feel the need to maintain the Polish delegation... the official was quoted as saying.



Steno Wah, a pro-democracy candidate in Hong Kong's municipal election, addresses a anti-China protest in December 1995.

Mrs. Tu disagrees, citing human rights cases in which she queries international and past efforts. "I think China is learning," she says. "They are willing to listen to advice."

Voters in Kwai Tong, the gritty working-class area where Scott and Mrs. Tu are competing, fear a dilemma because both candidates were born in the United Kingdom.

A recent census put the South China Morning Post put Scott narrowly ahead, but many people were undecided about supporting either candidate.

China, for all its stated concern for Western-style democracy, is actively backing pro-Chinese candidates, especially Mrs. Tu. It knows this election is a rare opportunity to demonstrate if a grassroots vote is in the colony.

Scott's Democratic Party and Hong King's main pro-Chinese party, but they recognize the challenge they face from pro-Chinese candidates.

To attract the revered "Eloe," as Mrs. Tu is universally known, would be a huge triumph. If anyone can do it, it's the equally revered "Uncle Wah."

Mrs. Tu came to China as a missionary just as the Communists were taking over. She moved to Hong Kong in 1954, started a school for an orphan boy, and became a Christian.

She was the first to be arrested and the victims of a purge policy and mainland cultural revolutions.

Formerly Eloe Elliot, she left her first husband and her church, married a Chinese schoolteacher and took his surname.

The Chinese brand Scott "sub-Cox" (Cox Party) where he "found" "science" and "economy." Democrats used Hong King's democratic says. "Being open to defiance of China, and only listens to views that please China has signaled its appreciation it," Scott says.

**Canadian death toll seriously wounded Hong King**

## 76 killed in car bombing

**WASHINGTON, D.C.** — A car bomb that exploded in a city of northern Iraq killed 76 people, U.S. military officials said today.

The force of a 12 Chrysler Loyal car bomb, sent or used 12 people were injured in the bombing, which occurred Monday in Zakho, a town near the Turkish border. Killed warplanes are based at Incirlik to train the Kurdish autonomy.

Andrew Ditzler, a representative of the Kurdistan Democratic Party, blamed the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan for the bombing. But union representative Suleimán Suleimán the accusation and suggested Baghdad was behind the attack.

Washington's regime, which blames the military in part of Iraq, has frequently criticized the Kurdish autonomy. The Kurdish autonomy was established in a "safe haven" in 1991 to protect the 3 million Kurds in Iraq after the Gulf War.

The two Kurdish parties agreed to share power when they came out roughly equal in parliamentary elections in 1992. But the war fighting in Iraq and several thousand people have been reported killed.

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break  
down  
like an old '72 hatchback?

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## گروپه کوردییهکان بهرێکهوتن رازییوون

روژنامهی "STANDERD\_EXZAMINER" که له روژی شههمهی ریکهوتی ۱۲ی ئوگوستوس/ ئابی ۱۹۹۵دا، چاپ و بلاوکرارهتوه، ههواڵیکی بهو ناوێشانهی سهروهه بلاوکردۆتهوه، که ئهمه دهقهکهیهتی:

" دبلن ئیرلهندا - دوو گروپه بهشهرهاتوهکهی باکووری عێراق که لهژیر کۆنترۆلی کوردایه، پاس گفتوگۆ له روژی ههینیدا ریکهوتنی ناشتیان راگهیاند و هتیان بهم زووانه کۆدنهوه بهو کۆتاییهتیان به وردهکاریهکان.

بهینی بهیاننامهیهکی هاوبهش، پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان و یهکێتی نیشتمانی کوردستان بهئینیان دا که "ناگرهست بپاریزن و ههولبدن بو ئهوهی بیکهنه ههمیشهیی"

ریکهوتنهکه وادهات کۆتایی به شهری زیاتر له سالیکی بهینیت، که به شیوهیهکی سهرمکی، لهسهه ئهه باجانه بوون که لهسهه نهوتی بارههنگرمان له سنووری تورکیا و مردهگیران. نهوت سههچاوهیهکی گههری داهاته له ناوچهی باکووری عێراق، ئهوهی که کورد له سالی ۱۹۹۱دا، بههاوکاریی ئهمریکا بهریتانیا و فههرههسا، کۆنترۆلیکردوه.

هۆشیار زیباری، وتهبیژی پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان، پاش ئهه گفتوگیانهی که له هۆتیایکی شاری دروغیدا به دوری 30 میل له دهرهوهی دبلن، نهجامدران، وتی: "ههنگاوێکمان به ئاراستهیهکی دروستدا ناوه و بهستهلهکهکه شکاوه".

سههچاوهکان وتیان: لایهنهکان له ماوهی سهه ههفتهدا له شوینیکی ئههروپادا کۆدنهوه، بوئهوهی بگههه دوا فورمی ریکهوتننامهکه.

# PLO talks with Israel concern

ABRIDGED. West Bank (AP) — In the shade of a tree, former Ahmed Qassem snuggled his body into a walking stick used on the ground Friday as he listened to the emerging Israel-PLO deal on the West Bank.

He said he gave no guarantee Israel troops would ever return to the West Bank. "If we remain under Israeli rule, it means we are allowed nothing," Qassem, 46, said as an army jeep passed him on the dusty road.

PLO chief Yasser Arafat and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres released the first details Friday of a partial deal they reached at five days of talks this week in the Egyptian resort of Fum. The Israeli cabinet was to examine the document this weekend.

The sides hope to reach a final accord in September. Unresolved issues include control over holy sites, water rights and the status of Jericho, where 4,000 Jewish settlers live among 30,000 Palestinians. Peres said other officials would meet.

Under the emerging deal, Israel has committed itself to pulling out 15 of the seven main West Bank towns over the next few months.

This will give the Palestinian authority control over nearly of the West Bank's 1 million Palestinian residents. But PLO negotiators said the Palestinians would control only 18 percent of West Bank territory in the first stage.

Israel said there would be three more withdrawals — one every six months — starting after Palestinian elections are held, possibly this year. Israel would also release Palestinian prisoners in three stages.

But Peres refused to be pinned down on how much land would be handed back during each of the three periods. No withdrawal maps were produced.

Any further withdrawal would likely come to a halt if a national government gains power in Israel, general elections in the fall of 1956, Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's governing coalition has only a slim margin.

The whole agreement is full of risks and dangers, said Palestinian political scientist Ali Harbawi. Peres said Arafat had demanded at first that Israel hand over 20 percent of the land in a single step. But the deal on the West Bank would be in Palestinian hands by early 1957.

But Arafat eventually dropped the demand, accepting instead general assurances that the withdrawal would proceed.

## Your Africa branch office



Two Zairians wait for customers needing photographic or translation services at their shop at a street corner in Kinshasa, Zaire. The price for a photograph is about 10 cents. They purchased the machine for \$400, which is about five years of the average Zairian income.

## Lack of trust hampering efforts to end Chechen war

MOSCOW (AP) — Deep mistrust among negotiators is undermining attempts to end the 18-month-old war in Chechnya, where Russian and Russian troops almost nightly despite last month's military success.

An Russian and Chechen negotiators agreed assumptions, can the usually cautious European diplomats say they give a dim outlook for peace.

"There is a lot of mistrust and a lot of things to be clarified," Sander Menzies, a Hungarian who heads the Chechnya mission of the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe, said Friday.

But no Chechen guns have been handed in and no Russian soldiers have left Chechen territory, so called for under the peace. Menzies said by telephone from Geneva, the Chechen capital. A promised prisoner exchange also is stalled.

And attacks on Russian posts in the region continue. "Hardly a day goes by without some sort of attack," said Andrew Duncan, a defense analyst at the London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies.

The I.T.S.S. news agency said 10 Russian were wounded overnight when an anti-tank missile snuffed the lights over a Russian post in a nearby village.

Thousands of soldiers and civilians have been killed since Russian soldiers entered Chechnya on Dec. 11 to end the region's three years of self-proclaimed independence.

Last month's pact did not address the operation of Chechnya separately, and scattered talks to date, and scattered talks to date, and scattered talks to date.

## WORLD BRIEFS

### Murayama apologizes to Allies

LONDON — Japanese premier sent a letter to Prime Minister John Major apologizing for Japan's treatment of prisoners during World War II. The letter was dated Aug. 11.

In the letter, Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone expressed "my deepest remorse for a certain period of the past which caused such unbearable suffering and sorrow for so many people."

Major was "glad to see in writing what has been expressed in the past," said a spokesman for the prime minister's spokesman said Friday on customary conditions of anonymity.

Yasuno, who last month had spoken for his wartime suffering, said the letter merely expressed Murayama's personal views and was not a government apology.

### Denmark boots skinheads

COPENHAGEN, Denmark — A Danish court booted three skinheads from the street, and confiscated their tools to boot.

The skinheads, convicted of kicking a group of immigrants last June while on their way to a neo-Nazi rally, were sentenced to 18 months, said the prosecutor told the Politiken newspaper on Friday.

The judge also ordered Thursday that the youths cannot wear their boots and metal-tipped shoes on the street.

The message to these skinheads and neo-Nazis is if they insist on behaving violently and kick others, we'll go for their boots again, said prosecutor Bert Holten.

### 700-year-old tree dies

KIEV, Ukraine — Even chokes died and put cause amidst a vote Ukraine's beloved Zaporozhian Oak. The nation's most famous tree, venerated by thousands of tourists a year, has died after 700 years despite some

conventional treatments, the Soviet-style Ukrainian newspaper reported Friday.

The 116-foot tree grew on the southern Zaporozhian Island of Ananivskiy Island in the middle of the Dniester River and once was home to Ukraine's largest Cossack settlement.

Enslavement of medieval prisoners stood in its shadow, and famous Cossack warriors and diplomats were staged there, according to local lore.

Cossack leader Andriy Khmelnytsky erected his men in the 17th century to be as strong as the oak and 15th-century author Taras Shevchenko wrote of the "patrons of Cossack lands."

The tree started to die when a special drainage system that drained it broke and remained uncompleted last year. The workers had been hired in the 1970s to protect the oak and its possible archaeological significance.

### Kurdish faction agreed to treaty

DUBLIN, Ireland — The two warring factions in Kurdish-controlled northern Iraq announced a peace accord Friday after U.S.-sponsored talks, and said they will meet soon to finalize details.

The Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan pledged to "maintain a ceasefire and to strive to make it permanent," according to a joint declaration.

The agreement could last more than a year of fighting, mainly over disputes over oil trucks across the Turkish border. Oil is a main source of income to the area's northern Iraq, but the Kurds came to control in 1961 with help from the United States, Britain and France.

"We have made a step in the right direction and the deadlock has been broken," Kurdistan Democratic Party spokesman Hesham Zuhair said after the talks at a hotel in Droganah, 30 miles southeast of Erbil.

The talks will move within three weeks as a European aid venue to finalize the agreement, Zuhair said.

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## کاتیک عیراق سوپاکه‌ی جولاند، سهربازانی ئەمریکی کهوتنه حاله‌تی ناماده‌باشییه‌وه

رۆژنامه‌ی ئەمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی شه‌مه‌ی ریکه‌وتی ۳۱ ئابی ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاویکراوته‌وه، بابەتییکی له لاپه‌ری ۹ ی خۆیدا به‌و ناوێشانه‌ی سهر‌وه‌ نووسیه‌وه، که ئەمه‌ ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

" کۆشکی سپی وتی سه‌رۆک کلینتون که له‌هم‌به‌ر جولاندنی شومی هیزه‌ عیراقییه‌کان نیگه‌رانه، له‌رۆژی هه‌ینییدا، فه‌رمانی به‌ سوپای ئەمریکی کردوه که له‌ ناماده‌باشییدا بن بۆ ئەگه‌ری ئەنجامدانی کارێک له‌ناوچه‌ی که‌نداوی فارس.

به‌رپرسیانی پنتاگۆن وتیان که ولاته‌ یه‌که‌گرتوه‌کان فه‌رینی فه‌رۆکه‌ جه‌نگییه‌کانی زیده‌تر کردوه به‌سه‌ر ناوچه‌ کوردییه‌کانی باکووردا و ناوچه‌ شیعه‌کانی باشوور له‌ عیراق. هه‌روه‌ها له‌ ناردنی یه‌که‌یه‌کی پالێشتیی هیزی ئاسمانی ده‌کۆلێته‌وه که ده‌گاته ۳۰ فه‌رۆکه‌ و ۱۰۰۰ سهربازی پشتیوانیی، بۆ رێگری له‌کاری دوژمنکارانه له‌لایهن رژیمی عیراقی سه‌دام حسینه‌وه.

عیراق سێ فه‌رقه‌ی گاردی کۆماری جولاندوه، هه‌زاران سهرباز، هه‌روه‌ها زیده‌تر له‌ ۳۰۰ پارچه‌ توپ و موشه‌کی زه‌وی بۆ ئاسمان و هه‌وه‌ها فه‌رۆکه‌شی بۆ سنووری ناوچه‌ کوردییه‌ ئۆتۆنۆمه‌که‌ گواستۆته‌وه، له‌نیو ناماژه‌گه‌لێکدا که‌سه‌دام ناماده‌یه‌ به‌ره‌و هه‌ولێر بچوون. ئەوه‌ی پایته‌ختی هه‌ریمی کوردستانه‌.

به‌رپرسیکی پنتاگۆن وتی " سه‌رنجی ئێمه‌ ئەوه‌یه که سه‌دام سازو ناماده‌یه‌ بۆ ئەوه‌ی هه‌رشبکات. ئێمه‌ پێویسته له‌ماوه‌ی ۲۴ کاتر‌مێردا، مه‌به‌سته‌کانی بزانیین."



یهکیتی نیشتمانی، گروپیکی ئۆپۆزیسیۆنی عێراقییە، لە فاکسیڤدا  
کە رەوانەى ئەسۆشییەت پریسی کردوو لەقوبرس، ئیدیعیاکردوووە کە  
هێزمەکانی پیادە و زریپۆشی عێراقیی، هێرش دەکەنە سەر گوندە  
کوردییەکان.

بەیاننامەکە دەلێت: " ئیمە داوا لە کۆمەڵگەى نیۆدەولەتیی دەکەین  
کە دەستتووەردانی بەپەلە بکەن بۆ ریگرتن لە سەدام حسین کە کاری  
دوژمنکارانە لەدژی گەلی کوردستانی عێراق، ئەنجامدات.

هەوآلەکە نەتوانراوە بە شیۆهیەکی سەر بەخۆ پشتراست بکریتهوه،  
لەو کاتەوهی لە سەرەتای ئەم هەفتەیهوه جموجۆلهکانی سوپای عێراق  
دەستپێکردوو، ئیدارەى کلینتۆن بەشیۆهیەکی زیدە نیگەرانبوون  
سەبارەت بەوهی کە دەبیت ئامانجی عێراق لەناوچە کوردییەکەدا چی  
بیت؟ ئەو ناوچەیهی کە هەر لەکۆتایی جەنگی کەنداوی ۱۹۹۱ هوه،  
لەلایەن هاوپەیمانانەوه، بەرابەری ئەمریکا، دەپاریزیت.

هەولێر لە هێلی پانی ۳۶ نزیکە، کە بەشی باشووری سنووری ئەو  
ناوچەیهیە کە ئەمریکا دەپاریزیت.

هیزی ئاسمانیی ئیستا کە کۆمەڵێک فرۆکەى لە قەتەر و کەنداوی  
فارسدا هەیه، بەلام فرۆکە جەنگییەکانی لەئامادەباشی ئەوەدان لەو  
خۆیان جیگیربکەن.

بۆ چەندین سآله خێله کوردییەکان کە لە ناوچەکە دەژین، داواى  
سەر بەخۆیى لە عێراق دەکەن، بەپرسانى ئەمریکی دەلێن، بەلام  
رژیمی عێراقی رەتیکردۆتەوه پێیانبدات. حکومەتى عێراق  
هەلمەتیکى هەراسانکردنى لەدژی خێله کوردییەکان گرتۆتەبەر.

ئەم بەشەى باکووری عێراق لەکۆتایی جەنگی کەنداوهوه، لەلایەن  
کوردەکانەوه دەستی بەسەردا گیراوه و بەسەر هیزە عێراقییەکاندا  
داخراوه. کاتیک کە نەتەوه یەکگرتوووەکان بۆ پاراستنی کوردان لە  
هەراسانکردن و گێچەلى عێراقی، هەنگاوینا.

هەرچەندە، لەرووی فەرمیەوه جولەهی سوپای عێراق بو ئەو ناوچەیه قەدەغەنەکراوه، ئەنجومەنی ئاسایشی نەتەوه یەکگرتووێکان، بڕیاری دامەزراندنی ناوچەهی "دژە فرینی بەسەر هێلی پانی ۳۶دا دەرکرد بو رێگری له فرۆکه عێراقییهکان که بەسەر ئاسمانی ئەو ناوچەیهدا، بفرن. بەشیۆهیهکی گشتی، سوپای عێراقی خۆی لهو هەریمه لادهدا، هەتاوهکو سەرەتای ئەم هەفتەیه.

بەرپرسیانی ئەمریکی سەبارەت بە پالانەرەکانی سەدام شیواو سەر سەرماون، بەتایبەتی لەژێر رۆشنایی گۆپی سەوزی ئەم دواییه نەتەوه یەکگرتووێکان، بو دەستپێکردنەوهی سنوورداریکردنی هەناردەرەکانەوهی نەوت که بو یەکەمین جارە لەپاش جەنگەوه.

پێدەچیت جولەکه پەيوەستینت بە پیکدادانەکانی نیوان دوو تاقمه گەوره کوردییهکەوه، که له ۱۰ مانگی نابەوه، تەقییهوه.

بەرپرسیکی ئەمریکی وتی : ئیمه وه لāmیکی باشمان نییه، بەلام دەتوانین پیشبینی ئەوه بکەین که ئەو به دەر فەتیکە دەبینیت بو گیرانەوهی بەشیک لەباکوور. پێدەچیت وای ببینیت که بوی باش بیت تێپەڕیت."

## Morris Silent on Sex Scandal

**COMBINED NEWS SERVICES** — Declaring he is in love with his wife, former Clinton political adviser Dick Morris met briefly with reporters on the sex scandal that forced him to resign.

Morris, President Clinton's top political adviser, resigned Thursday after a tabloid reported that he had a relationship with a prostitute and allowed her to evade drug tests at the White House.

He did not want to dignify tabloid journalism with a comment.

Morris and wife, attorney Eileen McGinn, greeted the press with their arms around each other as they stood in the yard in this affluent town, about 40,000, located about 50 miles northeast of New York.

The couple said they decided to meet with reporters after they saw photographers trying to shoot pictures of their inside the house from a nearby nature preserve.

"We would like some privacy," McGinn said. "It is a time we want to be together with our family — and our dog."

When asked how he was holding up, Morris said, "I have my 'Morris quit his campaign post after months of a painful affair with Sherry Howlands of Lake Ridge, Va. The relationship was disclosed in lurid detail after Howlands said her story to the newsmagazine *Time*."

When she said her husband, Howlands left behind a former husband, three sons and a trail of adultery. The next thing Morris knows, she was in the

Ex-Clinton adviser Dick Morris and wife Eileen McGinn refuse to discuss reports of Morris' relationship with a prostitute.

ramanabake duplex on a steep side street before moving to Virginia. Two weeks ago, Howlands applied for a license to run a housekeeping service in Lake Ridge, Va., where she lives in a two-bedroom house.

The *Time* reported that Howlands spoke about Morris from a hideaway in New York state.

"I thought he was going to bluff and let his husband know that nobody could hurt him," the *Time* quoted Howlands as saying. "But it is a greivous — he deserved it."

In mid-July, Howlands went to the *Star* with her story. She said Morris let her listen in on phone calls with Clinton and read Hillary Rodham Clinton's convention speech as an advance.

The *Star* paid an undisclosed sum between \$1,000 and \$10,000, Clinton campaign officials say. Meanwhile, Clinton campaign officials will examine thousands of dollars of expense-account payments to Morris to ensure the campaign — and taxpayers — did not pay any expenses related to his alleged affair with Howlands at a Washington hotel, the campaign's general counsel said.

In 1994, they moved into the brick house around the corner from her in love. After the *Time* disclosure in 1995, she lived in a driveway, a few blocks away in a

search in the capital, where she met President Jacques Chirac.

Chirac "told us that he will not let us down," former *Time* reporter Pierre Grollaux said, wearing blue dungarees on the way to the Elveve presidential palace. "For us, it is always a great guarantee."

The European Union plans to gradually lift a ban on British beef, but French farmers say they would oppose any such action until London toughens its measures to eradicate mad cow disease.

## GIs on Alert as Iraq Moves Troops

**COMBINED NEWS SERVICES** — Concerned about possible movements by Iraqi troops, President Clinton ordered the U.S. military Friday to prepare for possible action in the Persian Gulf region, the White House said.

The United States increased its flights over northern Kurdistan and the southern Shiite areas of Iraq and is conducting reconnaissance flights over Iraq and Kuwait, a senior Pentagon official said.

The U.S. Air Force sent 1,000 support troops to the Persian Gulf region and Iraq has moved three divisions of elite Republican guards — thousands of troops — and more than 200 artillery pieces as well as surface-to-air missiles and aircraft to the border of the autonomous Kurdistan enclave, amid indications that Saddam is prepared to move on Amiri, the administrative capital of Kurdistan.

"Our impression is that [Saddam] is poised and ready to strike. We would know an intention within 24 hours," a senior Pentagon official said.

An Iraq opposition group, the Patriotic Union, claimed to a fax sent to the Associated Press in Cyprus that Iraqi military and armored troops were attacking Kurdish villages.

"We call on the international community — to intervene urgently to prevent Saddam Hussein from unleashing his aggression against the people of Iraq," the report said.

The report could not be independently verified.

Since Iraq's troop movements began earlier this week, the Clinton administration has been increasingly alarmed about what Iraq's goal might be in the

Kurdish area, which has been protected by U.S.-led coalition since the end of the 1991 Gulf War.

Amiri is near the 36th parallel, the southern boundary for the U.S.-protected zone.

The Air Force already has an expeditionary group of fighter planes on Qatar, in the Persian Gulf. The jets are preparing to end their deployment there, Kurdish officials say.

Kurdish officials say they are not sure Iraq's regime has refused to grant it. The Iraq government has offered a weekly supply of assistance against Kurdish tribes, U.S. officials say.

The section of northern Iraq occupied by the Kurds has been effectively off limits to the Iraq troops since the end of the Gulf War, when the United Nations took steps to protect the Kurds from harassment.

Although Iraq troops technically are not restricted from entering there, the U.S. Security Council has set up a "no-fly" zone above the 36th parallel, prohibiting Iraqi warplanes from entering the zone.

"We have an opportunity to clean up the mess that we've made in the north. He may see it as too good to pass up," a U.S. official said.

## Mexican Leader Vows To Crush Violent Revolts

**LOS ANGELES TIMES** — Calling them "terrorists and criminals," Mexican President Ernesto Zedillo vowed Friday to crush any revolts who staged a half-dozen lightning attacks that hit at least 11 cities this week in southern Mexico.

"No way. No way," Zedillo said. "I will not let these revolts. He made the revolts so intense that they were presidential residence. They have acted criminally, with extreme violence, and their second platform is anarchy."

Zedillo said he expects key revolts to erupt in the northern Mexican army and federal agents systematically "dis-

## Film Stunt Accident Kills Utah Crewman

**WENDOVER, Nev.** — An airplane stunt went awry on the set of Nicolas Cage's movie "One Arrow" on Friday, killing a stuntman and injuring another.

Neither Cage nor co-actor John Malkovich was on the plane when it crashed.

The stuntman, 37-year-old Robert "Punch" Peters, 39, of Monticello, Green, Utah, was dead at the University of Utah Hospital on Thursday night.

Police Chief Angel Swartz said Friday that Swartz was killed during an industrial accident and an investigation was continuing.

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## Farmers Bring Cows to Paris in Protest of Beef Prices

**THE ASSOCIATED PRESS** — French farmers marched down a city street in the capital Friday to demand the government ease its industry from the beef price brought up by mad cow disease.

Beef prices have plummeted across Europe since March, when British officials linked a fatal human brain disease to cattle tainted with bovine spongiform encephalopathy.

Farmers led their cattle on a 10-day, 180-mile march in the capital, where they met President Jacques Chirac.

Chirac "told us that he will not let us down," former *Time* reporter Pierre Grollaux said, wearing blue dungarees on the way to the Elveve presidential palace. "For us, it is always a great guarantee."

The European Union plans to gradually lift a ban on British beef, but French farmers say they would oppose any such action until London toughens its measures to eradicate mad cow disease.

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## پنتاگون چاودیری سەربازانی عیراق دەکات

رۆژنامەى "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژى شەممەى ریکەوتى ۳۱ى ئابى ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوتەوه، لەلایەرەى یەکەم خۆیدا، هەوآلیکی بەو ناوێشانەى سەر موه بلاوکردۆتەوه، که ئەمە دەقهکەیهتى:

"واشتنۆن: فرۆکه جەنگییهکانى ئەمریکا چالاکییهکانى خۆیان له کەنداوى فارس چرکردوه و پنتاگون رۆژى هەینی هەندیک جولەى خۆپاریزیی دیکەیان نا له وهلامى جموجۆلى سەربازانى عیراقیى له باکوورى عیراق. ئیدارهى کلینتۆن عیراقى له دژى هەر دەستدریژییهکەى سەربازىی له ناوچهکەدا، ئاگادار کردوه.

مایک مەککۆرى، سکرێتێرى رۆژنامەوانى کۆشكى سپی رایگەیانده، ولاته یەکگرتووکان "زۆر بەوردیى چاودیریى ئەو ئاماژانەى دەکات که یەکە سەربازىیهکانى عیراق له هەولێر، له باکوورى عیراق، هینراونەتە ئەوه پینگە و ئاستە که ئامدەبیان هەبى بۆ ئەنجامدانى کارى هیرشبرانه."

گوتیشى: "ئیمە ئەو جددیهتەمان بۆ عیراق روون کردۆتەوه که سەیرى ئەم دۆخەى پیندەکەین"

وتەبیژی پنتاگون کۆلونیل پی.جى کراولى وتى که سەدام حسین هەندیک له هیزەکانى خۆى بەئاراستەى باکوور جولاندووه، بەره ئەو ناوچهیهى که لەلایەن گروپه جوداخوازه کوردییهکانهوه داگیرکراوه شەر لهگەل یەکتر دەکەن. هیچ ئاماژەیهکی دەستبەجئى بۆ قەبارەى هیزەکانى عیراقیى نییه .

گروویکی کوردی عیراق، که یەکێتى نیشتمانى کوردستانه، له فاکسێکدا که بۆ رۆژنامەى ئەسۆشیتد پریس نێردراوه ئیدیعیاکرد، که

هیزی پیادهی عیراق وسهربازه زرییوشهکان هیرشیان کردوتهسەر  
گونه کوردنشینهکان.

له بهیاننامهکهدا هاتووہ "داوا له کۆمهڵگهی نیودهولتهی دهکهرین  
بهپهله دستوهردان بکهن بۆ ئهوهی سهدام حوسین نهتوانیت  
دهستدریژییهکانی خۆی دژی گهلی کوردستانی عیراق نهجامبات."

Wreckage reveals traces of explosive

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Seven Peaks presents new ice-sheet proposal

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Writer's paranoia now justified

Page A7

Gary Player's 64 leads Franklin Quest

Page B1

# The Daily Herald

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## Mayor, 3 officials cleared of wrongdoing

By MARK EDONIGHO  
The Daily Herald

The Utah County Attorney's Office has cleared Mayor George Stewart and three city officials of wrongdoing in connection with their involvement with Councilman Sher Holweg's private tapes and other matters.

Utah County Attorney Kay Bryson announced Friday that a two-month probe by his office has found no evidence to support allegations of misconduct made in petitions against the mayor, City Council Chairwoman Jane Carlisle, Council Executive Director Ted Dowling and Councilman Dennis Prohman. He said he would file a motion with 4th District Court to have the petitions seeking their removal from office dismissed.

"I believe those individuals who have been publicly accused are entitled to a public exoneration from those accusations," Bryson said, explaining his reasons for calling a press conference.

The two petitions were filed separately in June by former Councilman Eric Daley and U.S. Sen. presidential candidate Jim Hansen. Daley accused Dowling and Carlisle of violating council members' ethics laws for allegedly listening to secret tapes. Hansen filed his petition after those conversations with others, limited conversations with the mayor in the petition.

The mayor and city officials were accused in the two petitions of violating the law by intercepting and listening to the tapes and talking about the contents of the tapes with others. Daley and Hansen asserted the four other names should have known that the tapes were illegally obtained. Daley further accused Dowling and Prohman of receiving stolen property by allegedly accepting the tapes from Stewart and all three city officers of using the information on the

tapes to publicly censure Holweg. On non-tape related matters, Daley's petition accuses Carlisle of misusing her position by having city employees run personal errands for her. He also accused Dowling and Prohman of violating state law when they accepted a free phone tree from Doug Forley, a self-professional baseball pitcher in Elkhart, Ariz. Finally, he

"Those individuals who have been publicly accused are entitled to a public exoneration from those accusations," — Kay Bryson

accused Dowling and Carlisle of holding an improperly notified meeting May 7.

Carlisle said the state-related allegations were not in evidence to suggest, eventually returned to Holweg, and there is no evidence to suggest, Gardner sought to possess them permanently.

Therefore, the charges of receiving stolen property and intercepting federal or state law by intercepting Holweg's communications became an electronic or mechanical device was used to receiving the tapes.

State statute allows Holweg to surreptitiously tape conversations if he was a party to, even without the consent of others. Bryson said these tapes were lawful, the mayor and others did not violate the law by listening to the recordings and divulging the contents of the tapes to others.

Bryson said that the city code as the basis for an allegation in one petition that the mayor related private information without one petition that the mayor related city records under the Government Records Access and Management Act. It doesn't apply to the tapes Mayor Stewart received, he said.



Utah County Attorney Kay Bryson answers questions during a press conference Friday morning. Bryson announced that Mayor George Stewart and three other city officials have been cleared of wrongdoing in connection with a councilman's private tapes.

All told, Bryson discounted a total of 19 allegations made in the petitions for various reasons, chiefly that they did not accord with the state, federal or city laws.

In non-tape related allegations, Bryson said Carlisle's accusation of abusing her office because employees ran errands for her by council employees were also without her knowledge or invitation. He said the M&T meeting was open to the public, lawfully notified and properly requested by the city. Prohman and Dowling accepted with other council members to study baseball stadium. Bryson noted that the cost of the trip — \$20 for plane fare and \$7 or \$8 for lunch — falls short of the \$20 necessary to constitute a violation of the state ethics code. Dowling and Prohman, along with Council members Greg Hall and David Rall, flew commercially at Forley's expense last



George Stewart and Jack Adams. "We find no evidence of lavish entertainment, no evidence of lavish air fares, hotels or anything else of this nature," he said. "In addition, the value they received was minimal." (See MAYOR, Page A2)

## Suspect will not be tried for capital homicide

By BRADY ANDERSON  
The Daily Herald

At least one of the men implicated in the shooting death of a 19-year-old Owen man will not be tried on capital homicide charges.

Ben Hoops, 17, is one of the seven men accused of contributing to the death of John H. Freitag, 24.

## Courts Beat

It is the only suspect who knew Freitag personally. But Hoops will not be charged with capital homicide, prosecutors told Judge Jay M. Harding, 3, Friday during the suspect's first felony appearance.

Hoops and six others are accused of contributing Freitag at his Owen residence at 1 a.m. on Aug. 23. When some of the suspects thought Freitag might have a gun, one of the suspects, Lenka Landaviv, 19, allegedly shot him.

Prosecutors did not ask what charges lay off on each suspect. Instead they asked for a one-year continuance.

Prosecutors said they need to analyze gun powder, fingerprints and an audio recording before charges can be filed. "There are other charges of culpability," prosecutors said.

Handling additional defendants (See SHOOTING, Page A2)

## Bathroom humor



State Sen. 1989 Wayne Kallala, 11, performs "Our Bathroom" — the all-time funniest skit in his category — on Friday at Boyton Days in Parkville, 12, 1989.

## Pentagon keeping eye on Iraqi troops

WASHINGTON (AP) — U.S. warplanes stepped up activity in the Persian Gulf and the Pentagon considered other precautionary measures Friday in response to Iraqi troop movements in northern Iraq.

The Clinton administration warned Iraq against any military aggression in the region.

White House press secretary Mike McCurry said the United States was "monitoring very closely indications that Iraqi military units are in full, in northern Iraq, have been brought into positions and levels of readiness which would enable them to undertake offensive action."

"We have made clear to Iraq the seriousness with which we view this situation," he said.

## Inside

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**Weather**  
Friday mostly sunny and hot. High in the mid-90s. Tonight mostly clear. Low in the upper 60s. Sunday sunny and cooler. High in the mid-to-upper 80s. Labor Day mostly sunny. Low in the 50s. High in the upper 80s. See Page A12.

**Air Quality**  
Friday's air quality was moderate for Utah County. The forecast for the likelihood of pollution levels.

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## عیراقییه‌کان ده‌ست به‌سه‌ر شارێکدا ده‌گرن

رۆژنامه‌ی "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژی یه‌کشه‌ممه‌ی رێکه‌وتی ١ی سنێته‌مبه‌ر/ ئه‌یلولی ١٩٩٦دا، چاپ و بلاوکره‌وه‌ته‌وه، له‌لایه‌ره‌ی یه‌که‌م خۆیدا، وتاریکی "وائیل فه‌لاح"ی به‌و ناوێشانه‌ی سه‌ر مه‌وه بلاوکره‌وه‌ته‌وه، که ئه‌مه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

" به‌غدا-عیراق: سه‌دام حسێن گه‌وره‌ترین هێرشی سه‌ربازی خۆی له‌ ماوه‌ی پینچ ساڵدا ده‌ستپێکرد، رۆژی شه‌مه‌ تانک و سه‌رباز و کوپته‌ره‌کانی ره‌وانه‌ی باکووری عیراق کرد بو گرتنی شارێکی سه‌ره‌کی له‌ناو "ناوچه‌ی ئارام"ه کوردییه‌که، که له‌لایه‌ن هێزه‌که‌انه‌وه به‌سه‌ر کردایه‌تی ئه‌مه‌ریکا، پارێزراون. ئه‌م هه‌نگاوه‌ وێرای هۆشداریی توندی ئه‌مه‌ریکا هاته‌ ئاره‌وه.

به‌پێی راپۆرته‌ جیاوازه‌کان، هێزه‌ عیراقییه‌کان که هاوچه‌یمانی پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان بوون، تا شه‌وی شه‌مه‌، ده‌ستیان به‌سه‌ر زۆربه‌ی یان هه‌موو شاری هه‌ولێردا گرتبوو، که شاری سه‌ره‌کی کوردی باکووره‌، به‌لام یه‌کیته‌ی نیشتمانی کوردستان رکابه‌ر رایگه‌یاندا که به‌ره‌نگاری ئه‌و هێرشه‌ ده‌بنه‌وه و هێشتا لانیکه‌م به‌شێکی شار مه‌کیان به‌ده‌سته‌وه‌یه.

ناژانسی هه‌والی عیراقیی که له‌لایه‌ن ده‌وله‌ته‌وه به‌ر یوه‌ده‌بریت، له‌ زاری وته‌پێژێکی نه‌ناسراوی حکومه‌ته‌وه، له‌ دره‌نگانی رۆژی شه‌مه‌دا رایگه‌یانده‌وه: هێزه‌ عیراقییه‌کان "زۆر به‌ زوویی ده‌گه‌رینه‌وه بو پێگه‌کانی پێشوویان". پنتاگۆن رایگه‌یانده‌وه، هێچ زانیارییه‌کیان نییه‌ له‌سه‌ر ئه‌وه‌ی که ئایا هێزه‌کانی عیراق هێچ ئاماژه‌یه‌ک بو پاشه‌کشه‌ پێشاندنه‌ن یان نا.

کشانهوهیهکی خیرا، دهتوانیت روبرو بوونهوه لهگهڵ هیزهکانی رۆژئاوا رابگریت، که له دواى کۆتایی هاتنی شهري كهنداوى فارسهوه له ساڵى ۱۹۹۱ هوه پاسهوانی ناوچه کوردیهکانیان کردوه. ههلمهتی ناوخواى عیراق دژ به کورد بهقهدهشکرکیشیهکهی بو سهر کوهیت ئیستفزازیکى روون نییه. ههلبژاردنی سهرکردهکانی رۆژئاوا، ئەمجاره زۆر ناروونتره.

سهروک کلینتون که له ویلايهتى تینسى بانگهشهی ههلبژاردنهکانی دهکرد، وتی: فهرمانیداوه هیزهکانی ئەهریکا له كهنداوى فارس بخرینه "ئامادهباشیهکی بهزمهوه" و "نیستاکه پیگهکهیان بههیزتر دهکرین".

رادىوى پارتى دیموکراتى کوردستان رایدهگهیهنیت که ئەو گروه شاری ههولێریان گرتوه، بهلام باسی وهرگرنتى هیچ هاوکاریهکی عیراقیهکانی نهکردوه. کریستوفر لی، له ئوفیسی نهتهوه یهکگرتوهکان، کۆمیساری بالآ بو پهناهران له بهغدا، به ئازانسى ئەسۆشیتد پریسی راگهیاندوه، شارهکه پاش بهررگریهکی کهم، کهوتوه.

بهلام عهدنان موفتى وتهبیژی یهکیتی شهوى شهممه له لهندهنهوه رایگهیانده، "هیشتا شهر بهردهوامه و خهڵک بهرهنگاریی دهکهن". گوتهیشی: "سهدان تانکی (عیراقی) لهناو شارهکهدان، سوپا هیزش دهکاته سهر مالهکان و خهڵک دهستگیردهکات".

ئەو دانی بهومدانا، که "سوپای عیراق نزیکه ی ۷۰٪" شارهکهیان "گرتوه، که ۱۸۰ میل له باکووری بهغداوه دووره.

جهلال تالهانی سهرکردهی یهکیتی، که له کهنالی سی ئین ئین قسهی کرد، رایگهیانده: هیزهکانی عیراق ئەوه بنکهی سهرمهکیهیان داگیر کردوه که دهمزگاکانی فریاگوزاری رۆژئاوا له بهشی رۆژئاواى ههولێر بهکاریاندهینا، ههروهها کهمپی زانکۆش له باشووری شارهکه.



ههروههها ینگ ئاماژهی بهوشکردووه، ٤٥٠ تانکی عێراقی، ههروههها کۆپتهره جهنگییهکانیش له هێرشهکهدا بهشداربوون. ئاماژهی بهوشکردووه، له چهند رۆژی رابردودا ٣٠٠٠٠ ههزار هێزی عێراقی وهک ئامادهکار بیهک بۆ هێرشهکه کۆبوونهتهوه.

ئهو گرووپه بهپهله داوای یارمهتیاان له هیزه رۆژئاواییهکان کرد که بنکهکانیاان له تورکیا و کهنداوی فارسه، ههروههها رایانگهیاندووه که "دهیان کهسی سقیل کوژراون". ئهوهشی زیدهکرد که "ههندیکی دیکهش به کۆمهڵ ههڵدین."

ئهو وتی دهکریت ئهو هێرشه بیهته پێشهکییهک بۆ زیندووکردنهوهی "جهنگی جینۆساید"ی حکومهتی عێراق دژی کورد، که کهمینیهکی نهتهوهییان و داوای سهربهخۆیی له بهغدا دهکهن.

ئهو هێرشه، گهورهترین ههلمهتی سهربازی بوو له لایهن سوپای عێراقهوه، لهو کاتهوهی داوای ماوهیهکی کهم له شکستی عێراق له شههری کهنداودا، راپهرینی هاوکاتی کوردی له باکور و موسلمانانی شیعهی له باشوور، سهرکوتکرد.

عێراق، پهناگهی ئارامی کوردهکانی وهک بهربهستیک له بهرههم کاروباری ناوخۆیی خۆیدا دهزانیت، بهلام سهدام بهگشتی رهچاوی ئهو رێنمایانهی کردبوو که له بریارنامهیهکی نهتهوه یهکگرتوووهکاندا دانراون و تا رۆژی شههمه خۆی له پهلاماردانی گهوره بۆ گهڕاندنهوهی ژێر دهسهلاتی خۆی، بهدور گرتبوو. "

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**Eye surgery clears vision for residents**  
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**Sports**  
**John Jacobs seizes lead at Franklin Quest**  
 Page C2

# The Daily Herald

## Tragics take city

**Action comes despite warnings**

By WABEL PALSH  
 Associated Press Writer

**RICHFIELD, Tenn.**—Soldiers Hassan launched his biggest military offensive in five years, sending tanks, troops and helicopters into northern Iraq on Saturday to capture a key city inside the Kurdish "safe haven" protected by U.S.-led forces. The move came despite strong U.S. warnings.

The Iraqi forces, allied with the Kurdistan Democratic Party, had by Saturday night taken most or all of Irbil, the main Kurdish city in the north, according to various reports. But the civil, Patriotic Union of Kurdistan said it was retreating and would still hold a large part of the city.

Iraqi forces "could return to their former positions," said the state-run Iraqi News Agency quoted an unidentified government spokesman as saying late Saturday, but gave no timetable. The Pentagon said it had no information on whether Iraqi troops were showing any signs of pulling back.

A quick withdrawal could avert a showdown with Western forces, which have policed the Kurdish enclave since the end of the Persian Gulf War in 1991. Iraq's

## Going for a spin



Two-year-old Kaitlyn Hartman of Payson and her cousin Nick Lamb, 9, who lives at Hill Air Force Base, take a ride on a roller coaster at Payson City Ord on Saturday afternoon. The festivities conclude Monday with the parade and other activities.

## Deputies working hard to keep courthouse safe

By BRANDY ANDERSON  
 The Daily Herald

Although many come to Provo's 4th District Courthouse to solve their problems amicably, domestic violence and even civil disputes sometimes find their way into the hallways.

Ready to protect the public and disputing parties from one another in the Utah County Sheriff's Department, deputies have effectively surrounded the building to make sure court is kept.

Many do not see the cameras positioned throughout the courthouse or find a sudden appearance of a deputy all too surprising. But a careful watch is kept at all hours to make sure the public is kept safe.

The Administrative Office of the Courts, working through the sheriff's department, has developed an excellent security system, often used by other counties that may need the added security for high profile cases.

All persons who enter the courthouse must pass through a metal detector and have their belongings searched. While a handgun has not been found in some time, the deputies said knives, pepper spray and scissors are frequently found and confiscated while the person is in the courtroom.

From time to time, drugs and drug paraphernalia have also been found. Recently, a deputy found drugs in the possession of a woman scheduled for a court appearance. After her appearance, the woman was released into jail.

Besides the metal detectors, or magnetometer, bags are screened and passed through an X-ray machine. The X-ray machine is used to look for concealed weapons.

Deputy does exist.

Judges are often threatened through phone calls. Deputies at the courthouse said one woman would sue to bring to the justices he was displeased with. He is now in the State Hospital.

But deputies find the biggest problems come not from the criminals, but from the domestic and civil court cases. When it comes to small claims, people want to "take it out," one deputy said. What they don't go right in the courtroom, they take it into the

hall.

Deputies working in Provo's 4th District Courthouse have had to step in and break up fights.

But deputies said they routinely make the rounds of the courthouse, both inside and out, to make sure there are no problems.

The deputies solve incidents as minor as moving a car inappropriately parked in a hallway also to helping a mother who fainted when her baby was set.

But periodic checks of the courthouse and its grounds are not the only ways the deputies keep an eye out on conditions in and near the courthouse. One deputy is always stationed in the control room where television monitors show what is going on — and where the cameras can cover the whole building.

Deputies have found that even their presence in the courthouse serves as a deterrent to those who would cause problems.

One man spotted the deputies at the door of the courthouse and tried to hide drug paraphernalia in the bushes outside. But a deputy spotted him, found the drug paraphernalia and cited the man on a possession charge.

The deputies have also curbed crime by bringing in students who have warrants out for their arrest. Several times officers have entered the courthouse and talked to a clerk to find out when their next court appearance is.

When the court clerks pull up the name on the computer, "WARRANT" flashes. The clerk calls the deputies and they are able to pick up the offender on the spot for a quick trip to jail.

The deputies also receive daily calendars, which list the names of the accused who are scheduled for court appearances. Often, they run the names through the computer and find repeat offenders who may have a court appearance for one charge and a warrant out for their arrest on another. When the offender comes in on the first charge, he gets rebooked into jail on the second.

When fully staffed, the deputies said, they have a court appearance for one charge and a warrant out for their arrest on another. When the offender comes in on the first charge, he gets rebooked into jail on the second.

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Deputy Sheriff Kevin Turner shows how the X-ray machine at the Provo 4th District Court works Friday. The X-ray machine is used to look for concealed weapons.

## Sons were everything to murder victim

By TOM MEHRES  
 The Daily Herald

While friends and family members of shooting victim John Freitag are left to lament his loss, prosecutors are combing through evidence to prepare a case for the suspect's next court appearance.

Freitag's death has impacted neighborhood boys who remember him as the man who used to clear snow from their yards and help them with their yard work.

They also remember the 38-year-old as a man who was trying to overcome a troubled past and raise 10-year-old twin boys on his own.

See TWEN, Page A2.

## Woman in apparent murder-suicide wasn't well

By DONALD W. MEYERS  
 The Daily Herald

Andrew Anthony's last 14 months in Provo were marked by good days and days with nervous and violent fits.

Sometimes, between Thursday night and Friday afternoon, Anthony got an end to it, taking her 12-year-old son with her in what police are calling an apparent murder-suicide.

Police found the bodies of Anthony and her 12-year-old son David in the living room of their 400 South Irvine Friday afternoon after receiving a report that they had killed her son.

But he had paid parole bonds, and there was no sign an invader

had come into the small house.

Helene Draper, a neighbor, said Anthony moved into the neighborhood a year and a half ago from California.

Her father was a social worker, but she had health problems, Draper recalled.

Anthony had fears and mental illness, Draper told The Daily Herald.

Draper also began telling her neighbors that she had a friend, Los Angeles police officer, and a doctor who prescribed medication for Anthony's condition, she began hearing rumors, Draper said.

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**Weather**  
 Clear, but hot as hot. High 84. In upper 80s. Later, Day 76.

**Air Quality**  
 The air quality today was moderate. See Page A2.

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# U.S. troops on high state of alert

**By ROBERT BURNS**  
Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON — The Pentagon said U.S. air and ground forces in the United States and around the world are on high alert to respond to any possible provocation by Iraq, which has threatened to invade Kuwait, and to any possible provocation by Iraq, which has threatened to invade Kuwait, and to any possible provocation by Iraq, which has threatened to invade Kuwait.

President Clinton, on the campaign trail in Tennessee, expressed his concern "at what could be a major escalation of military situation in Iraq and said he ordered all American forces in the region to a high state of alert.

About 20,000 American forces are in the area, mostly aboard Navy ships.

"U.S. forces 'are now being repositioned' Clinton said, although officials at the Pentagon said they had received no orders to send more troops to the area.

Clinton's national security adviser, Michael Deane, said the White House is not ordering any more troops to the area.

Clinton's national security adviser, Michael Deane, said the White House is not ordering any more troops to the area.

CNN that "some Kurdish units may have participated with the Iraqis, a possible alliance that he said 'requires careful observation, full consultation, careful analysis.'"

A list of about 200 Kurds in Iraq, which Saddam Hussein ordered to be moved to the north of the Tigris River, was also reported to have been moved to the north of the Tigris River, was also reported to have been moved to the north of the Tigris River.

U.S. fighters are enforcing international bans on Iraq's air activity over southern and northern Iraq, where anti-government dissidents are active.

We will be prepared for any contingency," White House press secretary Mike McCurry said during a news conference in Washington, D.C.

"There's not any justification for any provocative action from Saddam Hussein."

## IRAQ:

(Continued From Page A1)

lateral campaign against the Kurds is not as clearcut a provocation as its invasion of Kuwait, and Western leaders' choices this time are much more ambiguous.

President Clinton, campaigning in Tennessee, said he had ordered U.S. forces in the Persian Gulf to be "on high alert."

Clinton's national security adviser, Michael Deane, said the White House is not ordering any more troops to the area.

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Adnan al-Mufli said Saturday night from London that "fighting is still going on and people are resisting."

"Hundreds of (Iraq) tanks are moving into the city. The army is storming houses and arresting people," he said.

He acknowledged the Iraqi army had moved about 70 percent of the city, which is 180 miles north of Baghdad.

P.K.U. leader Jafar Talabani, speaking on CNN, said Iraqi forces occupied the main base used by the Kurds after fighting in the western part of Iraq and the city of Erbil.

The P.U.K. said 400 Iraqi tanks, as well as helicopter gunships, had moved into the area in preparation for the attack.

The group urgently appealed for help from the Western forces based in Turkey and the Persian Gulf, and reported "scores of civilians" were being killed.

It said the attack could be a prelude to the revival of the Iraq government "annexation" of the Kurds against the Kurds — a 3.5-million-member ethnic minority seeking independence from Baghdad.

The officials said the largest military campaign by the Iraqi army since it crushed a 1991-92 revolt by the Kurds in the north and south, and that the attack was a prelude to the revival of the Iraq government "annexation" of the Kurds against the Kurds — a 3.5-million-member ethnic minority seeking independence from Baghdad.

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## SUIT:

(Continued From Page A1)

able settlement without having to go to court. Unfortunately, it doesn't look like they're going to get that.

Thurston was dismissed by Gregerson May 29 for allegedly divulging confidential information to a former aide, Michael J. Char, Karl Thurlin, about Councilwoman Sheri Howard's handling of a phone phone call from a man who had denied the allegation and maintained he was only doing his job.

the council's legal adviser when he talked to Thurston. He also refers the allegation that he had been contacted by Gregerson.

Thurston's attorney, John H. Speck, said he is not sure if he is speaking to Thurston, firing a letter to the council to demand to disclose the matter for the public's information.

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Thurston's dismissal.

A majority of council members have also declined to refer Thurston, who was fired last week, to the council office and was paid by the council office for the last two weeks of his employment.

Thurston's attorney, John H. Speck, said he is not sure if he is speaking to Thurston, firing a letter to the council to demand to disclose the matter for the public's information.

but have been unable to reach a settlement that is satisfactory to both parties, Thurston said.

Thurston said he is not sure if he is speaking to Thurston, firing a letter to the council to demand to disclose the matter for the public's information.

## TWINS:

(Continued From Page A1)

"Most of the neighbors around here supported John," said Richard Kierulff, who had been the victim for nearly two years. He could not say if he had seen his father and really loved his boys. It wasn't right that happened to him."

The 37-year-old Las Vegas nurse had also had his life threatened and was trying to come up with enough money to relocate.

A charge arose between Freitag and Heidi Hegen over a drug party Hegen said some friends had at the victim's house in mid-July while he was away on a week-long trip to Las Vegas, neighbors said.

Hegen, who had a speech impediment Freitag's neighbor about three years ago but not spoken with Freitag for some time, said Nancy Reichelbacher, Freitag's closest friend and neighbor.

Shortly after Freitag returned, he and Hegen had a dispute over the party in which the 17-year-old kicked the door in to gain entry into the house, she said.

During the dispute, Hegen threatened Freitag's life, according to Reichelbacher, who was the first on his side after the shooting.

"I'm leaving for his sake" and his own safety. Freitag then took some precautionary measures.

"He filed a report with the police," said Richard Kierulff, who had been the victim for nearly two years. He could not say if he had seen his father and really loved his boys. It wasn't right that happened to him."

The 37-year-old Las Vegas nurse had also had his life threatened and was trying to come up with enough money to relocate.

A charge arose between Freitag and Heidi Hegen over a drug party Hegen said some friends had at the victim's house in mid-July while he was away on a week-long trip to Las Vegas, neighbors said.

Hegen, who had a speech impediment Freitag's neighbor about three years ago but not spoken with Freitag for some time, said Nancy Reichelbacher, Freitag's closest friend and neighbor.

Shortly after Freitag returned, he and Hegen had a dispute over the party in which the 17-year-old kicked the door in to gain entry into the house, she said.

During the dispute, Hegen threatened Freitag's life, according to Reichelbacher, who was the first on his side after the shooting.

"I'm leaving for his sake" and his own safety. Freitag then took some precautionary measures.

but have been unable to reach a settlement that is satisfactory to both parties, Thurston said.

Thurston said he is not sure if he is speaking to Thurston, firing a letter to the council to demand to disclose the matter for the public's information.

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## Ten killed in crash; fire closes Alpine Loop

A 19-year-old teen man was killed in a single-car accident on Provo Canyon Saturday morning.

The Utah Highway Patrol would only release identity details, but said a car carrying three people.

**Police beat**

rolled over at a point 1.5 miles inside the canyon at 10:12 a.m.

One of the car's three occupants, Taylor Whitney Moxley, 19, was killed in the accident.

A CHP dispatcher said she could not release further details, and said the trooper who took the accident report would not be back at duty until Monday.

Utah Police officers were also on the scene, but city police dis-

patchers referred media questions to the highway patrol.

**Fire** — Firefighters were called to a brush fire near Aspen Grove Saturday night.

A Utah County Sheriff's Office dispatcher said the fire started in the Alpine Loop area.

The Alpine Loop was closed to traffic for about 10 hours Saturday night, and Utah Highway Patrol officers from the county, Deem, Provo and Sandance fire departments responded to the blaze.

Utah County Fire Service crews were also dispatched to the scene.

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but have been unable to reach a settlement that is satisfactory to both parties, Thurston said.

Thurston said he is not sure if he is speaking to Thurston, firing a letter to the council to demand to disclose the matter for the public's information.

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بەرپرستیکی دیکهی نەتەوە یەکگرتووەکان کە لەهەولێر جێگیرە، رایگەیاندا کە ئەم بەیانییە هەموو سەربازو تانکە عێراقییەکان، شارەکیان جێهێشتوو، بەلام چەند تانکیک هێشتا لەکەناری شارەکەدا ماونەتەو.

ئەو وتی: " نازانین کە ئەوان دەرۆن یان دەمیننەو."

سەرۆک کلینتۆن، پەيوەندی بە سەرۆکەکانی دیکهی جیهانەو کرد، بەهیوای کۆکردنەوی پشتگیری بۆ وەلامدانەوی ئەم هێرشە عێراق بۆسەر هەولێر. ئەوێ لەو ناوچەیدا یە کە هێزە هاوپیما نەو نێودەوڵەتیەکان بەرابەری ئەمریکا، دەپارێزیت. لەو کاتەوی سەدام سوای هێرشێ سەرەکی بۆ سەرکوێکردنی راپەرینە کوردییەکە کە لەئاکامی ئەو شکستەوی لەدوای جەنگی کەنداوی فارس لەسالی ۱۹۹۱دا، هاتەئارا.

هەرچەندە، سوپای عێراق لەرووی تەکنیکیەو قەدەغە نەکراو کە لەو جێگیربیت، بەلام ئەنجومەنی ئاسایشی نێودەوڵەتی، ناوچە "دژەفرینی" بەسەر هێلی پانی ۳۶ داناو و فرینی فرۆکە عێراقیی بەسەر ئاسمانی ئەو ناوچە قەدەغەکردوو. هەر وەها سوپای عێراق بە شیوەیەکی گشتی، خۆی لەو ناو بەدوور دەگرت هەتاو کە هەفتە پێشوو. هەولێر ۱۲ میل دەکوێتە سەروی هێلی پانی ۳۶.

مایک ماکاری و تەببیزی کۆشکی سپی رایگەیاندا: " حکومەتی ئەمریکی بەشیوەیەکی نزیک راویژ لەگەڵ ئەوانەدا دەکات کە سەبارەت بەئاکاری سەدام حەسین بەشداریی نیگەرانییەکانمان دەکەن."

هەر وەها لەکاتیکی زووتری ئەمڕۆدا، لیۆن پانیتا، گەورە کارمەندی کۆسکی سپی، بەتوندییەکی زیاترەو ئەمژە بەویدا کە ئیدارەکە عێراق دەدات لەبەریمەوی چۆتە ناوچە کوردییەکە باکوور، خایان بەشیوەی سەربازی یان بە دیپلۆماسی.

بانیتا وتی: " نامەوێت بلێم کە یان لەکوێ یان چی، بەلام...و لەمێک هەر دەبیت. هێشتا سەدام مایە هەر شەیه بۆ

گهلهکهی و بۆ ناوچهکه. ئیئمه روونمانکردۆتوه که ئهمه پهسهندکراو  
نییه. ئیئمه ناگادارمانکردۆتوه که نهگهر ئهمجۆره کارانه ئهنجامبات،  
ئهو سزای بهدوادادیت. "

بهرپرستیکی پنتاگون ئاماژهیدا که وهلامدانهوهی ئهمریکی لهوانهیه  
لهدهرهوهی ئهو ناوچهیه بێت که راستهوخۆ قهیرانهکهی تێدایه. ئهو  
وتی: "سهدام خولای که لهگایی ههیه، ئیئمه به شیوهیهک وهلامی  
دهدینهوه که توانای جو لهی کهمیکاتهوه، ههروهها بهشیوهیهک که  
بهرژه وهندبیه بههرهتیبهکانمان بپارێزیت."

روژی یهکشهممه، زیاتر له ۳۰۰ فرۆکهی جهنگی و ۲۰  
کهشتیگهلی جهنگی، لهحالهتی ئهوپهری ئامادهباشیدابوون. تورکیاش  
که به قوولی نیگهرانه، هێزی پالیشتی رهوانهی سههر سنوری خۆی  
لهگهڵ عێراق کردوو داوای کشانهوهی دهستبهجیی عێراقی له  
ههریمهکه کردوه.

روژی یهکشهممه، فرۆکه جهنگیه ئهمریکی و برینانی و  
فرهههسییهکان، فرینی خویان لهناوچهکه دوو هینده کردوه.

عێراق هیرشهکهی خۆی کرده سههر کوردستانی عێراق، ئهوهی  
بهشیکه له ناوچهیهکی دیارییکراو که بهناو لهلایهن کوردانهوه  
کوئترۆلکراوه، ناوچهیهک بهشیوهی کهوانهیهکه له باشووری  
روژههلاتی تورکیا و باکووری عێراق و باکووری روژئاوای ئێران.  
بهیانی زوو روژی شههممه، بهخیرایی هیرش کرایه سههر ههولێر که  
ناوهندی حکومهت کوردیهکهیه.

تاریق عهزیز، جیگری سهرووک وهزیرانی عێراق، وتی که بهغدا  
وهلامی داواکهی پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستانی داوتهوه بۆ  
دهستیهردان لهدرژی رکابههکهی، ئهوهی که یهکیتی نیشتمانی  
کوردستانهوه ماوهیهکی زۆر ههولێری بهدهستهوه بووه و بهو دواپهش  
هاوکاری و چهکی لهئێرانوه بهدهست گهیشتوه.

وتەبىئىيەت بىلەن بىرلىكتە يەككىلى نىشتىمانى كوردستان وتى كە پۇلىسى  
ئەينى مەلۇمات بىلەن گەراون و لىستى ناوى بەرھەستكارانى سەداميان  
بىلەن. ھەر ھەسەتكارانى عىراق ھەستاون بە تەقاندنەھى  
بارەگە سەھەكى حىزبە سىياسىيە ئۆيۈز سىۋنەكان.

بەرپرسانىك لە ئۆيۈز سىۋن و كوردانى عىراقىي وتيان كە سوپاى  
عىراق ئەھ ھەلاتووانەيان لە سوپا ئىعدام كردوۋە كە لە كاتى  
ھىر شەكەدا لەكەمپىكى دەروھى ھەولنر گرتوويانن.

وتەبىئىيەت كۆنگرەي نىشتىمانى عىراقىي، كە ھاۋىيەمانى گرۋپە  
ئۆيۈز سىۋنەكانەھ لەلايەن سىاۋە CIA ھاۋكارىي دەكرىت، لە  
لەندەنەھ، وتى: "نەھت و شەھ سەرباز و ئەفسەر بە بەرچاۋى  
خەلكى قوشتەپەھە ئىعدامكراون." كە ۱۵ مىل لەباشوورى  
ھەولنرەھەپە.

ھەر ھەھ بەگۈيرەي كۆنگرەي نىشتىمانى عىراقىي، يەكەكانى  
ئىستىخباراتى عىراق ھەستاون بە پىشكىنى ئۆفيسەكانى ھكومەتە  
كوردىيەكە و بردنى ھەموو فايل و ئامىرى كۆمپىوتەرو زانىارىيەكانى  
دىكە، ئەھ دىمانانەھى كەپەلامارى عىراقى بۆسەر كۆيت و دەزگاكانى  
لەسالى ۱۹۹۰، دەخستەھە ياد.

ھەر ھەھ جەلال تالەبانى سەركردەي يەككىلى نىشتىمانى كوردستان،  
سەبارەت بە جولەي زرىپۇشەكان و بۆمبارانى گۈندەكانى دەوروبەرى  
سلىمانى كە بارەگا سەھەكىيەكەھى لىيە، ھەولنرەھەپە. بەرپرسانى  
ئەھرىكى جەختىيانكردەھە كە سەدام خۇي بۆ بەرگىرى لەناۋچەكە دژى  
تۆلەسەندەنەھى ئەھرىكا ئامادەكردوۋە.

بەرپرسانى ئەھرىكى وتيان تەننەت ئەگەر ئەھش نەكات و  
ھىزەكانىشى لەھەرىمەكە بىكىشپتەھە، ئەھ لەدەروھى دەسەلاتى  
سەدامە كە بتوانىت رىگىرى لە تۆلەسەندەنەھە لەپاى كارەكانى بكات."





### Iraqi Troops Begin Leaving Ravaged City

Continued From A-1

parallel prohibiting Iraqi forces from entering the airport near the region of the city and large avoided the sector until it was freed 10 miles north of the 39th parallel. "The U.S. government is consulting closely with those who share our concerns about Hussein's behavior," White House spokesman Mike McCurry said. Earlier in the day, White House Chief of Staff Leon Panetta suggested even more strongly that the administration would push Iraq for the incursion into its Kurdish north — either militarily or diplomatically. "I don't want to say when or if we will act," he said. "There will be a response. Saddam Hussein continues to remain a threat to his own people, and to the region and we have made it clear that this is unacceptable," Panetta said. "We have warned him that if he took that kind of action there will be consequences."

A Pentagon official insisted that the U.S. response might be beyond the immediate crisis area. "Hussein has a proclivity to be bold. We will respond in ways that constrain his ability to act in ways that protect our vital interests."

Iranian television news programs and 20 warships in the Persian Gulf on a high state of alert Monday, and an alarmed Turkey stepped reinforcements to its northern Iraq and northeast Iraq early Saturday morning and quickly ordered Iraq, the east of Kurdish government.

Iran characterized the offensive as a limited military operation and warned the United States to stay out. Iraq Deputy Prime Minister Tariq Aziz said Baghdad was responding to a request from the United Nations Security Council (UNSC) to intervene against the Iraqi National Congress, a U.S.-backed and U.S.-funded coalition of Iraqi opposition groups, said in London.

Iraqi intelligence units also were searching Kurdish government offices and hauling away files, computers and other information in recent remission of Iraq's rights on Kuwait facilities after the 1990 invasion, according to the Iraqi National Congress. As PJFK leader Jalal Talabani also reported armor movements and artillery shelling of villages near his stronghold in Halabja, U.S. officials announced that the region from U.S. retaliation. But even if he is not, he pulls his troops out of the region. U.S. officials said it is beyond Saddam's power now to prevent retaliation for his actions.

### Uncertain Age Makes U.S. a Nervous Wreck

Continued From A-1

searching for coherence." "It's often hard for people to accept the fact that we're the only super power on an overextended, stretched-out, over-extended, over-extended system of global power — but we're not doing it for the country's changing dramatically."

The differences may not be as profound as during the late 19th century — when the great corporations grew up, America became industrialized and immigrants arrived in floods — or as vivid as during the Great Depression. But in vital ways, America is a different place.

"I think that's why we're so uneasy," says Mark Whitman, a historian from Baltimore. "Very profound changes are taking place that we don't quite understand."

Even white-collar workers can no longer count on a career with one company. Whether they do a good job or the company is profitable, they are vulnerable to layoffs. Gone are the days of corporate loyalty. Most Americans say they are paying more for medical care than five years ago. The middle class has fewer assets, less a cushion in times of trouble. The income gap is widening: more people on the high end, more on the low end, fewer in the middle.

These shifts create financial insecurity, even while the economy grows. The nation's world has changed, people also are struggling with social changes in their lives at home. Most children have two working parents. They get less adult supervision and live in a world of greater threats — from violent TV programming and divorce to drug poverty and handguns.

Some politicians concede the answer is a return to "family values" — but many analysts say the issue is far more complex. It's not about such portents social issues as abortion, flag-burning and school prayer. It's about how Americans want a return to truths that seem lost — about how to live a good, meaningful life. They want children to be confident and honest. They want com-

munities to be close-knit. They want less materialism, more emphasis on integrity and character. "We're seeing a decline in the period of cultural decline," says the nonpartisan Institute for Public Policy. "Our family system is getting weaker, we're not doing it for the country's children. There's a breakdown of socially constructed and decline of civility."

Some were very concerned that we're getting a Carter, says Michael Harrison, editor of *Foreign Affairs*, which focuses on talk radio, "and that kids are not being taught what they need to know to grow up to be decent human beings."

During the 1992 election, the economy lock center stage. The country was coming out of a recession and President George Bush lost support for failing to understand the sting of the downturn. "It's the economy, stupid!" The prevailing mood was uneasy then, and voters delivered a rebuke to traditional politicians when almost 20 million people backed a third-party candidate, billionaire Ross Perot.

In 1996, the stakes might well be "It's the culture, stupid," says the president of the Institute for American Values, who points out that in polls of 10 Americans say the country is on the wrong track. Blankenship contends that the greatest discontent arises in issues of values, ethics and family.

Blankenship agrees on issues of values, ethics and family. Valt, the professor from Towson, says, "I'm not sure about the larger picture, but I think about the family unit as the call back to family values is also a call back to the security and stability — as a counterweight to the tensions and changes that are coming about now." Valt says.

Increasingly, people are re-founded by the work children and family. The teen-age homicide rate has more than doubled since 1970. One in 10 teens reported carrying a weapon to school in 1993. One in 10 children lives in poverty. "It would take my children the same kind of childhood I had — and I don't think that's possible," worries Kim Gost, 33, who says she and her husband moved from Orlando, Fla., to a smaller city nearby, mostly so their children could be safe.

The generation that is expected more prosperity than any other in American history: the baby boom-

ers, those Americans who were born in the postwar 30 years of 1946 to 1964. "None of us are the parents themselves and are in a period of midlife and family is shaky, in particular, who often feel that the country's economic system is getting weaker, we're not doing it for the country's children. There's a breakdown of socially constructed and decline of civility."

The presidential candidates may be much excited — but the question remains: Can they tap into the deeper discontent? President Clinton has come forward with the deeper discontent: smoking, drugs, schoolchildren in uniforms, inopac, corrupt, on-teen-agers and tax deductions for college costs.

Likewise, Bill Dole gave "the old values" a big push, in his speech at the 1992 convention and also proposed tax breaks for college students and incentives for college to attend private grade schools.

"There's a lot of talk about issues that touch on people's concerns but I wonder to what extent they actually address people's concerns," says Harwood, the independent analyst, who is based in the Washington suburbs. "I wonder if the conversation is too shallow."

In the end, says Sherry Bethel Jeffe, a political analyst at Claremont Graduate School in California, voters may simply opt for the candidate who best portrays himself as America's "daddy-in-chief."

An Americans look for an anchor in the time of change. They often voted in the 1980s — when families stayed together, and people didn't divorce, and neighbors watched each other's children. It is a long time since there was more hope, less crime and drugs, more people at PTA meetings.

Some forget that, in the 1960s, minorities and women were shut out of jobs and colleges — and that the booming economy made it easier for them to create personal government programs. Michael Elliott, author of *The Day After Tomorrow*, a book that explores the U.S. competition, concludes in an interview: "The crowd is not what they were. The postwar years were wonderful. The crowd is not what they were."

America needed the rupture of the 1960s and 1970s to break open into a more inclusive society, contends sociologist Raymond J. Mears, who founded the social contract movement. "The old values are not to be replaced the old values with any new understandings," he says.

In 1996, analysts say, the good news is that America is rethinking its consensus on some issues — such as the limitations of nuclear weapons and that the public, after a period of deep anger, wants the blame to end.

"Many people are now coming onto their front porch and saying, 'I know I need to take more responsibility for our society,'" says Harwood, the policy analyst. "It's clear America is not looking for a president to solve all the

problems that plague communities and families experts say. But in 1996 voters want a leader who understands the force of change — and the anxiety it breeds. "We can't go back to Carter and Harriet, we can't go away with technology, we are a country of 250 million people, we do have an explosion of information," Harwood says. The bottom line is "How do we take our standing values and institutions and update them for a new time?"

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## کلینتون کاره‌که‌ی شیواند، پینگه کوردییه‌که‌ی دا به سه‌دام

رۆژنامه‌ی ئهمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی یه‌کشه‌ممه‌ی ریکه‌وتی ۸ی سنپتەمبەر/ ئه‌یلولی ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوه‌ته‌وه، بابەتیکێ "ترودی روبین"ی به‌و ناو‌نیشانه‌ی سه‌ره‌وه دابه‌زاندوو که له واشنگتۆن پۆستدا بلاویکردۆته‌وه، که ئهمه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

"له پایزی پێشوودا، دپلۆماتیکێ پله‌نزمی ئهمریکی نێردرا بۆ دبلن له ئێرله‌ندا، بۆ هه‌ولدان له‌پیناوا ناو‌بژێوانی هه‌ردوو گروپه‌که کوردییه دژبه‌ره‌که‌ی باکووری عێراق. دوا‌جار ئهو به‌شپوه‌یه‌کی گشتی گه‌یشه‌ ریکه‌وتن‌نامه‌یه‌کی شه‌قوشر، به‌لام ریکه‌وتنه‌که پێویستی به ۴ ملیۆن دۆلار بوو تاوه‌کو بۆ ئهو چاودێره سه‌ربه‌خۆیا‌نه خه‌رجبکری‌ت که هه‌ردوولا له یه‌کتەر جیا‌ده‌که‌نه‌وه.

وه‌زاره‌تی ده‌ره‌وه‌ی ئهمریکا وتی: ببورن! ئهمریکا پاره‌که‌ی نییه، بۆچی کورده دژبه‌ره‌کان، خه‌رجییه‌که له‌نیوان خۆیان دابه‌شناکه‌ن؟!

هه‌ریه‌ک له گروپه کوردییه‌کان ئاماده‌بوون نیو ملیۆن به‌دن، به‌لام ئهو گه‌رفته‌ی که کێ باقی دیکه‌ی پارمه‌که بدات، هه‌رگیز چاره‌سه‌ر نه‌کرا. به‌هه‌ش هه‌رگیز هه‌یچ چاودێریک بۆ جیاکردنه‌وه‌ی لایه‌نه‌کان نه‌نێردرا.

به‌شپوه‌یه، کێشه‌که به ئارسته‌ی توندوتیژیی رۆیشه‌ت، کاتیک یه‌کێک له گروپه‌کان که پارته‌ی دیموکراتی کوردستانه "پدک" سوپاکه‌ی سه‌دام حسینی بانگکرد بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی یارمه‌تی بدات له گرتنی شاریکی سه‌ره‌کی له باکووری عێراق و سه‌ندنه‌وه‌ی له‌گروپه‌که‌ی تر.

ئهمریکا بۆ سزدانی سه‌دام ده‌ستپوه‌ردانیکرد، ده‌یه‌ها موشه‌که‌ی کروزێ ته‌قاند (ئامانه‌که‌کان له باشووری عێراق بوون). هه‌ریه‌ک له‌وه

موشه‌خانه یهک ملیۆن دۆلار خه‌رجی‌که‌یه‌تی. بۆ به‌راورد‌کردنی تیچووی موشه‌که‌کان و ئه‌وانه‌ی چاودێره‌کان، پێویستی به‌ پسپۆری بیرکاری نییه. و ته‌بیژی هه‌ردوو گروپه‌که‌ جه‌ختیان له‌وه‌ کرده‌وه‌ که چاودێره‌کان ده‌یان‌توانی به‌ر به‌و شه‌ره‌ی دوا‌یی بگرن.

ئیمه‌ هه‌رگیز نازانین، ئه‌وه‌ی ده‌زانین ئه‌وه‌یه‌ که ئهم دوا خوله‌ی شه‌ری کورد، کیشیه‌کی گه‌وره‌ی بۆ ئیداره‌ی کلینتۆن دروست‌کردوه‌، زیده‌تر له‌وه‌ی که دانی پێدا ده‌نریت. مملانی کوردیه‌که‌ به‌شپوه‌یه‌کی جدی هه‌ول‌ه‌کانی ئه‌مریکا بۆ کۆنترۆڵ‌کردنی سه‌دام یان لابردنی، تیک‌ده‌دات.

ئه‌مریکا له‌پاش جه‌نگی که‌نداو، پارمه‌یه‌کی زۆری خه‌رج‌کرد بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی باکووری عێراق بکاتر "ناوچه‌یه‌کی ئارام" که له‌لایین فرۆکه‌ی هاوپه‌یمانانه‌وه‌ پاسه‌وانی ده‌کران تاوه‌کو ئهم ناوچه‌یه‌ بپێته‌ بنکه‌یه‌ک بۆ ئۆپۆزیسیۆنی عێراقی. ئیستا که شه‌ری نیوخۆیی کورد، ده‌رفه‌ت ده‌داته سه‌دام، هه‌روه‌ها ئێرانی دراوسی، بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی ده‌سه‌لاتیان بگێرنه‌وه‌.

ئه‌بوونی هه‌ولی چه‌سپاو و جدی ئه‌مریکا، بۆ ناو‌بژیوانی له‌نیوان کوردان، عێراقیه‌کان و ئه‌وانی دیکه‌ی له‌ رۆژه‌لاتی ناوه‌راستدا قه‌ناعه‌ت‌پێ‌کردوه‌، که سه‌رۆک کلینتۆن به‌راستی نایه‌وێت سه‌دام لابه‌ریت. نه‌گه‌ر ئه‌مریکیه‌کان گرنگی به‌وه‌ نه‌ده‌ن، ئیدی بۆچی ئه‌ندامانی ئۆپۆزیسیۆنی عێراقی یاری به‌گیا‌نی خویانه‌وه‌ بکه‌ن و شه‌ری سه‌دام بکه‌ن.

پاش ته‌قینه‌وه‌که‌ی هه‌فته‌ی رابردوو، ولیه‌م پێری وه‌زیری به‌رگری ئه‌مریکا وتی: ئه‌مریکا نایه‌وێت له‌شه‌ری نیوخۆیی کوردا به‌شدار بپێت. راسته‌، کورده‌کان – ئه‌وان گه‌له‌یکی ۲۲ ملیۆنی چیا‌یی به‌هیزن و به‌شپوه‌یه‌کی سه‌ره‌کی له‌نیوان تورکیا و ئێران و عێراقدا دابه‌شبوون- زۆربه‌ی جار له‌ مملانی توندوتیژه‌وه‌ ده‌گه‌لێن، به‌لام ده‌توانیت به‌ دیپلۆماسیه‌کی زیره‌خانه‌ له‌ مملانی ۳،۵ ملیۆن کوردی

عیراقد، ناوژیوانی بکات، ئەگەر ئیدارەى ئەمریکی سەرنجیكى زیاتری بدایە.

لەبری ئەوه، پێدەچیت که کۆشکی سپی درەفەتەکهی لەدەستچووینت بەهۆی پەرسەندنی کیشمەکیشەکان لەباکووری عێراق لە نیوان گروپە کوردییەکان لەماوەی ئەم چەند مانگەى دواییدا. سەرچاوەیەک دەئیت "بێئومیدی کورد لە واشنگتۆن هەبوو."

ئاگادارکردنەوهکان روون بوو بۆ هەرکەسێک سەیر بکات، دوو گروپە کوردییەکه- پشتیان بەو هاوکارییە نێودەولەتییانە دەبەست که لە تورکیاوه دەهاتنە ناوه- سەرەتا شەریان لەسەر ئەوه دەستپیکرد که چون باج و داهاى ئەو کالایەنەى لە سنووری تورکیاوه دیت، لەنیوان خۆیاندا داوەشەکن. بەو دوايیه، گرژیی و ئالۆزییەکان سەبارەت بەس پرسە سەریانەهێندەوه که کام گروپ زۆرتر سوودمەندییە لەبەریاری نەتەوه یەکگرتووکان بۆ لا بردنی هەندەکی قەدەغەکردنی نەوتی عێراق. رێژەیهکی سەدی داهاتهکه بۆ کورد تەرخانکراوو، ئەوانەى هەروها دەتوانن سوودمەندن لەتێپەربوونی نەوتی عێراق بە خاکەکیاندا بۆ تورکیا.

ئیدارەى ئەمریکی، وهک بەلادەستتیکى راستەقینە لەکوردستانی عێراق، لە پێگەیهکی وادایه که فشار لە کوردان بکات که لەسەر ئەو داهازانە ریکبکەون. لەبری ئەوه تیمی سەرۆک کلینتۆن بابەتی ناکوکییەکانی کوردیان دابوو بە دەستی بەرپرسیانیکی ئاستنرم.

لە هەستکردن بە بێبایەخی ئەمریکی، ئەوانی دیکە هەڵپەیانکرد بۆ ئەوهى بۆشاییەکهی کوردستانی عێراق بربکەنەوه. تورکیا لە سنوورەوه سوپای رهوانەکرد بۆ راوهدونانی گەریلا کورده تورکییەکان. لە حوزەیراندا، ئێران چەند هەزار سەربازیکی نارده نێو کوردستانی عێراق بە بیانوی راوهدونانی یاخییوووه کورده ئێرانییەکان.

ههروهه ئيران هاوپهيمانيهكي شاراوهي لهگهڵ يهكيتي نيشتماني كوردستان "ينك" پيكهينا، هههه مهسعود بارزاني سهروكي پدكي توقاند، بهتاييهت كاتييك ئهمريكا لهوه لامدانوهه شكستهينا. هههه هوكاري دا به بارزاني كه گومان له چه سپاويي ئهمريكا بكات. لهسالي 1975دا، ئهمريكا و ئيران، پشتيان له هاوپهيمانيي كرد لهگهڵ باوكيداو بهجيانهيشت لهبهردهم تولهسندنهوهيهكي خراپ لهبهغداوه. كاتييك له سالي 1993دا، بارزانيم له واشنگتون بيني، راشكاوانه پيي وتم: ههه پرواناكات كه متمانه به ئهمريكا بكات.

پيش ههفتهي پيشوو، وهزارهتي دهرهوه كو بوونهوهيهكي لهسهه ئاستي بالادا كردوه بو ناوبژيواني لهنيوان ينك و پدك دا. زور درهنگ كهوت، چونكه بارزاني بهراستي هاوپهيمانيي لهگهڵ خراپترين دوزمهكهي كردبوو كه سهدام بوو.

بارزاني وتي كه هاوپهيمانيهكه كاتييه و ههه هيشتا لهبهردهم ناوبژيواني ئهمريكادا والايه. بهلام ههگهر ئهمريكاش ئارهزووي هههه بكات، ئيستا كارهكه لهبهردهميدا فره گرانتربوو. سهدام بووني خوي گهراندوتهوه بو باكووري عيراق. بههوي بي بايهخيي و چههه مليون دولاريكي كههوه، تيمهكهي كلينتون دهرههتي پتهوكردني ئوپوزسيونيان دزي سهدام، لهدهستدا. "



## كوردانى سىقىل له پاش پيشره و بيه كورد بيه كه هه لدين

له ژير ئهم ناو نيشانهى سهرموه دا، رۆژنامهى "The Daily Herald" كه له رۆژى 9ى سنپته مبهرى 1996دا، چاپ و بلاو كراوه ته وه، و تاريكى "بريان مورفى" نووسه رى ئه سوش بيه ت بريسي بلاو كرده ته وه كه له شاروچكه ي دوكانه وه له عيراق نووسيو بيه تى و ده لى ت:

" گروپى كوردى كه سه دام حسين پشتى وانى ده كات و ئه مپرو له تى كى شاندى سهر بازى ئاشكرادا راوى گروپى كوردى مپل و دژبه رى خوى دهنى ت، به سوارى تراكتورو ته كسى و ته نانه ت مار سى دسى سيدانى ش، به ئاراسته ي رۆژه لات دهرۆن.

چه ندين هه زار خه لكى سقىل له به ر پاراستنى گيانى خويان، به ره شاروچكه كانى باكوورى رۆژه لات هه لاتوون، پاش ئه وه ي پارتى ديموكراتى كوردستان، هاو پهمانى سوپاى عيراق، له هير شه كان خوى دژى يه كى تى نيشتمانى كوردستان، به رده وام بوو.

ولاته يه كگرتووه كان روونى كرده وه كه له پلانىدا نيه له شه ره كاندا لاپهنگرى هچ به ك له گروپه كورد بيه كان بكات. ئه مپرو سه رو ك كلينتون وتى كه ئه مپرو وولاته يه كگرتووه كان هه ر شتى ك ده كات كه پى بكرى ت بوئه وه ي يارمه تى هه ركه سى ك بدات پى وى ست بكات له عيراق بچى ته دهره وه.

پدك به پاپشتى به ي هيزه كانى سه دام، چاوى له وه به سه ركه مو تى كى يه كجارى له باكوورى عيراق بى نى ته دى. ئه گه ر ئه مه روو بدات، ئه وه سه دام حسين بو يه كه م جار كارى گه رى به سه ر باكوورى عيراقه وه ده بى ت له و كاته وه ي كه هيزه كانى هاو پهمانه كان به سه ر كرده يه تى ئه مريكا، "ناوچه ي ئارام"ه كورد بيه كه پان له پاش جهنگى كه نداو له سالى 1991دا، له وى دامه زراند.

نهمرو کاروانیکی دووردریژ له پيشمه‌رگه‌کانی پارتي به‌ئاراسته‌ی رۆژه‌لات ده‌رۆيشتن. که پارچه په‌رۆی زه‌رد به تفه‌نگه‌کانيانه‌وه بوو. ئه‌وان زۆر په‌له و په‌رۆش بوون بۆ راوه‌دونانی دوژمنه پاشه‌گشه‌کردوه‌که‌يان.

هيزمه‌کی پدک، رووبه‌رووی چهند که‌ميينیکی که‌م بوونه‌وه، به‌لام به‌خيرا‌یی له‌ريگه‌ی توپه قورسه‌کانيانه‌وه ئه‌و گردانه‌يان کيلا که به پوش و په‌لاشی زه‌رد ته‌نرابوون. ئامانجی سه‌ره‌کیی ئه‌وان دوکان بوو، که ناوه‌ندی سيستمی کاره‌با و ناو بوو له‌باکووری عيراق. توپه‌او‌يزه‌کان، شاروچکه‌که‌يان توپيارانکرد که به شيوه‌يه‌کی لاواز به‌رگريی لنده‌کرا. ئه‌وان له‌دووری چهند ميلیکی که‌م کۆبوونه‌وه، له‌کاتیکدا ئاماده‌کاربيان ده‌کرد بۆ ئه‌وه‌ی کۆنترۆلی بکه‌ن

واده‌رده‌که‌ويت که هيزه عيراقيه‌کان له پشتی هيلی هيرشی پارتييه‌وه بجولين. به‌لام به‌گویره‌ی زۆربه‌ی گيرانه‌وه‌کان، عيراقيه‌کان رۆليکی سه‌ره‌کيان له شه‌ره‌کاندا نه‌ده‌گيرا.

ئه‌گه‌ر پدک دوکان به‌گريت، پنده‌چيت که به‌ره‌و سلیمانی بروات، ئه‌وه‌ی ٦٠ ميل له باشووری رۆژه‌لاتی دوکانه‌وه‌يه‌و پيگه‌ی سه‌ره‌کیی په‌کيتيه‌ی له‌ناوچه‌که‌دا.

پاسه‌وانه‌کانی يونين له‌سلیمانی وتیان که پنده‌چيت زۆربه‌ی سه‌ره‌کرده‌کانی په‌کيتی له‌سنووره‌وه هه‌لاتين بۆ ئيران. هه‌رچه‌نده، جه‌لال تاله‌بانی سه‌ره‌کرده‌ی په‌کيتی بوخوی له‌سلیمانی مابووه‌وه. ئه‌و تکاپه‌کی به‌په‌له‌ی کرد بۆ هاوکاريی به‌لام پنده‌چيت به‌ناچاريی ئه‌و راستيه‌ی په‌سه‌ندکردبیت که ئه‌مه‌ريکيه‌کان نايه‌ن تاوه‌کو رزگاری بکه‌ن.

ئه‌و به‌گروپیک له رۆژنامه‌کانی وت، له‌ئيوياندا APTV: " و‌لاته په‌گرتووه‌کان له‌دوخیکی وادا نيه‌ه که ريگريی له پيشه‌روه‌يه‌که‌ی پدک بکات، که بوخوی پشتگيرييه‌کی راسته‌وخويه بۆ سه‌دام."



ههروهه ها ئهوه ئهوهشی خسته بهرچاو که پاش ئهوهی شهڕهکان  
کووتاییدیت، مهسعود بارزانی لهو هاوپهیمانییهی لهگهڵ سهدام پهشیمان  
دهبیتهوه.

یهکیتی رایگهیانده که گوایه ههزاران کهس لهو شاروچکهیهی که  
یهک شهممه گیرا، ههروهه ههزارانی دیکهش لهسلیمانی ههلاتوون و  
دهترسن بهو زووانه هیرش بکریتته سهڕ شارهکه.

شازاد سائیب، بهرپرسی یهکیتی له ئهنقهره له تورکیا وتی: "  
لهکاتیکدا سوپای عیراقیی ئامادهکاریی دهکات بو هیرش، ژمارهیهکی  
زۆر لهخهڵک شارهکه جیدههیئن.

بهلام له شاروچکهی کويسنجهق کهپارتی یهکشهممه گرتی، تهنیا  
چل خیزان ههلاتوون.

رۆبیرت کۆلفیل، وتهبیژی کۆمیساری بالای نهتهوه یهکگرتووهکان  
بو کاروباری پهنابهراڤ له جنیف وتی که نزیک به ۳۰۰۰ کهس  
لهناوچهکه ههلاتوون، بهلام تاكو ئیستا کۆچیکی بهکۆمهڵ نییه.

کۆلفیل وتی: "تاكو ئیستا قهیرانیکی مرۆیی لهئارادا نییه و ئیمه بو  
ههڕ ئهگهڕیک ئامادهکاریی دهکهین."

NBC leads networks with 20 Emmy wins

Utah possible site of new observatory

Teamwork behind Miss America crown

Sampiras, Graf claim titles at U.S. Open

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The Daily Herald

Central Utah's Newspaper for 125 Years, Provo, Utah - A Public, Community Newspaper

Centennial makes fair event to remember

By SHEILA HANZICH
SALT LAKE CITY — It twined its whiskers and gently tipped cool water. It then flicked Amanda's right index finger with...

Mission accomplished



A member of The Mob, a pentathlon team from Dubai, U.A.E., stands at a gun against the 50' x 50' x 10' monument to the 100th anniversary of the U.S. Marine's first landing on Guadalcanal...

Hurricane gains momentum, heads for land

By BARION LLOYD
Associated Press Writer
SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico — Hurricane Hortense, after rerouting up to hurricane speed, stalked off the U.S. Virgin Islands today and threatened Puerto Rico...

Car crash kills 3, injures 2

From DAILY HERALD STAFF
WILLARD — Three men died and two others were critically injured Sunday morning when their car crashed on route to a friend's LDS Church mission homecoming celebration...

Flooding threatens drenched East coast

By TED ANTHONY
AP National Writer
RALEIGH, N.C. — Normal city's trappers were creeping back into North Carolina's storm-ravaged inland communities today as power wobbled and water continued to rise...

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Iraqi civilians flee in wake of Kurdish advance

By BRYAN BURPHY
Associated Press Writer
DOKAN, Iraq — Traveling in the rear of a truck, a Kurdish fighter backed by British and U.S. planes chased after a rival Kurdish group today in an apparent military rout.
Fearing for their safety, several thousand civilians fled northeastern towns as the Kurdistan Democratic Party, an ally of the Iraqi military, pressed its offensive against the rival Patriotic Union of Kurdistan...

headset east today with strips of yellow ribbons — the faction's color — tied to their guns. They, in the rear, of their retreating and dugout foe. The PUK, KDP forces encountered a series of ambushes and quickly retreated.
Related story, Page A4
He also predicted that KDP leader Mansour Barzani would come to regret his alliance with Saddam after the fighting was finished.
The Patriotic Union claimed that thousands of people fled the towns captured Sunday, and thousands more were fleeing Sunday in a huge exodus from the city as the Iraqi army makes progress there, said Shihab Sabi, a PUK official in Ankara, Turkey.
But in Erbil, Iraq, a spokesman for the KDP on Sunday only said the KDP was "ready" to meet with Mayor Akbar Jassal.
Regan, Calif., a spokesman

Tonight party cloudy with a slight chance of rain. Low to upper 50s. See Page A3.
Air Quality
No air quality forecast was available as of this morning. The ozone forecast calls for a reading in the good range. See Page A3.

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## تالانیهکانی پارتنی له سلیمانی

رۆژنامهی ئەمریکی "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژی چوارشهممهی ریکهوتی ۱۱ی سێپتەمبەری ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاو بکراو هتەوه، و تارێکی "بریان مورفی" بهناونیشانی "سهدام لیخۆشبوون بۆ کورد دهردهکات" له لاپه‌ره‌ی پینجه‌می خۆیدا بلاوکردۆته‌وه، که ئەمه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

سلیمانی - عیراق: " له‌کاتی‌دا هاوپه‌یمانه کوردیه‌که‌ی عیراق، سه‌رقالی نمایشکردنی تالانیه‌کانی خۆیان، که له‌تاقمێکی رکا به‌ریان گرتوه- له‌نیویاندا کورسی ته‌والیت و گۆپێ دیش- سه‌دام حسین رێگرییه‌کانی بازرگانی و ها توچۆی له هه‌رێمه پریکێشه‌که هه‌لگرت.

ئهو په‌نا به‌رانه‌ی هه‌لاتبوون، کاتیک پارتنی دیموکراتی کوردستان، شه‌وی دووشه‌ممه، چووبوو له‌ نیو شاره‌که‌ی باکووری رۆژه‌لاته‌وه، رۆژی دواتر گه‌رانه‌وه. پاش ئەوه‌ی له‌وه دانیابوونه‌وه که سوپای عیراق له‌گه‌ڵ هاوپه‌یمانه‌که‌یدا نه‌هاتوه.

پاسه‌وانی سنووری ئێران وتی که ئەم‌رۆ ۵۰۰ کوردی عیراقیی چوونه‌ته نیو ئێران. ئەمه پریکی که‌مه له‌ ۳۰۰ هه‌زار که‌سه‌ی، که وه‌ک به‌رپرسیکی نه‌ته‌وه یه‌کگرتوه‌کان مه‌زه‌نده‌ی کردوون، که له‌سلیمانی هه‌لاتوونه‌ته چیا سه‌خته‌کانی سنووره‌که.

به‌پێی قسه‌ی پاسه‌وانه‌کانی سنوور که نه‌یانویست ناوی خۆیان بده‌ن، له‌نیو ئه‌وانه‌ی بۆ ئێران په‌ریونه‌ته‌وه، جه‌لال تاله‌بانی رابه‌ری یه‌کیتی نیشتمانی کوردستانی به‌زیوه، له‌گه‌ڵ ده‌یان که‌س له‌ فهرمانده‌ بالاکانی حیزبه‌که‌ی.

به‌رپرسیکی نه‌ته‌وه یه‌کگرتوه‌کان وتی: به‌شێکی زۆری ئاواره‌کانی سلیمانی رۆژی سێشه‌ممه ده‌ستیان به‌ گه‌رانه‌وه کردووه.

ئەوانە گەراونەتەوہ بۆ بېینی ئەو لەشکرە سەرکەوتووی کە شانازی بەدەسەلاتە نوێیەکیەوہ دەکات و بەشەقامەکاندا نمایش دەکات و بارەگای سەرەکی یەکی نیشتمانی تالانەکات.

سەدام بۆ لەمپەرخستتە بەردەم کۆچی بەکۆمەڵ، لیخۆشبوونی گشتی بۆ ھەموو کورد راگەیان و تەگەرەکانی بەردەم ھاتوچۆ و بازرگانی لەنیوان عێراق و ناوچە نیمچە ئۆتۆنۆمە کوردییەکی ھەلگرت کە لەکۆتایی جەنگی کەنداو بەسەریدا سەپینرا بوو.

ئەم لیخۆشبوونە بووہ مایە گالتهجاری لەلایەن تەبەیی و مزارەتی دەروەی ئەمریکا. نیکۆلاس بێرنز لە واشنگتۆن وتی: "ئەو بیریاری لیخۆشبوونی بۆ زاواکە دەکرد کەچی دواتر ئیعدامی کرد. ئەو پێنج سأل پێشتر ویستی لەگەڵ کورد ئاشتەوایی بکات، کەچی دواتر ھەولیدا تیکیان بشکینیت."

وێرای ئەوہی سەدام و ھاوپەیمانە کوردەکی، بە روونی و کاریگەرە ئەو "ناوچە ئارام"ە یان تیکداوہ کە ھێزە ھاوپەیمانەکان بەرابەری ئەمریکا پێنج سأل لەمەوبەر دایانمەزراند.

ئەو شەرەی دوایی لە ۳۱ی ئابدا دەستپێکرد، کاتیکی سوپای عێراقی لەگەڵ پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستاندا ھاوکارییانکرد، بۆ گرتنی پایتەختە دفاکتۆکە.

پێدەچیت پەلامارە موشەکییەکی ئەمریکا لەھەفتە رابردوودا، سوپای عێراقی لەو سەماندییەوہ کە شەری زیاتر بکات، ھەروەھا بێرنز وتی کە لەوانیە راویژکارە ئیستیبخاراتی و سەربازی و ئەمنییەکان لەھاوکاریکردنی پارتیدا، بار دەوامبوون.

لە سلیمانی، پارتی بەبۆنە سەرکەوتتە بەرفراوانەکی خۆیەوہ ئاھەنگی گێرا و نمایشی ھەرمەکی کرد. چەکارەکانی تەنگی -AK 47 یان ھەلگرتبوو، بەسواری پیکاپەوہ بەسەر شەقامەکاندا بە پەرۆ و لاقیتە زەردەوہ، دەسورانەوہ. ژن و مندال کراسی زەردیان لەبەرکردبوو کە رەنگی پارتییە، ھەروەھا بازرگانەکانیش بەپەلە

وینەى مەسعود بارزانی سەرۆكى پارتییان كردبوو نە پەنجەرەى دوكانەكانیانەوه.

۲۰ میل لەباکووری رۆژھەلاتی سلیمانی، چەكدارانی پارتی ھەموو شتیکیان تالان دەكرد. ئەوان ھەرچی بەھەى دەیان توانی ھەلییگرن، لەبارەگاھەى یەكیتی نیشتمانی ھاو پەیمانی ئێران، تالانیان دەكرد.

چەكدارەكان و لادییەكان كەوتبوونە راکیش راکیشی ئێر كۆنڤیشن و وایەر و بۆری و تەنەت گۆپەكانیش. پیاویكى پیر لارەلار نەیدەتوانی بروت سێ گۆپی شیریی و گۆزەھەكى سیرامیک و كورسییەكى تەوالیتی ھەلگرتبوو.

لەو نزیکانە، قیلاھەكى دوو نەومی تالەبانی رابەى یەكیتی لیبوو، تالانچیەكان بار ھەلگەرەكانیان پركردبوو لەو قەنەفانەى كە لەوێران كاراییەكەدا بەتەواوی لەئاگرەكەدا نەسووتابوون. چەكدارانی پارتی وتیان كە تالەبانی خۆى فەرمانی بەسووتاندنی قیلاھەى داو، كاتێك لەو دُنیا بوو كە شارەكە دەستی بەسەردا دەگیریت.

تاكە شت لە سووتانەكە رزگاری ببوو یەو پەیکەرە گەورەھە بوو كە لەبەردەم قیلاھەدا بوو. ئەو ھەى لەشێو ھەى ئالای یەكیتی دەستێك بوو كە گۆلیكى سووری گرتبوو.

"نەى ئەمەیان چی؟" چەكدارێكى پارتی ھاواری لەوانى دیکە كرد و میزێكى قاوھیی بەرزكردبوو كە قاچێكى پێو نەمابوو. "فری دە ناو ھەو " شۆفیری بار ھەلگەرەكە پێى وت. میزەكە فریدرایە نیو ئەو بار ھەلگەرەى كە دەبوو بارێكات.

لەسەر لوتكەى گردیكى نزیکدا، كوخیكى بچووكى لیبوو. چەكدارەكانی پارتی چوونەناوى و دەستیان بەسەرداگرت و بەتانى و چرای نەوتى و پێخەفەكانى ناویان برد. یەكێكىیان وتى: "چركەھەك راوستان" رایكرد گۆپێكى دیشی لێكردەو.

ھەو ھەا پارتی گولە تۆپ و جەخانەى مەشجەبە سووتاوەكانى برد.

### Okinawa official to smooth way

**TOKYO (AP)** — Okinawa's governor will step trying to prevent the U.S. military from renewing its leases on land in the southern Japanese island, according to newspaper reports today.

The reports followed a meeting Tuesday between Gov. Masahide Ota and Prime Minister Ryusiro Hashimoto, after which Ota said he was pleased with Hashimoto's promises of more money and attention.

Ota has defied central government orders and a Supreme Court ruling demanding that he force Okinawan landowners to renew leases for U.S. military facilities.

The governor has refused to carry out a required procedure under which information about the leases is posted for the public. Hashimoto has signed the land leases in Ota's place.

### Death toll up to 147 in China

**BEIJING (AP)** — The death toll from Typhoon Betty in south China rose to 147 today, and more than 50 others were reported missing.

More than 4,000 people were injured when the typhoon lashed Guangdong and Guangxi provinces on Monday, the Ministry of Civil Affairs said today.

It said 272,000 houses were destroyed and 1.2 million were damaged, forcing 170,000 people to evacuate.

The typhoon damaged 17 million acres of farmland and caused heavy losses to roads, electricity and communications.

Guangdong, China's most developed province, said the heaviest loss of lives. The ministry said 123 people were killed there and 24 in neighboring Chongqing.

### Pop star turns national pride

**JERUSALEM (AP)** — His songs speak to a nation united in anger as the government recently unwilling to take steps for peace — poured fresh fuel Tuesday on an increasingly volatile debate over national identity.

On the eve of the Jewish High Holidays, when the nation traditionally looks toward Israel's founding the divides between them deeper and harder to bridge than ever before.

### Nuclear test treaty hailed

**UNITED NATIONS (AP)** — The U.N. General Assembly gave overwhelming approval to a nuclear test ban treaty, and supporters said the pact will discourage test blast even if India steps it from becoming law.

The world body voted 158-3 Tuesday to approve the treaty. India, Libya and Libya voted against it. Five others — Cuba, Pakistan, Syria, Tanzania and Mauritius — abstained.

President Clinton hailed the action as a "crucial step" toward ending the nuclear threat.

He and representatives of the other four declared nuclear powers — Britain, France, Russia and China — are expected to sign the treaty in two weeks during the upcoming General Assembly session.

### Britain: Nazis looted millions

**LONDON (AP)** — During World War II the Nazis looted more than \$500 million in gold — now worth \$6 billion — from Britain-occupied countries and shipped most of it to Swiss banks, Britain says.

The United States and its allies, who know about the plunder, recovered only a small portion of the pilfered gold, much of which had been stolen from Jews.

The Foreign Office said Tuesday it will sue the Swiss government for compensation. They maintain these banks have up to \$7 billion that was either smuggled out of occupied territories by Jews and never returned to them, or stolen from them by the Nazis.

# Saddam offers Kurds amnesty

By BRIAN MURPHY Associated Press Writer

**SALAYMANIYA, Iraq** — Iraq's Kurdish allies paraded trophies from looting of their towns and light bulbs while Saddam Hussein lifted travel and border barriers in the troubled region.

Refugees who fled as the Kurdistan Democratic Party forces rolled into this northeastern city Monday night began trickling back the next day, reassured by the news that Iraqi troops had not joined their allies.

Kurdish border guards said today that 5,000 Iraqi Kurds had entered Iraq, a far smaller number than the 300,000 people U.N. officials estimated fled Salaymaniyah for the rugged hills of the border.



AP Photo

Among those crossing the border included Jalal Talabani, head of the outlawed Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, and dozens of his top commanders, according to border guards who declined to give their names.

U.N. officials said many of the Salaymaniyah refugees started coming back Tuesday.

They returned to the sight of Iraqi troops.

### 'He tried to make up with the Iraqi Kurds five years ago and then tried to destroy them.'

**Nicholas Burns, U.S. State Department**

The latest fighting in northern Iraq began Aug. 31, after the Iraqi army and the Kurdistan Democratic Party teamed up to capture Erbil, the de facto Kurdish capital.

U.S. missile strikes against southern Iraq last week seemed to leave the Kurds free from further fighting, although Burns said Iraq intelligence, military, and

and the warring Kurdish factions, Patriotic Union of Kurdistan and Kurdish Democratic Party, were still fighting.

Security advisers apparently contacted Iraq's army.

In Salaymaniyah, the KDP celebrated its sweeping victory with an impromptu parade. Fighters carrying AK-47 rifles roared through the streets in pickup trucks decorated with yellow flags and streamers.

Women and children dressed in yellow — the party color — and merchants handily plastered photocopied pictures of KDP leader Massoud Barzani on store windows.

About 20 miles northeast of Salaymaniyah, KDP fighters looted everything they could carry from the headquarters of the Janan al-Arab Patriotic Union.

Soldiers and villagers tore away air conditioners, wires, pipes and even light bulbs. One old man stumbled away with three fluorescent light bulbs, a large ceramic jar and a hold case.

At the nearby two-story villa of P.K. leader Jalal Talabani,

### Muslim voters not welcome in Serb areas

By COLLEEN BARRY Associated Press Writer

**DORGOJ, Bosnia-Herzegovina** — Muslims won't have to vote far into Bosnian Serb territory if vote Saturday. But it may be just for enough.

They are not welcome. If they come, there will be trouble, said Dzenir Petrovic, a Serb who lives within sight of the Livora River bridge that extends near here into Muslim Croat territory.

"Serb people do not want to go into their territory. That's why we don't want them here," he said.

"We know the border."

International officials have been scrambling to come up with security arrangements to avoid the type of election day confrontation forecast by Petrovic.

In Doboj, a Serb-held town sandwiched between a command of Muslims eager to return there, polling stations will be located in and just outside of a demilitarized zone including one near the bridge.

Throughout Bosnia, officials have established 14 demilitarized zones designed to enable Muslims, NATO and election officials have been meeting with Serb officials to drive home their responsibility to provide security to all voters in their territory, Muslim or Serb.

But the message from Serbs and their leaders to Muslim voters is clear: Enter Serb lands at your own risk.

Security reasons, however, international officials have been reticent about announcing exactly where the polling stations will be.

Muslims can only vote at polling stations which are at the separation lines. If they are allowed into Serb territory, it will be chaos," Zefiro Baranovic, an Arkan, one of the most notorious Serb paramilitary leaders, said.



AP Photo

### Northern Italy plans secessionist rallies

**ROME** — Secessionist leader Umberto Bossi, known for his fiery rhetoric, plans a weekend of demonstrations concluding with his biggest pro-independence yet — a declaration of independence for northern Italy.

Bossi's party, the Northern League, hopes the rallies along the Po River will draw more than 1.5 million people.

Bossi intends to read out a "bill of rights" and announce a temporary constitution.

Maroni said Sunday's declaration would begin "using progressively planned counter-demonstrations" and a series of planned counter-demonstrations in the region.

National Alliance, to proclaim Italian unity.

Maroni promised journalists Tuesday that League demonstrations would be peaceful — and a green-shirted security force would be sure to quiet provocations.

In recent days, Italy's president, former leftist party leader and Milan's influential archbishop, Cardinal Carlo Maria Martini, have expressed concern or condemnation over Bossi's plans.

But Bossi is not listening.

Northern autonomy "is an irreversible process, so let those who would put Bossi in jail calm themselves," Maroni said.

The League prescribes "an uncomformable reminder of the Fascist black shirts of World War II" — and some of his more incendiary statements have led prosecutors to place Bossi under investigation for allegedly attempting to restore Fascism, which is illegal under Italian law.

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## كوردان بۆچى شەھەر دەكەن: ئەوان زەھى و تالانىان دەھۆت

### پارە رىشەھى پشېويىيەكەھى خاكى كوردانە

رۆژنامەھى ئەمەرىكى "The Salt Lake Tribune" كە لە رۆژى ھەينى رىكەھوتى ۱۳ى سىنپتەمبەرى ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوبكر اوھتەھو، وتارىكى درىژى لە لاپەرەكانى ۱ و ۱۳ و ۱۴ى خۇيدا بەھ ناونىشانەھى سەرھوھ نووسىوھ، بەھ شىوھىيە:

" بۆ رۆژئاوايىھەكان وا دەردەكەھۆت كە مەملانى كوردىيەكە، ئەھوى و لاتە يەكگرتوھەكانى تىوھگلاوھ، بەھۆى ئايدۆلۆژىي پىككژىي جەنگ و بەرژوھەندى زلھىزەكانە و بەھۆى تاقىكرەنەھوى وىستى ئىدارەھى سەرۆك كلېنتون و سەدام حەسەنەھوھ بىت. بىگومان سەبارەت بە ھەموو ئەوانەھىيە، بەلام ھەر وھە سەبارەت بە شتىكى ساكارى ترىشە كە: پارەھى!

پاوانەكە، كوردستانى عىراقە، ناوچەھىكى گەردەلانى گىايى و كىو و دۆلى وشكەھو بەئەندازەھى وىلايەتى قىرچىنباي رۆژئاوايە، ئەھوى بەشنىكە لە نىشتىمانە زىدە گەورەترە كوردىيەكە و بەشنىوھىكى تەھومژاويى سنوورەكەھى دىارى دەكرىت و درىژدەبىتەھو بۆ بەشنىك لە ولاتانى ئىران و توركىيا و سورىيا، كە تىكرارى ژمارەھى دانىشتووانەكەھى ۲۰مىلۆنە.

لەھەموو ئەھم و لاتانەدا كوردان بۆ بەدەستەھىنانى پلەھىكى جىاواز لە ئۆتۆنۆمى تىدەكۆشن. كىشەھو مەملانىي نىوخۆبىيان ھەموو شتىكى لەسەر زەمىن سەخت كەردوھ. چوونەناوھوى سەدام بۆ نىو ھەرىمە كوردىيەكە، بەشنىوھىك لەلایەن سىياسەتسازانى ئەمەرىكىيەھو لەقەلمەدرا كە شەرى پىاواچاكانە لەدژى پىاوخراپان " كوردو عىراقىيەكان". لەراستىيدا، سىياسەت لەباكوورى عىراق، لەدۆخىكى ھاوپەھىمانىي ناچىگىرو گۆراودا بووھ، كە زۆربەھى جار كوردى لەدژى كورد ھانداوھ.

ئەگەر سەرنج بەدەینە شارۆچکەى خاپور، كە دەكەوئتە سەر سنوورى عىراق لەگەل توركيا، ئەوى دەكەوئتە ناوهندى مەملەتى كوردییەكە، بەلام لێرە هیچ تانكیكى عىراقیى و پریس كۆنفرانسی سەركرده كورده ركابەرەكانى تیدا نییه، بەلكو تەنیا كۆمەلەك بارهەلگری شەقوشرى پشتكراوى لێیه كە بەئێو كۆمەلەك خالى پشكیندا تێدەپەرن.

هەریەك لەو بارهەلگرانه تانكى زیدەیان بەمەلاولای خوارەوى بۆدییهكەیاندا هەلگر تەووه كە نەوتیان تێدایەو لە عىراقەوه بۆ توركياى دەگوازنەوه، وەك ئالەنگارییهكى ئەو گەمارۆ ئابورییهى كە ۵ سألە لەلایەن نەتەوه یەكگرتووەكانەوه، بەسەر عىراقدا سەپینراوه. لەو بەنزىخانانەى كە لەوبەرى سنوورى توركياوه بەقامیش سەریان گیراوه، كرێكارەكان نەوتى عىراقیى وەك بەرھەمیكى هەرزان دەفرۆشن، هەروەك چۆن جوتیارەكانى ویلايەتى "ماین" بەرھەمى بلوئیرییهكانى خۆیان لەسەرەریگادا هەلداوئەتەوه.

لاوین ئەحمەد كە كوردیكە نەوت دەكاتە ناو بەرھەلگرە توركییەكانەوه دەلێت كە "ئەمانە هەموویان لەلایەن پارتى دیموكراتى كوردستانەوه (پدك) كۆنترۆلكراوه. " پارتى باج و گومرگ لەهەر گالۆنە نەوتىك وەرەگریت كە دەفرۆشریت.

ركابەرى پارتى بۆ وەرگرتنى باج و گومرگ، حكومەتى عىراق نییه، بەلكو گروپیكى دیکەى كوردییە كە یەكیتی نیشتمانى كوردستانە(ینك). یەكیتیش بەشێك لەو باج و گومرگە بۆخۆى دەمەشیتەوه لەو بارهەلگرانەى بەئاراستەى رۆژئاوا دەرون. بەلام یەكیتی داواى بەشى زیدەتر دەكات. یەكیتی هەروەها باج و گومرگی خستۆتە سەر بارى جگەرەو مەشروبات كحولى و هەروەها ئەو چەكانەى كە بەئاراستەى رۆژھەلات لە توركياوه دەچیت بۆ ئێران. كۆنترۆلكردنى خاك و زەوى واتە كۆنترۆلكردنى داھات و تالان. هەروەها رێگەى بازرگانى سەرەكى جادەى ھامیلتۆنە، ئەوى



بۆماوہی چەندین سأل ببووہ مەیدانی شەرو پیکدادانی چەکرداریی نیوان پارتی و یەکیتی.

پاش ھینییەکی کورت، شەڕ بەتوندیی دەستیپیکردوہ . لەھەفتەیی رابردوودا، پارتی، یەکیتی لەچەند شاروچکەییەکی دەورووبەری ھەولێر، دەریپراندا. ھەرۆھە یەکیتی لەروژی دووشەممە، دەستی لە پیگەیی سەرەکی خۆی لەسلیمانی، کەزیک سنووری ئێرانە، بەردا.

بەلام یەکیتی نیشتمانی، ھاوپەیمانییەکی نافەرمی لەگەڵ ئێراندا ھەیە، ھەربۆیە ترسی ئەوہ ھەییە کە ئەگەر پارتی زیاتر مل بنییت، ئەو ئێران ھاوکاریی خۆی بۆ ئێران زیدەتر دەکات. لەھەمان کاتدا، بەرەو روژناوا، تورکیا نیگەرەن و ورووژاوە، ھیز لەسەر سنوورەکان کۆدەکاتوہو ھەرمشەیی ئەوہ دەکات کە ناوچەییەکی جیاکەرەوہ ئاسایشیی لەبەری عێراق دادەمەزرینییت بۆئەوہی بەریپەری ئەو پەلامارانە بەداتوہ کە لەلایەن یاخیببووانی کوردی تورکیی ئەنجامدەدرییت، ئەوانەیی کە لەعێراقوہ ئۆپەراسیۆنەکانیان ئەنجامدەدەن. ھەندیک لە ولاتانی عەرەبیی، ھۆشیارییان بە تورکیا داوە کە لەشویینی خۆی بوەستییت. ولاتە یەکگرتووەکان لەنیو پیکرتی راپۆرتەکاندا، ئاگادارکردنەوہی نوئ دەداتە عێراق کە ئاخۆ ھیشتا عێراق شانەشانی ھیزەکانی پارتی شەردەکات.

ولاتە یەکگرتووەکان، سەرچاوەیی بریک پارەیی کە بەو دواییە رژاوہە نیو ئابوورییە کوردییەکەوہ. ئەو ھاوکاری پیدانی پارەیی بەو گروپانەیی دژی سەدام کردوہ کە بنکەکەیان لەھەولێرە. بەلام ولاتە یەکگرتووەکان ئەوہی روون کردۆتوہ کە نایانەوئ لەشەری زەمینی لەباکووری عێراقدا تێوہگلێن. بایەخ و خەمی سەرەکیی واشنگتۆن لە باشوورەوہییە. لەوئ ولاتە یەکگرتووەکان بەلینی داوە کوہییت و بەرھەمەننە نەوتییەکانی دیکە بپاریزیت. کلینتۆن روژی دووشەممە وتی: " ھیشتا ئارەزووی ئەوہ دەکەم کە یارمەتی کورد بەدەم، بەلام لەراستییدا، ئەگەر دەتانەوئ شەڕ بوەستییت، پیویستە سەرکردەکانی

گروپه جیاوازه‌مان ئاماده‌گی ئه‌مه‌یان تێدانیته که بگه‌رینه‌وه سه‌ر  
می‌زی گه‌توگۆ و له‌و رێبه‌وه گه‌توگۆ له‌باره‌ی ئاشتیبه‌وه بکهن.

به‌رپرسیانی پارتی ده‌لێن گوایه مه‌به‌ستی داواکارییه‌کانیان بۆ  
یارمه‌تیدانیان له‌لایهن رژیمی عیراقیه‌وه ته‌نیا بۆ جارێک بووه!  
به‌ستنی هاوپه‌یمانی کاتی بۆ کوردان شتیکی نوێ نییه. نه‌گه‌رچی  
نیستا ئێران پشتگیری یه‌کیتی ده‌کات له‌هه‌مبه‌ر پارتیدا، به‌لام  
له‌پێشوه‌دا بو پێچه‌وانه‌وه بووه. یه‌کیتی له‌ماوه‌یه‌کی رابردوودا، له‌گه‌ڵ  
سه‌دام، ریکه‌وتن و ساتوسه‌ودای سیاسی هه‌بووه.

لاوانی کورد خوازیارن بینه پێشمه‌رگه، چ بۆ پارتی یان بۆ  
یه‌کیتی، به‌و هۆکاره‌ی که پێشمه‌رگایه‌تی یه‌کیکه له‌و ئیش و کاره  
جیگیره که‌مانه‌ی که هه‌یه. ته‌واوی خێل و عه‌شیره‌ته‌کان له‌پێناوی  
مولک و زه‌ویدا، هاوپه‌یمانی خۆیان له‌گه‌ڵ ئه‌م یان ئه‌و لایه‌ندا  
ده‌گۆرن. ته‌نانه‌ت هه‌ندیکیان یارمه‌تی رژیمی عیراقیان ده‌دا بۆ  
سه‌رکوته‌کردنی جۆلانه‌وه چه‌کداریه‌که‌ی کورد له‌به‌رامبه‌ر  
به‌ده‌سته‌نێانی پاره‌و هاوکاری بۆ شارۆچکه‌کانیان. تورکیا، نیستاکه  
سه‌ود له‌پارتی وهرده‌گریت بۆ سه‌رکوته‌کردنی گه‌ریلاکانی کوردی  
تورکیا که له‌پێناو سه‌ربه‌خۆیی بۆ ۱۲ ملیۆن کورددا ده‌جه‌نگن که  
له‌تورکیا ده‌ژین.

هه‌روه‌ک به‌رپرسیانی دانی پێدا ده‌نێن، پارتی له‌م رووه‌وه  
سه‌رکه‌وتنی ئه‌وتۆی به‌ده‌ست نه‌هێناوه. له‌و کاته‌وه‌ی که ۱۳ سال  
له‌مه‌وپێش، پارتی کرێکارانی کوردستانی چه‌په‌گه‌را (پ ک ک)  
جه‌نگی گه‌ریلابی له‌ باشووری رۆژه‌ه‌لاتی تورکیا ده‌ستپێکه‌ردووه،  
۲۱ هه‌زار که‌س کوژراون.

ئه‌گه‌ر تورکان ئه‌و ناوچه جیاکه‌ر مه‌یه‌ دا به‌مه‌زرێن که هه‌ر شه‌یه‌یان  
ده‌کرد، ئه‌وسا کوردانی عیراق ناچار ده‌بن گونده‌کانیان به‌دریژی  
سنوورمه‌که چۆلبکه‌ن، هه‌روه‌ها بازرگانی سنوور له‌وانه‌یه زیانی پێ  
بگات. به‌لام ته‌نانه‌ت ئه‌م هه‌ر شه‌یه‌ش، کوردان پێکه‌وه کۆناکاته‌وه.

عبدالعزیز تهیب پاریزگاری دهۆک وتی: " ئیمه پهکهکهمان ناگادار کردۆتوه که له کوردستانی عیراقهوه ئۆپهراسیۆنی سهربازی ئهنجام نهدهن، بهلام رعتیانکردوه گوئیگرن."

ئهم جوړه دابهشیونه شتیکی سهیره بو گهلنک، که لهسهردهستی دهولتانی دراوسئ، میژوویهکی دریزی سهروکتکاری کۆیانبکاتهوه! کوردانی عیراق دوژمنیکی دلرهقی هاوبهشیان ههیه که سهدامه، ئهوهی بهرپرسیاره له کوشتنی دهیهها ئهندامی بنهمالهی مهسعود بارزانی سهروکی پارتی. ههروهها لهماوهی جهنگی ههشت سالهی ۱۹۸۰-۱۹۸۸ عیراق لهگهل ئیران، چاوپۆشیی له بهکارهینهری چهکی کیمیایی لهدری گونده کوردیهکان کردوه.

یهکیتی نیشتمانی، که لهلایهن جهلال تالهبانی، رکابهری میژینهی عهشیرهتی بارزانی، سهروکرایهتی دهکرت، وهک گروپیکی مارکسی جیاپوه، ۲۰ سال لهمهوبهر، پاش شکستی جولانهوه چهکدارییهکی بارزانی لهدری بهغدا لهپیناو زامنکردنی ئوتونومییهکی کوردیی، له دیمهشقی سوریا دامهزرا. ههر جیاوازییهکی ئایدیۆلۆژی، بهخیرایی خۆی لهجیاوازی سیمبولیک و روالهتیدا بینیهوه. مندالهکان له خویندنگه کوردیهکان، ناوی رهنهگهکان لهریگهی ئالای حیزبهکانهوه فیردهبن: یهکیتی سهوزه، پارتی زهرده. رۆژئاوایهک لهزانکو راپرسییهکی کردبوو کهبۆچی ئهوان پشتگیری لهحیزبیکی دیارییکراو دهکهن؟! وهلامه باوهکان ئهوه بووکه: " باوکم پشتگیریان دهکات"، "ئهوان شههیدیکی زوریان ههیه" ههروهها "سهروکهکیان مهزنترینه!"

دوای ئهوهی لهسالێ ۱۹۹۱دا، جهنگی کهنداو کۆتاییهات، بهئینی رۆژئاوا بو پاراستنی کوردان لهباکووری عیراق، دهرفهتی دا به دوو پارتکه، پیکهوه ههریمهکه بهریوهبهرن. ههلێزاردنهکهی سالێ ۱۹۹۲، ریزهیهکی یهکسانی دهنهگهکانی ههردوو پارتکه رکابهرهکهی لیکهوتهوه. ههروهها پارلهمانه کوردیهکه به ۵۰ ئهندامی یهکیتی و ۵۰ ئهندامی پارتی لهادیکبوو (ئاسورییهکانیش ئهو پینج کورسییهکهی

مابوو پریانکردهوه )بارزانی و تالهبانی به فهرمی بهشینک نهیون لهحکومت، بهلام حیزبهکانیان کۆنترۆلی پار لهمانیان کرد.

سهپاندنی باج و گومرگ بهسهر کالآ بهقاچاخیراوهکاندا، سهسراوهی بنهههتی داهاات و ململانیکانه. یهکیتی نیشتمانی، پارتی به دزین وههلوشینی ملیۆنهها دۆلار و شار دنهوهی پارهکانی له بانکهکانی سوپسرا تۆمهتبار دهکرد، لهبری ئهوهی که بیخاته ناو ئهوه بانکه ناوهندییهی که دامهزرابوو. پارتیش لهلای خۆیهوه دهیوت گوایه لهسالێ ۱۹۹۴دا، ۱۴ ملیۆن دۆلار لهبانکی ناوهندییهوه دیار نهماوه، ئهوهی زۆربهی لهلایهن بهرپرسیانی یهکیتییهوه راکیشراوهو یهکیتی پارهکهی بۆ دامهزراندنی پێشمهرگه بۆ سوپاکهی خهرجکردوه.

نهوشیروان مستهفا ئهمین، که یهکیکه له دامهزرینهره بهشدارهکانی یهکیتی . وتی: " پارتیهکهی بارزانی پێ لهسهر دامهزراندنی هیزی بۆلیس و زیندان و بودجهو سیاسهتی درهوهی جیاواز داگرتوهه."

مهسهلهکه به دامهزراندنی ئۆفیسێ جیاوازو تایبهت بهههر یهکه له یهکیتی و پارتی له واشنگتۆن گهیشت و ههولێهکان بۆ رووخاندنی سهدام پوچهل بووهوه بههۆی شکستی ههردوو گروپهکهوه که هاوکارین.

نهوشیروان وتی: " کهلتوری دهولهتداریی نییه، بهدریژایی ئهوه ماوهیه کورد دژی دهولهتی ناوهندیی بووه."

خاوهن داریی سهارهت به پارچهیهک زهوی لهسالێ ۱۹۹۴دا، بووه هۆی پیکدادانی چهکداریی لهنیوان یهکیتی و پارتی و بهوههوهیه ههزارهها کورد کوژران. کاتیک بهچاودیری و لاته یهکگرتوهکان گفتوگو لهبارهی ئاگر بهستهوه لهسالێ ۱۹۹۴دا، دهستیپێکرد، دوو بابهتی سههرکی کهباسی لێوهدهکرا بریتیوو له: چۆنیتی چاودیری ئاگر بهستهکهو چۆنیتی پاراستنی داهاات لهدهستهکی بیلایهندا. ههردوولا رازیبوون که هیزه سهربهخۆ عێراقیهه جیابووهکان، داهاتهکانی سنوور کۆبکهنوهو بیخهنه بانکی ناوهندییهوه لهههولێر

لهوكاتهى شارمه كه له چهك دادهمالريت. بهلام ناگر بهستهكه دريژهى نهكيشا.

عبدالعهزيز تهيب، پاريزگارى دهوك كه لهژير كونترولى پارتيدايه لهزريك سنورى تهركيا و يهكيكه له سى پاريزگاكهى كوردستانى عيراق، وتى: "جيهان پشت به پاره دهبهستيت." عبدالعهزيز، قاتيكى رهشى لهبهدابوو، سهعاتيكى زيڤرى لهدهستدابوو، لهئوفيسيكي گهوره رازاوه دانيشتوو كه پيشتر لهلايهن پاريزگارى عيراقوه بهكارهاتبوو، مهزنده دهكات كه مانگانه داهاى باج و گومرگ لهسهر ترانزيتى نيوان توركي و عيراقدا بو پاريزگاكهى بگاته يهك مليون دولار. ئهوهى بو ههمو شت خهرجدهكرت وهك چاگردنهوهى ريگابانهكان و پردهكان و موچهى ماموستا و پزيشك و كارمهندان و پيشمههركهكانى لئهدريت.

لهمانگى ئياردا، دواى نزيكهى مانگيك له دانوستان، عيراق لهگهل نهتهوه يهكگرتووهمان گهيشتنه ريكهوتتتتت كه دهكرا كوتايى به به هاوچوى بازارى رهش بهيئت. بهو پنيه عيراق ريگهى پئهدريت لهماوهى شهش مانگدا، به ئاشكرا به برى دوو مليار دولار نهوت بفرؤشيت و بهو پاريه خواردن و دهرمانى پى بكرت. كورد، ٣٠٠ مليون دولار هاوكارى راستهوخويان دهستهكهوتت، بهلام لهلايهن نهتهوه يهكگرتووهمانهوه دابهشدهكرت.

پارتى، ئامادهگى كردوو بهو ئهوهى جيگروه بهو داهاى بهقاچاخبراو بدوزيتهوه. حصوت ميلى ئهو بورييه نهتهى كه دهبيت نهوت له عيراق بو توركي بگوازيتهوه، بهو ناوچهيهدا تئدپهرتت كه لهژير كونترولى پارتيدايه. ئهم هاوينه پارتى ريگهى به وهزيرى نهوتى عيراقدا كه سهردانى شوينهكه بكات. ئهو رازيوو كه عيراق لهبرى زامنى پاراستنى ئو بورييه نهوته له ويرانكارى، پاره به پارتى بدات.

لهكۆتايى ئابدا، پارتى و يهكيتى لهلهندن چاوپان به يهكتر كهوت بۆئەوهى لهبارەى ئاگر بهستىكى نوپوه گفتوگۆبىكەن. بهشدارىكى يهكيتى وتى كه ئەوان له دوانبوهرۆى روژى ههينى گهيشتون به ريكهوتنىك بۆ چهكدامالين. بهلام لهبهيانى روژى دواتردا، دهبابهى عيراقى بهرهو ههولير پيشرهوييان كرد.

پارتى داواى يارمهتى لهسهدام كرد به پاساوى جولهكانى ئيران لهسهر سنور به قازانجى يهكيتى نيشتمانى.

ههموو ئەوانه كوردانى ئاسايى له سهرسورماندا هيشنۆوه كه ئاخو كى دوژمنه؟!

سهنا عيسا خۆى بۆ تاقيكردنهوهى كۆتا پۆلى قوناغى ئامادهيى دهكات له شارى زاخۆ، كاتيك عيراق هاته ناوهوه، ئەو وتى: " ئيمه چووين بۆ خویندنگه، پينان وتين كه تاقيكردنهوهكه دواخراوه."

ئەو تهمهنى ۲۰ ساله و لهژير تى شيرتهكهيدا كهتافى داناوهو نينوگيشى رهنكى پهमेيى كردوه. ئەو وهرزشهوانه و پيى وايه كه روژيك ديت له پالهبانتي بالهه نيودهولهتبيدا، نوينهرايهتى دهولهتى كوردى دهكات، بهلام ئيستاكه ئەو له ماله كوئركريتهكهى باوكيدا دانيشتوه و تهنيا سهيردهكات.

ههروهها ههست به بيزارى دهكات و دهليت: " ئەمريكا هوكارىكى نيبه بۆ هيرشكرده سهر عيراق." ئەو لهكاتيكا پهنجهكانى دهستى توند داخست و وتى: " ئەمريكا دهيهويت دهست بهسهر جيهاندا بگريت، بهلام سهدام دوژمنى كورده، ئەگهر ئەمريكا بيهويت دهتوانيت لايهبريت." ئەو هپوردهبيتتهوه و پندهكهئيت. " بهراستى من شيواوم."

توركيا سهراوهيهكه بۆ پشيوپى. ئەو ريگهيهى كه بهناو ناوچه كورديهكهى توركيدا تيدهپهرت، لهژير چاوديرى و پاسهوانتييهكى ئەمنى تۆقينهدايه. لهههر چهند ميليكدا، سهرى تهپۆلكهكان رهبايهى

لێیه بۆ پاسهوانی. تانکهکان لولهی تۆپهکانیان کردۆته ناوهندی ریگاگه. لهم رۆژانهدا، تورکان زیاتر له پێشوو، شلژاون.

کاتیک ئۆتۆمبیلێک بهئاراستههێ کهناری رووباری جهزیره دهڕۆیشت، ئهفسهرێکی ئاسایشی ریشنی گهنج، دهڕپهری و هاواری کرد: "ئهگهر بۆ عێراق دهچن پرۆن بی ئهوهی بوهستن، دهناسهرتانهبرن."

ئهم کاره دوژمنکارانه هاوکاریی ئابوورییه کوردیههکه ناکات. له "بارفوس" که دهکهوتیه دهروهوی شاری دهۆک، سهعهید ئیسماعیل عهلی، سهروکی گوندیکی تههمهن 62 سالانه. ئهو میژووی گونده بچوکهکهی گێرایهوه: لهسالی 1961 سوتینرا، له 1964 بنیاتنرایهوه، له 1966 سوتینرا، له 1969 دا سوتینرا، له 1970 دا بنیاتنرایهوه، له 1974 دا سوتینرایهوه.

گوندنشینهکان بۆماوهی 18 سال لێی دوورکهوتنهوه، لهسالی 1992 دا، کاتیک ئاشتی گهرايهوه و گروپی هاوکاریی ئهمریکییهکان دامهزراو ئیستا که ریکخراوی شیلتهر، لم و چیمهنهتو و چوارچیهی دهرگا و پهنچهههیا پێداون. بارفوس بیر و مزگهوت و خویندنگه بۆ کراوه.

ئهو وتی: "ئیستا که ئهمریکییهکان رویشتن. ئیدی ئهوهش ئیمهین بیهیوا ماوین."

لهلایهکی دیکهوه، لهگهڵ ههلهپهساردنی ریکهوتننامهی نهوت بهرامبهر بهخۆراک له ئیستادا، بازاری رهش پهری سههندوه. شارهکانی کوردستان پرپوون له ئۆتۆمبیل و بارهههنگر. ههشتا کارگهی پیهسییه که کاردهکات. ههروهها کۆمپانیای دهۆکی سنووردار، که لهکۆمهلیک کارگهی بچووک پیکهاتوه بۆ دروستکردنی ساس و دهرمانی زهلاته و رۆنی کونجی و دۆشاوی تههاته.

روباد خالین حهسهن که تههمهنی 52 ساله و ئهنازیاره و ریشیکی ههیه، ئهو بهرپوههری گشتیه، دان بهوهدا دهنیته و دهلیته: "ئیمه به

تهواوی تواناو هیزی خوومان کارناکهین. "ئەو بەردی تاییهتی بو هارینی کونجییه که نییه، ههروهها دهستیژی بهو پارچه نامیره ههنگارییه نهگهیشتوو که بو فلیقانهوهی تههاته بهکاردههینریت. بهلام گرفتیی راستینه جهنگ و کهمی ئەو پارچانه نییه، بهلکو ئەو نهخوشییه که لهتههاتهی داوه و جوتیارهکانیش روویان لهچاندنی کالهک کردوو.

ئەو وتی: "بو زۆربهی خهڵکانی تر سیاسهت بریتییه لهژیان. من ژیانم لهمهدا بهسهر بردوو که میوه له بوتل نیم. من ههزم به سیاسهت نییه، نه لایهنگری پارتم و نه یهکتیی. من کاریکم به ههموو ئەمانه نییه."

ئایا ئەم ناکۆکییه بی کۆتاییه بوته هۆیهک و کاریگهیری لهسهر خیزانهکهیان کردوو؟

حهسن بوماوهیهک راما و وتی: "باشه ، خهزورم له حکومهتهکهی سهدامدا وهزیر بوو." ئەو دیسانهوه وچانیکی دا و پاش کهمی بیرکردنهوه وتی: "لهسالی ۱۹۸۲دا، سهدام کوشتی."





### Money Is Root of Kurd Chaos

Radicals' forces into Kurdistan are viewed by U.S. policymakers as good guys against bad guys — Kurds' Iraq, by fact, politics in northern Iraq is a state of shifting alliances that long has joined Kurdistan to Iraq.

Creating the town of Irbil, an Iraq's center with 140,000 people at the center of the Kurdish conflict. But there are no Iraq tanks or daily news conferences by Iraq's Kurdish leaders in Irbil — just rickety open-backed trucks passing through a smelter of customs checkpoints.

Each truck has a tank strapped to one side of its undercarriage. The tanks hold fuel oil — being run from Iraq to Turkey in defiance of a year-old economic sanctions imposed by the United Nations on Iraq. At road-road gasoline stations on the Turkish side of the border, attendant men in red oil as cheap products, the way Meise trucks get up road-side blueberry strands.

"It's all controlled by the KDP," says Lewis Ahmed, a Kurd running the fuel oil into a Turkish tank truck. The Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP) takes an

ery gallon sold.

The KDP's real is the unofficial collection and the Iraq government's oil. The KDP group, the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK), is the main part of the revenue from the west-bound trucks, but has been ousted. The PUK also takes shipments of cigarettes, alcohol and other goods from Iraq.

The key to understanding the body, and the main trade route, the Hamilton Road, has been the scene of armed clashes between the PUK and the KDP for years.

The KDP for the moment is winning. It has at the invitation of the U.S. military and through the Kurds since 10 days ago, before they factor take the key city of Irbil from the PUK. The United States, of course, responded with cruise-missile attacks on Irbil in Iraq.

After a brief Iraq heavy fighting had resumed. The KDP ousted the PUK from several towns east of Irbil last weekend and Monday the PUK abandoned its toughest stronghold of Sulaymaniyah, near the Iranian border.

But the PUK is allied loosely with Iraq, and there are fears that if the KDP pushes too far, Iraq will step up its support of the KDP. Meanwhile, in the west, a jittery Turkey is massing troops at the border and threatening to establish a security buffer on the Iraq side to thwart attacks by Turkish Kurd rebels, who operate from Iraq. Some Arab countries

are warning Turkey to stay put. The United States is urging new warnings to Iraq about conflicting reports of a major Iraqi KDP fighting alongside the KDP.

The United States is the source of some of the money injected into the Kurdish economy recently. It helped fund an anti-Shiite group based in Irbil. But the United States has made clear it does not want to get involved in the Iraq-Kurd conflict.

Washington's main concerns are the south, where the United States has promised to protect Kuwait and other oil producers.

"I would still like to do more to help the Kurds," Cheney said Monday. "But frankly, I'm wanting the fighting to be ended, the leaders of the various factions are going to have to be willing to go back to the peace table and talk it through."

KDP officials claim their request for assistance from the United States regime was a one-time deal. For KDP to make a lasting alliance isn't new. Even though Iraq was backing the PUK against the KDP, it used to be the other way around. And the PUK has, at times in the past, reached political accommodations with Saddam.

Young Kurds tend to become disillusioned — or fighters — for the KDP or PUK because siding with one of the two steady jobs. While tribes have shifted alliances back and forth in return for territorial claims, and some even have helped Iraq regime



**Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP)**  
 Leader: Massoud Barzani  
 • Writing by majority  
 • President: Massoud Barzani  
 • Main language: Arabic  
 • Recent history: 1991: U.S. allies establish Kurdish-led interim Gov't of Iraq  
 1994: KDP, PUK sign fighting by control of northern Iraq

**Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK)**  
 Leader: Jalal Talabani  
 • Writing by majority  
 • President: Jalal Talabani  
 • Main language: Arabic  
 • Recent history: 1991: U.S. allies establish Kurdish-led interim Gov't of Iraq  
 1994: PUK sign fighting by control of northern Iraq



**Who are the Kurds?**  
 • A semi-nomadic ethnic group in Middle East  
 • Share a common language, culture  
 • Aug. 31: Iraq army captures Irbil, main city, vital for KDP  
 • Sept. 3: U.S. launches targeted air strikes against missile sites

launched a guerrilla war in southwestern Turkey 13 years ago, 23,000 people have been killed.

If Turkey does not try its threat, Iraq's army, Iraq, Kurds' Iraq along the border and barbed wire may be built. But even that threat is not pushing the Kurds together. "We wanted the PUK against launching military operations from Iraq," Barzani said last week in Irbil, Iraq.

Such divisions seem strange in a people united for a long history of oppression at the hands of neighboring states. Iraq, Kurds' Iraq have a similar common enemy, Saddam, who is held responsible for killing tens of thousands of KDP leader Massoud Barzani's family and authorizing chemical warfare against Kurdish villages during Iraq's 1988-89 war with Iran.

The PUK, led by the Barzani clan's longtime rival, Jalal Talabani, emerged 20 years ago as a Marxist volunteer group based in Damascus, Syria, after a Barzani-led revolt against Baghdad failed to secure Kurdish autonomy. Any subsequent differences were smoothed in ethnic differences — children in Kurdistan are divided by the party flag. PUK is green, KDP is yellow. A Member who survived university students on why they supported a particular

See MONEY, Page A-14

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## Money Is Root of Chaos In the Land of the Kurds

Continued from A-13

party said the common response was "my father supported them," they have more martyrs" and "my father is the prophet."

After the 1991 Gulf War ended, The west's promise of protection for Kurds in northern Iraq gave the two parties a chance to govern the region together. Elections in 1992 produced a dead heat, and the Kurdish Parliament was held with 50 PUK members and 50 KDP members (American funds the remaining 500). Harmani and Sulhaini often were part of the government, but their parties controlled Parliament.

Customs levies from smuggled goods have been the main source of revenue — and disputes. The PUK accused the KDP of siphoning off millions of dollars and hiding the money in Swiss banks rather than putting it in Kurdistan's nascent central bank. The KDP in its part claimed that the money disappeared in 1984 from the central bank, run mostly by PUK officials, and that the PUK used the money to recruit private police in Iraq.

Newsweek's Mustafa Afifi, a co-founder of the PUK, says the KDP's Harani issued a separate police force, jail, budget and foreign policy.

"The PUK and KDP ended up setting separate offices in Washington. Attempts to split Saddam's Iraq failed in 1984 from the central bank, run mostly by PUK officials, and that the PUK used the money to recruit private police in Iraq."

"A dispute about ownership of a piece of land in 1984 triggered gunbattles between the PUK and KDP, and thousands of Kurds were killed. When U.S.-sponsored cease-fire talks began in 1984, the same two issues kept coming up: how to monitor a cease-fire and how to keep revenues separate. The two sides agreed to let independent Iraqi diplomats collect the border revenues and deposit them in the central bank in Hill Cities, a PUK stronghold. The cease-fire did not last long. The PUK-controlled Dohuk province near the Turkish border, one of three provinces in Iraq Kurdistan, Iraq, wearing a dark suit and gold watch and sitting in a glass office, once used by Iraq's government, estimates that the "tax on transit" between Turkey and Iraq brings in \$1 million a month for the province. It is used to pay for everything from coats of coats and ties to the salaries of 100,000 soldiers. In May, after nearly a year of negotiations, Iraq reached a deal with the PUK to end its control over six months with which to buy food and medicine. The Kurds would get \$200 million in direct assistance, but it would be paid out directly by the United Nations.

"The PUK made arrangements to replace the smuggle revenue. The agreement that would carry out the deal was to be signed through the offices of KDP-controlled territory. This summer, the KDP allowed Iraq to resume to visit the area. He agreed that Iraq would pay the KDP for ensuring the pipe-

line's security against sabotage.

"At the end of August, the KDP and PUK met in Iraq to discuss the deal. They agreed to a Friday afternoon to be ready to sign, but by the next morning Iraqi tanks were rolling into Iraq.

"The KDP had asked Saddam for help, citing Iraqi troops across the border in support of the PUK. All this has left ordinary Kurds confused about what the enemy is."

"His plan was preparing for the last exam of his final year of high school in the town of Zakho when Iraq moved in. 'We went to school,' she says. 'They shut her out and she just took the exam while the enemy herself represented a Kurdish state in international volleyball assembly. But now she sits in her family's concrete floored house. 'Just waiting.'

And feeling inside."

"America has no reason to attack Saddam," he says, clenching a fist. "America wants to capture the world. But Saddam is the enemy of the Kurds. If America wants to remove him, it can do so. 'She looks and smiles. 'I'm not angry.'"

"Turkey is a source of the chaos. The road that runs through Turkey's Kurdish lands has been guarded for years with heavy intimidation. Hills are patrolled every few miles. Trucks point their guns at the road. 'These days, the Turks are jumpier than usual. As a car turns toward a beach at the Cizre River, a bearded young security officer rushes up and shouts, 'If you get lost, you're dead.'"

"These difficulties aren't helping the Kurdish economy," says a Baghdad journalist who has been in the 60-year-old village chief Hamid Alani. Alani recounts the family's history: borned 1941, exiled 1964, returned 1964, rebuilt 1969, bombed 1970, expelled 1975, and abandoned."

"The Americans are gone," he says. "And here we are unemployed."

"On the other hand, with the Iraqi oil-for-food deal now suspended, the black market is booming. Kurdish towns battle with cars and traders. The Pepsi bottling plant still operates. So does the Dohuk auto. Ltd., a compound of warehouses and production halls that turns out casual dressing, summer oil and tomato paste.

"Richard (John) Hassan is the general manager. He is 42, a tall engineer with a small mustache. He says he is working to capacity." He concedes. He is using a special summer-cooling device. He can't get his hands on a part for his Hungarian tonometer, that red problem that the wear or lack of parts. It's tonato disease and the fact that farmers have neither to replace."

"For most people here, politics is life," he says. "I spend my life putting Iraq into bottles. I don't enjoy politics. I don't support the KDP or the PUK. I have nothing to do with all that."

"I mean think for a moment and say: 'Well, my father-in-law was a minister in Saddam Hussein's government.' He pauses again and adds an afterthought: "In 1982, Saddam had him assassinated."

## Big Issues Are Getting Little Attention

Continued from A-1

"Neither candidate wants to face the American public with the next debate," said economist Ross Perot, former director of the Congressional Budget Office. "It's not the road to the White House."

To be sure, network candidate Ross Perot highlights several of these issues — especially the need to reform campaign finance, the primary system, televising big money campaign com-

mittees, the news media and other forces combined to push away candidates from open, honest debate on complex questions for fear of getting blasted in hyperbole at that ducking the big questions.

"We have a very dignifying public dialogue," comments James Phelan, a professor of government at the University of Oregon. "But there are some problems but quiet on specific reform. But then for he not forced Clinton or Dole to pay more attention to the problems."

"Last year, the GOP Congress proposed to care Medicare's financing financed shortfall by taxing the growth of its projected costs. Medicare expenditures still would have risen 10 percent more slowly than in 1985."

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"I'm sure that Social Security are going to confront the country after the election, but nobody wants to talk about it because look at what happened to the Republicans on Medicare."

The problem, Phelan said, is the way modern presidential campaigns are run. "It's not the matter who the candidate is," he says. "It's the way the media, television, big money, campaign committees, the news media and other forces combined to push away candidates from open, honest debate on complex questions for fear of getting blasted in hyperbole at that ducking the big questions."

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WHERE TO GET IT

## کوردەکان : چیرۆکی دوو میری جەنگ

رۆژنامەی ئەمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که لە رۆژی هەینی ریکەوتی ۲۰ی سێتەمبەری ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوبکراوە، بابەتێکی بەو ناوێشانەی سەرەو نووسبوو، بەم شێوەیە:

" بارزان- عێراق: لەکەناری ئەم شارۆچکە دوور دەستە بەبەرزایی گەردێکەویە، خانوی قور هەن کەسەریان دارەراو حەسیرە، بێ کارەباو ئاوی هەمیشەیی، منداڵەکان بە تەنیا کراسنیکەو کەریان پێش خۆیان داو و بەرەخواری گەردە دەروژن، بەلام کاتیک بەدەوری شارۆچکەدا بەدەیتەو، شتیکی نائاسایی دەردەکەوێت، کۆشکیکی رازاوی تازە بنیاتنراو، ئنجا تەلاری گەورە ترو هی تر لەسەر شێوەی کۆشکەکانی "بێفەرلی هیلز / Beverly Hills" که باخ و شوێستە جوان و تۆکمە دروستکراون.

گەورەترینی ئەو کۆشکانە که دەتوانرێت لە دورەو بیبیریت و هێشتا کاری تێدا دەکەیت، ئەویە که خانوی هاوینەیی مەسعود بارزانییە، ئەوی کۆشکیکی فرە گەورەیی بەشاخیکەویە لەو گوندەیی تیایدا گەورەبوو.

یەک لە کوردە لادێیەکانی ئەوئ وتی: " ئەمە ئەویە که دەبیت بییت. ئەو سەرۆکی ئێمە، سەرۆکی کوردستان، ئەو دەبیت لە خانویەکی مەزن بژی."

بەرستی بارزانی سەرکردەیی ئەوان بوو، لانیكەم لەم ساتەوختەدا. ئەو میریکی جەنگی سەرەمی نوێیە که دەستی بەسەر ناوچە کوردییە نیمچە ئۆتۆنۆمە هەزارەکی کوردستانی عێراقدا گرتوو، لەرێگەیی پارته کەیمو "پدک" و پێشمەرگە میلشیاکانییو. بارزانی، بنکەو پێگەیی سەرەکی لەئێو هەریمەکی خۆیدا هەیی، لەوئ که بەدەییەها هەزار کەس لە خێلەکانی بارزانی، ماویەکی درێژە پشتمگیری دەکەن.



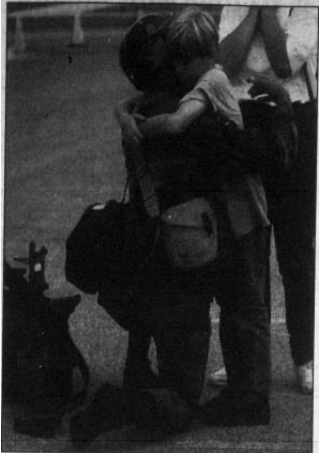
زۆربهى كورد بهزمحممت نەتوانن بىن و بلّين كه جياوازىي  
ئايدىلۆژىي نىوان دوو سەركردهكه چىبه؟ ياخود ئەوان بۆچى پشتى  
ئەمىيان يان ئەمىيان دەگرن؟!!

مەحسوبيهت و مەنسوبيهت، بەشكى گەورەى هئزى تەياكردنى  
هەردوو پارتەكەيه. لئيره، بوونه پيشمەرگه يەككە له دەگمەنترين  
هەلى دەرفەتى كار.

راستىهەكەى، شەرى بارزانى لەگەڵ تالەبانييدا، هئندهى بۆ پارەيه،  
هئند بۆ مافى چارەنووسى كورد و مافى مروقەوه نىبه.!

لەجەنگى كەنداوهوه، پاش ئەوهى كه هاوپەيمانان لەژرى سەدام  
حسین گەمارۆيهكى توندیان خسته سەر عىراق، ناوچه شاخاوبىهكان له  
باكوور، بوونه ريزهويكى قازانبەخشى قاچاخچىتى. هەر  
بارەهەلگريک تەنكىهەكى زىدهى لەژير خۆى بەستبوو كه دەيتوانى  
برى ۳۰۰۰ ليتەر نەوت باربكات. ئەوهى لەعىراق بەنرخترين كالا  
بوو، كه لەرووى تيورييهوه ريگهەى هەناردەكردنى پى نەدەدرا.

دياره هەر حيزبىكى كوردىي ئەو ريگهەى كۆنترۆل بكردايه،  
داهاتى باج و گومرگىكى زۆرى چنگ دەكەوت كه برەكەى ۱۳۰۰  
دۆلار بوو بۆ هەر بارەهەلگريک. ئەو كاته رۆژانه نزيكەى ۸۰۰  
بارەهەلگر لەمەرزموه دەرباز دەبوون. تالەبانى و بارزانى، بۆ  
ماوهەك لەسەرەتاي ۱۹۹۰كاندا، پارەو داهاى باج و گومرگيان  
لەنىوان خوياندا بەشدهكرد، بەلام ناكوكىي لەسەر برەبەشى زياتر بوو  
به هۆكارى نويبوونەوهى شەر لەسالى ۱۹۹۴دا. ئىستاكه، سالانه دەيان  
مليۆن دۆلار دەچننه گيرفانى بارزانىيهوه."



Eric Gay/The Associated Press

Sgt. Scott Mitchell gives his son, Kevin, 8, a farewell hug as he departs from Fort Hood, Texas, on Thursday, bound for Kuwait.

gion actually has strengthened of late, he said.

In his first public comment on the Iraqi crisis, Turkey's new prime minister, Necmettin Erbakan, said Thursday he does not share the United States' concern about Saddam retaining his power.

"This is not our problem. We have no quarrel with any person in Baghdad," said Erbakan, who leads an Islamic-inspired party. "That is only the concern of the United States."

changed. Utah was compared with Idaho from August 1976 to July 1991.

When statistics for the five states with a 0.08 percent limit were lumped together, there was a 16 percent reduction in the proportion of fatal crashes involving fatally injured driver whose blood alcohol was 0.08 percent or higher. Hingson said the study examined only alcohol-related fatal crashes in which a drunken driver was killed because police are much less likely to test the blood alcohol of surviving drivers.

The 0.08 percent states also experienced an 18 percent decline in the proportion of fatal crashes involving a fatally injured driver whose blood alcohol was 0.15 percent or higher.

Hingson said that counters HP fears that an even tougher law will force officers to focus on dilly impaired drivers while taking time to bust the seriously intoxicated. The 0.08 percent law shifts the whole social norm and how much is acceptable to drink before driving — not only the lighter drinkers but with savier drinkers, he said.

Knowlsey replied: "Most people 08 to 0.10 are not really what we'd call intoxicated. They may

## The Kurds: A Tale of Two Warlords

**BARZANI, Iraq** — On the outskirts of this remote hilltop town, mud huts with thatched roofs are the rule, without electricity or running water, just children in rags leading donkeys up the hill.

But rounding the bend into town, something incongruous appears: an ornate, newly built mansion, then another and another — big, Beverly Hills-style buildings, with elaborate gardens and terraces.

The biggest one of all, visible in the distance and still under construction, will be the summer home of Massoud Barzani. It is a massive mountain-top palace in the village where he grew up.

"This is as it should be," said a Kurdish villager. "He is our leader, the leader of Kurdistan. He should live in a big house."

Barzani is indeed their leader, at least for the moment — a modern-day warlord who controls the impoverished, semi-autonomous territory of Iraqi Kurdistan through his Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) and its armed "peshmarga" militia. Barzani has his power base here in his home province, where tens of thousands of the Barzani clan have long supported him.

Barzani's undisputed supremacy over Iraqi Kurdistan only dates back about three weeks, to when he routed his rival of two decades — Jalal Talabani, leader of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK) — from the eastern half of the country with the military assistance of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

From a distance, the two rival Kurds — Talabani and Barzani — seem like comic caricatures from an Evelyn Waugh novel, interchangeable warlords whose KDP and PUK fighters have been killing each other over two decades for no apparent ideological reason.

But the story of the Kurds is anything but comic. Both the story of the Kurds is anything but comic. Both the story of the Kurds is anything but comic.

decades battling each other, rather than their common enemy, Hussein. In the last 20 months alone, an estimated 4,000 people have been killed in factional fighting between the KDP and the PUK. When Talabani turned to Iran for weapons and assistance, Barzani did the unthinkable: He turned for help to Hussein, who had killed many Kurds but who had been kept out of northern Iraq since the Gulf War by the American, French and British armies.

At first, Barzani's decision to invite Hussein back into the north stunned observers. But just a few years earlier, it was Talabani who was allied with Baghdad, while Barzani had turned to Tehran.

Most Kurds are hard-pressed to tell you the ideological difference between the two chieftains or why they support one or the other. Patronage is a big part of the attraction of both parties: Being a peshmarga — literally, "one who faces death" — is one of the

The reality is that Barzani's battle with Talabani is at least as much about money as it is about Kurdish self-determination and human rights.

Since the Gulf War, when the coalition against Hussein imposed strict economic sanctions on Iraq, the highway through the north has become a lucrative smuggling route. Each truck carries a huge metal tank affixed to its underbelly that can hold about 3,000 liters of oil — Iraq's most precious commodity, and which, theoretically, is not allowed to be exported.

Whichever Kurdish party is in control of the route can charge a tax of about \$130 a truck — and there are an estimated 800 trucks a day crossing the border. For a while in the early 1990s, Talabani and Barzani shared the tax money. But disputes over the split helped lead to renewed fighting in 1994. Today that money — tens of millions of dollars a year — goes to Barzani.

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## کلینتون هیچ روونکردنه‌وه‌یه‌کی بۆ دۆخه‌که‌ی عیراق پی ئەماوه

رۆژنامه‌ی "STANDERD\_EXZAMINER" که له رۆژی یه‌کشه‌ممه‌ی ریکه‌وتی ۲۲ی ئه‌یلولی ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوه‌ته‌وه، بابته‌یکه‌ی "تۆنی سنۆو" به‌و ناو‌نیشان‌ه‌ی سه‌رموه بلاوکردۆته‌وه، که ئەمه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

" واشنتون - جهنگی رانه‌گه‌یه‌نراوی سه‌رۆک کلینتون له دژی عیراق، وایکرد که‌متر هاوشیوه‌ی جۆرج پاتون و زیاتر وه‌ک ماکسونیل سمارت ده‌ربکه‌هویت. دوا‌ی سه‌ی هه‌فته له شه‌ر و پیک‌دادانی به‌رده‌وام و به‌فیرۆدانی ملیاریک دۆلار، چوار جار هه‌ولیداوه پاساو بۆ نار‌دنی هیز بۆ رۆژه‌لاتی ناوهر‌است به‌ئینته‌وه، به‌لام هیشتا پاساو و روونکردنه‌وه‌یه‌کی ماقول‌ی وای پینشک‌ه‌ش نه‌کردوه .

ئهم درامایه، جیاوازی نیوان سیاسه‌تی ناوخۆیی و جیهانی ده‌خاته روو. دوا‌ی سه‌ی رۆژ له که‌وتنی دیک مۆریس (راویژکاتی سه‌رۆک بوو به‌هۆی په‌یوه‌ندی به ژنه له‌شفرۆشیکه‌وه له ئابی ۱۹۹۶دا، رسوا بوو/س)، سه‌دام حسین هیرشیکرده سه‌ر شاری هه‌ولیری عیراق. سه‌رۆک وه‌ک ئه‌وه‌ی بابته‌ی ملاملانی هه‌لمه‌تی هه‌لبژاردنه‌کان وه‌لامی دایه‌وه. ئه‌و تیمیکه‌ی وه‌لامدانه‌وه‌ی خیرای نار‌د. له‌م حالته‌دا هیرشبه‌ره‌کان جلو‌به‌رگی سه‌ربازیان له‌به‌ردابووه و هه‌ول‌ی ناسه‌قامگیرکردنی سه‌دامیانداوه، نه‌ک له‌ریگه‌ی فاکسه‌وه، به‌ئکو به ۴۴ مووشه‌کی زۆر پینشکه‌وتووم که‌هول‌ی به‌ده‌سته‌پینانی ده‌نگ ده‌دن!

سه‌رۆک کۆمار ئاماژه‌ی به‌وه‌شکرد، که بۆ پرزگارکردنی کورد هه‌لسۆراوه، به‌لام هیزه‌کانمان ئه‌و شوینانه‌یان بۆردومانکردوه که سه‌دان میل له باشووری کوردستان دووره. راستیه‌که ئه‌وه‌یه که ئیداره له نیستاره‌وه ده‌ستبه‌رداری کیشه‌ی کورد بووه ده‌ستی لێی شتووه.



ئەمەریکا، ھاوکارىيە مەروۇپىيەكانى بۇ كوردستان بەرئىژەى 5% لە ئاستى سالى ۱۹۹۳ كە مەكردۆتەو، ھەروەھا دەستبەردارى كۆمەلىك كورد بوو كە ۱۰۰ ملىون دۆلارىان پىدرابوو بۇ پروخاندنى سەدام-پروژەمىك زۆر ھاوشىوەى ئەوہىە داوا لە گۆرانىيىژە راپەكانى ئەمەرىكا بەكەى بۇ پروخاندنى حكومەتى فیدرالى! سەدام بەھارى سالى رابردوو، بەو پىلانەى زانى و ئەو كودەتاجىيانەى كوشت كە پالپشتى ئەمەرىكايان ھەبوو. تا ئەو كاتەى ھىزەكانى سەدام ھەولتارىان گەمارۆدابوو، زۆرہى ئەوانەى كارپان بۆدەكردىن لە گۆرە قوولەكاندا شىبوونەو.

دواى ئەوہى پروونكردنەوہى ژمارە يەك دارما، بەرئوہبەرايەتى پروونكردنەوہىكەى دىكەى پىشنىاركرد. سەرۆك كۆمار وتى ئىمە عىراقمان بۆردومان كرد بۇ ئەوہى پەيامىك بۇ سەدام بنىرىن. وتەبىژانى ئىدارە ئاژەيان بەوہ كرد كە ئىمە زىانىكى بەرچاومان بە بنكەكانى رادار لە باشوورى بەغدا گەياندوو. سەير لەوہدايە ھىچ بەلگەيەكيان نەخستەروو. لە كاتى گەردەلولى بىاباندا، ئىدارەى بوش نەيتوانى چاوەرىيى بلاوكردنەوہى وىنەى بىنا چرچ و لۆچ و ئامانجە بلىسەدارەكان بەكات. ئەمجارە فرۆكەوانەكانمان بەبى وىنە گەرانەو.

كەواتە، دىنە سەر پروونكردنەوہى ژمارە ۳: ئىمە باشوورى عىراقمان بۆردومان كرد بۇ پاراستنى ئەو فرۆكەوانانەى كە بۇ پاسەوانى ناوچەى دژەفرىن لە باكورى عىراق دەفرن. كۆشكى سپى ئەم پروونكردنەوہى دواى ئەوہى عىراق دوو مووشەكى ئىس ۶ بە ئاراستەى بەشنىك لە فرۆكە ئەمەرىكىيەكانمان تەقاند.

عىراقىيەكان لە كاتى ھىرشەكەدا تەننەت رادارىشيان كارپى نەكرد، چونكە نەياندەوىست فرۆكەوانە ئەمەرىكىيەكان لە بنكەى مووشەكەكانيان بەدن. مووشەكە ئەمەرىكىيەكان بى زيان بە ئاسماندا دەفرىن.

ئەمەش سەرۆكەكەى تووشى سەرسورمان كرد: ھاوپەيمانه رۆژناواییەكانى رەخنەیان لێدەگرت بەھۆى ئەو كارە سەربازییەوہ كە پێش بۆردومانکردنى تەپۆلكە خۆلەكان، راویژی بە هیچ ھاوبەشیكى ھاوپەيمانى نەکردوہ.

ھەر وھا ئەندامانى كۆنگرەئیسىش ھەستیان بە نینگەرانى دەکرد. سیناتۆر سام نون، یەكێك لە ھاوكارە دیموكراتەكانى كلینتۆن، رایگەياند: سەدام دواى ھێرشەكانى ئەمريكا بەھیزتر بوو و ئەمريكا لاوازتر بوو. سەرکردەكانى عەرەب بە گەمژەیی ئێمە پێدەكەن. ھاوپەيمانه ئەوروپییەكان بە سەرسورمانەوہ چاوەكانیان وەرگێرا. دىكتاتۆرى عێراق پێكەنى. نون و شارەزایانى دیکەى بەرگرى بە رەخنەگرتن لە قسەنەکردنى سەرۆك لەگەڵ ئەندامانى سەرەكى كۆنگرەئیس خوییان كردە بەسەر برینەكاندا.

كۆشكى سپى دەیزانى كە دەبێت جۆرىك لە پاساوى گەورە بۆ لەشكر كیشییەكەى داتاشیت. ئاماژەى بەو شكرە، بیروكەى بۆردومانەكە بۆ بەرگرىکردنە لە كوێت و سعودیە. پێدەچیت ئەمە شتیكى ماقوول بێت. سەدام لە باشوورى عێراق كە دوور نەبوو لە كوێت ھەندىك مانۆرى جەنگى ئەنجامدەدا. بەلام زۆرى نەخایاند كاتىك ویلیام پێرى، وەزیری بەرگرى پلانى ناردنى پێنج ھەزار سەربازى بۆ كوھیت راگەياند، كە بنەمالەى پارێزگار لەو ولاتە وتیان: ئیستا نا!

دوئالد رامسفۆلد، وەزیری پێشووى بەرگرى و سەرۆكى نیشتمانى ھەلمەتى ھەلبژاردنى دۆل بۆ سەرۆكایەتى ئەمريكا، گلەبى لەوہ دەكات كە كلینتۆن سەرۆكایەتى "سندووقى پۆست" بەرپۆدەبات - لەبەرامبەر قەیرانەكان كاردانەوہى دەبێت نەك رینگرییان لێيكات. مايكل مەندەلبام، لە ئەنجومەنى پەيوەندییەكانى دەرەوہ، لە سەرەتای ئەمسائدا لە وتاریكى وێرانكردا ئاماژەى بەوہ كردووہ كە ئىدارەى ئەمريكا، سیاسەتى دەرەوہ وەك جۆرىك لە كردەى كۆمەلایەتى دەبێت.

هردوو رهنه که ئامانجیان پیکا. به لام بیل کلینتون به پێچهوانه‌ی زۆریک له سیاسه‌تمه‌داره‌کان، له هه‌له‌کانی فیر ده‌بیت. ئهو پاشه‌کشه‌پکرد له هه‌ره‌شه‌ شه‌رانگیزه‌کانی له دژی عێراق، هاوکات به‌ پروونی ئه‌وه‌ی خسته‌روو که هه‌شتا ده‌یه‌وێت سه‌دام ئیحتیوا بکات. هه‌نگاوێکی زیره‌کانه: سه‌دام وایکرد سه‌رۆک کۆمار وه‌ک گه‌وجیک بینه‌به‌رچاو. به‌لام له داتاشینی وه‌لامیکدا، کلینتون ده‌بیت گرنگی پلاندانانی ورد و ئارامگرانه‌ بدات. له‌ سیاسه‌تی جیهانیدا، هه‌روه‌ک له ژياندا، تۆله‌کردنه‌وه‌ خواردنیکه که واباشه به ساردیی پێشکەش بکریت. "

Standard-Examiner

Our View

It's restitution time on Ogden's west side

Highly visible residents of West Ogden have been overlooked long enough. It's time for Ogden's government leaders to spread the wealth across the tracks, across the viaduct, and make life better on the city's west side.

While Ogden's downtown area has been receiving needed attention for years, West Ogden has languished. The people there have endured a landfill for a decade, a new juvenile jail facility, and the roads and sidewalks have been crumbling.

The landfill is scheduled to close in about six months, and a vast public park will take its place. Ogden City should begin earmarking a hefty portion of the user fees it will derive from the county's new waste transfer station for improvements in West Ogden, including:

- Purchase of the Hopkins School from Weber County and its conversion into a community center — possibly a satellite of the Marshall White Center.
- Fast-tracking the reconstruction, widening and beautification of 24th Street. If the street's intersection with I-15 is ever transformed into a full-scale interchange, commercial development will come naturally — further benefiting land owners. 24th Street should be upgraded with that eventual development in mind so that it doesn't have to be re-done in five or 10 years.

POWs in North Korea

A House subcommittee has heard chilling testimony indicating that the United States government may have abandoned more than 900 American prisoners of war after it signed an armistice with North Korea and China to end the Korean War 43 years ago.

There have long been rumors that the government chose to keep silent about American captives it knew had been left behind in North Korea. That suspicion has gained credence in credibility. Somewhere in

► Offering incentives in order to attract a grocery store to locate in West Ogden, so residents don't have to travel miles and miles to shop for their food. Once a grocery is in place, it could serve as an anchor to attract more retail business to the west side.

With the exception of city councilman Jesse Garcia, Ogden City has in many ways managed to ignore West Ogden. There have been worthwhile home improvement programs, but not enough to keep pace with the community's general deterioration.

Lately, though, some community leaders have indicated an interest in West Ogden's west. City council members Glen Holley and Ken Alford, along with Garcia, attended a Standard-Examiner sponsored community meeting in August — a sign of things to come.

The Ogden City Council and administration need to begin investigating the possibility of bridging the chasm — both literally and figuratively — between the city's downtown district and West Ogden. Right now, with vast, mostly empty parcels taking up space between the two sections of the city, there exists a no man's land where transients and decay form a wall that separates Ogdenians from each other.

"That wall" needs to come down, and it's up to Ogden leaders to make sure it does.

The government was classified as an enemy, information that could point to the truth surely exist. There is absolutely no case to be made for secrecy now, if indeed there ever was one.

The clear moral responsibility of the government is to track down every bit of information that exists about Americans who might have been abandoned in North Korea, to release that information and to explain why it is decades late in doing so.

— Los Angeles Times

20 years ago

**DECEMBER 22, 1976**  
**NATIONAL**  
► On the eve of the Great Debates, President Ford is holding three news conferences at the White House while Jimmy Carter is retiring and studying reasons after offering his final declaration.  
**LOCAL**  
► Local real estate sales are exceeding the 1975 peak by better than 30 percent, indicating continued expansion of a strong Ogden area economy. Total sales should approach 345 million.  
► The Weber County Library

50 years ago

**DECEMBER 22, 1946**  
**NATIONAL**  
► The nation's greatest maritime strike ends on an even note when workers are agreed to accept an offer on the coast ports for 16 days.  
**LOCAL**  
► Irving S. Olds, chairman of the board of the United States Corporation, said that General. Stated in the most modern truck made in the world. Three more open-berths. Business will be operational this fall as well as the structural steel department.  
► Lee Jost, progressive packer and

board is pursuing possible construction of a new north branch in the Five Points area to replace the limited facilities in the Emerson Stone Branch. Costs of the new branch could total \$300,000.  
► The County Health Board has failed to meet a deadline for funding \$1 million worth of improvements at the incinerator. Commissioner Keith G. Jensen said he thinks the problem "will get solved." The Environmental Protection Agency does have the authority to shut down the incinerator if the board fails to meet its deadline.

grower of dioxin Davis County chemists, announced plans for expansion of his packing facilities which will process new outdoor and new markets for Utah-grown trout. It is the first time the local residents have been freed from the trout in New York City.  
► A 600-bed Navy mobile-hospital unit will be delivered to the Salt Lake County General Hospital for the use of infirmary-patients. Dr. Mike Hufford, hospital superintendent, said the unit will take care of 600 patients and has transferred 100 patients.

CONGRESS



Can the Democrats reclaim Congress?

**DAVID BROWDER**  
Washington Post

**VILLANOVA, Pa.** — When Bob Dole and Jack Kemp came to this Presidential Mass. Line subway for a campaign event last week, 13 Republican governors joined them in a show of support.

One man who was not on stage with the national ticket — although he was being shooed back and forth by a man U.S. representative from the 13th District, Dan Fox. He stayed early to collect the endorsement of the local Federal Dept. of Police on the way that nation's national leadership endorsement President Clinton.

Fox, who is running as the 13th district independent of the 13 Republican members, representing Montgomery County, Pa., was the keynote speaker. He mainly attacked Bill Dole "a man not doing as well as could be in his own state." Neil O'Brien, consultant for Fox's Democratic opponent County Commissioner Joe Harf, handed this reporter a just-completed poll that put Clinton 18 points ahead of Dole in the classic swing district.

One reason for Clinton's remarkable comeback is that 19 percent of the Democrats in the district, but only 8 percent of the Republicans, are

regarding control of Congress. Public polls in most other states show what a struggle Dole is having just to catch the bare Republicans. He shares that any success can usually assume.

Most pollsters are appropriately cautious in gauging turnout and the outcome of the battle for Congress, noting that the ad campaign in these areas is just beginning and most voters are still undecided. But Clinton's choice, Bill Dole, a pollster for Dole's GOP campaign, said:

"The intensity about this election is higher with the Democratic groups as blacks and senior citizens than we're seeing with Republicans."  
Republican hopes of retaining the House rest largely on winning enough of the 19 Southern states, where incumbent Democratic energy running to off-set possible losses elsewhere. But Democratic Philadelphia-based consultant, Saul Luria, told me he has three Democratic challengers in North Carolina districts the GOP picked up in 1994. And in the Eastern and Western states where Clinton's margins are widest, GOP candidates could face tough sledding.

Across the country in New York's Hudson Valley 19th District, another dimension of the potential Republican problem comes into view. This is a district where moderate Republicans usually win, the late Rep. Hamilton Fish Jr. led it for 20 years, and then moderate, Stu Kelly, won in 1994. This month pollster Brad Hanson showed out the race for Democratic challenger Richard Klein, Kelly led

Klein, 33 percent to 33 percent, with Conservative Party candidate Joe DiGiovanni at 14 percent. Almost 30 percent were undecided.

When Hanson took a closer look at those undecided swing voters, he found that only 30 percent had a clearly favored candidate. He noted that only 10 percent about Klein or DiGiovanni. It had been that only two years earlier when Kelly actually trailed her Democratic challenger a month before Election Day.

But in 1994, only 24 percent of the undecided voters had a favorite opinion of Clinton. The election, Hanson said, "turned into a referendum on Clinton," and Kelly won. This year, by contrast, Clinton is viewed favorably by 67 percent of the voters who are undecided on their choice between Clinton and Speaker of the House Newt Gingrich.

"In 1994, we had also close to a partisan election. Clinton's vote had," Hanson said. "In a lot of districts, the swing voters didn't know a lot about either candidate, but they knew how they felt about Bill Clinton, and they voted accordingly. This time, I think we're going to see the same thing in reverse, and it will be thumbing up on Clinton, thumbs-down on Gingrich, overshadowing everything else."  
If that is the case, the Jon Fosses and Sue Kellys of the Republican Party, and maybe in congressional majority — are in real jeopardy.

David Browder writes a twice-weekly column for the Washington Post Writers Group, and is a frequent contributor on NBC's "Meet the Press."

Clinton running out of Iraq explanations

**TONY SHAW**  
Creator

**WASHINGTON** — President Clinton's unrelenting war on Iraq has made him look like the George Patton from Maxwell Street. After three weeks of intermittent hostilities and a billion dollars down the drain, he has tried four times to justify sending troops to the Middle East — and still hasn't come up with an explanation that sells.

The president's diversionary tactic between domestic and global politics. That's what Dick Morris did with George. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

U.S.-backed coup plotters. By the time his troops entered Iraq, most of our soldiers were moldering in shallow graves.

After Explanation No. 1 collapsed, the administration proposed another. We bombed Iraq, the president said, to send a message to Saddam Hussein. Administration spokesman implied we had inflicted heavy damage on Iraq. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

So on to Explanation No. 3: We bombed Kuwait. Iraq is to protect those who patrol the north sea in North America. The White House concocted this story after Iraq fired off two S-4 missiles at the very general direction of some U.S. jets.

It had shamed humanitarian aid to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

He laughed and Iraqis dragged laughing. Saddam and other defense ministers rubbed salt in the wounds by blaming the missile attacks on Iraq. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

That seemed reasonable. Saddam was a wrong coalition. We got Iraq in southern Iraq, not by force from Kuwait. But the president had Defense Secretary William Perry announced plans to send 100,000 troops to Kuwait. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

Both critics bill the mark. Yet Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

Members of Congress were getting the message. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf. Saddam Hussein invaded the Gulf. Clinton's response was to send troops to the Gulf.

## سەدام ستایشی سوپاکان دەکات لەپای کارەکانیان

رۆژنامەی "UNIVERSITY JOURNAL" که لە رۆژی دووشەممە ی ریکهوتی ۲۳ی ئەیلولی ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوکرانەتەوه، لەلایەره ی یهکههه خۆیدا،بابهتیک ی بهو ناونیشانه ی سه ره وه بلاوکر دۆته وه، که ئەمه دهقه کهیه تی:

"بهغدا، عێراق :- سه دام حسێن به بهرز کردنه وه ی تۆنی قسه کانی و له هه مان کاتدا خاوکر دهنه وه ی کرده وه کانی، به دلفراوانیه وه ستایشی سوپاکه ی کرد که به شیک له باکووری عێراقیان "رزگار کردوه" و تهقه یان له فرۆکه جهنگیه کانی ئەمهریکا کردوه که له ئاسمانی ناوچه که دهسورینه وه.

له میان ی کۆبوونه وه ی ئەنجومه نی وه زیراندا، درهنگانی شهوی شه ممه، سه دام دیسانه وه وتی چیتر دان بهو ناوچه یه ی "دژه فرین"دا نانیته به سه ره باکوور و باشووری عێراقدا که هاوپه یمانان به سه ره کایه تی ئەمهریکا سه پاندوو یانه.

به لām ئەوه ئاماژه ی به وه نه کرد که ناخۆ هیزه عێراقیه کان ده ست ده که نه وه به تهقاندنی مووشهک به رووی فرۆکه جهنگیه کانی ئەمهریکا و هاوپه یمانان. ههنگاویکی وا که به دلنیا یه وه ئەجماندانی ده بینه هوی دووباره رووبه روو بوونه وه له گه ل ئەمهریکا دا.

دوایین کیشه ی نیوان هه ردو و لات دوا ی ئەوه ده ستی پیکرد که هیزه کانی عێراق له ۳۱ی ئاب هێرش یان کرده سه ره باکوور بو یارمه تیدانی گروپیک ی کوردی بو شکسته تی هینانی گروپیک ی رکابه ره. له دوا ی ئەوه ی عێراق له ۱۳ی ئەیلولدا رایگه یاند، چیتر تهقه له و فرۆکانه ناکات که ناوچه ی دژه فرین ده پارێزن، گرژیه کان که مبوونه ته وه.

دوینی موقەدەم ئەندروۆ بۆرلاند و تەبێژی سەربازی رایگەیاندا:  
عێراق لە رۆژی پینجشەممەو سێستەمی راداری بەرگری ئاسمانی،  
بۆ بەدواداچوونی فرۆکە جەنگییەکانی ئەمریکا بەکار نەهێناوە.

ویلیام پیری، وەزیری بەرگری ئەمریکا، لە میانەی گەشتیکیدا لە  
فینلاندهووە بۆ سوید، دوینی رایگەیاندا کە پێدەچێت عێراق "پاشکەز  
بووبیتەو" لە هەنگاوە هەر شە ئامیزەکانی هەفتەیک لەمەوبەری.  
هەر وەها وتی: رەنگە یەکیک لەو دوو فرۆکە هەلگرە ئەمریکییە لە  
ناوچەکەدا، مانگی داهاوو بەگەریتەو بەنکەکی خۆی.

موقەدەم تۆماس نیکەرسۆن، و تەبێژیکی دیکە سەربازی  
رایگەیاندا، هێشتا کۆکردنەوی هیزی سەربازی ئەمریکا بەردەوام  
بوو، دوینی ٦٠٠ سەربازی دیکە ئەمریکی گەشتتە کویت و  
سەربازی دیکەش بە رینگاوەن.

نیکەرسۆن وتی: پێشبینی دەکرا دواھەمین سەرباز لە کۆی ٣٥٠٠  
سەربازە لە کە لە قۆرتەود، لە ویلایەتی تەکساسەو هاتبوون، تا  
ناوەراستی هەفتەیکە بگەن. ئەمریکا نزیک بە ٣٠٠٠٠ سەرباز و  
٢٠٠ فرۆکە و ٣٥ کەشتی لە ناوچەکە هەیە.

سەدام ئاماژە بەو شکرە، لە مانگی رابردوودا سەربازەکانی  
کاتیکی هێرشیان کردە سەر شارە کوردییەکی هەولێر لە باکوور،  
پیشوازیان لیکراوە. ئەو وتی: "پیشوازی سەرسورھینەری سوپا  
بویرەکەمان، رەنگدانەوی نیشتمانپەروری رەسەنی ئەوان بوو."

پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان، بە هاوکاری سوپای عێراق،  
باکووری گرتەو و ئیستا بەکردار هەموو ئەو "پەناگە ئارامە"ی  
کوردانی کۆنترۆڵکردووە کە لە سالی 1991 لەلایەن ئەمریکا و  
هاوپیمانەکانیەو بۆ پاراستنی کورد لە دەستدرێژیەکانی سەدام  
دامەزرێنرا."

## Saddam praises armies for actions

BAGHDAD, Iraq (AP) — Turning up his rhetoric while scaling back his actions, Saddam Hussein lavishly praised his army for "liberating" part of northern Iraq and firing at U.S. warplanes patrolling the skies.

Speaking during a Cabinet meeting late Saturday night, Saddam again said he no longer recognized the "no-fly" zones over northern and southern Iraq that a U.S.-led alliance has been enforcing.

But he didn't say whether Iraqi forces would resume firing missiles at American and allied warplanes, a move that almost certainly would lead to renewed confrontation with the United States.

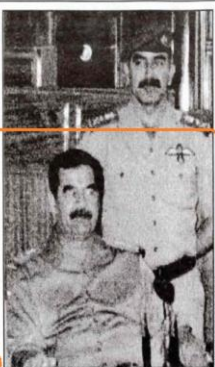
The latest trouble between the two countries began after Iraqi troops stormed into the north Aug. 31 to help a Kurdish faction defeat a rival group. Tensions have eased since Iraq announced Sept. 13 that it no longer would fire at planes enforcing the no-fly zones.

Iraq also hasn't used air defense radar systems to track U.S. warplanes since Thursday, military spokesman Lt. Col. Andrew Bourland said yesterday.

U.S. Secretary of Defense William Perry, speaking on a flight from Finland to Sweden, said yesterday that Iraq appeared to be "backing off" its threatening moves of a week ago. One of two U.S. aircraft carries in region might return to its homeport next month, he said.

Still, the U.S. military buildup continued, with 600 more American soldiers arriving in Kuwait yesterday and others on the way, said Lt. Col. Thomas Nickerson, another military spokesman.

The last of 3,500 soldiers arriving from Fort



Iraqi President Saddam Hussein chairs a cabinet meeting in Baghdad, Iraq, on Saturday.

Hood, Texas, were expected by midweek, Nickerson said. The United States has some 30,000 soldiers, 200 planes and 35 ships in the region.

Saddam said his troops were welcomed when they stormed into the northern Kurdish city of Irbil last month. "The marvelous reception of our valiant army reflected their authentic patriotism," he said.

With the help of the Iraqi army, the Kurdistan Democratic Party swept through the north and now controls virtually all of the Kurdish "safe havens" established by the United States and its allies in 1991 to protect the Kurds against Saddam's aggression.

## WORLD DIGEST



Pope John Paul II

**POPE WEATHERS TOUGH TEST IN FRANCE:** In the face of doubts about his health and scattered protests against his visit, Pope John Paul II wrapped up a demanding four-day pilgrimage yesterday that drew huge crowds of faithful. The pope appeared to tire toward the end of the day, but prelates who had lunch with him yesterday said his spirits were high and he talked openly of his mortality.

John Paul "speaks freely, and with a smile, of his death. There is no fear of the void," Paris Cardinal Jean-Marie Lustiger said at a news conference with other French bishops. Yesterday was a long day for the pope, who returned to Rome in the evening after delivering his fifth speech of the day, a farewell to Prime Minister Alain Juppe in which he praised "the French soul."

### AS SKELETONS CRUMBLE, KHMER ROUGE LEADERS MAY ESCAPE TRIAL:

The hope of peace may deny justice to the victims of the Khmer Rouge's killing fields, their anonymous bones crumbling to dust two decades after Cambodia's holocaust. Researchers have gathered an unprecedented body of evidence to prosecute Khmer Rouge leader Pol Pot and his henchmen for crimes against humanity — if anyone ever holds a trial. "Based on the very detailed evidence we have compiled, it's quite clear that the slaughter in Cambodia in those years was one of the most horrific in the 20th century," said Craig Etcheson, manager for the U.S.-financed Cambodia Genocide Program. But maneuvering to exploit a split in the Khmer Rouge, the Cambodian government granted amnesty on Sept. 14 to one chief of the Marxist movement's 1975-79 regime as the price for hastening an end to civil war. The pardon of Ieng Sary in exchange for leading hundreds of guerrillas out of battle underscores the reality that international priorities, Cambodia's weakness and the will of die-hards to fight on may prevent the Khmer Rouge ever being punished.

### SOUTH KOREAN SEARCH FOR REMAINING NORTH KOREAN INFILTRATORS:

One body was found wearing the camouflaged uniform of a South Korean lieutenant, the other had on civilian clothes marked with popular South Korean brand names. But both were North Korean infiltrators, shot dead over the weekend by South Korean troops hunting for the crew and others — many believed to be spies — who abandoned a disabled submarine off this eastern coastal city last week. The two bodies were found with a pistol and an AK-47 rifle, as well as a pack of South Korean cigarettes and a sack of stolen ears of corn. Five of their co-conspirators who fled Wednesday morning when the mysterious mission to the South Korean shores unraveled remained at large. Some are specially trained espionage agents, who could easily survive for days on the wild berries and other fruits that ripen in autumn. So far 20 North Koreans from the submarine have died or have been killed, intelligence officials say North Korean commandos murdered 11 of them to aid their own escape. Only one has been captured alive.

### BHUTTO PRAYS AT BROTHER'S GRAVE AMID ANGRY PROTESTS:

Draped in a black shawl, Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto wept and prayed at her younger brother's grave yesterday. A mob of 600 youths burned tires, threw stones and vowed revenge for his death in a gunbattle with police. Ms. Bhutto ordered a judicial inquiry into Friday's shooting in the southern city of Karachi in which seven supporters of her brother Murtaza were also killed. Ms. Bhutto's mother, Benazir Bhutto, denied accusing her daughter of involvement in her son's murder, blaming instead "a deep-rooted conspiracy against the Bhutto family." The prime minister's father was overthrown on Pakistan's leader in a coup and hanged on the orders of a military dictator in 1979, and her youngest brother died mysteriously in 1986.



Benazir Bhutto

## Yeltsin pushing for early surgery

MOSCOW (AP) — Boris Yeltsin is pushing for his bypass surgery to be performed soon, but his chief surgeon said yesterday the procedure is too risky to rush and perhaps could be canceled.

Yeltsin had said the surgery would take place at the end of September. However, Dr. Rinat Akhchin said it may not be performed until mid- to late November, depending on the results of tests on his heart to be done this week.

Asked whether the surgery might be canceled, Akhchin told the Russian NTV network's *Togi show*: "It's possible, but we would have to create [lifestyle changes] for the patient which he himself would not tolerate."

The intrigue surrounding Yeltsin's condition was rattched up Saturday by Pavel Voshchanov, a journalist and former Yeltsin aide who told Associated Press Television that the 65-year-old president has problems with his back, and with the hearing and blood vessels in his brain.

Voshchanov, Yeltsin's press secretary from July 1991 until he resigned in February 1992, also said that the president has liver and kidney trouble that has been exacerbated by his drinking, contradicting statements from one of Yeltsin's physicians.

His disclosures followed Akhchin's suggestion that aides covered up a Yeltsin heart attack in the closing days of the summer

presidential campaign this summer.

Voshchanov said Yeltsin has "a problem with blood vessels in the brain, which causes one to suspect the development of atherosclerosis," fatty deposits on the inner walls of the arteries that can cause the affected area to degenerate. "And his spine is ill as well," Voshchanov said. "He has very strong headaches, and he has inflammation of the middle ear and can barely hear out of that ear."

Voshchanov claimed Yeltsin also has problems with his liver and kidneys, "one of which almost refuses to function." He did not elaborate, but related the problems to Yeltsin's drinking, and said the president's shaky health complicated scheduling decisions. "Sometimes I couldn't answer questions about our upcoming plans because so much depended upon when we would have dinner with, how we would have dinner, and upon what and how many [bottles] would be standing on the tables," he said.

Dr. Sergei Mironov, the Kremlin's chief physician, denied last week that Yeltsin has major liver or kidney problems, but admitted that the president has other unidentified problems that may complicate the surgery.

Yeltsin has been hospitalized since Sept. 13 for what aides said then would be a couple of days of pre-surgery tests.

## كورد داواى يارمهتى له ئەمريكا دهكات

رۆژنامهى ئەمريكى "The Salt Lake Tribune" كه له رۆژى سێشهمهى رێكهوتى ٢٤ى سێپتەمبەر/ ئەیلولى ١٩٩٦دا، چاپ و بڵاوبكراوهتهوه، ههواڵێكى بهو ناوئيشانهى سهروهه نووسيوه، بهم شيوهيه:

"رۆژ نورى، سهركردهى پارتى ديموكراتى كوردستان، رۆژى دووشهمه داواى هاوكارى دارايى و سهربازى له رۆژئاوا كرد بۆ ئەوهى يارمهتىى بدن له چهسپاندنى دهسهلاتهكه له باكوورى عىراق. ئەوان دهيانهووت ئەمريكا بيانپاريزيوت."





HEADLINERS

Beauty bills don't need fix to deter bad message about the state of fine arts education... In my time, the opportunities for fine arts education were 50 percent better than today... the opera star said... It's our fault, the parents' fault... We're the ones who've allowed to speak today at the opening of Wake Forest University's Year of the Arts...

THE AMERICAS

Alling Medicare: What the candidates don't tell you, could you get costing you a bundle... Medicare is the largest federal program to require to continue to receive care as a form of insurance... If it does, it is loaded for bankruptcy... Details: A-1

Long Hours: The economy is booming... so why do the long hours? The women, the men jobs are just not there... They face low pay and long hours, and often hold down two jobs... Details: A-1

What a Long Journey It Has Been: Additional Blaine... Lucid hugged her husband's colleagues about the space station... Mrs. Franklin will take several U.S. space shuttle Atlantis for her trip home to her space-enthusiast son... Details: A-3

Police Officer Killed: A top Mexican federal police officer who was in charge of fighting drug smuggling across the U.S. border was tortured and killed... He was the seventh such police official from northern Mexico killed this year... Details: A-2

Foggy Crash: A semitrailer truck slammed into a car stopped behind a school bus on a foggy road in Wisconsin... The trucker killing four in the car and a 13-year-old in the car... Details: A-4

Irritated Bill: Eager on questions from Jim Leiber of PBS public television... President Clinton said it was obvious that Whitewater underwent counsel... Kenneth Starr was not to get his name... Details: A-8

Sticky Situation: President Clinton will be at the United Nations today for the signing of a historic treaty banning nuclear tests... he will be used much diplomatically in his conduct of international affairs... Secretary-General Boutros Boutros-Ghali... Details: A-8

BUSINESS

Dow Rises: The Dow Jones industrial average rose 8.86 points Monday... to 5,906.74... closing high of 5,916.09 set last Monday... Stocks: D-2

Too Small? Has the Salt Lake Convention & Visitors Bureau done the job too well? The new \$15 million Salt Palace has been open less than a year, and already there is talk of expansion... Details: D-1

ASIA/OCEANIA

Korea Seeks U.S. Help: North Korea is demanding South Korea return a small submarine along with bodies of the crew which it says were aground due to engine trouble... South Korea called the demand unjustified and demanded an apology... Details: A-1

Seek Return of Sub: North Korea is demanding South Korea return a small submarine along with bodies of the crew which it says were aground due to engine trouble... South Korea called the demand unjustified and demanded an apology... Details: A-1

Low-Costs Leader: The party that ran little for much of its campaign may lose power this year... close a low-cost candidate to the former prime minister as its temporary leader on Monday... Former Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao renounced the party leadership when it became clear that he would be formally expelled with conviction... later this month... His resignation virtually assures that he 30-year career in politics is over... Details: A-11

EUROPE/AFRICA

Pre-Empire Blow: In dawn raids, British authorities seized a cache of 10 tons of explosives, as well as guns, ammunition and other items... British Explosives Army operatives in a north London warehouse... One suspect was killed and one seriously wounded... Details: A-1

May Day Surgery: With the arrival of a noted U.S. heart specialist Robert Dr. Drakay, talk was circulating among Democrats... and opposing the Libya strategy for Russian President Boris Yeltsin... position leaders called for Yeltsin to resign... Details: A-3

Weapons Confiscated: Russian soldiers confiscated weapons from Muslims in Bosnia, a spokesman for the NATO... forces said... The soldiers seized about a dozen hand weapons over the weekend and Monday from Muslims soon returning to the village of Jucit... Details: A-3

SPORTS

Explos News: Atlanta drink a heavy loss to Montreal's playoff hopes, leading the Nippon 7-1 despite a strong effort... with reserve players in the final regular-season game at Atlanta... Sports Illustrated... which clinched its fifth straight division title the day before... gave most of its regular the night off... Still, the Braves won their eighth in a row with five strong innings from Greg Maddux... Details: A-4

UTAH/REGION

Red-Book Rebuke: The Nature Conservancy is trying to raise \$4 million to preserve a scenic reach on the outskirts of Canyonville National Park... Engust ranch is safe for now... Thanks to an opinion agreement signed Monday... Details: A-11

No Dice: Bringing a shakedown of casino gambling to a halt... Utah closer... has ordered a halt to the sale of \$2 million worth of gaming equipment at casinos of two Apache... Details: A-11

Let's See Your Cards: Salt Lake County commissioners called County Attorney Doug Short's brief Monday, ordering him to withdraw any allegations against county officers to the district attorney or state attorney general for investigation... Short says the commissioners are playing politics by attempting to limit potentially embarrassing investigation... Details: C-1

Thief of Time: About 20 dinosaur fossils have been stolen from the visitor center at the Cleveland-Lloyd Dinosaur Quarry in Emery County... Federal and state police are investigating the theft... which was stolen last week... Details: C-1

Land Grab? Grizzlies County, which is the largest of a National Park Service lawsuit, says county crews were phoning in the grizzly ground as they bulldozed a road... in Capitol Hill National Park on Feb. 13... The work was done... which argues it was an illegal trespass on federal land... Details: C-2

DYABREAK

Autumn Leaves: Planning to seek in the pigpenery of Utah's cropcut as their colorful best has that? Don't wait too long... Drought conditions in the state have... dried out plants, reducing the color and duration of the leaf show... Details: C-1

OPINION

Law Still Straggles: The time has come to put a cork on Utah's stringent alcoholic beverage laws... Forged by First Amendment lawsuits, and previous Supreme Court rulings, the State Liquor Commission recently backed off and allowed signs on establishments that sell beer... Its time the state loosened law governing wine and liquor... Editorial: A-14

NON SEQUITER

THE HOME AVERION THERAPY KIT... VHS... Includes a video cassette and a manual for home use.

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Established April 18, 1871... Published daily and Sunday by the Tribune-Tribune Corporation... Salt Lake City, Utah... Phone: 328-2222... Fax: 328-2222

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Subscription Rates Table: Single copy \$0.25, 12 issues \$2.50, 36 issues \$7.50, 52 issues \$10.00. Includes rates for home delivery and advertising.

THE TRIBUNE ON THE WEB

Web access information: The Salt Lake Tribune is on the World Wide Web... 24 hours a day... http://www.sltrib.com... Includes details on internet access, subscription rates, and contact information.

## كوردە چەكداره راپەرێوهكان دەست بەسەر شارەكەدا دەگرنەوه

گۆڤاری زانكۆی یوتا "THE UNIVERSITY JOURNAL" كە لەڕۆژی دووشەممەى رێكەوتى ١٤ى ئۆكتۆبەرى ١٩٩٦دا، چاپ و بلاوكراوەتەوه، لەبارەى رووداوەكانى ئەم قوناغەى باشوورى كوردستان نووسىویەتى:

"بەغدا- عێراق (AP) دوینی گروپێكى كوردی چەكدار، شارێكى سەرەكییان لەدەستی گروپێكى دژبەر سەندەوه، كە مانگی پێشوو بە یارمەتى سەرۆك سەدام حسین، كۆنترۆلی باكووری عێراقیان كردبوو.

عێراق هەردوو گروپەكەى هاندا، كە ناكۆكییەكانیان لەریگەى گفتوگۆهە چارەسەر بكەن و بەتوندیش گروپە پێشڕەویكارەكەى ئاگادار كردهوه لە دژی "مامەلە كردن لەگەڵ هیزە بیانییەكان" وەك ئاماژە بەكە بە پەيوەندى گروپەكە لەگەڵ ئێراندا.

پێكدادان لەئێوان ئەو دوو گروپە كوردییە لە مانگی ئابدا، سەدامی هاندا كە هیز بو "ناوچە ئارام" ه كە بنیریت كە لەلایەن هیزە ئەمریكییەكانەوه، دەپارێزريت.

ئەمریكییەكان، لەریگەى بۆمباران كردنى پێگە سەربازیە عێراقییەكان، وە لەمیان دایەوه.

بەلگە بەك بو بەشداریی هیزە عێراقییەكان لەم شەڕەى دواییاندا نییە.

بەیاننامە یەكی یەكێتى نیشتمانی كوردستان رایگەیاندا، كە هیزەكانى یەكێتى دوینی بەیانى، پاش "راپەرینیكى خۆرسك" چوونەتە سلێمانییەوه، كە دوو هەمین گەورەشارى هەریەكە یەك ملیۆن خەلكى تێدایەو هیزەكانى پارتییان لەوى دەر كردوو.

بەیاننامەکە وتی کە مەسعود بارزانی سەرۆکی پارتی، لە سلیمانی هەلاتوو و پەنای بۆ شارە نەوتییەکە کەرکوک لەباکوور بردوووە کە لەژێر کۆنترۆلی حکومەتی عێراقدا یە.

لە بەیاننامە یەکیدا، مەکتەبی پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان لە لەندەن، ئەوەی پشتی راست کردووە کە هێزەکانی، شارەکیان چۆڵکردوووە بۆ ئەوەی رینگە لە شەڕ و خۆنڕشتن بگرن.

گروپەکە ئەوەی راگەیاند کە ئێران تێکەڵ بە جەنگەکە بووە و هەزاران پاسداری ئێرانیی، بە توپخانهکانیانەوه، لە سنوورەوه رزاونەتە نیو عێراقەوه.

دوینی درەنگانیک، پدک رایگەیاند کە گواهی هێرشێکی لە رۆژئاوای سلیمانییەوه بەرپەرچداوئەوه کە هێزەکانی یەکی، بە پالێشتیی توپخانهی قورسی ئێرانیی، ئەنجامیانداوه.

پارتی وتی گواهی هێرشبەران، دەیهەا کوژراویان لێ بەجیماوه و لەنیویاندا ئەندامانی سوپای پاسداران دەناسرێنەوه.

یەکی رەتی کردووە کە هێزەکانی ئێران تێوهگلابن. لەلایەن ئێرانییەوه هیچ کۆمیتیت و سەرنجیکی راستەوخۆ لەم بارەیهوه، نییه."

# Kurdish rebels take back city

BAGHDAD, Iraq (AP) — Kurdish rebels recaptured a key city yesterday from a rival faction that seized control of northern Iraq last month with the help of President Saddam Hussein.

Iraq urged the two groups to settle their differences through talks and sternly warned the advancing faction against "dealing with foreign powers," a reference to the group's ties to Iran.

Clashes between the two Kurdish factions in August led Saddam to send forces into the northern "safe haven" protected by U.S.-led forces. The United States responded by bombing Iraqi military sites in the south.

There was no indication Iraqi troops were involved in the latest fighting.

A statement by the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan said its forces entered Sulaymaniyah, the region's second-largest city with 1 million people, at dawn yesterday after spontaneous uprising that ejected the

forces of the Kurdistan Democratic Party.

It said Massoud Barzani, the KDP leader, fled the city and took refuge in the northern oil city of Kirkuk, which is controlled by the Iraqi government.

In a statement, the KDP's office in London confirmed that its forces "evacuated the city to avoid bloodshed and fighting."

The group claimed Iran had "entered the war" and that thousands of Iranian Revolutionary Guards, led by artillery, had pushed through the border into Iraq.

Later yesterday, the KDP claimed that it repulsed movement west of Sulaymaniyah by Patriotic Union forces that were "relying on heavy Iranian shelling."



*Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, center, meets with the Revolutionary Command Council and Regional Command Council of the ruling Baath party yesterday.*

"The attackers lost dozens of men and members of the Iranian Revolutionary Guards were identified among the dead," the KDP claimed.

The PUK has denied Iranian forces were involved. There was no immediate comment from Iran.

## پنڊهچیت بهدهستهینانهکانی کورد سه‌دام هاندات بجوئیت

رۆژنامه‌ی ئهمریکی "Thr Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی دووشهمه‌ی ریکه‌وتی ۱۵ی ئۆکتۆبهری ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاو بکراوه‌ته‌وه، بابه‌تیکه‌ی به‌و ناو‌نیشانه‌ی سه‌روه له واشنگتون پۆسته‌وه وهرگرتوو‌وه دایه‌زاندوو‌وه، نووسویتی:

" گروپیکی کوردی که‌سه‌ری به‌ ئیرانه‌ویه، دووشهمه‌ رایگه‌یاند که‌ گوايه‌ ده‌ستی به‌سه‌ر زۆریه‌ی ئه‌و ناوچانه‌دا گرتوو‌وه که‌ مانگی پیشوو له‌به‌رامبه‌ر گروپیکی دژبه‌ری کوردی خۆیدا که‌ له‌لایه‌ن عیراقه‌وه پالپستیی کراوه، له‌ده‌ستی دابوو. ئه‌وه‌ی مه‌ترسیی ئه‌وه‌ی هیناوه‌ته‌ ئارا، که‌ جاریکه‌ دیکه‌ هیزه‌ عیراقیه‌کان، ده‌ستو‌مردان له‌ ناوچه‌ راپه‌ریوه کوردیه‌که‌ی باکووری عیراقدا بکه‌ن.

یه‌کیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان، که‌ جه‌لال تاله‌بانی سه‌کرده‌یه‌تی، له‌ به‌یاننامه‌یه‌که‌دا وتی که‌ ده‌ستی به‌سه‌ر شارۆچکه‌ و ناوچه‌ سترا‌ئیزیه‌کانی ده‌ورو به‌ری سلیمانیه‌دا گرتوو‌وه که‌ دووه‌مین گه‌وره‌شاره‌ له‌باکووری عیراق. ئه‌و شاره‌ی که‌ گروپه‌که‌ له‌ رۆژی یه‌کشه‌مه‌دا ده‌ستی به‌سه‌ردا گرتوو‌وه له‌ درێزه‌ی نوێیوونه‌وه‌ی شه‌ره‌کاندا له‌گه‌ڵ پارته‌یه‌که‌ی مه‌سه‌ود بارزانی دژبه‌رییدا.

شه‌ره‌که‌ ئه‌و ترسه‌ی هیناوه‌ته‌ئارا که‌ سه‌دام حسین فه‌رمان به‌ هیزه‌ عیراقیه‌کان بکات له‌به‌ری پارته‌ی بکه‌ونه‌کار، ئه‌وه‌ی که‌ له‌وانه‌یه‌ بیه‌تته‌ هوکاري که‌وتنه‌وه‌ی "جه‌نگیکه‌ی به‌مه‌کاله‌ت" له‌ئێوان عیراق و ئێران و پنڊه‌چیت رووبه‌روبوونه‌وه‌ی نوێش له‌گه‌ڵ وڵاته‌ یه‌که‌گرتوو‌وه‌کان.

مانگی پیشوو، وڵاته‌ یه‌که‌گرتوو‌وه‌کان چه‌ند موشه‌کیکی ناوه‌ به‌ ناوه‌نده‌ سه‌ربازیه‌کانی عیراقه‌وه، پاش ئه‌وه‌ی هیزه‌ عیراقیه‌کان یارمه‌تی پارتیان دا له‌و ناوچه‌یه‌ی که‌ به‌ ناوچه‌ ئارامه‌ کوردیه‌که‌ له‌ باکووری عیراق ناوده‌به‌ریت، ئه‌وه‌ی که‌ له‌جه‌نگی که‌نداوی فارسیی

۱۹۹۱مۆه، له لایهن فرۆکه جهنگییه ئەمریکی و بریتانی و  
فهرنسییه کانهوه دهپاریزریت.

ئیداره ی بیل کلینتون، هانی ئیران و عیراقی دا له دهره وه ی  
ململاننیه کان بمیننه وه. ههروه ها داوای له گروپه کوردییه  
شه رکهره کان کرد پهنا بو ریگه ی دیالۆک و گفتوگو بهرن که بو ار به  
دابه شکردنی دهسه لات له نیوانیان بدات له باکوور.

وهفدیکی نوینه رایه تی پارته ی له رۆژی دووشه ممه ، له ریگه یاندا  
به ره و واشنگتون، لیره وهستان. به و پنییه ی که بریار وابوو لهم  
ههفته یه دا، گفتوگو له گه ل بهرپرسیانی وهزاره تی دهره وه ی ئەمریکادا  
بکه ن. "

## Kurd Gains May Prod Saddam to Act

**THE WASHINGTON POST**  
ANKARA, Turkey — A Kurdish faction with links to Iraq's chemical industry has threatened the best of the territory it lost last month but has provoked by Iraq, forcing concerns that Iraq forces may once again intervene in the restive Kurdish area of northern Iraq.

The Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, headed by Jalal Talabani, said in a statement that it has extended its grip to towns and strategic areas around Sulaymaniyah, the second-largest city in northern Iraq, which the group captured on Sunday in renewed fighting with the rival Kurdistan Democratic Party of Masoud Barzani.

The fighting has sparked fear in the region that President Bush may order his forces to intervene on behalf of "proxy war" between Iraq and Kurdish forces, possibly a new front with the United States.

Last month the United States launched cruise missile attacks against Iraqi military installations after Iraq government forces came to the aid of the KDP in the so-called Kurdish safe zone of northern Iraq, which has been protected by U.S. British and French warplanes since the 1991 Persian Gulf war.

The Clinton administration has urged Iraq and Iraq to stay out of the conflict and has threatened on the warning Kurdish factions that would allow them to share power in the north.

U.S. and British warplanes stopped briefly here Monday en route to Washington, where they were scheduled to hold discussions that week with officials from the U.S. State Department.

face-to-air missile radar, or they Soviet made SA-2 and SA-3 missiles, in any threatening way. But it would take just a tip of the sword, to try on the sleeping giant to create a military threat to U.S. and allied aircraft, said the official.

"If they turn the radar on to indicate it poses a military threat," he said. But he added, "there is no indication" on Iraq's part "of an intent to challenge" U.S. and allied aircraft that are patrolling "a no-fly" zone in northern Iraq to enforce a ban on flights by Iraqi military aircraft.

The condition of Iraq's air defense system has been a subject for the Clinton administration in its recent showdown with Iraq, partly because of the possibility that Iraq could spend a lot of money on the missile strikes but did only minimal

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## U.S. Attack Stymied Iraq for Only 2 Weeks

**THE WASHINGTON POST**  
WASHINGTON — Iraq rebuffed a surface-to-air missile attack in southern Iraq last month within two weeks after the United States launched more than 600 cruise missiles to destroy Iraq's air defense system.

"It is a major tactical development in a recent interview.

"It is the same basic land-aircraft missile system that was there the 30th of August 1996" before the U.S. missile attack, the official said.

American warships and planes launched 44 cruise missiles against the Iraqi air defense system Sept. 3 and 4 in retaliation for Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein's offensive into Kurdish-held territory in northern Iraq.

Since the attack, the Iraqis have not used the sur-

face-to-air missile radar, or they Soviet made SA-2 and SA-3 missiles, in any threatening way. But it would take just a tip of the sword, to try on the sleeping giant to create a military threat to U.S. and allied aircraft, said the official.

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## Stable Workers a Key to Washington's Staple Crop

**THE ASSOCIATED PRESS**  
ZILKOH, Wash. — The work day starts early for Cipriano and Josefina Rodriguez. — The work day starts early for Cipriano and Josefina Rodriguez. — The work day starts early for Cipriano and Josefina Rodriguez.

It's 6:30 a.m., a dewy 41 degrees and still dark when they arrive at Rowe Farms' 200-acre ranch about 8 miles east of Zillah. Quickly, quietly, husband and wife strip the trees of red delicious apples.

All the end of an average night shift, the Rodriguezes here have filled 18 1/2-by-6-foot wooden bins — enough to hold 10,000 pounds of fruit or 40,000 apples — a piece a time.

This is the story of two soldiers in the army of workers mustered each fall to bring in Washington's \$1 billion apple harvest.

The agricultural work force at Yakima County swells to about 20,000 in the harvest season of September and October. The work is physically demanding and dangerous with little job security and no fringe benefits for most workers.

Pickers work seven days a week the time of their apples are ripe and won't wait.

For the Rodriguezes, farm work is what they know. Cipriano 37 and Josefina 35 are veteran farm workers. They were working the fields

and orchards of the Yakima Valley since they came here from Mexico in the mid 1970s, and have returned for the apple harvest at family-owned Rowe Farms for about 15 years. — The work day starts early for Cipriano and Josefina Rodriguez. — The work day starts early for Cipriano and Josefina Rodriguez.

They picked grapes and peaches, but the Rodriguezes have made the Valley their home, rather than following the hops, wheat and Christmas to the Northwest.

They emigrated here from the Mexican state of Jalisco, Cipriano from the small town of Guilan and Josefina from the town of Guadalupe.

Moved to 1981, they have three children, ages 14, 11 and 6. The family lives in a modest three-bedroom home between Rodriguez and Mabison, and the children attend Sunnyside schools.

It's the goal for a lot of these families to establish themselves, said Rosalinda Gutierrez, a director for the United Farmworkers of America. "They're part of this community because because a citizen in December, and Josefina may be successful in the community now. I hope that the children can be blessed for society's work."

"They say they gave a lot of money to us," he says. "That is false, we have taken nothing."

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## گروپه کوردییهکان به شهردین

رۆژنامهی "The Herald Journal" که له رۆژی ههینی ریکهوتی ۱۸ی ئۆکتۆبهری ۱۹۹۶دا، چاپ و بلاوکراو تهوه، بابەتیکی بهو ناو نیشانەیی سهر مه نووسیه که ئهمه دهقه کهیهتی:

" ههولیر - عیراق : ئهمرۆ گروپه کوردییهکان له سێ بهردها لهدهوری ئهم پایتهخته ههریمییه شهریانکرد. بهلام دانیشتوانهکه که ماوهی چهند رۆژیکه لهمالهکانیان خویان شاردۆتهوه، سهرهرویی هاتندهرمهویان بو بازار کردوهو دهلێن که گومان دهکن شهڕهکه ئهوان بگریتهوه.

بههریسیکی بالای پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان، ئهمرۆ به ئازانسی ئهسۆشییهت پرسی راگیاند وتی که جهنگاوهر هکانیان سهر له بهیانی پهلاماریانداوه ههروهها دهستیان بهسهر کویسنجهقدا گرتوه که ۳ میل لهباشووری رۆژههلاتی ههولیرهویه. بهلام یهکیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان که له لایهن ئیرانهوه پشتیوانی دهکریت فاکسیکی له ئوفیسی لهندهنیانهوه بلاوکردۆتهوه و دهلێت که ویرای شهڕیکی سهخت، بهلام هیشتا شارۆچکهکهی بهدهستهویه.

ئهمرۆ دوو گروپهکه له رۆژههلات و باشووری رۆژههلات و باکووری رۆژههلات ههولیردا شهریانکردوه، که شاریکی سهرهکییه لهباکووری عیراق. ههروهها شهڕ له نزیک دیانا بووه که ۸۰ میل له باکووری رۆژههلاتی ههولیرهویه. ههروهها که رۆژههلاتیش لهنزیک رهواندز.

له رۆژئاوا و باشووریش، سوپای عیراق به تیم لهگهڵ چهکارهکانی پارتی، خالی پشکنینیان داناوه تانیستاش کۆنترۆلی ههولیر دهکن، ئهوه شارهی که له ۳۱ ئابدا بهیارمهتی سوپاکهی سهدام حسین، لهیهکنتیبیان سهند.

لهژه هیرشیکی گهوره له یهکشهممهی رابردودا، ینک سلیمانی گرتوه که دوومین گهوره شاری کوردیهه.



# Relatives prepare for Guatemala burials

**GUATEMALA CITY (AP)** — It was a sellers' market outside the municipal morgue, and coffin vendors' fear burials was crying the loudest.

"We have the best coffin and a price you can pay. Don't be fooled. We'll give you the service for only 150 quetzales," said 558, Estrella told relatives of some of the 44 soccer fans crushed or smothered in a stadium stampede.

Burials of the victims were to begin today, two days after the deadly panic in the overcrowded stands of Mateo Flores stadium before a World Cup qualifying match. As coffins prepared their dead, they demanded that government and sports officials explain why one of Latin America's most sports-related tragedies occurred.

"The organizers were more and more money and that is why they filled the stadium. The people don't matter to them," said Aurelio de Solares, who lost four siblings and a daughter in the scramble for seats at the Guatemala-Costa Rica match.

Another 150 people were injured in the stampede, which began after security forces in the overcrowding stadium sealed entrances. Angry ticket holders outside forced a door and panned in, and deadly mayhem ensued.

"The match was canceled. President Alvarez Ariza promised an exhaustive investigation, saying, 'This is the most difficult moment that I have lived through.'"

The match at the 45,000-seat stadium was a sell-out. But an estimated 10,000 more tickets were sold, and authorities said at least some of the tickets were counterfeit.

Two men were in custody on Thursday charged with selling bogus tickets to fans who came from across Guatemala and Costa Rica.

On the street and in calls to local radio stations, Guatemalans argued blame for the tragedy and demanded the guilty be punished. One caller suggested that soccer officials be hanged for funeral expenses.

"The guilty ones are the scalpers," said Oscar Beltranena, 58, a night watchman. "Who is responsible? I don't know, but those who are hurt are always the

poor, the people," said Hugo Perez, a construction worker.

Sports authorities asked for time to investigate the disaster. But they admitted at least partial responsibility, along with the Interior Ministry and national police, who were unable to control the crowd.

Ernesto Villa, president of the commission that selects the members of Guatemala's national team, said the bank account containing the equivalent of \$230,000 dollars in ticket sales has been frozen.

Outside the Guatemala City morgue Thursday, the sobs of stricken relatives blended with the song of hundreds of wailers as funeral carriers piled a swollen soccer casket into a station wagon.

Maria Chaves, from the town of Patzún in southwestern Guatemala, looked for the victim Marcos Villaseca and his friend, Rodolfo, among the corpses.

They sneaked out of the village and piled a note saying they want to watch the national team win, she said.

"They're just kids. I don't know what could have happened to them," Chaves said.

Anger over who was to blame rose among a murmuring crowd — some poor Indian women in bright traditional dress, others curious housewives or children on bicycles — who watched until all but three bodies were taken away from the morgue.

## Gabon's ebola death toll at 11

**BRAZZAVILLE, Congo (AP)** — The Ebola virus has killed a forest worker in Gabon, raising the death toll to 11 in the West African nation's second outbreak of the disease this year, the World Health Organization said Thursday.

In addition, the WHO said four more people have become infected with the virus in the past two days — three of them young children ages 3, 3, and 7 months. All of them have been in close contact with other Ebola patients.

The virus is highly contagious, spreading through bodily fluids such as blood and saliva, and even through coughs and sneezes. It kills all persons of those infected. Symptoms include fever, vomiting, diarrhea, and severe internal hemorrhaging.

In February, an outbreak of the disease in Gabon killed 21 people.

The recent outbreak started in July, and so far 13 men and seven women have contracted the disease, said WHO. The U.S. health agency is not immediately clear how many of those people were born in the forest. Those figures are not definitive, however, because all of an individual's contacts are not identified as having come in contact with the disease, or were under observation.

The recent virus was contracted the disease on July 24 and died on Aug. 27 at a hospital in Batekele, the region 170 miles east of the capital Libreville where the outbreak is centered, according to Gabon's Ministry of Health.

WHO officials said a quick response would help control the spread of the virus. An education and information campaign had begun for health workers in and near the region, and specialists were on site monitoring the disease's progress.



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## Kurdish factions battling

**ERBIL, Iraq (AP)** — Kurdish factions battled on Tuesday around this regional capital, though the residents are not immediately clear how many of those people were born in the forest. Those figures are not definitive, however, because all of an individual's contacts are not identified as having come in contact with the disease, or were under observation.

A high-ranking official of the Kurdistan Democratic Party said Tuesday that the fighters struck before dawn and captured Kaywanliq, 30 miles southeast of Erbil.

But the Shiite-backed Patriotic Union of Kurdistan issued a fax from its London office saying that despite heavy fighting, it had held the town.

The two groups battled north to the east, southeast and northeast of Erbil, the main city in northern Iraq. There was also fighting near Tikrit, an Shiite northeastern of Erbil, and east of nearby Hawraman.

To the west and south, Iraqi troops attacked three towns, or towns with KDP rebels, who had control of the city, they said from the P.U.K. in Amman, Jordan, with the help of Saddam Hussein's army.

In a major counteroffensive last Sunday, the P.U.K. captured Suleymanliq, the second largest Kurdish town.

COPY

## پارتیزانه‌کانی سەر به عێراق گوندیکی تریان گرت

رۆژنامه‌ی ئەمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی یەکشەممە‌ی رێکەوتی ٢٠ی ئۆکتۆبەری ١٩٩٦دا، چاپ و بڵاو بکراوەتەوه، وتاریکی وەرگیراوی له ئەسۆشییەت پرسیسەوه له لاپەرە‌ی ١٣ی خۆیدا بەو ناوێشانە‌ی سەرەوه بڵاوەکردۆتەوه، بەم شێوە‌یه:

"کانیوهمان-عێراق: پارتیزانه‌کانی کورد که له‌لایەن عێراق‌هوه پشتیوانی ده‌کری‌ن، ئەم‌ڕۆ شەممە هێرشێ پێچەوانە‌یان ئەنجامدا و ئەم گوندە‌یان گرت و بۆ دووم رۆژیش، رکا بەرە‌کانیان که له‌لایەن ئێران‌هوه پالێشتی ده‌کران دوورتر بەرەو رۆژە‌لات هازووت.

گروپە‌که، ئامانجی ئەوه‌یه بە‌پالێشتی عێراق شاری سلێمانی بگرتێتەوه که دووم گەورترین شاری شاخاوی بکاوورە و هەروە‌ها دەست بە‌سەر تەواوی هەری‌می کوردستانیشدا بگرتێتەوه.

دوای شەریکی توند له‌ گرده‌کانی دەورو‌بەر، چه‌کداری پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان که بە‌غدا پشتیوانیان ده‌کات، کانیه‌تمانیان گرت، که نزیکە‌ی ٦٠ میل له‌ باشووری رۆژە‌لاتی هەولێر‌هوه دوورە، که پایتەختی هەری‌مه‌که‌یه.

شەره‌کان تا ئێواره بە‌ردهوام بوون و نه‌ پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان و نه‌ دوژمنە‌که‌شی که یه‌کێتی نیشتمانی کوردستانه‌ که له‌لایەن ئێران‌هوه سپۆنسر ده‌کرا، ئاماری قوربانیان بڵاونه‌کردوه.

تەرمی سووتاوی سێ چه‌کداری پدک له‌ نزیک هێلی پێش‌هوه کهوتبوون و پارچه‌ جل‌وبەرگ و داوی بانکی عێراقی بە‌ده‌وریاندا بڵاوبوونە‌تەوه. دوو تەرمی دیکە‌ش له‌سەر پستی پیکاپێک بوون. پێنج چه‌کداری برینداری پدک بێزان که بۆ شاری هەولێر ده‌بران، هەروە‌ها دۆشکه‌یه‌ک که له‌سه‌ باره‌ل‌گریک بوو، بە‌ده‌ست

چەكدارەكانى پىك بو، گولەيان دەتەقاند، ھاوكات بەھۆى تۆپيارانى قورسەو، لەسەر شاخەكان ئاگر كەتبوو. ھە.

ھەروەھا فۆتوگرافىرىكى ئەسۆشئىد پرىس بلاوىكردەو، پىك شاروچكەى رانىھى گرتەو كە ۳۰ ميل لە رۆژئاواى سنورى ئيرانەو، ھە، دواى ئەوھى نەيارەكەى، سەرلەبەيانى رۆژى شەممە شاروچكەكەى جىھئىشت. لە رۆژھەلاتى ئەوئ شەرىكى سەخت روویدا.

پىك بە ھاوكارى سوپاى عىراق، دەستى بەسەر ھەموو باكورى عىراقدا گرت لە ھىرشىكى ۱۰ رۆژبىدا، كە لە ۳۱ى ئابەو دەستپىكرد. بەلام يەكئىتى، ھەفتەى رابردوو، لە ھەلمەئىكى بروسكئاسادا كە كۆتايى ھەينى پىشوو دەستپىكرد، كۆنترۆلى شارى سلیمانى كردەو، ، تاكو ماوھى ۲۵ ميل لە شارى ھەولئىرەو پىشەرەو پىكرد.

پىك بانگەشەى ئەو دەكات، كە ھىرشەكە بە ھاوكارىبەكى بەفراوانى ئىران دەستپىكردو. لەكاتىكدا ھەم ئىران و ھەم يەكئىتى ئەو تۆمەتە رەتدەكەنەو.

پىك لە دواى زنجىرەبەك شەكستە سەربازىبە خىراكان، ئەمرو شەممە خۆى ئامادەدەكرد بۆ زىادكردنى دەستكەوتەكانى، دواى ئەوھى رۆژى ھەينى شاروچكەى سترائىژى كۆيسنجاقيان گرت.

پىدەچئىت دۆكان كە شوپىنى بەنداوىكى گرنكى كارەباى ئاوى تىدايە و لە نىوان شاخە بەرزەكاندا ھەلكەوتووە و تەنھا شەش ميل لە كانىوھتەمانەو دوورە، ببئتە ئامانجى داھاتوو. وا دياربوو ئامادەكارىبەكان بۆ شەر بە باشى لە ئارادا بوون."

# Serbs Boost of Separate Republic

**THE ASSOCIATED PRESS**  
**BANJA LUKA, Bosnia-Herzegovina** — Bosnian Serbs have elected a joint legislature and parliament on Saturday that they have created a "Serb state," sparking Muslim indignation which temporarily halted the Dayton peace talks.

The Serbs failed to attend the inaugural sessions of the joint parliament on Saturday, their envoys of office. They say they have not yet received the necessary visas from the Bosnian government.

The Serbs failed to attend the inaugural sessions of the joint parliament on Saturday, their envoys of office. They say they have not yet received the necessary visas from the Bosnian government.

new Serb areas. The residents were forced out during the hours in which Serbs have returned, others voted from their new homes.

# Iraqi-Backed Guerrillas Capture Another Village

**KARLAJ, Bosnia-Herzegovina** — Iraqi-backed Kurdish guerrillas captured another village and driving Iranian-supported troops further eastward for a second day.

The Iraqi-sponsored faction is aiming to conduct a military offensive in the second-largest city in mountainous northern Iraq, and reestablish control over the entire Kurdistan region.

Fighting continued into the evening, and neither the KDP nor its enemy, the Iranian-sponsored Fa'el Islamic Union of Kurdistan, released casualty figures.



Smoky the cat wanders on top of a pumpkin lot Friday in Northern Delaware County near Eaton, Ind.

# CAT ON A PUMPKIN 'ROOF'

Smoky the cat wanders on top of a pumpkin lot Friday in Northern Delaware County near Eaton, Ind. The pumpkin lot, Smoky's latest haunt, is part of a seasonal business.

# Beleaguered NAACP Is Free of Debt

**THE ASSOCIATED PRESS**  
**BALTIMORE** — After more than two years of controversy over its leadership, direction and finances, the NAACP has completely repaid its debt and is rebuilding the nation's oldest civil rights group.

The NAACP for the first time in its history is free of debt. It is the first time since 1981 that the group has not had any debt.

# Intake Pipe Swallows Ocean Diver

**LOS ANGELES** — A scuba diver on a nighttime search for solvents was sucked into a power plant's sea water intake pipe and killed.

# Kashmir Sheik Says Westeners Are Alive

**NEW DELHI, India** — Donald Hinchey, of Spokane, Wash., and three other Western hostages were freed after a 13-month ordeal.

# Yeltsin Names Lebed's Successor

**THE WASHINGTON POST**  
**MOSCOW** — Having lost a measure of calm to his troubled government, President Boris Yeltsin on Saturday named a conservative former speaker of Parliament to replace national security chief Yevgeny Yevstafeyev.

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## له ناوچه شاخاوییه‌کانی کوردستانی عێراقدا چهک و توندوتیژیی بۆته به‌شیک له ژیانی رۆژانه

رۆژنامه‌ی "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژی دوشهممه‌ی ریکه‌وتی ٤ی نۆفهمبه‌ری ١٩٩٦دا، چاپ و بلاوکراوته‌وه، بابه‌تیکی "یا‌لمان ئۆناران" ی نووسه‌ری ئه‌سۆشیه‌ت پرێسی به‌ناونیشانی " له ناوچه شاخاوییه‌کانی کوردستانی عێراقدا چهک و توندوتیژیی بۆته به‌شیک له ژیانی رۆژانه " بلاوکردوته‌وه. وینه‌ی بابه‌ته‌که پێشمه‌رگه‌یه‌کی پارته‌یه‌که بی که‌ی سیه‌که به‌سه‌ر شانیه‌یه‌تی له‌گه‌ڵ جه‌ند شریته‌یک فیه‌شکه له ناوچه‌یه‌کی شاخاوییه له‌نزیک دوکان، له باکووری عێراق.

نووسه‌ر وتاره‌که‌ی له‌شارۆچکه‌ی ناگرێ و نه‌ووسیه‌وه ده‌لێت: هه‌ر شه‌و دادیت ئه‌م شارۆچکه‌یه پر ده‌بیت له‌و پیاوانه‌ی که تهنه‌نگیان هه‌له‌گرته‌وه. خاوه‌ن چێشته‌خانه و فیه‌ته‌رو سه‌رتاشه‌کانیش، کلاشنکوفه‌کانیان خسته‌وته سه‌ر میزه‌کانی به‌رده‌میان وه‌ک ئه‌وه‌ی داوا له‌ دزه‌مان بکه‌ن شوینیکی دیکه بۆ دزیی تاقیبه‌کنه‌وه.

ئهمه "رۆژناو و محشیه‌که‌ی/ ته‌کساسه‌که‌ی" رۆژه‌لاتی ناوه‌راسته، به‌لام له‌بری ئه‌وه‌ی هه‌ر یه‌که‌وه‌مانچه به‌ لاقه‌دیانه‌وه بی، یه‌کی کلاشنکوفیک به‌ لاشانیاندا شو‌ربۆته‌وه.

له کوردستانی عێراق، چهک و توندوتیژیی بۆته شیوازییک بۆ ژیان. سیاسه‌تی پشێویی و ناجیگیریی نزیکه‌ی دوازه ریکه‌راو و تاقمی چه‌کداری حیزبی کوردیی، که به‌هاوپه‌یمانی بزۆز و گورینی له‌ناکاو کیهان پێشمه‌رگه و دانیشه‌توانی شارمان تاییه‌تمه‌نده، کومه‌له‌گایه‌کی ناجیگیته‌ی هیناوه‌ته‌ ئارا.

به‌شیه‌یه‌که، هینده ناجیگیره، تاومکو ئه‌و ئاسته‌ی که حکومه‌ته‌کانی رۆژناو و تهنانه‌ت عێراق و ئیرانی، له‌هه‌ندیک کاتدا، جۆیان

بەتێوەگلان لەو کێشمەکێش و بارە دژوارە بە دوور دەگرن که چەند دەیهیه که لەناوچه شاخاوییهکانی کوردستانی عێراقدا، لەئارادایە.

ئەو حیزبەیی شارێکی بەدەستەوهیه، دەشییت سبەیی لەژێر فشاری رێژنەیی گولەدا پاشەکشەیی لێ بکات. خەلکی شارەکان، ئالای بەر پەنجەرەیی مالهکانیان دەکەنە ئالای ئەو حیزبەیی که دواجار لەشەرو ملامنیکەدا زالبووه.

هۆشیار فارس که پێشمەرگەیهکی ۲۳ سالانهیه و کاتی پشووی خۆی لەبەردەم چایخانەیه کدا به تاو له کردنهوه به سهردەبات وتی: " من که دهخهوم کلاشنکوفه کهم له ژیر سهڕینه کهمدا دادهنیم، چونکه هم لیم نادزن. لەبەر ئەوهی گرانه، هم کهسیش ناتوانیت ئازارم بدات تەنابەت لەکاتی خەوه کهمدا. "

فارسیش، که پێشمەرگەیهکی پارتي ديموکراتي کوردستانه که هاوکاريی حکومهتی عێراقی سهدام حسینی وه گرت بو ئەوهی دژی یهکێتی نيشتمانی کوردستانی پالېستیکراو له لایهن ئێرانەوه، بجهنگیت، وتی: " تو له کوردستاندا ناتوانی متمانه به هیچ کهس بکهیت، به لام دهتوانی متمانه به چه کههت بکهیت. ئەو باشترین هاوڕێی منه. "

Briefs

Snowstorm kills American couple

KATMANDU, NEPAL (AP)—The untimely Himalayan claim the lives of dozens of mountaineers and adventurers every year. But Phil and Helen Falkow claim this time. They were just traveling for medical care when they were caught in a freak snowstorm.

Today a Nepalese helicopter was bringing the bodies of Falkow, dean of the University of Washington medical school, and his wife to Katmandu. They were dug out of the snow on Sunday. Researchers found the bodies of the Falkows, who were both 62, and three Nepalese guides in their tent buried under a crushing mound of snow. It was not clear when the victims died.

Warlord's jets strike airport

MAZAR-E-SHARIF, Afghanistan (AP)—Fighter jets belonging to warlords who control the northern part of western Herat today struck the Taliban base at Mazari Sharif. The Taliban took control more than a year ago.

The bombing raid damaged the fuel tanks and forced the fall of Mazari to cancel a scheduled flight. International aid workers and other aid workers are being evacuated from the area.

In recent days, Daudat, a former commander of the Taliban, has been controlling some of northern Afghanistan. He has been trying to get the Taliban to give up pressure on Taliban soldiers in western Afghanistan.

Israel planning for 2 new cities

JERUSALEM (AP)—Infrastructure Minister Ariel Sharon plans to build two Jewish cities in the West Bank that would bring 100,000 more settlers in the disputed land.

The project, described by the minister's spokesman today, is the most ambitious so far in Sharon's new policy to double the Jewish settler population and make it more difficult for the Palestinians to establish a state in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Communists win in Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP)—Serbia's ruling couple—President Slobodan Milosevic and his influential wife—claimed victory today in a national election, opening the way for the formation of a new government. The new government will be headed by the Communist Party.

Options weighed in refugee crisis

KIGALI, Rwanda (AP)—Diplomats and aid workers are weighing options for refugees fleeing the Rwandan genocide. The Rwandan government is offering to accept refugees from the Democratic Republic of Congo.



A Kurd from the Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP) stands next to a machine gun. He is one of the thousands of Kurds who have fled their homes in northern Iraq.

In mountain areas of Kurdistan, violence, guns part of daily life

By YALMAN OZKAN, Associated Press Staffer  
AQRA, Iraq—As night falls, the streets of this small Kurdish town are crowded with men carrying machine guns. The restaurant owner, the mechanic and the barber from this semi-autonomous, a Kurdistan on the counter will be robbed by anyone who passes by.

It is not just the Kurds who are carrying guns. In the mountains of Kurdistan, violence has become a way of life. The Iraqi politics are a daily drama. Kurds, backed by suddenly shifting alliances of guerrilla fighters and town populations, make for an unstable society. Both governments—and even Iraq and Iran—have sometimes think from getting involved in the fighting that has been going on for decades in the rugged mountains of northern Iraq.

The conflict killings of businessmen here have become a regular occurrence in the often-shaky world of business here. Many such murders remain unsolved. However, killings of American or other Western businessmen have been rare.

The gunman fired on Tatum at about 9 p.m. Sunday on an outdoor ground parking outside the Keri cafe and subway station near the hotel, police said. He fled a half-hour later in a hospital.

"Mr. Tatum was one of the first American entrepreneurs to enter the Moscow real estate market," the U.S. Embassy said in a statement. He "was active in business consulting and apprenticeship courses throughout Russia."

Tatum, 41, a native of Edmond, Okla., was involved in a big-discount store chain in the United States and American business center, which he opened in the summer of 1991, before the collapse of the Soviet Union.

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American doctor to help set date for Yeltsin surgery

By GREG WYSE, Associated Press Writer  
MOSCOW—An American heart surgeon, Dr. Michael Yehlin, is expected to set a date for President Boris Yeltsin's long-awaited coronary bypass surgery.

The operation could be this week, DeBakey has said, but with the Kremlin keeping tight control on information there may not be any advance word.

Yehlin's spokesman Sergei Yan-tsehrbich declared today to comment on the possible timing of the surgery, saying only that Yehlin will be in Moscow for a medical check at least a week before the surgery, according to DeBakey. He has given frequent interviews about the care, but has not arrived Sunday in Moscow.

DeBakey has expressed special concern about Russian doctors, including lead surgeon Igor Reznikov, and DeBakey helped train in Texas.

Russian officials have stressed that only Russian doctors will operate on Yeltsin, and the 66-year-old DeBakey, a pioneer in heart surgery, is only here as a consultant.

Before leaving his Houston office, DeBakey said he would stay in Russia as long as he needed to.

Iran denies Shiites behind June bombing

By APHIS VALLEJO, Associated Press Writer  
TEHRAN—Iran's foreign minister today said that Iranian Shiite Muslims are behind the bombing of a U.S. military housing complex in Saudi Arabia that killed 19 American and injured 100.

An Iranian Foreign Ministry statement in June said that the report was "baseless" as saying that the United States had accused the Muslim cleric Muhammad al-Faruqi of involvement in the bombing.

The Washington Post reported that the Saudi authorities had obtained confessions from several suspects in the June 25 bombing.

Iran's foreign minister said that the report was "baseless" as saying that the United States had accused the Muslim cleric Muhammad al-Faruqi of involvement in the bombing.

Advertisement for Beyer Chiropractic, featuring a list of services and contact information.

Advertisement for Kenneth W. Matheson, a chiropractor, featuring a list of services and contact information.

Advertisement for Dynamic Difference, featuring a list of services and contact information.

## كوردە پەنابەرەكان بى ئەوھى شوئىنىك ھەبىت بۆى برۆن لە فارگو نىشتەجىن

رۆژنامەى ئەمەرىكى "Thr Salt Lake Tribune" كە لە رۆژى ھەينى رىكەوتى ۱۸ى نەبرىل/نىسانى ۱۹۹۷دا، چاپ و بلاوبكر اوئەو، بابەتتىكى "ستىفن برۆن"ى بەو ناوئىشانەى سەرھوھ لەلاپەرە ۲۲ى خۆيدا بلاوكر دۆتەو، كە ئەمە دەقەكەيتى:

"فارگو-N.D: بىخود محەمەد لەو برىوايەدايە كە ئاستى ئەوپەرى سەختىي كەش و ھەواى سارد دەزانىت. ئەو لەچىكانى كوردستان ژباوھ كە رەشەبا و گىژمۆكەى بەفر، وا لەپىاو دەكات لەسەرمادا ھەلبەرزىت. بەلام ئەو لەكۆتايى يەكەمىن رۆژى لە فارگو، بەچاوى زەق و سەرسورمانەوھ دەبروانىيە ئەو تەپۆلكە بەفرانەى كە ۸ پى بەرزبوون و بەشپۆھىەكى زىدە لە پارك و سەر شۆستەكان ھەلدرابوونەوھ.

كاتىك پرسىارى كرد: " ئەوھ كەى خۆر دەردەكەوتت؟"

بىخود محەمەد، يەكئىكە لەو كوردانەى كە لە شەش مانگى رابردودا، بەشپۆھىەكى ئارام لە فارگو نىشتەجى بوو. ئەو ناچار بوو بەھۆى ئە دۆخە دژوارەى بەردەوام لەعىراق ھەبوو، كۆچ بۆ ئىرە بكات.

ئەوان ئەوھى ھەيانبووھ لەجانتاىان ناوھو تەنيا ھەر ئەو پۆشاكانەشيان ھەيە كە لەبەرياندايە، پارىزراوييەكى زۆر كەمىشيان لەھەمبەر ئەو كەش و ھەوا سەختەى زستانى " داكۆتاي باكور" پى دراوھ.

فارگو، لە ھەفتەى رابردودا رىژھىەكى پىوانەيى لە شەپۆلى بەفربارىن تۆماركرد. پاش ئەوھى دوو پىي نوئى خستە سەر ئەو



۱۰۹ ئىنچە بەفبارىنەى كە بەدرىژايى زستان ئەم شارە ۸۰ ھەزار كەسىيەى داپوشىوہ.

ويزاي ئەوہى ھىشتا ژمارەيەكى ديكەى پەنابەرانى كورد بو ئيره بەرپوہن. ئەوان ريزەى بەرزى ھەلى كارو كەمىي تاوان و ژمارەيەكى كەم، بەلام گەشەسەندوو، لە خزم و دۆستەكانيان، سەرنجيانى بو ئيره راکيشاوہ.

### شونينكى چاوہرواننەكراو

فارگو، بوته شونينكى سەرنجراکيش و چاوہرواننەكراو بئ ئەو شەپۆلە تازە كۆچبەرە پەنابەرە كوردانەى كە لە ھاوینی پيشوو ناچار كراون ھەلپين، پاش ئەوہى ھيزە عيراقبيەكان بو ماوہيەكى كەم ھاتنە نيو كوردستانەوہ ھەر شەھيان لە ھەركەس دەكرد كە كە پەيوەندى بە چاوديره سەربازيە نيودەولەتبيەكان و ھەر وەھا ريكخراوہ خيرخوازيەكانەوہ ھەبوويت. زوربەى ئەو پەنابەرانە لەنيو ئەمريكادا پەرت و بلاوبوون. ئەوان ئەو شارانەى ناشفيل و تين و سانديگويان پي باشبوو كە خوربان تيدا دەردەكەوت. بەلام لانيكەم ۱۵۰ كەسيكيان لەفارگو كۆبوونەتەوہ، بەوہش ريزەى ئەو كوردانەيان زيەنتر كردووہ كە لە مەلەبەندەكەدان.

ھەرچەندە، پەنابەرە نوپيەكانى كورد لە فارگو، ھاوکاربيەكى گەورەيان لەلايەن چالاكوانەكانى خيرخوازيى و كۆمەلگە كوردبيە يەكگرتووەكەى ئەوئ بەدەستەيناوہ، بەلام كاريگەرى ھاتنبيان بو ئيره، ۶۰ يان لەماوہى سئ ھەفتەى پيشوو دا ھاتوون، لە ھەندىك كاتدا بوته مايەى بارگرانيى بەسەر تواناي شارمەكە لە دابينكردنى فيركردن و خزمەتگوزاريە كۆمەلايەتبيەكان و رادەى وەرگرتنى پەنابەر.

كاسى ھوگان، بەرپوہبەرى خزمەتگوزاريى كۆمەلايەتى لەمەلەبەندى "كاس" وتى: "ئەم شارە لەلايەن كۆچبەرانەوہ بنياتنراوہ، ھەرپوہ زوربەى دانىشتوانى ئيره پيشوازيى ئەوانە دەكەن كە تازە

دینه ئیره. بهلام لهخوگرنتی ئهم ژماره زورهی خهلك لهم ماوه كهمهدا، بهراستی فشار دهخاته سهر توانامان بو پيشكهشكردنی خزمهتگوزاریی.

ههر لهساتی دابزینیانهوه لهو فرۆكهیهی بهشهو له مینوپولیسوه هینابوونی، پاش گهشتیکی دریز له گوامهوه بهیری لوس نهجلوسدا، نهوان لهماوهیهکی كهمدا لیره، لهلایهن بهشی خزمهتگوزاریی كومهلایهتی كلنيسای لوسهری سهر به وزارهتی پهناهران، شوینی مانهوه و جلوهبرگ و بریک پارهشیان پندراوه. پاش نهوهی نامادهبون، چاوپیکهوپین بو کاریش نهجامدهدریت.

باری نیلسون، نهوهی ههولهکانی سهرلهنوئ نیشتهجیکردن بهریودهبات و لهلایهن بهرپرسه لوكالییهكانهوه، بههوی ئاسان تیکهلكردنی كوردان و پهناهرهکانی دیکه له ژیانی فارگودا، وهسفدهکرا، وتی: " نهوان لهبنهرمتدا بی هیچ شتیک دینه ئیره."

### ههندیك كیشه

بهلام هوگان و ههندیك له بهرپرسیانی دیکه، سهبارت به ناینده نیگهرانن. شهپولهکانی پیشووی پهناهرانی كورد -چهند سهه كسیکیان له ۱۹۷۰کانداو ۳۰۰ كسیکیش لهپاش جهنگی كهنداو لهسالی ۱۹۹۱دا هاتوون، تووشی گرفت و سهختی بوونهتهوه.

قیرلین دیفئوراسیک، نهوهی قوتابخانهی ههریمییهکهی فارگو سهبارت به بهرنامهی زمانی ئینگلیزی وهک زمانی دوهم بهریودهبات، وتی: " پاش دوا شهپولی پهناهری له سالی ۱۹۹۱دا، لهلایهن دراوسیکانی كوردهوه، شكاتی زور كراوه سهبارت بهوهی ههندیك به بهكارهینانی زوری هیز له لایهن دایبایان ناویان بردووه. نهوهی وای له ماموستایان و راویژکارانی كومهلایهتی كردووه، دایبابه كوردهكان بانگ بکهن و بویان روون بکهنهوه كه "جگه له لیدان شیوازی دیکه ههیه . پیمان وتن دهنانن شتی دیکه وهک

بئەشكردىنى مندالەكانيان لەوھى ھەزى لئىدەكەن و شتى لەم جۆرە.  
ئىمە لەكاتتىكى نزيكدا، ئەم شتانە بەو گروپانە نوپيانە دەلئىن بۆئەوھى  
كئىشەى لئى نەكەوئتەوھە."

كارمەندانى خزمەتگوزارىيە كۆمەلەيەتتەكان، بارگرانىيەكى  
زۆريان لەسەر بوو بەھۆى پئويستىي كۆچبەرانى جەنگى كەنداو  
كۆچبەرانى دىكەوھە. ئەوھى واىكرد كەمەلەبەندەكە داوا لە ئازانسى  
نيلسۆن بكات، لەمپەر بخاتە بەردەم سەرلەنوئى نىشتەجىكردەنوھى  
پەنابەران. ئازانسەكە بەھۆى مەترسىي مروقايەتتەوھە، ئەم داوايەى  
رەتكردەوھە. ھۆگان وتى: "دوا شەپۆلى پەنابەران لەكوردستانەوھە،  
دىسانەوھە بەروبووم و تواناى مەلەبەندەكە دادەچۆرئىتت."

ئەو وتى: "گرفتەكە لەوھادايە، ئەوان بەژمارەيەكى ئاوا گەورە دئىن،  
ئىمە لە ديسەمبەرى پئىشودا شەپۆلىكى گەورەمان وەرگرت، ئىستاكە  
لەدا ھەفتەى پئىشودا، شەپۆلىكى دىكە ھاتووە." ئەوھى ھەيە قوناغى  
پشوييەكە ھئور دەبئتەوھە، زۆرى پئىناچى ديسانەوھە دەشئويتەوھە. دەبئت  
وەرگئىرى خىزاو راستەوخۆ بدۆزىنەوھە كارمەندەكانمان دەبئت بە  
يەكجار مامەلە لەگەل ئەو ھەموو خىزانە بكەن. ئەمە ئەو رىگايە نىيە  
كە دەبئت پئىشواى خەلكى پئى بكرىت.

ويزاى ئەوھەش، كاتتىك نزيك بە ۱۶ لەو پەنابەرە نوپيانە بەوداويە  
لە شوقەيەكى بچووكدا كۆببونەوھە خەرىكى خواردنى تشرىبى بامى  
بوون، ھەريەكە لەوانە پئىداگرىي لەوھە دەكرد، كە ماوھەكى زۆرە لە  
فارگو دەژىن.

ھەمىد ئەلمانئىدى خانەخوئى، كە كوردئىكى ئەمەرىكى بوو، ئەو ھەك  
وەرگئىرىكى راستەوخۆ لە گوام كارى كردبوو، ھەروھە ھاوكارىي  
دەيەھا كوردى كردبوو لە فارگو نىشتەجئىن، وتى: "بەفرو سەرما لە  
سەدام ھسئىنى سەرۆكى عئىراق باشترە."

نزيك بە ۱۶۷۰۰ پئىشمەرگە و كارمەندى ئازانسە ئەمەرىكئىيەكان و  
كارمەندانى رىكخراوھ ھاوكارىيە مروييە ئەمەرىكى و ئەوروپىيەكان،

له هاوینی رابردوووه له کوردستانهوه هاتبوونه و لاته یه کگرتووهمکان. ئەوان له چوارچێوهی پرۆسهیهکی هینانهدرهوه بهسپۆنسهری و لاته یه کگرتووهمکان، هینراون.

چۆلکردنهکه له سنپتبهمهروه دهستیپێکرد، پاش ئەوهی سوپای عیراق بهئاراسته‌ی باکوور ملینا و ئەو سنووره‌ی بهزاند که له پاش جهنگی کهنداوهوه، له‌لایهن و لاته یه کگرتووهمکانهوه، به‌سه‌ریدا سه‌پنزابوو. عیراقیه‌کان وتیان که له‌لایهن گروپێکی سیاسی کوردیه‌وه بانگێشتکارون که شه‌رو ناکۆکی له‌گه‌ڵ گروپێکی دیکه‌ی هاوپه‌یمانی ئێراندا هه‌یه.

هیزه عیراقیه‌کان کشانهوه، به‌لام نه‌ک پێش ئەوهی که و لاته یه کگرتووهمکان و هاوپه‌یمانه‌کانی، چاودیره سه‌ربازیه‌کان و کارمهنده‌کانی هاوکاریه‌ی مرۆبی و خێرخوازییه‌کانی سه‌ربه‌خۆیان له‌ناوچه‌که ده‌ربه‌کن.

هازل ریتز، خانمه قسه‌که‌ری وه‌زاره‌تی ده‌روه وتی: " وێرای کشانه‌وه‌ی عیراقیه‌کان، هینستا نیگه‌رانی ته‌واو سه‌باره‌ت به‌ ئالۆزی له‌وئ هه‌بوو، تا‌کو ئەو راده‌یه‌ی که ئیمه واما‌ن به‌باش زانی که هه‌رکه‌سێک بێنینه ده‌روه که په‌یوه‌ندی به‌ ئیمه‌وه هه‌بووه."

په‌نابه‌ره نوێیه گه‌یشتووهمکان، چه‌ندین هۆکاری جیا‌واز سه‌باره‌ت به‌ کۆچه به‌کۆمه‌له‌که‌یان پێشکه‌ش ده‌کن. هه‌ندیکیان وتیان که ناچاربوون ئەوئ جێبه‌ئێن به‌هۆی ئەو وتارانه‌ی که له‌میدیا‌کانی عیراقه‌وه، دژی ئەو کوردانه بلا‌وده‌کرایه‌وه که هاوکارییان له‌گه‌ڵ ئەمریکیه‌کان کردوه. هه‌ندیک با‌سی ئەو پروپا‌گه‌ندانه‌یان ده‌کرد، گوایه سه‌ربازه عیراقیه‌کان درستیان به‌سه‌ر لیستی ناوی ئەو کوردانه‌دا گرتوه که له‌گه‌ڵ ئازانسه ئەمریکیه‌کاندا کاریان کردوه. که‌سانێکی دیکه‌ش به‌سه‌ده‌یی وتیان که هه‌رکه‌سێک په‌یوه‌ندی به‌ ئەمریکیه‌کانه‌وه هه‌بێت، مه‌ترسیی ئەوه‌ی له‌سه‌ره به‌ سیخو‌ریی تۆمه‌تبار بکری‌ت.

نوری ئیسماعیل فەتاحی تەمەن ٥٤ سالی که مامۆستای هونەرەو لەمانگی دیسەمبەر لەگەڵ ژن و کچەکهیدا هەلاتوو، وتی: "ئیمە سیاسیی نەبووین. بەلام من وەک بەرپرسی لۆجیستی گروپیکی بریتانی بو بۆ بنیاتنانەوهی خانووەکان کارم کردوو. من لەوه دەترسام ئەوان (سوپای عێراق) راوهدومان نین."

نوری فەتاح مأل و حالەکهی فرۆشتوو و بەرگ و پۆساکێ بو گەشتەکهی بو دەرەوهی کوردستان پێی کەریوه. کارمەندە ئەمریکییەکان هاوکارییان کردبوو بچیتە تورکیا و لەوێشەوه بە فرۆکه گواسترا بوووه بو دورگەیی گوام. پەنابەرەکان چەند مانگیکیان لەوێ بەسەبرد. ئەوان داوای پەنابەریتییان پیشکەسکرد و لەرێگەیی پشکنینی پزیشکی و فیربونی شیوازی ژیان لە ئەمریکا، هەتا ئەو کاتەیی بریار لەسەر گەشتەکایان دراو بە فرۆکه بو لۆس ئەنجلوس گواسترا نەوه.

لە گوام، نوری فەتاح سەرەتا دانیانەبوو که بو کوێ بچیت. ئەو لێره هیچ خزمەتی نەبوو، بەلام دەرەفتی چاوپێکەوتنی لەگەڵ ئەلئامیدی بو هەلکەوت که لە گوام وەک وەرگێری راستەوخۆ بەرپرسە ئەمریکییەکان کاری دەکرد. ئەو رازیبکرد که بێت بو فارگو.

نوری فەتاح وتی: "پێی وتوم لەوێ تاوان نییه"



## ئەنجومەنى نىشتىمانى عىراق ھانى بەردەوامبۇون لەدژاىەتییى ناوچەگانى دژەفرین دەدات

رۆژنامەى "THE DAILY HERALD" كە لەرۆژى يەك شەممەى رێكەوتى ۱۰ى يەنایەرى/كانونى دوومى ۱۹۹۹دا، چاپ و بلاوكرائەتەو، بابەتییكى " لیۆن باركھۆ" ى بەو ناوئىشانەى سەرەو دەبەزاندوو كە ئەمە دەقەكەیتى:

" بەغدا- عىراق: ئەندامانى ئەنجومەنى نىشتىمانى عىراقى، لەرۆژى شەممەدا، ھانى حكومەتیان دا كە دانپێدانانەكەى بە ولاتى كۆمىتى دراوسیدا رەتباتەو و ھەرەھا پشەتگىرى ئالەنگارىی سەركردايەتییەكەیان كرد لەدژى ناوچەگانى دژەفرین كە لەلایەن ھیزەگانى رۆژئاواو، سەپینراو.

ھەرەھا لەلایەن ۲۵۰ ئەندامى ئەنجومەنى نىشتىمانىيەو ئەو رەشئوسە ياسا توندە پەسەندكرا كە لەلایەن سەدام حەسینەو، دژى پشەكەرەگانى چەكى سەر بە نەتەو یەكگرتووەكان گىرابوو بەر. چاومرئ دەكریت كە ئەندامانى ئەنجومەن لەرۆژى يەك شەممەدا، ئەو رەشئووسى ياسايە بنێرنە ئەنجومەنى سەركردايەتى شۆرش بۆ ئەریكردن. ھەرەھا ئەو كاتەى سەدام واژوى لەسەر دەكات، دەبیتە ياسا.

رەشئووسى ياساكە كە ئازانسى ئەسۆشییەت پریس دەستیکەوتوو، لەلایەن ئەندامانى ئەنجومەنى نىشتىمانىيەو وتەى ئاگرینی لەخۆگرتوو و ئەوان بە توندی رەخنەى نەتەو یەكگرتووەكان دەكەن، ھەرەھا پشەكەرانی چەكەكان و ئەنجومەنى ئاسایشى نەتەو یەكگرتووەكان، بەھۆى لانەبردنى ئەو گەمارۆیەى كە لەلایەن نەتەو یەكگرتووەكانەو، پاش چوونى عىراق بۆ ناو كۆمىت، لەسالى ۱۹۹۰دا، سەپینرا.

داگیرکارییه‌که‌ی کوهیت بووه هۆکاری هه‌لگیرساندنی جهنگی  
که‌نداو له‌سالی ۱۹۹۱دا.

ئوسامه مه‌حمود ئه‌ندامی ئه‌نجومه‌ن وتی: "هاوکارییه‌کردن له‌گه‌ل  
ئه‌نجومه‌نی ئاسایش چ سوودیکی هه‌یه، له‌کاتی‌کدا ئه‌و هه‌یج شتیکی بو  
لابردنی گه‌مارۆکه نه‌کردوو؟ ئه‌مه‌ وا پێویست ده‌کات که مامه‌له  
له‌گه‌ل بریاره‌کانی نه‌که‌ین و دژی بوه‌ستین."

هه‌روه‌ها ئه‌وه‌شی زیده‌کرد که: "سنوری عێراق له‌گه‌ل کوهیت  
نایاساییه، بوچی ئیمه‌ دان به‌و سنوورهدا بنیین؟ بوچی دان به‌ خودی  
کوهیتدا بنیین؟"

ئه‌نجومه‌نی نیشتمانیی عێراقیی له‌سالی ۱۹۹۳دا، به‌فهرمی دانی به  
۱۵۰ میل سنووری نیوان کوهیت و عێراقدا نابوو، هه‌روه‌ها ده‌ستی له  
داوکارییه‌کانی خۆی سه‌بارت به‌ میرنشینه‌که هه‌لگیرتوو.

ئه‌ندامانی ئه‌نجومه‌ن وتیان که ئه‌نجومه‌ن له‌به‌رئه‌وه له‌چوارچێوه‌ی  
ئه‌و سنووره نوێیه‌ی دیارییه‌کراوه، دانی به‌ کوهیتدا ناوه، به‌و هیوایه‌ی  
گه‌مارۆکه‌ی نه‌ته‌وه یه‌که‌گرتوو هه‌لگیریت.

تونی بلیر، سه‌ره‌ک و‌ه‌زیرانی بریتانی پاس ئه‌وه‌ی گه‌یشه‌ کوهیت  
به‌مه‌به‌ستی سه‌ردانی‌کردنی هێزه بریتانییه‌کان که‌له‌وی جی‌گیربون،  
وتی: "ئه‌وه‌ی پێویسته سه‌دام درکی بکات ئه‌وه‌یه که ئیمه‌ چاوپۆشیی  
نه‌که‌ین له‌وه‌ی هه‌ره‌شه له‌ دراوسینه‌کانی یان له‌ ناوچه‌کانی دژه‌فرین  
بکات بێ گرتنه‌به‌ری هه‌یج ریکاریک."

کوهیت له‌سایه‌ی ده‌وله‌تی عوسمانییدا به‌شیکوو له‌عێراق، ئه‌وه‌ی له  
کوێتایی یه‌که‌مین جهنگی جیهانیی رووخا. بریتانیا پاش ئه‌وه‌ی  
کوئترۆلی ناوچه‌که‌ی کرد، له‌سالی ۱۹۶۲دا، سه‌ره‌خۆیی دا به  
کوهیت، ئه‌وه‌ی سا‌لانی‌ک کیشه‌و مملانی‌تی له‌سه سنوور هینایه‌ئارا.



قسه‌که‌رانی نُهو دانیشتنه تایبته داویان له‌سه‌دام کرد که بهر هه‌لستی ناوچه‌کانی دژ هفرین بکات له‌باکوورو باشووری عیراق و په‌یه‌ندییه‌کانی خوی له‌گه‌ل نه‌ته‌وه یه‌گرتوو‌ه‌کان بیچرینیت.

نایبه توشی، نهدامی نهنجومن وتی: " ناوچه‌کانی دژ هفرین تاوانه" نیمه مافی ته‌ه‌مکر دمنان هه‌یه له هه‌ر فرۆکه‌یه‌ک که ناسمانی عیراق بیه‌زینیت."

سه‌دام په‌یمانیدا که ئاله‌نگاری ناوچه‌کانی دژ هفرین له باشوورو باکوور بکات، پاش نُهوه‌ی موشه‌ک و فرۆکه نهمریکی و بریتانییه‌کان له‌ناوه‌راستی دیسه‌مبه‌ردا، بۆماوه‌ی چوار رۆژ عیراقیان کوتا.

### ناگری عیراق

فرۆکه‌وانه عیراقییه‌کان و هیزی دژ ه‌ناسمانی عیراق، له‌کو‌تایی دیسه‌مبه‌ره‌وه، کهوتبوونه به‌ئامانج‌گرتتی نُهو فرۆکه نهمریکی و بریتانییه‌کانی به‌سه‌ر ناوچه‌که‌دا ده‌فرین.

نهمریکا و بریتانیا، نهم ناوچه‌کانی دژ هفرینیان بۆ پاراستنی که‌مینه کوردییه‌که‌و موسو‌ل‌مانه شیعه‌کان دامه‌زراند، نُهوانه‌ی له‌پاش جه‌نگی که‌نداوی فارس‌دا، ناسه‌ر که‌وتوو‌انه دژی سه‌دام راپه‌رین.

دوو سه‌ر کرده کورده عیراقییه‌که‌، مه‌سه‌عود بارزانی له‌پارتی و جه‌لال تاله‌بانی له‌یه‌کیتی، رۆژی شه‌ممه له‌سه‌ر جیبه‌جیکردنی ریکه‌وتنامه‌ی ئاشتییانه له‌نیوان گروه دژ به‌ر مه‌کانیان، ریکه‌وتن.

به‌یاننامه‌یه‌کی پارتی که له‌قا‌هیر هوه به فاکس بۆ نهنوشییه‌ت پرئیس نێردراوه، وتی: نهم دیداره له‌پاش سالی ۱۹۹۱ هوه، له‌ناوچه نهنوتومه کوردییه‌که‌ی باکووری عیراق، یه‌که‌مین جاره."

## Iraqi parliament urges continued defiance of no-fly zones

By LEON BARBO  
Associated Press Writer

BAHIGHAD, Iraq — Iraqi legislators urged the government Saturday to rescind its recognition of neighboring Kuwait and backed the leadership's defiance of no-fly zones imposed by Western powers.

A draft resolution by the 250-member National Assembly also rubber-stamped President Saddam Hussein's tough stance toward U.N. weapons inspections.

The legislators were expected to endorse the draft Sunday and send it to the Revolutionary Command Council for ratification. It will become law when Saddam endorses it.

The draft resolution, obtained by The Associated Press, was cir-

culated following fiery remarks by legislators, who lambasted U.N. weapons inspectors and the U.N. Security Council for not lifting sanctions that the United Nations imposed after Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait. The invasion sparked the 1991 Persian Gulf War.

"What is the use of cooperating with the Security Council at a time it has done nothing to ease the sanctions? It is essential that we stop dealing with its resolutions," said legislator Usama Mahmood.

He added that Iraq's border with Kuwait was illegal. "Why do we recognize the borders? Why do we recognize Kuwait itself?"

### Setting the border

Iraq's parliament formally endorsed the 166-mile Kuwaiti-

Iraqi border in 1963, dropping a territorial claim on the emirate. Lawmakers said that Parliament had agreed to recognize Kuwait within newly demarcated borders in the hope that U.N. sanctions would be lifted.

In Kuwait, British Prime Minister Tony Blair warned Iraq on Saturday not to attack its neighbors or allied forces in the region, saying the response to such action would be swift and immediate.

"What Saddam has to realize is that we are not going to allow him to threaten his neighborhood or threaten the stability of the region without taking action," Blair said after arriving in Kuwait to visit British troops stationed there.

Kuwait was part of Iraq under the Ottoman Empire,

which collapsed at the end of World War I. The British, who took control of the region, gave Kuwait independence in 1961, triggering years of dispute over the border.

Speakers at the special session also called on Saddam to defy the no-fly zones in northern and southern Iraq and to sever ties with the United Nations.

"The no-fly zones are a crime," said lawmaker Nuhbi Toshi. "We have the right to fire at any aircraft violating our airspace."

Saddam has pledged to challenge the southern and northern no-fly zones after U.S. and British aircraft and missiles pounded Iraq for four days in mid-December.

Iraqi fire  
Iraqi pilots and anti-aircraft

batteries have been targeting U.S. and British warplanes over the zones since late December.

The United States and Britain set up the no-fly zones to protect minority Kurds and Shiite Muslims who rebelled unsuccessfully against Baghdad after the Persian Gulf War.

Two Iraqi Kurdish leaders — Massoud Barzani of the Kurdistan Democratic Party and Jalal Talabani of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan — agreed Saturday to implement a U.S.-brokered peace deal between their rival factions.

The meeting was the first in the Kurdish autonomous zone in northern Iraq since 1994, said a KDP statement filed to The Associated Press in Cairo.

## NATO troops shoot suspect in war crimes

By AIDA CERKEZ-ROBINSON  
Associated Press Writer

SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegovina — A suspected Bosnian Serb war criminal accused of raping and torturing Muslim women was shot to death Saturday by NATO troops in Bosnia, NATO officials said.

The officials, speaking on condition of anonymity, identified the suspect as Dragan Gagovic, the former police chief in the town of Foca during the Bosnian war. They said French soldiers in the NATO-led Bosnian peace force shot Gagovic near Foca after he tried to resist arrest and drove his car directly at some of the troops.

The troops "opened fire in self-defense," said one of the officials.

Gagovic, 39, was sought by the U.N. war crimes tribunal in The Hague, Netherlands. Full details of the tribunal's indictment were unavailable, but Gagovic was charged with torturing and raping at least five Muslim women detained at a sports hall turned into a prison center in 1992.

The indictment also alleges he was aware of sexual assaults on other women and knew about the brutal living conditions in the camp. He was formally charged with crimes against humanity.

At least eight other suspected war criminals are believed to be in Foca. Human Rights Watch, a private rights-monitoring organization, located about 30 miles southeast of Sarajevo as a "closed, dark place," where some of the worst atrocities of the Bosnian war were committed.

Last year, Milorad Krnojelac, another war-crimes suspect who lived in Foca, surrendered to NATO



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## پلانی ولاتە یەگرتوو دەکان بۆ لادانی سەدام حسین دەچیتەپیش

رۆژنامەی ئەمریکی "Dixi State University Newspaper" که لە رۆژی ۲۷ی یەنایەر/ کانونی دووهمی ۱۹۹۹دا، چاپ و بڵاوکراوەتەوه، بابەتێکی بەو ناوێشانەیی سەرەوه بڵاوکردۆتەوه، که ئەمە دەقهکەیهتی:

"پلانهکەیی واشنگتۆن که زۆر نەینیی نییه بۆ لادانی سەدام حسینیی سەرۆکی عێراق، لەرۆژی پینجشەممەدا بەدانانی دیپلوماتیکیی بالای ئەمریکی بۆ هەماهنگیی نیوان هیزه پەرتە ئۆپۆزسیۆنەکانی ولاتەکە، چوو هپیش.

بەلام وێرای دانانی ئەو دیپلوماتەش، بەشیکیی زۆر له گروپه ئۆپۆزسیۆنەکانی ئەو ولاتە، بۆ پێدانی یارمەتی ئەمریکی دەستنیشان کرابوون، وتیان که ئەوان گرنگیی بەم بابەتە نادەن یاخود بەساردییەوه ئەم بابەتەیان وەرگرت.

مادلین ئۆلبرایت، وەزیری دەرەوه، فرانک ریچاردۆنی کەسایەتی دووهمی بآلیۆزخانەیی ئەمریکی له ئەنقەرە، دیاریکرد که ببیتە نوینەری تایبەت بۆ قۆناغی گواستەوه لەعێراقدا.

ریچاردۆن، کەباکگراوندیکیی بەرفراوانی سەبارەت بەناوچەکە هەیه، بەو پێیەیی راویژکاری سیاسی فەرماندەیی هیزه فرە رەگەزەکان بوو، ئەوانەیی پآلیشتیی و پارێزگارییان لەئۆپەرەسیۆنی فریاکەوتنی کوردیی کرد لەباکووری عێراق لەپاش جەنگی کەنداو.

ئۆلبرایت وتی: "ئەو تیمیک لەبەرپرسیانی ئەمریکی، که لەنیوانیاندا راویژکاری سەربازیی و سیاسی هەبوون، لەگەڵ گروپه ئۆپۆزسیۆنەکان کاردەکەن، تاوەکو هاوکارییان بکەن که دەسەلاتی سەدام لاسەنگ بکەن و بپروخینن."

ئۆلبرایت، بە سەنتەری سیاسی نیشتمانیی لێره وت: " پێویستە لەسەرمان و پێداده‌گرین لەسەر پوچەڵکردنەوهی ھەر توانایەکی شاراوہی عێراق بۆ دەستدرێژی و پەلامار."

ئەو وتی: " ئێمە بەھاوکاریی فرانک ریچاردۆن و تیمەکە، بەردەوام دەبین لە یارمەتیدانی گەلی عێراق، بۆئەوهی جۆیان تیکەڵ بە کۆمەڵگای جیھان بکەنەوه، لەریگە ی رزگارکردنی خۆیان لە سەرکردەپەک کە نایانەوتیت و شایەنی نین و ھەرگیزیش ھەلیان نەبژاردووہ."

لەرۆژی چوارشەممەدا، سەرۆک کلینتۆن، ناوی ھوت گروپی ئۆپۆزیسیونی ھینا، کە دەشین بەگوێرە یاسای رزگاری عێراق کە سالی رابردوو لە لایەن کۆنگرەسەو پەسەندکرابوو، یارمەتی بدرین.

ئەو ھوت ریکخراوہ، ئیسلامییەکان و عەلمانییەکان و گروپە ناسیۆنالیستە کوردەکانیش دەگریتەوہ کە پێشوو دا زۆر بەی کات لەگەڵ یەکنتر دەجەنگان.

ئەوانە: ھاوپەیمانی نیشتمانیی عێراق، کۆنگرە ی نیشتمانیی عێراق، بزوتنەوہی ئیسلامی لە کوردستانی عێراق، پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان "پدک"، جۆلانەوہی پاشایەتی دەستوری، یەکیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان "ینک" و مەجلیسی ئەعلای شۆرشێ ئیسلامیی بوو لە عێراق.

پێدەچنیت ریچاردۆن لەگەڵ ئەرکە نوێیە کەیدا ھەندیک سەختیی بێتە بەردەم، بەھۆی رەتکردنەوہی ئەو ئۆفرە ی ئەمریکا بۆ یارمەتی پێشکەشی کردووہ لە لایەن مەجلیسی ئەعلا. ھەر و ھا دوو گروپی دیکەش لەو رووہوہ خۆپاریزییان پێشانداوہ.

ئایەتوڵا محەمەد باقر کە سەرکردە ی مەجلیسی ئەعلایە، بەرۆژنامەیکە عەرەبیی وت لە ھەندەن: " ئێمە یارمەتی ئەمریکا بۆ گورین لە عێراق پەسەند ناکەین"

ئەو رابەرە كە لەئێران دادەنیشیت، رمخەیی لە سیاسەتی ئەمەریكی لەناست عێراق گرت و وتی كە ئەو ئەوه لەبەرچاوناگریت: " ئەو لایەنە راستینیەیی كە بەرپرسە لەگۆڕین بریتییە لە گەلی عێراق، لەوانە ھێزە ئۆپوزسیۆنە عێراقییە راستینیەكان."

# Nation & State

Editor: Mike Sherwood

Page 3  
January 27, 1999  
jerome@infowest.com

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## U.S. Plan To Oust Saddam Hussein Lurches Forward

**Tribune Media Services**

Washington's not-so-secret plan to oust Iraqi President Saddam Hussein lurches forward Thursday with the appointment of a senior U.S. diplomat to coordinate the country's fractured opposition.

But even as the appointment was made, several opposition groups designated for U.S. assistance said they were either not interested or reacted coolly to the prospect.

Secretary of State Madeleine Albright appointed Frank Riccardone, the current number two at Washington's embassy in Ankara, to be Special Representative for Transition in Iraq.

Riccardone, who has extensive background in the region, served as political adviser to the commanders of the multina-

tional force that supported and protected Kurdish relief operations in northern Iraq following the Gulf War.

He and a team of U.S. officials, including a military and political adviser, are to work with Iraqi opposition groups to help them destabilize and oust Saddam, Albright said.

"We must and will persist in thwarting Iraq's potential for aggression," Albright told the Center for National Policy here.

"With the aid of Frank Riccardone and his team, we will persist in helping the Iraqi people reintegrate themselves into the world community by freeing themselves from a leader they don't want, do not deserve and never chose," she said.

On Wednesday, President Clinton named seven opposition groups as eligible for assistance under the \$97 million

Iraqi Liberation Act approved by Congress last year.

The seven include Islamic organizations, secular organizations and nationalist Kurdish groups that have often been at odds.

They are: the Iraqi National Accord, the Iraqi National Congress, the Islamic Movement of Iraqi Kurdistan, the Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP), the Movement for a Constitutional Monarchy, the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK) and the Supreme Council on the Islamic Revolution in Iraq (SCRI).

Riccardone can expect some difficulty in dealing with his new charges, though, as SCRI turned down the US offer of help and two other groups names voiced reservations over support.

"We will not accept US aid for a change in Iraq," Ayatollah

Mohammad Baqer al-Hakim, leader of SCRI, told the London-based Arab daily Al-Hayat.

The Tehran-based leader criticized US policy on Iraq, saying it did not take into account that "the real party responsible for change is the Iraqi people, including the real opposition forces."

**Tribune Media Services**

Despite several recently publicized student deaths, researchers say drug and alcohol use among young adults and related deaths have dropped in the past two decades.

The parents of today's youth drank even more in college than their kids do now, but society's different perception can be attributed to a heightened awareness of drug and alcohol abuse. As a result,

death stemming from alcohol and drug use are more likely to be publicized, researchers say.

According to the Centers for Disease Control, 236 people 15 to 24 died from alcohol abuse in 1979 compared with 74 in 1998. Also, 1,215 young people died in drug-related deaths in 1979 compared with 929 in 1998.

Students have shown that young people often curb their use of drugs and alcohol when they believe it's such consumption carries risks.



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Dr. Steve Barney, advisor  
will be on Dixie College's Campus  
From 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM  
on the following Fridays:  
January 29  
February 5, 12, 26  
March 12, 19, 26  
April 6, 16, 23, 30

## گروپه توندروهه‌هکانی عیراق ده‌که‌ونه ژیر چاودیری وردی ئه‌میریکا

روژنامه‌ی ئه‌میریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له روژی چوارشه‌مه ریکه‌وتی ۲۱ی ئوگۆستۆسی ۲۰۰۲دا، چاپ و بلاو بکراوته‌وه، بابه‌تیکه بهو ناونیشان‌ه‌ی سه‌روهه نووسیوه، بهم شیوه‌یه:

"واشنگتۆن: روژی سێشه‌مه به‌رپرسانیک وتیان که ئازانسه هه‌والگه‌ریه‌هکانی ئه‌میریکا، چاودیری خۆیان سه‌بارته بهو گه‌وپه توندروهه ئیسلامیه چرکردۆته‌وه که له‌عیراق هه‌له‌سه‌ورین، به‌هۆیه‌ی که‌ده‌شیت پیه‌ه‌ندیان له‌گه‌ل هه‌ردووک له‌ریکخراوی تیرۆستی ئه‌لقاعیده و هه‌روه‌ها له‌گه‌ل سه‌دام حسینی سه‌روکی عیراقیدا، هه‌بیت.

گروپه‌که، به‌ئهنسارولئیسلام ناوده‌بریت و لقیکی جیا‌بو‌ویه له‌بزوتنه‌وه‌ی ئیسلامی کوردستان که حزبیکی سیاسی به‌رفراوانه و ده‌ستی به‌سه‌ر به‌شیکی به‌کووری عیراقدا گرتوه. بنکه‌ی ئه‌و حیزبه له‌هه‌له‌بجیه، ئه‌و شوینه‌ی له‌سالی ۱۹۸۸دا، له‌لایهن سوپای عیراقیه‌وه هێرشێکی کیمیا‌یی کرایه‌سه‌ر و هه‌زاره‌های کوشت. هه‌روه‌ها کۆنترۆلی کۆمه‌ڵیکی که‌م گۆندی له‌نزیک سنووری ئێران کردوه.

به‌و دواییه، ده‌زگای هه‌والگه‌ری ئه‌میریکی، چاودیری پێگه‌یه‌کی ئهنسارولئیسلامیان له‌باکووری عیراقدا کردوه، له‌وئ تاقیکردنه‌وه‌ی چه‌کی کیمیا‌یی یان بایه‌لوژیان له‌سه‌ر چه‌ند ئازمه‌لیکی کێلگه به‌ریه‌چوه. به‌رپرسانی ئه‌میریکی له‌روژی سێشه‌مه وتیان که له‌سه‌ره‌ئادا ترسێک هه‌بووه که ده‌شیت ئه‌مه‌ بێته هه‌ره‌شه‌یه‌کی کیمیا‌یی و بایه‌لوژی گه‌وره. به‌لام به‌رپرسانی ئه‌میریکی بریاراندا که ئه‌وه هێنده مه‌ترسیدار نییه بێته پاساوێک بۆ لێدانیکه سه‌ربازی.

بەرپر سهكان سه ره تا وتیان كه ئەندامه عه ره به كانی ئەنسا رولئیسلام  
له م تا قی كر د نه وه یه دا به شدار بوون، به لام دواتر وتیان كه روون ئەوانه  
عه ره ب یا خود كورد بوون.

بەرپر سان وتیان كه ئەنسا رولئیسلام وهك مه تر سییه کی جدی  
ده مین نه وه. به شتی کی نه وه ش ده گه ریت نه وه بۆ نه وه ی كه چه ندین به لگه  
هه ن كه گرو په كه په یوه ندییان به توری تیرۆستی ئەلقاعیده وه هه بی ت.

هه ندیک ده لئین كه حكومه تی سه دام به نه یی پالیشتی  
ئەنسا رولئیسلامی كر دو وه، وهك هه ولدانیک بۆ تیکدانی ئارامی  
ناوچه كوردییه كه و لاواز كر دنی به ره هه استکاره كورده  
سه ره کییه كانی."

# 7 in Berlin Is Over

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revival after the Nazi era.  
The embassy seizure comes as Germany expresses opposition to any U.S.-led military action to remove Saddam, who is accused of trying to develop weapons of mass destruction. The German position has stoked a rare open spat between Washington and one of its chief European allies.  
In Washington, deputy U.S. State Department spokesman Philip Reeker said the department had never heard of the group.  
A senior White House official said the administration believes the siege does not help in the goal to eventually overthrow Saddam.  
Embassy employees arrived at the three-story building after the standoff ended, and about a dozen came out parading two framed pictures of Saddam Hussein and an Iraqi flag. One

man said the hostage-takers had taken down the flag and the pictures when they went inside.  
One captive released during the ordeal was a woman who suffered eye irritation when the hostage-takers used tear gas, Textor said. Police at the scene said a second person who went into shock also got out during the standoff.  
The Iraqi charge d'affaires was being interviewed by police but the other envoy was in shock, Textor said. Police did not identify the charge d'affaires, but an official diplomatic list names him as Shamil Mohammed.  
Police said the five men forced their way into the embassy, barricaded some of the interior doors and threatened the people inside with weapons — which also included a hatchet, an electric shock wand and

two tear-gas guns.  
Green-and-white police cars swarmed into the quiet tree-lined streets of the elegant Zehlendorf neighborhood, in the former American sector of the city, sealing off several blocks.  
In Baghdad, an Iraqi Foreign Ministry official said the ministry contacted "German authorities to adopt speedy measures to evacuate the embassy building."  
Police said they were taking fingerprints and looking for evidence inside the embassy, a villa surrounded by high trees and a 7-foot-high fence.  
The Deutsche Welle television channel said it had spoken by telephone with the hostage-takers, who claimed that 20 people had occupied the building.  
In London, a spokesman for the opposition Iraqi National Congress said the Iraqi Democratic Opposition of Germany appeared to be a new group, founded several months ago. He was not familiar with its members.

## CHICKENING OUT



Mansel Ruiz/The Associated Press

Bullfight assistant Jose Tomas tries to catch a hen tossed into the bullring by a spectator in Ciudad Real, Spain. Tomas caught the bird and the bullfight resumed.

## Extremist Group in Iraq Draws New U.S. Scrutiny

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON — U.S. intelligence agencies have stepped up monitoring of an Islamic extremist group operating in Iraq that may have ties both to the al-Qaida terrorist network and to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, officials said Tuesday.

The group, called Ansar al-Islam, is an offshoot of the Islamic Movement of Kurdistan, a broad political party that controls a portion of northern Iraq. It is based at Halabja, site of a 1988 chemical attack by the Iraqi army that killed thousands, and controls a handful of villages near the Iranian border.

U.S. intelligence recently monitored an Ansar al-Islam site in northern Iraq where chemical or biological weapons experiments were conducted with farm animals. It initially was feared this might constitute a significant chemical-biological threat, but U.S. officials decided it was not serious enough to justify a military strike, American officials said Tuesday.

The Pentagon's military soon found members of Ansar al-Islam were involved in the experimentation, but later they said it was unclear whether they were Arabs or Kurds. The group reportedly has several hundred members, mostly Kurds.

Ansar al-Islam remains a serious concern, the officials said, in part because of indications the group is connected to the al-Qaida terrorist network.

Some believe Saddam's government has secretly supported Ansar al-Islam in a bid to destabilize the Kurdish area and weaken his major Kurdish opponents.

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## کوردان خوزیارن له پلانی ئەمریکیدا سەبارەت بە پاش جەنگ بەشدارین

رۆژنامەی ئەمریکی "Thr Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی شەممە ی ریکهوتی ۳۰ی نۆفەمبەری ۲۰۰۲دا، چاپ و بلاوکرارهتووه، بابەتیکى بهو ناوێشانەى سەرەوه بلاوکردۆتەوه و تێیدا هاتووه:

" سەرکرده بالاگانى کورد له رۆژى ههینییدا وتیان: کوردانى عێراق پهيوهست نابن بهو کاره سهربازیهى له‌لایهن ئەمریکاهه سەرکردهیهى ده‌کریت دژی سەدام حسین، هه‌تاکو نه‌خرینه نێو ئهو پلانهى که بو پاش جەنگى عێراق دانراوه.

مەسعود بارزانی، سەرۆکی پارتي ديموکراتى کوردستان، پاش کۆنفرانسیک له پاریس که سەبارەت بە ئایندهى کوردان بەستراوو، وتی: پێش ئه‌وه‌ى بینه به‌شیک له‌هه‌ر کاریکى سهربازیهى، پێویسته ئامانجه‌که بزاین.

بارزانی، که یه‌کێکه له دوو سەرکرده بالاکه، وتی: ئه‌گه‌ر کاریکى سهربازیهى ئەمریکى بتوانیت سەرۆکی عێراق له‌ده‌سه‌لات بخت، کورد ده‌یان‌ه‌ویت له بنیاتنانه‌وه‌ى عێراقدا به‌شدارین.

به‌لام ئهو و جه‌لال ته‌لابانى که له‌یه‌کیتى نیشتمانى کوردستانه، نیگه‌رانى خۆیان سەبارەت به دامه‌زراندنى ئیداره‌یه‌کى سهربازیهى له‌لایهن ئەمریکیه‌کانه‌وه له‌پاش جەنگ، پێشاندان.

بارزانی به په‌یامنی‌رانی وت: ئیمه هه‌چ فه‌رمانه‌روایه‌کى سهربازیه‌یمان له‌عێراقدا ناویت، جا ئه‌وه دیکتاتۆریکى سهربازیهى عێراقیهى بێت یان فه‌رمانه‌روایه‌کى سهربازیهى بێگانه.

بارزانی و تاله‌بانى له‌سه‌ر ئه‌وه پێیان داگرت، که کوردانى عێراق سەبارەت به پشت‌گیریه‌یکردنى حکومه‌تیکى عێراقیهى فیدرالی

دهموکراتیک، یهگرتوون. ههروههها نهوان وتیان که تورکیای  
دراوسی سهبارت به بهشداریی تهواری کورد له نایندهی عیراقد،  
شتیک نییه که لئی بترسیت.

تالهبانی وتی: ئیمه گهرینتی ددهین که ناوچهکهمان نابیته بنکهیهک  
که دوژمنای تورکیا دژی نهوان کار بکهن.

تورکیا بهرههستی سیستمیکی فیدرالی له عیراقد دهکات، چونکه  
لهوه دترسیت که ئوتونومییهکی کوردیی بیتههوی وروژانی ههستی  
نهتهوایهتی کوردیی لهئێو کهمینه کوردییهکهی خویدا.

# So Far, Iraqi Officials Make Nice With U.N. Inspectors

BY RAJIV CHANDRASEKARAN

THE WASHINGTON POST

BAGHDAD, Iraq — State-run newspapers and government officials here never used to miss an opportunity to heap scorn on U.N. weapons inspectors, calling them spies, imposters and opportunists who sought to prolong their work to justify continuing the economic sanctions on this country.

But now that inspectors have returned after a four-year absence for a mission that could determine whether the United States launches military action aimed at toppling President Saddam Hussein, the Iraqi leader appears to have pressed the mute button on the regular rhetoric. The new message is cooperation.

On Wednesday and Thursday, the first two days of resumed inspections, the U.N. experts who set off in their white vehicles and baby-blue hats to search for evidence that Iraq was or is developing weapons of mass destruction were received in a way that predecessors never were.

The gates to research complexes and arms factories swung open without delay. Solicitous Iraqi officials let the inspectors poke around, take samples and leaf through documents. The director of an engineering center proudly proclaimed to reporters that he was pleased to receive the inspectors.

## Kurds Want In on U.S. Planning for Post-War Iraq

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

PARIS — Iraqi Kurds will not join a U.S.-led military strike against Saddam Hussein unless they are included in American planning for post-war Iraq, Kurdish leaders said Friday.

"Before we are involved in a military action, we have to know the aim," Massoud Barzani, of the Kurdistan Democratic Party, said after a conference in Paris on the future of Iraqi Kurds.

Barzani, one of two top Kurdish

leaders, said that the Kurds want to be partners in the restructuring of Iraq should possible U.S. military action topple the Iraqi leader.

— that is, and said Talabani of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, expressed reservations over the possibility of the United States installing a military administration of Iraq at

"We don't want to see any military ruler in Iraq, whether it's an Iraqi military dictator or a foreign military ruler," Barzani, told reporters.

Barzani and Talabani insisted that Iraqi Kurds were united in support of a democratic federal government in Iraq. They also said that neighboring Turkey had nothing to fear from full Kurdish participation in a future Iraq.

"We guarantee our area will not be a base for the enemies of Turkey to act against them," Talabani said.

Turkey is opposed to a federal system in Iraq because it fears Kurdish autonomy could inspire nationalist sentiment among its own Kurdish minority.

make nice with the inspectors.

"We're going to surprise the world," one of the president's advisers said.

"We don't like 1411, but we will cooperate with it," he said, referring to the U.N. Security Council resolution passed unanimously earlier this month that calls for inspectors to be given access to any person or place in Iraq without having to seek permission or provide advance notice.

The two U.N. officials leading the field inspections said they are satisfied with the Iraqi response thus far.

"We've received full cooperation," said one of the leaders, Demetris

took the inspectors there to see it for themselves.

The officials could have brought the tank to the al-Dawrah plant, a U.N. official said, but the fact they told the inspectors where it was — allowing them to exercise their power to visit any site they want — suggested to the experts, at least in that case, the Iraqis were not trying to be evasive.

"They could have handled it very differently," the official said.

Although the inspectors have not provided the Iraqi government with advance warning of the sites they plan to search, they have chosen to make a fairly nonconfrontational start by visiting places that already were scoured by U.N. experts in the 1990s.

That strategy likely will continue at least until Dec. 8, when an additional 35 inspectors are scheduled to augment the 17 who already are on the ground. U.N. officials have said they would need more experts than they have here now to conduct searches of large, previously unexamined sites such as a presidential palace.

Whether Iraq's cooperative posture will change as the searches become more intrusive remains a big unknown for the inspectors. The experts here believe a key test of Iraq's intentions will occur on Dec. 8, when Saddam's government must make a complete declaration of the status of its chemical, biological, nuclear and missile facilities.

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## بئ بوونی سوپای ئەمەریکا، لەوانەش کورد و تورک بۆ ئەوت بەشەربین

رۆژنامەی ئەمەریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که لە رۆژی  
یەکشەممە ی ریکەوتی ۹ی مارتی ۲۰۰۳دا، چاپ و بڵاوکراوەتەوه،  
بابەتییکی "سکۆت کاریر" لە لاپەرە ی ۱۲ ی خۆیدا بەو ناونیشانە ی  
سەر هوه بڵاوکردۆتەوه، که ئەمە دەقەکە یەتی:

" جزیره – تورکیا : کافیی ئینتەرنییت دەکوئیتە نھۆمی دووھمی  
بینایەکی کۆنکریتی شەرھه لە جزیره، نزیک لە سنوورەکان لەگەڵ  
سوریا و عێراقدا. روبرای دیجلە دەکوئیتە سەد مەتریک لەخواری  
رێگاگەھه.

کاتژمێر ۹ی ئیوارە یه و ژوورەکه دوکە لاوییه و بەھۆی گۆپەکانی  
جۆری فلۆرۆسەنت، روناکییەکی کەمی ھەیه. ژوورەکه بە ۱۵  
کۆمپیوتەری کۆنە پرکراوەتەوه، که ھەموویان لەلایەن چەند کورە  
مندالیکێ کوردەوه بەکار دەھێنرێن که ھەمان یاری پوجی دەکەن و  
دەنگی تەقەو تەقینەوه فەزاکە ی تەنیوہ.

لەدەرھەش، لەسەر شەقامەکە ی خوارەوه، نالە و ھارە ی تەنکەرە  
نەوتەکان دیت، لەنیو قور و چالە ناوہ قوولەکانی شەقامەکە ی بەھۆی  
ئەو باران و بەفرە زۆرە ی بۆ چەند رۆژیکە دەباریت. لێرە زۆر  
ساردە.

تانکەرەکان لە کێلگە نەوتییەکانی باکووری عێراقەوه دین و  
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کاتژمێرێکدا، نزیک بە ۴۰ تانکەر لە روبرارەکه دەپەرنەوه. ھێچ  
بارەلگەریکیش بەئاراستەکە ی دیکە بەرھه عێراق ناوات. تورکیا  
ھەموو رێگە یەکی ھاتوچۆی بەو ئاراستە یەدا داخستووه و ھێچ کەس  
ناتوانییت تێپەریت، بەو ھیزەشەوه که ژمارەیان ۶۲،۰۰۰ سەربازە و  
ئەمەریکا ویستویەتی لە تورکیا جینگیریان بکات.



شکست و ناکامی ناله‌بار کۆتاییهاتوو. دوا راپهرینی چه‌کداری، نهوهی سالی ۱۹۸۴ بوو لیره له باشووری رۆژه‌لاتی تورکیا، که له‌لاین پارتی کریکارانی کوردستان "پ ک ک" ریه‌رایه‌تی کرا، نزیک به ۳۰۰,۰۰۰ کەس له هەردوولا کۆژران. له‌وکاتوه کورد له‌دۆخی ناوارته و له‌ژیر یاساکانی جهنگدا ده‌ژین.

ههتا نهو کاتهی که‌تورکیا توزیک ئاسانکاری له‌گه‌ل کوردان کرد وهک به‌شیک لهو هه‌لمه‌ته‌ی ده‌یکرد بۆ چوونه ناو یه‌کیتی نه‌روپاوه، بۆ کوردیک قه‌ده‌غه بوو له‌گه‌ل بێگانه‌یه‌ک قسه‌بکات. پۆلیسیکی تورک وتی که کوردان مرۆف نین. پیاویکی کوردیش هه‌مان وشه‌ی بۆ ناساندنی تورکان به‌کار هه‌ینا.

هه‌رچه‌نده، نهو کوردانه‌ی له‌باشووری ئیره ده‌ژین، له‌باکووری عێراق له‌سالی ۱۹۹۱ هوه له‌ناوچه‌ی "دژه فرین" ی باکوور پارێزران. نهوان حکومه‌تی دیموکراتی تایه‌ت به‌خۆیان دامه‌زراندوه و له‌سایه‌ی به‌نامه‌ی نه‌وت به‌رامبه‌ر به‌خۆراک که له‌چوارچه‌یه‌ی سزاکانی نه‌توه یه‌کگرتوه‌کاندا به‌رامبه‌ر به‌ عێراق هه‌یه، گه‌شه ده‌کهن. نهوان ده‌لێن شته‌کان هه‌رگیز باشتر نه‌بوون.

که‌واته ئیستا که چی ده‌بیت نه‌گه‌ر ریگه به ولاته یه‌کگرتوه‌کان نه‌دریت که سه‌ربازه‌کان له‌تورکیا جێگیر بکات؟

به‌شی یه‌که‌می نه‌م پرسیاره نه‌ویه که کێ ده‌ست به‌سه‌ر کێلگه نه‌وتیه‌کانی ده‌روربه‌ری که‌رکوک و موسلدا ده‌گریت؟ نهو شارانه‌ی که ده‌که‌ونه ناوچه‌ی دژه فرینه‌که‌ی باشوور. نه‌م کێلگه نه‌وتیه‌انه، سنیه‌کی نه‌وتی عێراق به‌ تیچوونی ۷۵ سه‌نت بۆ هه‌ر به‌رمیلنیک به‌ر هه‌مدینن، نه‌وه‌ی ئیستا له‌بازاری کراومه‌دا، به‌ بری ۳۷ دۆلار یان زیاتر ده‌فرۆشریت.

تورکیا بروای وایه که نه‌م ناوچه‌یه له‌ رووی میژووویه‌وه به‌شیکه له‌و. نهو جهخت له‌وه ده‌کاته‌وه که که‌رکوک و موسل به‌شیکبوون له

ئیمپراتوری عوسمانی. بهلام ئەوان لەسایەى ریکەوتننامەیهکی خراب لەسالی ۱۹۲۰دا، ئەو ناوچەیهیان لەدەستداوه.

هەروەها کوردانیش ئیدیعیای میژوووبیان سەبارەت بەم شارانە هەیه، ئەوان دەلێن کە سەرکەردەى مەزنى سەربازیی کورد "سەلاحەدین" لەسالی ۱۱۳۸دا، لەماوهى جەنگى خاچەه‌ئگرەکان، لەکەرکوک لەدایکبووه.

پلانەکە ئەوهیه کە سەربازى ئەمریکى بچینه ناوچەکە و دەست بەسەر کێلگە نەوتییەکاندا بگرن و وایکەن کورد و هێزە سەربازییەکانى توركیا شەر لەگەڵ یەکتەردا نەکەن. ئیستاکە پێدەچیت رووبەر و بوونەوهى لەم شیوهیه رووبەدات.

خەلک لە جزیره نیگەرەن. ئەوان لەوه دەترسن کە سوپای توركیى هێر شبکاتە سەر کەرکوک و موسل بۆیهوهى رینگە لە کوردانى عێراق بگرن کە کۆنترۆلى ئەو ناوچەیه بکەن. لەترسى ئەوهش کە لەکاتیکیدا جەنگ دەستپێکات، سەدام موشەکی بالیستی و کیمیایى بنیت بە جزیرهوه.

لەماوهى جەنگى کەنداو لە سالی ۱۹۹۱دا، هەمووان جزیرهیان جیهیشت، تەنیا سەگ و مریشکەکانیان لە شەقامەکان جیهیلا. ئەوان هیچیان جەنگیان ناویت. ئەوان بە ئەزموون دەزانن هەرکاتیک جەنگ دەستپێکات ئەوان دەمرن. بە راستی، نەک وەک ئەوهى لە یارییه قیدوییەکاندا هەیه. "

# Without GIs There, Turks, Kurds May Battle for Oil

Both sides have ancient claims to Iraqi cities of Kirkuk, Mosul

By Scott Carter

**CIZIRI, Turkey**—The Internet code is on the second floor of a concrete concrete building in Ciziri, southeastern Turkey, close to the border with Syria and northern Iraq. The Turis live in a couple hundred yards down the road.

It's quiet, and the room is dimly lit. It is by the border gate. It is packed with 100 computers, all used by Kurdish boys playing the same video game of urban warfare, complete with sound effects of explosions and gunfire.

Outside on the street below, oil tankers rumble and growl through the mud and deep pools of water from the rain and snow that have been falling for days. It's cold as hell.

The tankers have come from the oil fields of northern Iraq and will come to the Mediterranean coast there—about 50 trucks in one hour alone crossing the bridge over the river. There are no trucks loaded in the other direction, toward Iraq. Turkey has shut off all traffic in that direction. No one can get through, including the 10,000 troops the United States wanted to deploy in Turkey.

Polls here indicate that 90 percent of the Turkish people are opposed to a war with Iraq, and today there were 50,000 of them protesting in the streets of Ankara.

The situation is complicated. Ciziri government forces in Iraq, the majority of them, are government forces in Iraq. Ciziri is about 100 miles from the observation of Salt Lake City, and there are mountains in every direction. There are no eastern Anatolian Mountains, 10,000 to 12,000 feet high and the headwaters of the Tigris and Euphrates rivers that flow south through Iraq to the Persian Gulf.

The Tigris River is the color of the Colorado and looks about the same volume of water as at Nobody Beach on the river here, though, as there are great forces on both shores—Turkish troops on one side and Syrian troops a few miles downstream on the other.

Ciziri has a population of about 70,000. It is crowded and dirty; trees are scarce. In the mountains, there is a lot of snow. The people who live here are predominantly Kurdish, and Ciziri is more or less in the center of what is sometimes called Kurdistan. There are 30 million Kurds, spread out in Iraq, Iran, Turkey and Syria, as well as scattered about Europe and the United States. They have their own

language and culture, and they would like to have their own country.

Since World War I, Kurds have fought wars for independence with Iraq, Iran and Turkey—all failures ending with almost complete annihilation. The last insurrection began in 1961 here in southeastern Turkey and was led by the Kurdish leader Mulla Mustafa Barzani. The Kurds have been at war almost all four continents over since.

Until Turkey began coming up on the Kurds as a foe, it was forbidden for a Kurd to speak with a foreigner. A Turkish politician said that the Kurds are not human; a Kurd can speak with his own words in his own language. Turkey, however, the Kurds living south of their, in northern Iraq, have been protected within the borders of the nation since 1962. They have set up their own democratic government and are prospering from the trade oil prices within the U.N. sanctions on Iraq. They say things have never been better.

So what will happen now that the United States will not be allowed to deploy its troops in Turkey?

The main part of this question is who will control the oil fields around Kirkuk and Mosul. The Iraqis claim just south of the northern no-fly zone. These fields produce one-third of Iraq's oil at a cost of 70 cents per barrel; it goes for \$27 or so at the market.

Istanbul indicates the area has already been bought to it. It includes Kirkuk and Mosul were not under a last treaty signed in the 1920s.

The Kurds also have historic claims to the cities, stating that the great Kurdish military leader Salim al-Din took his Kurds to Iraq during the era of the Christian Crusades.

The plan was that the U.S. troops would march into the area, take full control and keep the Kurds and Turkish military from starting a war with each other. Now there may well be such a confrontation.

People in Ciziri are worried. They are afraid that the Turkish military will launch an offensive against Kirkuk and Mosul in order to prevent the Iraqi Kurds from taking control of the area. And they are fearful that Saddam Hussein will send his troops into the area to take control and start over the war again.

During the first Gulf War, everybody left Ciziri, leaving only "chickens and eggs in the forest," and like a video game, they have come from experience that when war begins they die.

Scott Carter is a freelance writer from Salt Lake City who is attempting to get into Iraq.

## The Kurds of Iraq

While the Kurds have never achieved their dream of statehood, the Kurds living in northern Iraq have been running their own affairs for years. Since 1968, the area has been free of the influence of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, while the United States and others try to protect and exclude the Iraqi military from most of the oil supply.



- Highlights in History**
- 1920**—After the end of the Ottoman Empire, the Kurds were promised their own state, but the new nationalist British, the southern part of the Kurdish region was incorporated into Iraq.
  - 1968**—Saddam's military systematically repressed northern Kurds, using chemical weapons, mass executions and forced relocations. Thousands of villages were destroyed.
  - 1989**—After Kurdish militia fought with the Iranians during the Iran-Iraq war, the Iraqis expelled the Kurds during the winter and the Iraqis expelled the Kurds during the winter and the Iraqis expelled the Kurds during the winter.
  - 1991**—After U.S. and allied forces defeated Iraq in the Gulf War, the Kurds elected a regional parliament. Saddam attacked the Kurds and drove millions into the mountains. The United Nations created a safe haven in the north for Kurdish civilians.
  - 1992**—Elections were held and a coalition government formed, dominated by the two largest parties, the PUK and the KDP.
  - 1994**—Fighting broke out between the two parties. Elected representatives of the Iraq Kurds, the parliament and the regional government lost their power to the party militia.
  - 1996**—Fighting resumed between the two parties. In response to a call for aid from the KDP, Iraq forces invaded the northern area and captured Salt Lake. A cease-fire was eventually negotiated and the United States and its allies supported the northern "no-fly" zone further south.
  - 1998**—The two main parties signed a peace agreement in Washington.

**Population**  
About 3.5 million in the autonomous Kurdistan region of northern Iraq.

**The Land**  
The Kurds administered northern Iraq is about the size of New Jersey.

**Religion**  
About 80 percent of Kurds in northern Iraq are Shia Muslims. Many of the non-Muslims follow indigenous religions.

**Language**  
Kurds speak an Indo-European language, distinct from both Arabic and Persian.

**Administration**  
Administration by the Kurdistan Democratic Party, and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan in separate regions but with a unified parliament.

**Economy**  
Principal income is derived from trade with Turkey and Iraq. Exports on Iraq trade with the Kurds \$1 million a day. The Kurds also receive 13 percent of Iraq's oil revenue, under the U.N. administered oil-for-food program.

**Safe Haven**  
A safe haven in the north for Kurdish civilians. The Kurds were promised their own state, but the new nationalist British, the southern part of the Kurdish region was incorporated into Iraq.

Source: United Nations, Congressional Hearings, Middle East, Washington Observer

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## كوردان له لهشكر كيشي نهمريكي نيگه رانن

روژنامهي نهمريكي "The Salt Lake Tribune" كه له روژي هيني ريكهوتي ۲۱ي مارتى ۲۰۰۳دا، چاپ و بلاوبكراوتهوه، بابهتيكي تايبهتي له "سكوت كيره" موه پيگهيشتوووه و له لاپهري يهكهمي خويدا بهو ناونيشانهي سرهوه بلاويكردوتهوه، كه نهمه دهقهكهيهتي:

" جهزيره- توركييا: ويراى نهم ميژووهي كه عيراقيهكان همزارهها كوردى عيراقيان به گازى ژههراوى كوشنده، كومهلكوژ كردوه، كهچي كوردانى توركييا نيگه رانن سهبارت به جهنگهي كه نهمريكا دژى ولاتهكهمي دراوسنيان دهستيپيكردوه.

لهنيوان خهلكي كورد ليره، گومانتيكي بهرفراوان هميه كه ولاته يهكگرتووهكان خوشگوزمرانيي گهلي عيراق يان كوردى بهلاوه گرنگ نييه. نهمان لهوه دهترسن كه نهمريكا تهنيا لهخهمي نهوتي عيراق و پاراستتي دهولتي نيسرانيلدايه.

نهم ههفتهيه ۱۵ همين سالوهگهري يادى كو مهلكوژي ههلهجهيه لهسالى ۱۹۸۸دا، كاتيک ۵۰۰۰ كوردى عيراقى بههوى ههلمژيني گازى تيكله نهمعساب و خهردهل، كوژران.

تهلهفيزيوني توركيي، چهند گرته فيديويهكي تهرمي كور، كچ، پياو و ژنانى پيشاندا كه لهسر شهقامهكان كهوتبون، لهكاتيكدا ههولى ههلانتياندايوو. ههنديكيش لهههولى نهمهوايون لهژيرزمينهكاندا خويان بپاريژن، بهلام چونكه گازهكه له ههوا قورستر بوو، ژيرزمينهكه هيچ نهپياراستن.

لهچار چيوه يادهكدا، نهمداميكي پارتى سوشياستي گهلي توركييا / DEHAP خو پيشانانديكي دژمهنگيان ليره له شاره بچووهكهه ي سلوي نهمجامدا، كه ههردووكيان لهسر سنورى توركيان لهگهل

باکووری عیراق. ئەوەی که نزیکەى بەهەمان ژمارەى خۆپێشاندهران، پۆلیس ھەبوون (۲۰۰ کەس که زۆربەیان ژن بوون) ئەوس بەلگەیهکی پەيوەندی ئیستای ئەو پارتەو حکومەتى تورکیا پێشاندهدات.

زۆربەى گەلى کورد له باشووری رۆژهەلاتی تورکیا خوازیارن دەولەتی سەربەخۆی خۆیان ھەبیت. لەسالی ۱۹۸۴ ھوہ بو ۱۹۹۹، سوپای تورکیا، جەنگیکی نیوخۆی خۆیناوی لەدژی گروپیکی چەکدار بەرپۆهبردووہ که خۆیان بە پارتی کریکارانی کوردستان ناساندووہ، نزیکەى ۳۰۰۰۰ کەس کوژراون که لەوانە ۵۲۰۰ کەسیان مەدەنى بوون. لەسالی ۱۹۹۹ دا، جەنگەکە کۆتاییهاتووہ، که چەکدارەکان لەریگەى شینوازی سیاسى و پارتى "دیھاپ" ھوہ، ھەولى بەدیھینانى ئامانجەکانیان داوہ.

لەکوہبوونەوہیەکدا لە سلوپی، سەرکردەى پارتەکە مەھمەت ئۆباھسکو، بە جەماوەرەکەى وت که گەلى کورد لەرووی میژوووییەوہ وەک سەربازى شەترەنج کراوہتە قوربانى.

ئەو وتى: "ئەم شەرە نووییەى لەعیراق دەبیت، کارەساتە بو گەلى کورد."

دواى ئەوەى قسەیکرد، جەماوەرەکە ھاواریانکرد: "نا بو جەنگ، ئیمە بو ئاشتى وەستاوین."

گەلى کور لە جەزیرە و سلوپی دژی جەنگن، بەلام ئەوان ھەر و ھا دژی مانەوہى سەدام حسینن لە دەسلالت. ئەوان دەلین سەدام پیاویکی مەترسیدارەو چەندین ھەزارى لەگەلەکەى کوشتووہ، نەک بە تەنیا لەھەلەبجە. کاتیک پرسىاری ئەوہیان لیکرا که بوچی پشتگیریی ھەولەکانى ئەمریکا ناکەن بو رزگاربوون لە سەدام؟ ئەوان بەو پرسىارە وەلامیان داہوہ: "ئایا ئامانجى راستینى ئەمریکا لەجەنگ چییە؟"

پیاویکی کورد که ناوی عیزه‌دین بوو، ئەو له شاری موسلی باکووری عیراقهوه هاتبوو، له جزیره ده‌ژیاو وتی: " له سالی ۱۹۹۱دا، ئەمریکا وتیه که سه‌دام له کوهیت ده‌رده‌کهین، به‌لام ئەوان موسلیان بۆمبارانکرد! ئەوان بۆچی ئەوهیانکرد؟ هیچ کەس له عیراق دژی ئەمریکا شەر ناکات، باشه ئەو هه‌موو سوپایه بۆ ره‌وانه ده‌کن، ئەگەر بۆ وێرانکردنی عیراق نه‌بیت؟

کاتیک پرسیری لیکرا، چی ده‌که‌یت ئەگەر به‌رسی سوپای ئەمریکا بوویتایه؟ عیزه‌دین وتی: " وێستگهی تله‌فیزیونی عیراقم ده‌گرت و رامده‌گیاند هه‌موو شت کۆناییهاتوو. ئەمه هه‌موو ئەوهیه که پێویست ده‌کات، پێویستی به ۵۰۰ فرۆکه نییه."

# Arab Rage at U.S. May Burn for a While

## Regional anger over American military invasion outweighs dislike for Saddam

**BY VIVIANE WALL**  
GANNETT NEWS SERVICE

**AMMAN, Jordan** — As the first blast of war rumbled this region Thursday, Arab politicians and protesters wailed at a backlash against Americans and long-standing anger over the invasion.

"There's a deep feeling of bitterness today against America," said Osama Alnawar, a professor of politics at the Alqadhi University Law School in Syria. "They've violated the United Nations charter. They're attacking another Arab country without any justification."

Signs of civil anger appeared Thursday in Cairo, the Middle East's biggest city.

About 5,000 people clashed with police wielding water cannons and batons as the American Embassy vicinity of Cairo, Demonstrators shouted,

"Down with Arab leaders" and "Muslims to leave, leave." They chanted their slogans for miles from the perimeter U.S. forces from at least another Arab country. A day earlier, Mubarak blamed Saddam for provoking a war.

About 500 students held a demonstration at the University of Jordan in Amman. "There's real anger against America today," said Muhammad Khalaf, 35. "We don't support Saddam on his leadership. But we support the Iraqis."

He said many students felt Arab countries should have sent troops to defend Iraq. "As other Arab people we should have defended Iraq with the flag," he said, echoing the overwhelming anti-American feeling here.

Sensitive to those feelings, Jordan has kept almost silent about the presence of U.S. military

forces in the country. Thousands of Army and Air Force troops and hundreds of special operations forces have been deployed from from which to infiltrate Iraq's borders.

"As bombs fell Thursday, there was little sympathy for Saddam among some Arabs. But anger against the U.S. military operation seemed to outweigh people's dislike of Iraq's president."

"No one wants Saddam to stay, but they certainly don't want him taken out in this fashion," said Haid Tabbara, who heads Muslim, a political think-tank in Beirut, at Still, Arab leaders did not push hard to have Saddam accepted as Iraq's president.

Some countries didn't try to persuade Iraq to accept Hussein as president. "Hussein's King Hamad bin Isa Al Khalifa assembled Wednesday to offer Saddam asylum. It was the

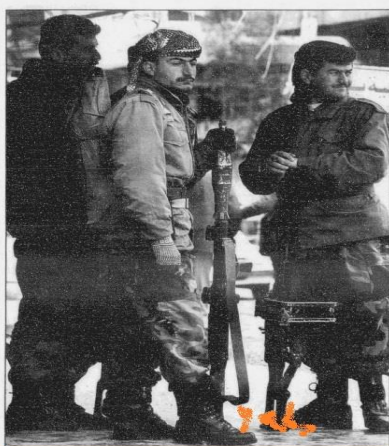
first move by a Middle East country to persuade Saddam to voluntarily go into exile.

"There is a war going on and could determine the intensity of feelings in Iraq and globally," Tabbara said.

If many Iraqi civilians are killed or if U.S. military forces are committed to occupy Iraq for months — or years — even more anger Arabs could turn against the United States, Tabbara said.

A peace deal between Israel and the Palestinians, backed by the Bush administration, would be a violent backlash against the invasion, he said. "Something short of that will cause the tension that will come with the Iraq war will stay in the region for years to come," said Jordanian Foreign Minister Marwan Muasher.

### Iraq's Neighbors



## Some Oil Fields Burning

### Defensive tactic a worry for environmentalists

By TOM KENNEDY and JAMES COX

**USA TODAY**

During the Iraq war, Iraq upped a million to 2 million barrels of oil into the Persian Gulf and set off almost 700 Kuwait oil wells, there were widespread predictions of a worldwide environmental disaster.

"If I had had a national park, it would be those burning ones," said William Reilly, who was then the administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

In some respects, the fears proved overly pessimistic. Though damage to marine environments and species was extensive, oil levels in the sea and populations of some birds are still rebounding from the damage.

That experience a dozen years ago gave some environmentalists a reason to wonder Thursday as reports flowed out from Kuwait and Iraq that Saddam Hussein's regime may have begun, at least on a small scale, to set off wells on fire in southern Iraq.

Defense Secretary Donald Rumsfeld said Thursday that three or four oil wells might be burning. "Needless to say, it is critical that they be destroyed to protect the riches of the Iraqi people," he said.

In Kuwait, about 8 miles south of the Iraqi border, firms could be seen flickering in the horizon. American officers in Kuwait said Marine units in southern Iraq estimated that about 100 oil wells or pipelines were burning.

Two oil fields in northern Iraq — that were once huge and biologically rich wetlands — similar to the Florida swamps — had been drained by Saddam during the 1980s. Amman Al-Nawar, an Iraqi exile and geologist and engineer who has worked on plans to restore the marshes, says Iraq in those fields would enable his dream project of restoration much harder to achieve. "It would be a terrible disaster, worse than what happened in Kuwait," he says.

That Saddam would set off his own oil infrastructure comes as little surprise to some. In recent weeks, Iraqi troops have dug trenches near fields around Baghdad, filling them with oil. Saddam's forces also believed it would rain into the wells and shined bright light on the wells and shined bright light on the wells.

"The expectation is (Saddam) will lose the war," says Dan Vergin, president of Cambridge Research Services, a consulting firm. "If he won't lose the war, he'll lose it who will carry it?"

Saddam's forces also could burn refineries, loading and storage facilities, pipelines and other energy infrastructure.

"Depots will burn, but once the oil's gone, the fire's over," says David Al-Jabir, an Iraqi oil minister who now lives in Jordan. "I don't think pipelines are at risk. The wells will continue to burn and burn — that's the problem."

## Baghdad Mostly Intact — So Far

Continued from A-1

conference that one of its donors had reported back following visits to hospitals in Baghdad.

During the day, the city's streets were virtually deserted. Security forces posted outside government buildings and around the grounds of President Saddam Hussein and his mansion, many of them with the unorthodox, leathery, veined hoods of men who knew something about the city's past. They were also against Saddam Hussein remaining in power. They say that Saddam is a dangerous man who killed many thousands of their people — not just at Baghdad. When asked why they do not support America's efforts to get rid of Saddam, they responded with the question, "What is the true aim of America's desire for war?"

One Kurdish man, Ebadullah, who comes from the northern Iraqi town of Mosul, was in Iraq in 1968. He said he saw the American attack on Baghdad. He said he saw the American attack on Baghdad. He said he saw the American attack on Baghdad.

Still, there was no sound of high-flying jets, no roar of missiles or whiplow of falling bombs. A warning siren went off, and then had again. He said high jets flew, and a few tanks and trucks were seen on the main highway. He said he saw the American attack on Baghdad. He said he saw the American attack on Baghdad.

He said that he would do it to be in charge of the U.S. military. Ebadullah said, "I would take a television station in Baghdad and announce that everything is over. This is all that would be necessary. There is no need for a peace plan."

Scott Carrier is a Salt Lake City writer covering the Iraq situation from southern Turkey.

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Iraqi Kurdish militia fighters hold their guns as they stand guard in the city of Irbil, in the Kurdish controlled part of Iraq on Thursday. Militia fighters were on alert in Irbil after U.S. forces launched their war against Iraq.

## Kurds Wary of U.S. Invasion

### At massacre memorial, suspicions run high of Bush's motives

**BY SCOTT CARRIER**  
Special to the Tribune

**CHER, Turkey** — Even with the history of Iraqis massacring thousands of Iraqi Kurds with chemical gas, Kurds in Turkey are skeptical about the war in the United States is intended to punish the neighboring country.

There is a widespread suspicion among the Kurdish people here that the United States is not interested in the welfare of the Iraqi or Kurdish peoples. They fear the U.S. is only after Iraq's oil and to protect the status of Israel.

This week marks the 10th anniversary of the 1988 Halabja massacre, when 5,000 Iraqi Kurds died from inhaling a mixture of nerve and mustard gas.

Turkish television showed archive footage of bodies being dug from the streets, girls, women and children who were trying to flee. Others brought cover in basements, but the gases were heavier than air and basements offered no protection.

As part of this commemoration, members of Turkey's Socialist Worker's Party, or DEHA, held their own demonstration in the city's small city square, both on Turkey's border with northern Iraq. There were no signs, merely a display of many police as demonstrators in the area about 200, most of whom were women.

Most of the Kurds here in southeastern Turkey want to have their own independent state. From 1980 to 1986, the Turkish military fought a bloody civil war against a group of rebels calling themselves the Kurdistan Workers Party. Approximately 20,000 lives were lost.

Iranian soldiers march through the city of Irbil, in the Kurdish controlled part of Iraq on Thursday. Militia fighters were on alert in Irbil after U.S. forces launched their war against Iraq.

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## هیزکۆکردنهوه لهباکوور لهوانهیه بهرهی دووهم بکاتهوه

رۆژنامهی ئەمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی ههینی ریکهوتی ۲۸ی مارتی ۲۰۰۳دا، چاپ و بلاو بکراوتهوه، بابەتیکهی بهو ناو نیشانهی سهروهه بلاوکردۆتهوه که له لایهن "مارک مالدۆنالد و جۆناتان ئیس لاندو" نووسراوه، که ئەمه دهقه کهیهتی:

" حهریر- عێراق: گهیشتنی ۱۰۰۰ سهربازی په ره شووتی ئەمریکی بو باکووری عێراق سه رهتای کۆکردنهوهی سوپای ئەمریکییه لیره و مه بهست لێی ریگریه له دروستبوونی گرفت له نیوان کورد و تورکدا، ههروهها پاراستنی کێلگه مهزنه نهوتیه که ی باکووری عێراق و پێدانی شتیکهی نوێیه به سه دام حسین که بیری لێ بکاتهوه .

یه کهیهک له لیوای ۱۷۳ی ئاسمانه لگری سوپای ئەمریکا، چوار شه ممه له بنکه یهکی فرۆکهوانیی ئەوروپیه وه گهیشتن و به خیرایی له فرۆکه خانه یهکی جیهیلراوی دهشتی حهریر به پارێزرایی شوپیان گرت، ئەوهی نزیکه له شارۆچکه یهکی کشتوکالیی له دلی ناوچه یهکی شاخاوییدا له کوردستانی عێراق.

رۆژی پینج شه ممه، نزیک به ۱۲ فرۆکه ی C-17 لهو بنکه یه نیشتنه وه که ئۆتۆمبیلی سه ربازی و هیزی سه ربازی زیاتریان هینابوو، ئەوهی که بووه هۆی دوو هینده بوونی هیزهکانی ئەوی. چاوهرێ ده کریت که له ماوهی چهند رۆژیکهی کهمی داها توودا سی و شەش فرۆکه ی دیکه ش لیره بنیشنه وه. ئەوسا که ش پلانه که به شیوه یه که که رۆژانه دوو فرۆکه یه به مه بهستی گه یاندنی پێویستییه کان.

رۆژی پینج شه ممه، بنکه ی فرۆکه خانه ی حهریر، به سه ربازی قورای پاسهوانی ئەمریکی ده وره دراوه، ئەوانه لهو سه رما و بارانه دا ئەرکی پاسهوانیی خۆیان جیه جیده کن. ئەم بنکه یه ده بیته شوپینی کۆبوونه وه یهکی زیده تری هیزهکانی هاو په یمانان و توپخانه و

چەك و ئازوقەكانيان لەباكوور. پاش هاتنى تاريكى، دوو كوڤتەرى سەربازى جۆرى CH-53 لە لىواری ئەو بنكەيە نىشتبوونەوه.

ئەم بنكەيە دەكوڤتە كوردستانەوه، ئەو ھەريەمە ئوتونۆمەى لەباكوورى رۆژھەلاتى عىراقدايە و لەدەرەوى كوڤترولى بەغدايە و زىدى ٤ مليون كوردى عىراقىيە. ھەرپر ٤٥ ميل لەباكوورى رۆژھەلاتى شارە كوردىيەكەى ھەوليرەويە.

چاوەرئ دەكرىت ئەو ھىزە نوڤيەى دەگات، بچنەپال جەنگاورە كوردەكان و بەرەو شارە نەوتىيە گرنگەكەى كەركوك و ھەروەھا موسل سىيەمىن شارى گەورەو زىدى دوو لىوای گاردى كوڤماری، پيشرەويى بكەن.

ئامادەگى ئەمريكيەكان مانای ريگرىيە لەشەر لەنيوان كورد و ھىزە سەربازىيەكانى توركيای ولاتى ھاوسى كە لەوانەيە بەرەو عىراق بپەريئەوه.

ھەروەھا دەشيت ئەو يەكە سەربازىيانەى كە ئەمريكا سەركردەبيان دەكات، بۆ پەلاماردانى تكرىت بەكاربەنيژىت كە شوڤنى لەدايكبوونى سەدامە، ھەروەھا لەكوڤتاشدا بەغدا.

ئەنتونى كوردسمانى راوڤىكارى سەربازىيە لەسەنتەرى واشنگتون بۆ ليكوڤلنەوه ستراتىژىيە و نيودەولەتيەكان، وتى: " ھەرچەندە لەنيستاندا، ئەو ئەمريكيەكانەى چەكى سوكيان پيە، لەوانەيە توشى بەرھەلستى جديى بن گەريبتو شاخەكانى كوردستان جيپھيلن و شەر لەگەل ھىزەكانى فەيلەقى يەك و پىنجەمى سەدام بكەن."

بەدەستەپيانی چەكى قورس لەلايەن ئەوانەوه، لەريگەى گواستەنەوى فركەكانەوه كاتىي دەوڤت.

لەھەمان كاتدا، لەروژى پىنجشەممەدا، ھەزارەھا سەربازى عىراقى كە بەرگرييان لە كەركوك دەكرد، لەناكاو لەھنلەكانى پيشەوه كشانەوه كە بەرامبەر ئەو زەويەيانەيە كە لەژير دەستى كورداندايە.

ئەوان لەپاش خۆیان بەدریژایی رینگە خێراکەدا، مینیان چاندووە.  
کشانەوێکە پاش هەفتەیهک لە هێرشە ئاسمانییەکانی ئەمریکایەو پاش  
چەند سەعاتیک لە دابەزینی پەرمەشوتوانە ئەمریکییەکان بوو لە  
حەزیر.

ئەو هێزە عێراقییانە، ماوەی ۱۲ سەڵە ئەم شوێن و پینگەییان  
بەدەستەو بوو. "

# Saddam's Regime Showing Swagger, Solidarity

**Unknown:** But will the stiff Iraqi resistance unravel if U.S. and Britain unleash full military might?

By HANZA HENDAWI  
The Associated Press

BAGHDAD, Iraq — Standing behind 20 trucks loaded with 700 tons of flour, Iraq's trade minister said they were headed to Basra — not to hold out starvation, but to make the traditional sweet pastry baklava.

"Your excellency," asked one reporter, "do the inhabitants of Basra really need to eat cakes and baklava in the middle of a war?"

"Yes. The people of Basra need everything," the minister, Mohammed Mehdi Sadeh, said Thursday with a grin. The convoy, he added, was "a gesture of solidarity to

show that we are still here."

Saddam Hussein's regime, emboldened by what it sees as battlefield successes in a war many thought it would lose in a matter of days, is sounding increasingly confident of victory.

It's virtually impossible to tell whether the bravado shown by the Iraqi regime is designed to intimidate the allies, to give confidence to Iraqis or perhaps even to reassure itself that it's doing well against a seemingly invincible enemy.

Senior Iraqi officials don't tire of boasting of how lightly armed Iraqi forces are inflicting heavy damage on allied forces. The fighting, they assert, is being done by a coalition of armed forces, militiamen, tribesmen and ordinary Iraqis — an image designed to project a united nation under Saddam's leadership.

Iraq's leaders also ridicule allied forces as

cowardly and accuse them of rounding up civilians and jailing them for TV cameras as POWs. They frequently deride President Bush as a "stupid cowboy" and British Prime Minister Tony Blair as his lackey.

It remains possible, however, that the stiff resistance shown by the Iraqis would crumble if the United States and Britain unleash their full military potential.

Mocking pre-war assertions that the U.S.-led war against Iraq would be little more than a picnic, Tariq Aziz, Iraq's foreign policy architect, said American troops would be met in Baghdad the same way they had been met in Umm Qasr and Nasiriyah where allied troops met strong resistance.

"We will receive them with the best music they have ever heard and the best flowers that have ever grown in Iraq," he said sarcastically. "We don't have candy, we can only offer them bullets," he added.

## Buildup in North May Open 2nd Front

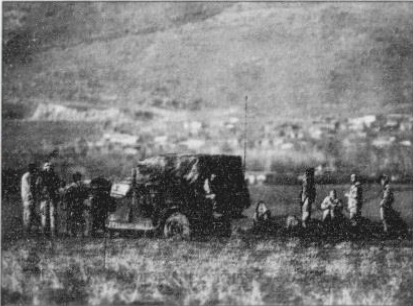
**Hanky-poppers:** 1,000 U.S. troops parachute in to airport, act as buffer between Kurds and Turks

By Mark McDonald and Jonathan S. Landau  
Knight-Ridder News Service

HARRI, Iraq — The arrival of 1,000 U.S. paratroopers in northern Iraq marked the beginning of a U.S. troop buildup here that is intended to prevent trouble between Kurds and Turks, secure Iraq's big northern oil fields and give Saddam Hussein something new to think about.

The "hanky-poppers" from the Army's 173rd Airborne Brigade arrived from a European air base Wednesday night and quickly secured a small, abandoned airport on the plain of Harri, near a farming town in the mountainous heart of Iraq, Kurdistan.

About 12 C-17 transport planes landed at the base Thursday, bringing vehicles and more troops, nearly doubling the troop strength. Thirty-six more planes are expected to land in the next several days, and then the plan is for two planes a day for resupply



Paratroopers of the U.S. Army 173rd Airborne Brigade are stationed near the Harri airfield in Kurdish-controlled northern Iraq, an estimated 1,000 paratroopers from the brigade landed earlier Thursday and seized the airfield, a possible staging ground for a second front against Saddam Hussein.

purpose. The Harri base was rained Thursday with mid-covered American sentries on duty in cold and rain. It will serve as a base of operations for the arrival of more coalition forces, artillery and supplies in the north. Two large C-130 helicopters sat on the single-strip runway as darkness descended.

The base is in Kurdistan, the autonomous region of north-eastern Iraq that lies beyond the control of the Baghdad regime and is home to a million ethnic Iraqi Kurds. Harri is 40 miles northeast of the Kurdish city of Erbil.

The fresh troops to come were expected to join with Kurdish fighters with mid-covered American sentries on duty in cold and rain. It will serve as a base of operations for the arrival of more coalition forces, artillery and supplies in the north. Two large C-130 helicopters sat on the single-strip runway as darkness descended.

The presence of the Americans is meant to prevent fighting between the Kurds and military forces from neighboring Turkey that may cross into Iraq.

The U.S.-led jets might also be used to bear down on Tikrit, Saddam's hometown, and, eventually, Baghdad. For now, however, the lightly armed Americans would face serious opposition if they left the

mountains of Kurdistan to fight Saddam's 1st Corps and 5th Corps, said military analyst Anthony Cordesman of Washington's Center for Strategic and International Studies. Getting heavy weapons to them on the transport planes will take time.

Meanwhile on Thursday, thousands of Iraqi soldiers defending Kirkuk suddenly withdrew from frontlines facing Kurdish territory, stranding mines along a highway in their wake. The retreat came after a week of U.S. airstrikes, and only hours after the paratroopers landed in Harri. The troops had held the positions for 12 years.

## Hack Attack Staged on Web Site of Al-Jazeera

Continued from A1

Inc. from 8 a.m. Thursday until 10:50 a.m. when it was removed. But merely taking the bogus Al-Jazeera creation offline did not prevent the 25,000-customer Utah ISP from hearing the wrath of anti-war hackers enraged by

Al-Jazeera's cyber abduction. "We have no idea who the hacker is, but now there is a denial-of-service attack going on against us because of what happened, something we had no control over," Ken Bowman, Network's president and chief executive, said late Thursday. "We are using most of our bandwidth, but we are blocking most of it — they haven't taken us down."

Denial-of-service attacks flood a targeted service with data, such as mass, self-replicating emails or incomplete computer-processing commands. The intention is to consume or overwhelm available bandwidth, either crashing the site outright or at least making it inaccessible to others.

While the attacks "are from all over the world," Bowman said, they seemed concentrated most in nations such as Russia, China and France — among the most vocal foes of the U.S.-British coalition's attack on Iraqi dictator Saddam Hussein.

However, no sooner than Network took down the bogus site, Al-Jazeera's Web site was up and online more to other ISPs.

At one point, even Al-Jazeera's Arabic language site was being diverted — to one promoting pornography.

Experts surmise the method used to detour traffic from the real Al-Jazeera site to hacker-controlled ones was so-called "DNS poisoning."

Considered a more difficult hacking technique than denial-of-service attacks, DNS poisoning targets the Domain Name Service protocol by which Web addresses — the links beginning with "www" — are translated into the numerical Internet Protocol (IP) addresses needed by computers.

Jihad Ali Ballout, a spokesman for Al-Jazeera, was apparently not impressed with the creativity involved. "I'm amazed," he blasted Thursday's diversion of the site to "a frontal, vicious attack on freedom of the press."

And how did hackers slip their detour Al-Jazeera site onto Utah's Network, even if only for a 16-hour bow-tie? "I'm not sure," he said. "I think they took advantage of the

# Saddam for Lon High U

In a bind: Arab leaders to the U.S. are sweating

By Tom Jansson  
Knight-Ridder News Service

WASHINGTON — The longer the war continues, the more political trouble the Bush administration will face at home and abroad.

A lengthy war could keep prices high, halt economic recovery and plague the administration with public fears of involvement in a foreign quagmire.

Saddam Hussein is trying to drag the war on for as long as possible, in the hope that U.S. casualties will mount and Americans will turn against the war.

Neighboring Arab leaders who are cooperating with the United States, fear that anger against America may soon turn on them.

But with U.S. troops still facing stiff resistance, the White House is trying to dampen expectations of a quick war.

As the clock ticks, some national security experts say Saddam may be taking heart from reports beamed around the world and into U.S. living rooms.

"He is hearing Western journalists, particularly American journalists, describe his mistakes as 'massive battles' or 'describing 10 or a dozen kills in action as 'heavy casualties,'" said Kenneth H. Pollack, a former CIA analyst and proponent of the U.S. no war.

The reporting reinforces Saddam's belief that America do not have the fortitude for a bloody conflict, he said even if that is an inaccurate reading of U.S. public will.

"All of this has made him very hopeful that if he can just keep this going for a little bit longer, he will reach that casualty threshold, that cross-over point, where we will be forced basically to throw in the towel," Pollack said.

Elsewhere in the Arab world, the prospect of a long

COPY



## گارنەر له لایهن کوردهوه بهخیر هاتنیکی گهرم و پینشیاری هاوکاری دهکریت

روژنامهی "THE HERALD JOURNAL" که له روژی چوارشهممه ریگهوتی ۲۳ی ئهبریل/ نیسانی ۲۰۰۳دا، چاپ و بلاوکر اوتهوه، بابتهیکی بهو ناو نیشانهی سهرهوه تیدا هاتوو که ئهمه دهقهکهیهتی:

"سلیمانی- عیراق (AP) وارث جهی گارنەر، پاش دوازده سال له ریبه رایهتی کردن پیام و ئهرکی پاراستنی کورد له سهدام حسین، روژی دووشهممه گه رایهوه بهکووری عیراق بو بهخیر هاتنهوهیهکی گهرم و ئهرکیکی مهزنتر، که بنیاتنانهوهی تهواری و لاتهکهیه.

بهیچهوانههی ئهو پيشوازییه ساردوسر و شهرمنانهیهی بهغدا و ههروهها ئهو دوژمنایهتییه ئاشکرایههی ههفتههی پینشو له باشوور، ئیدارههی ئهمریکی پاش جهنگ لیره، بهخوشیهوه پینشوازیی لیکرا. لهئبو ئهو پوسترانههی پيشوازییکهران ههلیانگرتیوو "ئیمه سهبارت به ئایندههی خویمان متمانهمان پینته" گارنهریش بهریزهوه بهسهرکردهی کورد جهلال تالهبانی وت "همیشه واملیدهکهی ههستبکهم که لهمالی خردام."

ژینراله خانهنشینهکه، ئهو دیمهکراسییهی بهرز نرخاند که لهئبو ئهو ناوهنده دهسه لاتدارتییه کوردیهه ئوتونومهدا پشکوتوه که فرۆکهکانی ئهمریکا و بریتانیا لهسهدام پاراستویانه. ههروهها بهئینیدا که کورد رۆلکی سهرهکی لهبنیاتنانی عیراکی دیموکراتییدا دهگیرن."

تالهبانی رابهری یهکیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان، بهئینی به گهلهکهی دا که خولیاکانیان ههلهدهسیرن، لانیکهم بو ئایندهیهکی نزیک. پیندهچیت ئهم راگهیاندنه تورکیای دراوسی هنیور بکاتهوه که دهرسنیت کوردان لهو بو شاییهی دهسه لات که دواي جهنگهکه هاتوتهکایهوه،

به‌ئاراسته‌ی سه‌ربه‌خۆییدا برۆن که ئه‌وه‌ش ده‌بێته‌ هۆکاری پشێویی و وروژان له‌ئێو کوردانی تورکیا.

به‌لام کوردان ته‌نیا به‌شێکن له‌و گروپ و تیکه‌له‌ پێکدژه‌ سیاسی و ئابوویی و ره‌گه‌زییه‌ و ئه‌و گروپانه‌ی ده‌روه‌ی وڵات که له‌سه‌ر ده‌سه‌لات پێشبرکێنانه‌، ئه‌وه‌ی که گارنهر ده‌بێت هاوسه‌نگییان رابگریت له‌کاتی‌دا که ئه‌رکه‌که‌ی به‌ریوه‌ده‌بات، ئه‌وه‌ی خۆی له‌هه‌یه‌یه‌وه‌ی پاش جه‌نگی عێراقدا ده‌بێتته‌وه‌. گارنهر، له‌ رۆژی سێشه‌مه‌ له‌گه‌ڵ تاله‌بانی و هه‌روه‌ها مه‌سه‌ود بارزانی رابه‌ری پارته‌ی دیموکراتی کوردستان له‌ که‌ناری ده‌ریاچه‌ی دوکان که ۳۰ میل له‌ باکووری رۆژئاوای سلێمانیه‌یه‌، چاویان به‌ به‌کتر که‌وت.

پاش ئه‌وه‌، تاله‌بانی سه‌باره‌ت به‌ خولیا‌ی کورد بۆ سه‌ربه‌خۆیی وتی: "خه‌ونه‌کانمان بریتیه‌ له‌ ژيان له‌چوارچۆیه‌ی عێراقی‌کی دیموکراتییدا، هه‌رچه‌نده‌ که بروامان وایه‌ کوردیش وه‌ک گه‌لانی دیکه‌ی جیهان مافی دیاریبکردنی چاره‌نوسی خۆی هه‌یه‌. له‌م ساته‌دا ده‌مانه‌ویت له‌چوارچۆیه‌ی عێراقدا کاربه‌که‌ین." ئاسۆی شێخ نوری پارێزگاری سلێمانیش ئه‌م چه‌ختکردنه‌وه‌یه‌ی دووپات کرده‌وه‌ وتی: "رژیمگه‌لیک له‌ ده‌وره‌یه‌مان که حه‌زیان له‌ بیرۆکه‌ی کوردستانێکی ئازاد نییه‌." ئه‌و وتی: "ئێمه‌ عێراقی‌کی فیدرالمان ده‌ویت، ده‌مانه‌ویت له‌ناو عێراقی‌کی دیموکراتدا بژین."

کورد له‌سا‌لی ۱۹۹۱وه‌، له‌سایه‌ی پاسه‌وانی فرۆکه‌ ئه‌مریکیه‌کان له‌ناوچه‌ی "دژه‌ فرین" له‌ باکووری عێراق، حکومه‌تی‌کی هه‌ریمیان پێکه‌یناوه‌. له‌کاتی‌دا سه‌ده‌ها هه‌زار په‌نابه‌ری کورد هه‌لاتبوون، پاش ئه‌وه‌ی هیزه‌کانی سه‌دام راپه‌رینه‌که‌یانی تیکشکاند. گارنهر به‌ په‌یامنی‌رانی وت که ئه‌وان سه‌باره‌ت به‌ دامه‌زراندنی کۆمیته‌یه‌کی فرمه‌گه‌زیی گه‌فتوگۆیان کردوه‌، بۆئه‌وه‌ی ناو‌بژێوانی کێشه‌و ناکوکیه‌کانی نیوان عه‌ره‌ب و کورد بکات. ئه‌و ئه‌وانه‌ی خسته‌پشت گۆی که په‌یوه‌ندی نه‌یارانه‌ی ئیستا‌که‌ی نیوان هه‌ردوو ره‌گه‌زه‌که‌ به‌ پاکتاوی ره‌گه‌زیی له‌قه‌له‌م ده‌دن. "

# Garner gets warm welcome and offer of cooperation from Kurds

SULAYMANIYAH, Iraq (AP) — Twelve years after he led a mission that protected Kurds from Saddam Hussein's wrath, Jay Garner returned to northern Iraq on Tuesday to a warm welcome and a bigger task — the reconstruction of the entire country.

Unlike the polite but cool reception he received a day earlier in Baghdad, and outright hostility in the south last week, the U.S. postwar administrator got a delighted welcome here.

Among several signs spectators held: "We trust you in our future." Garner replied in kind, telling Kurdish leader Jalal Talabani: "You always make me teeter at home."

The retired general lavished praise on the democracy that sprang up amid the Kurdish region's de facto autonomy — kept safe from Saddam by U.S. and British jets — and promised that Kurds would play a key role in forging a democratic Iraq.

Talabani, leader of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, promised his people would put their independence aspirations on hold, at least for the near future.

That statement could placate neighboring Turkey, which has feared that Kurds would push for independence in the postwar power vacuum, in turn igniting new unrest among Turkey's Kurds.

But the Kurds are just one piece of the conflicting jumble of ethnic, religious, political and exile groups competing for power that Garner must balance as he pursues his task of overseeing the postwar reconstruction of Iraq.

Garner met jointly with Talabani and Kurdish Democratic Party leader Massoud Barzani on Tuesday in a chalet in the lakeside town of Dokan about 30 miles northwest of Sulaymaniyah.

Afterward, Talabani, addressing worries about the Kurds' desire for an independent state, said: "Our dream is to live in the framework of a democratic Iraq. ... Although we believe that the Kurdish people, like other people in the world, have the right to



AP photo

Retired U.S. Lt General Jay Garner raises arms with Patriotic Union of Kurdistan leader Jalal Talabani, left, and Kurdistan Democratic Party leader Massoud Barzani in Dokan, northern Iraq, on Tuesday.


self-determination, at this moment we want to deal with in the framework of Iraq."

Sulaymaniyah governor Aso Sheikh Nuri echoed those assurances. "There are regimes all around us who do not like the idea of a free Kurdistan," he said. "We want a federated Iraq; we want to live inside a free and democratic Iraq."

The Kurds formed a regional government in 1991 under

the protection of U.S. jets patrolling northern Iraq's "no-fly zone," where hundreds of thousands of Kurdish refugees fled after Saddam's troops crushed a Kurdish rebellion.

Garner told reporters they discussed forming a multiethnic committee to mediate disputes between Arabs and Kurds. He dismissed those who described current hostilities between the two groups as ethnic cleansing.



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## نایا کوردان له پیناوی یه کیتی عیرا قدا واز له که میک له نۆتۆنۆمییه که ی خۆیان ده هینن؟

له ژیر ئهم ناویشانه ی سهرمه دا، رۆژنامه ی "The Daily Herald" که له رۆژی ۲۷ ی مایسی ۲۰۰۳ دا، چاپ و بلاوکر اوتهوه، و تاریکی "کارۆل جی. ولیهمز" ی بلاوکر دۆتهوه که له ههولیر هوه نووسیویه تی و ده لیت:

" له سه ر ئهو سنووره راگه یه ندراره ی کوردستان، پاش ماوه یه کی که م رویشتن به نۆتۆمبیل لیره دا، جهنگاوهرانی پینهمه رگه له پاسهوانی سنوور، به لگه و ناسنامه ی ئهو گهشتیارانه یان ده پیشکنی که ده چنه نیو هه ریمه که یانه وه.

له بازاره په رپوته که ی ناوه ندی ههولیردا، میوه فروش و دراوگۆرهکان، گالته بهو دراوه نیشتمانییه عیراقیه دهکن که هیشتا له شوپنهکانی دیکه دا دهروات. کوردستان دراوی یاسایی خوی ههیه که لهسویره چاپکراوه و بههاکه ی ۲۰۰ هینده ی بههای دیناری عیراقیه.

هه ر له زمانه سه ربۆخۆکه یانه وه، تا دهگاته باج و گومرگی تاییهت به خۆیان، کوردانی عیراق بۆماوه ی دوازه ساله لهجۆره ستاتۆیهکدا دهژین، که هاوشیوه ی دهولهتی سهربهخۆی کوردستانه. هه رچهنده، ئیستانکه، ههروهک کورد، عه ره ب و تورکمان و ئاسوری و گهوپه ئیتنیهکانی دیکه ش، لهپاش کهوتنی سه دام حسینه وه، له پیناو دهسه لاندان له رکابه ریبیدان. مشتومر له وه دهکریت، که ئاخۆ کوردان قوربانی به بریکی که م لهو نۆتۆنۆمییه ده دن له پیناو فیدراسیۆنیکی فره ئیتنیدا.

ههروه ها، هه ندیک گومانیش له لایهن ئهو بهرپه سه رۆژئاوا ییانه وه ههیه که حکومه ته کاتییه نوییه که داده مه زرینن، سه بارهت بهو پابه ندبوونه ی که کورد له یه ستۆی دهگریت له هه مبه ر قهواره یه کی نیشتمانی که بنکه که ی له به غدا بیته، له کاتییکدا که ئه وان بۆماوه یه کی زۆره چاویان له دامه زاندنی دهولهتی تاییهت به خۆیان بووه.

کەسایەتییه بەرپرەسەکان لەنیو ٣٦ پارت و بزوتنەوێی سیاسییەکانی هەریمەکە، لەم بارەییو پراگماتیزم دەگرنەبەر. ئەوان بەئینی لایەنگری و پشتگیری دامەزراندنی ئەو حکومەتە دەکەن بەو مەرجەیی تیکرای ئەو زەویانە بخریتەو سەر کوردستان کە لەپەرۆسەیی "تەعریب / بەعەرەبکردن" هەکی سەدامدا لەدەستیداو، ئەوێی کە کوردانی لەو شار و شاروچکانە دەرکرد کە پیشتر تیایدا زۆرینەبوون.

عەبدولسەلام بەرواری، سەرنووسەری سیاسی رۆژنامەیی خەبات و ئەندامیکی کاریگری پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان کە حوکمی بەشی رۆژئاوای کوردستانی عێراق دەکات، وتی: "ئیمە هەمیشە خەون بە دەولەتی خۆمانەو دەبینین. بەلام ئیمە ئەوێندە واقیعیین کە سنوورەکانی خۆمان بزائین."

ئەو سەرنووسەرە تییینیکرد کە ئۆتۆنومیەکی زۆر بو کوردان، هانی برا ئیتینیەکانیان لەدەولەتانی دراوسی دەدات کە هاوپیەمانیان لەگەڵدا بکەن، ئەوێش دەبیته ئالۆزبونی پەییەندیەکانی نیوان کورد و حکومەتەکان تورکیا و سوریا و ئێران.

پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان وادەبیئت کە ئایندەیی کورد لە عێراقیکی یەکگرتوودا زیاتر پارێزراو، ئەو وتی، هەتا ئەو کاتەیی کە ئەوان ئەو مافانەیان هەبیئت کە بەدەستەتوووە لە سایەیی ناوچەیی "دژە فرین" کە ئەمەریکا سەپاندوویەتی و کوردستان لەباقی دیکەیی عێراق جیا دەکاتەو.

هەرچەندە، کوردانی زێدە رادیکال، هەرەشەیی تیکدانی چارەسەری گتوگتو دەکەن لەریگەیی داواکردنی سەربەخۆیی تەواو و هەرەها دواچار یەکگرتن لەگەڵ کوردانی تورکیا و سوریا و ئێران لە کوردستانیکی مەزندا.

فاروق قادر محەمەد، سەرکرەدی پارتی سەربەخۆیی کوردستان، وتی: "ئیمە ١٠٠ سالی لەپێناو سەربەخۆیییدا تیکۆشاوین. ئیستاکە

دەمانەوێت کە دەولەتییکی فیدرالی پەسەندبکەین، ھەرەک ئەمریکا و ئەلمانیا، بەلام لەئایندەدا، لە ۱۰۰ دا سەد سەربەخۆییمان دەوێت.

محەمەد، جەخت لەو دەکاتەوێت کە زۆر بەی کورد ھەمان خولیاوی نەتەوێتی ئەوان ھەیە، بەلام ئەوان ھۆشیاری پێداناھێنە ئەمریکیان پەسەندکرد کە سەربەخۆیی دەبێتە ھۆی تیکدانی جیگیریی ناوچەکە.

ئامادەبوونیکی کەمی سەربازانی ئەمریکی لە کوردستاندا ھەیە، جەنگاوەرانی پێشمەرگە بۆ ماوەیەکی زۆرە ئاشتییان لەسەر خاکەکەمی خۆیان پاراستوو. ھیزەکانی ئەمریکا لێرە وەک ھیزی ھاوپییمان دەبینرێن، لەبەرئەوێت ھاوکاربوون کە لەدژی وەحشییەت و ھەلاواردنی رژیمەکەمی سەدام، بەرگری لە کوردان بکەن. بەلام ھەندیک چاودێر لەو دەترسن کە مزاجی گشتی بگوردێت ئەگەر بێتو کوردان لە کاتی دابەشکردنی دەسەلاتدا، دەستکەوتی کەمیان چنگ بکەوێت و لە کورتیی بدن. یاخود لەژێر باری گرانی باج و گومرگی بەغداد، دەسەلات و بەرژووەندییەکانیان کەمیتەوێت.

پێشمەرگە، کە ناوەکیان واتە "ئەوانەمی رووبەرەووی مەرگ دەبنەوێت" دەلێن کە ئەوان حکومەتییکی فیدرالییان لەبەغدا قبۆلە کە رێگە بە کوردستان بدات ئۆتۆنۆمی خۆی بپارێزێت و لەئێوە ئەوانەشدا میلیشیاکانی.

سامی سەرحەد، کە چالاکوانییکی مافی مرۆفە، دەلێت: "لە ژياندا قوربانییەکی زۆرمان داوە و ئەشکەنجەییەکی زۆریمان لەپێناو ئازادییەدا چەشتوو، نامانەوێت مافەکانمان لەدەست بچێت."

سەرحەد جەخت لەو دەکاتەوێت کە کورد پێویستی بە دەولەتی خۆیەتی، بەلام ھەمان قسەو ھێلی سیاسی سەکرەدەکانی کورد دووبارە دەکاتەوێت کە دەتوانێت حکومەتییکی ناوەندی پەسەندبکات کە نوێنەرایەتیەکی دادپەروەرەو مافەکانیان مسۆگەر بکات.



## بۆمبىرېژىرگراۋەكان پەلامارى ئۆفيسەكانى كوردىئاندا

رۆژنامەى "The Daily Herald" كە لە رۆژى دووشەممەى رېكەوتى ۲ى فېبرايەر/شوباتى ۲۰۰۴دا، چاپ و بلاوكر اوتهوه، هەوالئىكى بەو ناوئيشانەى سەرەوه بلاوكر دۆتەوه، كە ئەمە دەقەكەيەتى:

" هەولئەر - عىراق : دوو خۆكوژ كە پشتوئىنى بۆمبىرېژىرگراۋيان لەخۆيان بەستبوو، ئۆفيسەكانى دوو پارته سەرەكئىيەكانيان تەقاندەوه. لەو هېرشە هاوكاتەندا لە رۆژى يەكشەممە، لانيكەم ۵۶ كەس كوژران و زياتر لە ۲۳۵ كەسئيش برينداربوون، ئەوهى كە كوشندەترين هېرشەكانى عىراقە لەماوهى شەش مانگدا.

پەلامارەكە لە ناوجەرگەى كوردهكاندا روويدا و زيانئىكى لەئيو سەركرده بالاكانى ئەو گروپە ئىتئىبە لئىكەوتەوه كە لەهەمووان زياتر لاپەنگرى ئەمريكان.

لە شوئىئىكى دىكەدا، فەرماندەيەكى ئەمريكى وتى كە لەهېرشئىكى موشەكئى بۆ سەر بنكەيەكى لوجىستى لەبەلەد كە ۵۰ ميل لەباكورى بەغداۋەيه، سەربازئىكى ئەمريكى كوژراوه و ۱۲ى دىكەش برينداربوون. ژمارەى كارمەندو سەربازە كوژراۋەكانى ئەمريكى، لەوكاتەوهى لەمانگى مارتەوه شەر لەگەل عىراقدا دەستئىيەكردووه، بۆ ۵۲۳ كەس بەرزبۆتەوه.

هېرشبەرانى هەولئەر، جۆيان خزاندىبووه ئيو ئەوانەى كە بۆ پىرۆزبائى كۆببوونەوهو سەردانى ئۆفيسەكانى پارتى ديموكراتى كوردستان و يەكئىتى نىشتئىمانى كوردستانيان كردبوو.

تەلەفئىزئوئە كوردئىيەكە وتى كە هەردوو خۆكوژە بۆمبىرېژىرگراۋەكە پۆشاكى مەلانەيان پۆشيوه.



سەرکردەکانی هەردوو پارتەکه، که میلێشیاکانیان سالی پار، شانبهشانی سەربازانی ئەمریکا، لەکاتی داگیرکردنی عێراقدا، جەنگاون، بەبۆنەی دەستیپێکی پشویی جەژنی چوار رۆژەوه، پێشوازیی سەدهها کەسیان دەکرد، لەکاتی کدا تەقینهوه که روویدا.

پاسهوانهکان وتیان که ئەوان بەهۆی نەریتی پێشوازیی کردنی میوانهکان لەجەژندا، خەڵەکهیان نەپشکنیوه. کاتیک تەقینهوه که روویدا، جەلال تالەبانی لەیهکیتی نیشتمانی کوردستان و مەسعود بارزانی لە پارتی دیموکراتی کوردستان، لە هەولێر بوون.

هەرچەنده عێراق لەماوهی ئەم چەند مانگهی دواییدا، توشی چەندین رووداوی تەقینهوه بووه. بەلام ئەو هێرشەیی که رۆژی یەکشەممە روویدا، بۆ یەکهەم جارە تیایدا هێرشبەران لەبری ئۆتۆمبیل، پشتمینی بۆمبڕێژکراو بەکاربێنن.

تەقینهوه که یەکشەممە، رۆژیک دواي تەقینهوهی ئەو ئۆتۆمبیلە بۆمبڕێژکراوه بوو که بنکهی پۆلیسی لە موسڵ کردە ئامانج و لانی کهم ۹ کەس تیایدا کوژران. کاتر مێریک دواتر موشەکیکی هاوێن لەگەرەکیکی بەغدا کهوتەخوارەوه و پێنج کەسی کوشت و چواریشی بریندار کرد.

بەرپرسیانی ئەمریکی وتیان لەوانهیه چەکارانی بیانیی، یان ئەنسارولئیسلام، که گروپێکی چەکاران و پهيوەندییان بە ئەلقاعیدهوه ههیهو بنکهیان لەباکووره و بۆ چەندین جار لەگەڵ کوردهکاندا پێکیانداوه، هێرشەکهیان ئەنجامدایت. هیچ لایەنێک دەستبەجی بەرپرسیاریتی ئەو پەلامارهی رانهگیانندوه.

ژەنەرآل مارک کیمیت، جیگری فەرماندهی ئۆپەراسیۆنهکانی هاوپهیمانان وتی: " لەم قوناغدا هیچ بەلگهیه کهمان بەدەستەوه نییه (سەبارەت بەوهی که کۆی بەرپرسیاره) لەوانهیه ئەنسارولئیسلام، لەوانهیه ئەلقاعیده، لەوانهشه هەر گروپێک بێت لەو گروپه بیانییر تیرۆرستانهیی که لەعێراقدا، هەڵدەسوڕین.

پۆل بریمەر، فەرمانرەوای عێراق، پەیمانیدا کار لەگەڵ ھێزە ئەمنییەکانی عێراقدا بکات، بۆ قۆلبەستکردنی ئەوانەیی لەپشت تەقینەوێکی رۆژی یەکشەممەوێ بوون

بریمەر لە بەیاننامەیەکیدا، وتی پەلاماردەران " ھەولێ و ھستاندنی رینگری پیشکەوتنی عێراق دەدەن لەرینگەیی سەرورەیی و دیموکراسییدا."

سەرکردەکانی ھەردوو پارتەکی کە پیشتر رکابەری توندی یەکتربوون، لە بەیاننامەیەکیدا رایانگەیاندا کە پیکەوێ شەری تیرۆریزم دەکەن.

تالەبانی وتی: " ئەم کارە تیرۆرستانەیی دژی ئاینی ئیسلام و مرووفایەتین و پیویستە ئیمە بە جدیتر کاربکەین لەپیناوی یەکشەستی حکومەتە "کوردییەکیمان". "ئیمە پیکەوێ کاردەکەین تاوێکو لە عێراقیکی دیموکراتی فیدرالیدا بژین."

گرنگ نییە کێ لە پشیمانەوێ بوو، رەنگە تەقینەوێکان گرتەکانی نێوان کورد و عەرەبە سوننەکان زیدەتر بکەن، لەکاتیکیدا سەرکردەکانی ئەمریکا و عێراق، ھەول دەدەن شیوێ نوێی حکومەتی ولاتەکەیان بنەخشین. ھەندیک لە عەرەبەکان بە توندی دژی داواکارییەکانی کوردبوون بۆ مانەوێ، یاخود بۆ فراوانکردنی ھەریمە خۆبەرێو ھەبەرییەکیان لە باکوور."

**World**

**In brief**

**Mass resignation in Iranian parliament deepens crisis**

**TEHRAN, Iran (AP)** — More than one-third of Iran's lawmakers resigned in protest Sunday over disputed elections and the parliamentary speaker charged critics with tampering to the rights of his countrymen.

Speaker Mehdi Karubi appealed to Iran's supreme leader, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, to help resolve the crisis caused by disqualification of thousands of liberal candidates from the Feb. 20 vote.

Some 125 lawmakers in the 290-seat Majlis, or parliament, resigned Sunday in a dramatic gesture intended to force the clerical hierarchy to reinstate the disqualified candidates.

The mass resignation "will determine Iran's direction, role of absolute dictatorship or democracy," reformist lawmaker Mohammad Khatami said. Karubi said he and reformist President Mohammad Khatami start of new efforts to resolve the crisis, holding discussions with Khamenei, who has the final say on all state matters.

But Khamenei left the capital Tehran for an undisclosed location, making it difficult to reach him, parliamentary officials said.

Karubi, the parliamentary speaker, launched a rare verbal attack on the Guardian Council, the unelected body of hard-line clerics that disqualified more than 2,400 reformist candidates from the legislative elections.

Are you loyal to Islam if you pray daily, but then tamper on the rights of the people?" said Karubi, himself a cleric.

Iran's supreme leader, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, left the capital Tehran for an undisclosed location, making it difficult to reach him, parliamentary officials said.

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**Brother may have passed bird flu to Vietnamese sisters, WHO says**

**BANGKOK, Thailand (AP)** — Two Vietnamese sisters who died from bird flu may have caught the disease from their brother, which would be the first known case involving human-to-human transmission in the outbreak now sweeping Asia, the World Health Organization said.

The source of the sisters' infection has not been identified, but investigators have failed to find a specific event, such as contact with sick poultry, or an environmental source to explain the cases, WHO spokesman Bob Diers said in Hanoi.

"I traced human-to-human transmission from the brother to his sisters as one possible explanation," he said.

No other cases of people catching the virus from other people have been suspected anywhere else.

Diers' flu has killed millions of chickens in 10 Asian countries and jumped to humans in Thailand and Vietnam, killing at least 10 people.

China closed poultry markets and processing facilities in bird flu-infected areas shortly after WHO warned that Beijing's chickens contain the disease may be spreading.

WHO called on China to share more information about the disease, step up monitoring for possible human cases, and take precautions on workers slaughtering birds are not affected.

The U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization appealed for international aid for Asian farmers, saying they may otherwise resist slaughtering their flocks, a crucial measure in stamping out the disease and preventing a human outbreak.

**Israeli defense minister threatens to kill Islamic leaders in retaliation**

**JERUSALEM (AP)** — The leader of violent Islamic groups faces targets for assassination, Israeli defense minister said Sunday, raising the possibility of a further escalation in the three-year of Israeli-Palestinian violence.

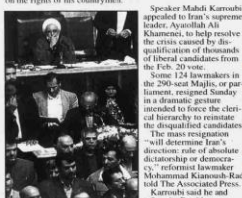
Shaul Mofaz issued the threat in response to a declaration by the spiritual leader of Hamas, Sheikh Ahmed Yassin, that the group plans an all-out effort to kill Israeli soldiers.

The statements of Yassin just emphasize the need to strike the heads of Hamas and the Islamic Jihad," Mofaz told the weekly meeting of the Israeli Cabinet, according to an Israeli official who attended the meeting.

The statements by Mofaz and Yassin threaten to inflame an already violent confrontation that has led to the deaths of more than 3,500 people on each side in a year-long war, both sides during their year-long mission of Eid al-Adha, in Gaza City on Sunday.

Eight Palestinians in a shooting in Gaza City, while a Palestinian suicide bomber killed 11 people in Jerusalem. Hamas took responsibility for the bombing, a day after a claim from the Al Aqsa Martyrs' Brigades, loosely linked to Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat's Fatah movement.

Sunday was a Muslim holy day, and Hamas officials were not available to react to Mofaz's comments.



Mass resignation: Iran's speaker of Parliament Mehdi Karubi, top left, and other reformist lawmakers stand to present their resignation during Parliament session in Tehran on Sunday.



Mourning a brother: Pathman Boonman, 11, holds the portrait of Captain, in preparation for the cremation of his younger brother in Kanchanaburi Province, Thailand Sunday. Captain died on Jan. 26.

**Bombers hit Kurdish offices**

**ERBIL, Iraq (AP)** — Two suicide bombers with explosives wired to their bodies struck the offices of the country's townsmen Kurdish parties in nearly simultaneous attacks Sunday, killing at least 56 people and wounding more than 235 in the deadliest assault in Iraq in six months.

The attacks struck in the Kurdish heartland and waded a heavy toll among senior leaders of Iraq's most pro-American ethnic group.

Elsewhere, an American soldier was killed and 12 were wounded in a rocket attack on a logistics base in Babai, 200 miles north of Baghdad, the U.S. command said. The death raised to 523 the number of U.S. service members who have died since the Iraq conflict began in March.

The Irbil attackers slipped into the offices of the Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan along with hundreds of well-wishers gathering for the Muslim holiday of Eid al-Adha, the Feast of Sacrifice.

Kurdish television said both bombers were dressed as Muslim clerics.

Leaders of both parties, whose militias fought alongside U.S. soldiers during the invasion of Iraq last year, were receiving hundreds of visitors to mark the start of the four-day holiday when the blasts went off.

Guards said they did not search people because of the tradition of receiving guests during the holiday. Neither party's top leader — Jalal Talabani of the PUK and Masoud Barzani of the KDP — was in Irbil when the attacks occurred.

Although Iraq has suffered numerous suicide bombings in recent months, the attack Sunday marked the first time perpetrators have worn explosives rather than using vehicles.

Sunday's blasts came a day after a car bomb outside a police station in the northern city of Mosul killed at least nine people. Hours later, a mortar attack hit a Baghdad neighborhood, killing five people and wounding four.

U.S. officials said foreign militants or Ansar al-Islam, an al-Qaeda-linked Islamic militant group based in the north that has frequently clashed with the Kurds, may have carried out the attacks. There was no immediate claim of responsibility.



Kurdish families wait outside a hospital for news about relatives who may have been injured or killed after a suicide bombing Sunday in Irbil, Iraq. Two suicide bombers struck the offices of two U.S. backed Kurdish parties in near simultaneous attacks Sunday in Irbil, as hundreds of Iraqis gathered to celebrate a Muslim holiday.

"We have no proof at this point about who is responsible. It could be Ansar al-Islam. It could be al Qaeda. It could be any of a number of foreign terrorist groups operating in Iraq," said U.S. Brig. Gen. Mark Kimmitz, coalition deputy chief of staff for operations.

U.S. administrator L. Paul Bremer pledged to work with Iraq security forces to capture those behind Sunday's bombings.

The attackers "are seeking to halt Iraq's progress on the path to sovereignty and democracy," Bremer said in a statement.

In statements, the leaders of both parties, since Irbil rebels expressed their resolve to fight terrorism together.

"These terrorist acts are against the Islamic religion and humanity and we shall work more seriously toward uniting our (Kurdish) government," Talabani said. "We will work together in order to live in a democratic, federal Iraq."

No matter who was behind them, the blasts may heighten tensions between the Kurds and Sunni Arabs. As U.S. and Iraqi leaders try to map out the country's new form of government, some Arabs have sharply opposed Kurdish demands to retain or even expand their self-rule region in the north.

**WHAT EXACTLY IS PARTICULATE MATTER?**

DURING THE WINTER MONTHS, YOU HEAR HEALTH & ENVIRONMENTAL OFFICIALS TALK ABOUT PM, OR PARTICULATE MATTER.

PM IS THE VERY SMALL DUST & SOOT PARTICULATES THAT ARE CREATED DURING A BURNING PROCESS. WHEN THE AIR IS STILL, THESE PARTICLES GET TRAPPED IN THE VALLEY & A BROWNISH HAZE BEGINS TO BUILD. WHEN THIS HAPPENS, YOU ARE ASKED TO HOLD OFF ON USING YOUR WOOD-BURNING STOVE OR FIREPLACE UNTIL THE AIR CLEARS.

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT PM IS THAT IT ACCUMULATES IN YOUR RESPIRATORY SYSTEM. FOR SOME PEOPLE - CHILDREN, THE ELDERLY & THOSE WITH EXISTING HEART & LUNG DISEASE - PERIODS OF BUILDING POLLUTION INCREASE SUSCEPTIBILITY TO RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS &/OR AGGRAVATE EXISTING PROBLEMS SUCH AS ASTHMA & CHRONIC BRONCHITIS.

IF YOU'RE HEALTHY, RECENT STUDIES ARE BEGINNING TO SHOW AN IMPACT FROM POLLUTANTS ON YOUR HEART & LUNGS OVER TIME. IF YOU'RE NOT HEALTHY, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.



## نالۆزیی له کەرکوک ههره شه له نایندهی ناشتی دهکات له عیراق

رۆژنامهی ئهمریکی "The Salt Lake Tribune" که له رۆژی یهکشهممهی ریکهوتی ۲۷ی حوزهبهرانی ۲۰۰۴د، چاپ و بلاوکر اوتهوه، بابهتیکهی "مارک ماكدونالد" له لاپهرهی ۱۳ی خۆیدا بهو ناو نیشانهی سهروهه بلاوکر دۆتهوه، که ئەمه دهقه کهیهتی:

" کەرکوک - عیراق : مندالان له خۆیندنگهی ناوهندیی شوڕجه له کەرکوک، ههموو بهیانیهک ئالا ههلهکهن و سرودی نیشتمانی دهلین- ئالای کوردستان و سرودی نیشتمانی کوردی- هیچ ئالایهکی عیراقی له ئاسۆ نابینریت.

ئهوان سرودهکه دهچرن و دهلین : " سهیری کهن خۆیناوییه رابردوومان." ئهوان دهلین : " کهس نهئێ کورد مردووه کورد زیندووه، قهت نانهوی ئالاکهمان."

سروده نیشتمانییه کوردیهکه، وهک رابردوی کورد خۆیناوی و سهرنجراکیشه. ههروهها زۆر کهس له باکووری عیراق، پێشینی ئهوه دهکهن که لهماوهیهکی زۆر زوودا خۆینی زیدهتر دهڕژیت، ئهگهر بهرو ئهوه دۆخه بڕوات که جهنگی ئیوخۆیی له عیراقتا ههلهگیرسیت. ههروهها زۆت کهسپیش بڕوایان وایه که ئهوه شتیکی خۆلی لانهراوه، یهکهمین برگه و قوولترینی ئهوه جهنگهش له کەرکوکوه دهبیت.

دهسهلاتی کاتیی هاوپهیمانان "CPA" به سهروکیهتی ئهمریکا، کۆنترۆلی عیراق دههخشیته حکومهت له ۳۰ حوزهبهران. ههروهها پێدهچیت که جیگیری و لاتهکه و تهنانهت ناوچهکهش بهوهوه دیاریدهکریت که له کەرکوکێ بڕ نهوت روودهدات.

پاول هارقی، ریکخهری کەرکوک بو CPA وتی : " نیگهرانییهکه ئهوهیه کاتیک ئیمه دهڕۆین، بۆشاییهکه بهشیوهیهکی توندو دژوار بڕدهکریتهوه."

توندوتیزبیهکان لهئیسناوه دهستیانپیکردوو. لهه چهند ههفتهیهی رابردوودا، شهپۆلیکی کوشتنی سیاسی، کهرکۆکی گرتوتهوه و بهرپرسیانی هاوپهیمانان ئیستا که له ههموو کاتیگدا، پاسهوانی تایبتهت و ئۆتۆمبیلی زریپۆش بهکاردههئین. بنکهی ئاسمانی ئهمریکا، کهوتوته بهر پهلاماری سوک بهلام بهردهوام به موشهکی هاوهن، بهتایبتهی پاش نوێزی ههینی.

ههروهها تیکدهران لهمانگی پینشوودا، دوو بۆری نهوتیان تهقاندوه، که یهکێکیان بۆرییهکی گرنگی ههناردهکردنی نهوته.

کهرکۆک شاریکی بهربلاو و خۆلاوییه و نزیک به ملیۆنیک کهسی له کورد و عهرهب و تورکمان و ئاسوری، تیدا دهژی. قهوارهی ههریهک لهه کۆمهلهگانه بابتهی مشتومریکی گهرمه. ههموشیان، جگه له ئاسورییهکان، ئیدیعیای بهلادهستی دهکهن.

کورد، موسولمانان، نه عهرهب و نه فارسن. ئهوان گروپیکی ئیئینی جیاوازن و زمان و داب و نهاریتی تایبتهت بهخویان ههیه. زۆریه ئه کوردانهی عیراق که به ۴,۵ ملیۆن خهملێزاون، له باکوور دهژین.

تورکمان، گروپیکی ئیئین که پهیههستهگی زمان و کهلتورییان به تورکیاوهیه و پهیرهوی لهفۆرمیکی مامناوهندی ئیسلامی شیعه دهکهن. ئاسورییهکانیش بۆ چهندین سهدهیه له ناوچهکه دهژین.

ئیسماعیل شوکر که پرۆفیسۆری میژووی هاوچهرخ کورده له زانکۆی سهلاحهدين، وتی: "متمانهی زۆر کهم لهئیهو ئهوه گروپه جیاوازه ههیه، بهشپوهیهک که سهخته ببیریت که چون خۆ له جهنگیکی نیوخۆیی بهووربگرن." " کهرکۆک دهتوانیت پریشکی ههلهگیرساندنی ئاگر بیت له ههموو عیراقتا. ههموو ناسیونالیستهکان خۆیان بۆ شهپۆلیکی گهره، ئاماده دهکهن."

خهلاتی کۆتایی نهوتهکهیه و کهرکۆکیش لهسه زهریایهک نهوت راوهستاوه. کێلگهکانی کهرکۆک مهزهنده دهکریت که ۴۰ لهسهدی سههرجهم نهوتی عیراقتی گرتوتهخۆ.

زلهیزه دهره کبییه کان و رژیمه جور به جور مهکانی عیراق، ماوهی بهشیکی زور له سدهیهک خهریکی یاریکردن بوون به تهون و پیکهاتهی ئیتتی کهر کوک، ئیستا ئهوه خه لکه خو جیکهیه که خهریکی ئهوهن.

کهر کوک و گونده کشتو کالییهکانی دهوور بهری، کهوتوونهته بهر لیشاوی ئهوه په نابهره کوردانهی که زور بهیان ئهوانهن که ۲۰ سال له مهو بهر، له لایهن سهدام حسینهوه، بهشیوهیهکی ومحشییانه لهناوچهکانیان راگو یزراون.

کاتیک سهدام کوردهکانی دهر کرد، مال و مولکیان گواسترایهوه بو عهره ب. له پاش رزگاری عیراق، ئهوه کوردانهی گهرا نهوه مال و مولکهکانیان گزرایهوه، ههندیک کاتیش عهره به کریگرتهکانیان له ژیر ههره شهی چه کدا دهره کرد. دژواری و گرژییهکانی نیوان کورد و عهره ب، نکولی لینه کراو و دوژمنانهیه.

هاوکات، پارته سیاسییه کوردییهکان، ماوهیهکه پاره به کوردان ددهن، که پیش هه لیزاردن و سه رژ میریی برۆ نهوه بو کهر کوک.

ئهگهر شتهکان بهرهو توندوتیژی برۆن، کوردان دهتوانن ۷۰,۰۰۰ جهنگاوهری باش راهینراوی پیشمه رگه، تهیار بکهن. ئهم پیشمه رگه کوردانه "ئهوانه ی روو بهرووی مه رگه دهنهوه" شان بهشانی تیمه تاییهته ئهمریکییهکان، له دژی سوپای سهدام جهنگاون.

ههروهها پارته تورکمانهکانیش ئیدیعیای ئهوه دهکهن که هیزی سهربازی یهدهک و نامادهیان ههیه. تورکیا بهردهوامه له لیدوانی ههره شه ئامیز سهبارت بههاناوههاتن و یارمهتیدانی برا عیراقییهکانیان.

چهکاره یاخیهه سوننهکان و خو بهخشه شیعهکان، دهشیت بهناوی عهره بهکانی کهر کوکهوه دهستتوردان بکهن،

ههوالهکان باس لهوئدهمکن که ههزارهها چهکداری خۆبهخشی شیعه، بهدریژی سئورهکان لهودیو ئیرانهوه کۆبوونهتهوه. ههروهها موقتهدا سهدری پیاوی ئاینی شیعه، پێدهچیت پێشینی شهر له کهرکوکدا بکات و ههندیک له شوینکهوتهکانی به پاس دهباته ناو کهرکوکهوه.

ههروهها روخساری نوپی دیکهش ههن.

مهحمود چهلهبی، شروقهکاریکی سیاسی تورکمان وتی: "ههموو دهزگا ههوالگریهکان لیره گرفت دروستدهمکن: مۆسادی ئیسرائیلی، سیای ئهمریکا، ئیف ئیس بی روسی، میتی تورکی. زیدهبوونی زوری بهدکاریهکان تهنیا پێویستی به به دانیهک لهوانه ههیه."

تهحسین کههیه، سهروکی ئهنجومهنی شاری کهرکوک، بروای وایه که شانهکانی تیرۆرستی ئهنسارولئیسلام، لهو شارهدا چالاکیی دکهن. ههروهها محهمهد ئیحسانی وهزیری مافی مروقی حکومهتی ههریمی کوردستان، لۆمهی توندروانی ئیران و سعودی و سوریهکان دهکات بو هاندانی رق و کینهی قهومی.

نایندهی نزیکي کهرکوک، کاریگهیری راستهوخوی لهسهه ئهگههري دامهزراندنی کوردستانیکي سهربهخۆ دهبیته. نزیک به ۲۵ ملیۆن کورد، لهروژهلاتی تورکیا و باکووری عێراق و سوریا و ئیران و نازهربایجان ههیه. ئهوان نهتهوهیهکی جیاوازی بهلام ههگریز دهولهتیکي نهتهومیی تایبتهت به خویان نهبووه.

جهمال عهبدولای سههرکردهیهکی بالای کورد لهههولێر! وتی: "ئیمه مافی خۆمانه که ولاتی خۆمانمان ههبیته، ئهوه مافی ههموو کوردیکه، بهلام بو ئیستا، داهاووومان لهگهڵ عێراقه."

لهگهڵ ئهمریکاشدا، سههرکردهیهتی کورد هیواداره که بنیاتنانی فرۆکهخانه نوێیهکه لهدهروهی ههولێر، دوو هینده بێته هوی بنکهیهکی ههمیشهیی بو هیزه چهکدارهکانی ئهمریکا.

عەبدوللا وتی: " کورد نوێنەرایەتی ناوکی سیستمیکی دیموکراتی و فرەیی دەکات و بەهاکانمان لەگەڵ بەهاکانی ئەمریکادا، وەک یەکە. تاکو ئیستا یەمریکا تەنیا یەک هاوپەیمانی دیموکراتی لە رۆژھەلاتی ناوەراست ھەیە کە ئەویش ئیسرائیلە، ئیستا کە دووانی ھەیە."

تەنانت بەپاڵپشتی ئەمریکاش، کوردستان چونکە دەرچەپەکی راستەوخۆی لەسەر دەریا نییە، ھەربۆیە ئەو ھەش ھەناردەکردنی نەوت و توانا ئابوورییەکانی ئالۆزتر دەکات.

وێرای ئەو ھەش، کوردستان خۆی لەپێگەییەکی ھاوسنیەتی سەختدا دەمیننێتەو. ھیچ کام لە ئێران و تورکیا و سوریا و عێراقی نوێ کە عەرەب تیایدا بالادەستە، ناتوانن بەرگەیی دەولەتییکی کوردیی سەر بەخۆی نەوتیی لە پەنا گوێیاندا بگرن."





## عیراق بۆ ناوانانی سەرۆکیکی نوێ خۆی ناماده دهکات

روژنامهی "The Daily Herald" که له روژی چوارشه‌ممهی ریکهوتی ٦ی ئه‌بریل/نیسانی ٢٠٠٥دا، چاپ و بلاوکرده‌وه، بابته‌تیکی به‌و ناوێشانانی سهره‌وه بلاوکرده‌وه، که ئه‌مه ده‌قه‌که‌یه‌تی:

" به‌غداد- عیراق: به‌پرسانیکی عیراقیی وتیان که سهدام حسینی دکتاتوری لیخراو، ئه‌مرو له زیندانه‌که‌یه‌وه له‌به‌غدا، ده‌بینیت که پارله‌مانی تازه‌هه‌لبژێردراو، سهرۆکیکی نوێ هه‌لبه‌بژێریت. ئه‌وه‌ش هه‌نگای دوومه له بنیاتنانی یه‌که‌مین حکومه‌تی دیموکراتی هه‌لبژێردراو له‌ماوه‌ی په‌نجا سا‌لدا.

روژی سێشه‌ممه، یاساسازه‌کان دوا ده‌ستکاریی خۆیان له‌و ریکهوتنه‌دا کردوه که جه‌لال تاله‌بانی سهرۆکه کورده‌که ده‌کاته سهرۆکی وڵات و عادل عه‌بدولمه‌هدی شیعه و غازی ئه‌لیاوهری سهرۆکی کاتی، ده‌بته دوو جیگری سهرۆک کۆمار.

په‌ده‌چیت له‌روژی پینجشه‌ممه‌دا، ٢٧٥ پارله‌مانتار که له ٣٠ حوزه‌یراندا هه‌لبژێردراون، ئیبراهیمی ریبه‌ری شیعه‌کان وه‌ک سهرۆک وه‌زیران رابگه‌یه‌زن و ریگه‌ش بۆ پارله‌مانتاران خۆش بکه‌ن تاوه‌کو ١٥ی ئاب، جه‌خت له‌سه‌ر نووسینه‌وه‌ی ده‌ستووری هه‌میشه‌یی بکه‌نه‌وه.

ئه‌م حکومه‌ته کاتییه نوێیه، بناغه‌ی ئه‌نجامدانی هه‌لبژاردنیکی ئاینده‌یی و حکومه‌تیکی هه‌میشه‌یی داده‌نیت. ئه‌وانه‌ش کاری به‌نه‌رتین بۆ کشانه‌وه‌ی دواجاریی ئه‌مریکیه‌کان. "

Four large, inflatable decontamination tents were set up in the parking lot of Union Hospital to treat the dozens of "patients" who had arrived by 9 a.m. from New Jersey's mock pneumonic plague attack.

Doctors, nurses and the actors all wore white face masks, and each patient was given a colored toe tag to signify the severity of their condition. Five of the 64 patients wore black tags, indicating they were "dead."

In New London, Conn., rescue crews and dogs sorted through rubble simulating a partially collapsed building, looking for volunteers playing victims and dummies used to represent fatalities from a simulated mustard gas attack.

The \$16 million, weeklong exercise is meant to find weak spots in the nation's emergency planning.

### Drug companies develop clearinghouse to aid uninsured

WASHINGTON — Drug manufacturers, under fire from consumer advocacy groups for opposing legislation to reduce prescription costs, announced Tuesday they would spend about \$30 million through June to develop and promote a program that would help poor Americans gain access to the medicines they need.

Throughout the country, hundreds of public and private programs already provide some assistance to consumers who can't afford their prescriptions. But finding out about the programs and accessing them can be a daunting bureaucratic task for doctors, let alone consumers.

The new program establishes a Web site and calling centers to match consumers with the program that best suits their needs. The drug manufacturers' partnership is spending \$10 million to promote the campaign. It took out full-page advertisements Tuesday in several large newspapers and also will air television ads.

In addition, more than \$20 million will have been spent

### suicide doesn't plant the idea in their minds

CHICAGO — Asking teenagers about suicide won't make them more likely to contemplate it, as some parents and school officials fear, a study suggests.

In fact, the study found that simply asking troubled students about any suicidal impulses appears to ease their distress and might make some of them less likely to try killing themselves.

The results confirm what many mental health experts already believe and should alleviate fears among some parents and schools that just mentioning suicide might plant the idea in teens' minds, said study author Madelyn Gould, a researcher at Columbia University and New York Psychiatric Institute.

National data suggest that each year more than 3 million youngsters ages 15 to 19 think seriously about committing suicide. About 1.7 million try it, with more than half of the attempts requiring medical attention, and about 1,600 succeed.

### Five former secretaries of state back Bolton

WASHINGTON — Five former U.S. secretaries of state urged the Senate on Tuesday to confirm John R. Bolton as U.N. ambassador.

"We must have an ambassador in place whose knowledge, experience, dedication and drive will be vital to protecting the American interest in an effective, forward-looking United Nations," they said in a letter to Sen. Richard Lugar, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Former Secretaries James A. Baker III, Lawrence Eagleburger, Alexander Haig, Henry Kissinger and George Shultz signed the letter to Lugar, R-Ind., who plans a hearing on the Bolton nomination Thursday.

Two former defense secretaries, Frank Carlucci and James Schlesinger, also signed, along with former U.N. Ambassador Jeanne Kirkpatrick and five other retired senior U.S. officials.

the pullout, and encouraging their allies in parliament to try to bring down the government.

### 3-day standoff between Saudi police, Islamic extremists ends

RIYADH, Saudi Arabia — Security forces seized a walled compound Tuesday where Islamic militants had been barricaded for days, ending the kingdom's largest gunbattle with armed extremists. At least 14 of the militants were killed, including top leaders of the Saudi branch of al-Qaeda, state television said.

Six others were captured in the three days of fierce firefights in the desert town of Rass, state TV said, citing security officials after the battle was over.

For nearly 48 hours, the gunmen had been holed up in the villa compound about 220 miles northwest of the capital Riyadh and near Buraydah, a known stronghold of Islamic fundamentalists. Surrounded by hundreds of Saudi special forces, they had a large arsenal of weapons and fired heavy volleys of automatic weapons fire and grenades.

### Iraq prepares to name new president

BAGHDAD, Iraq — Ousted dictator Saddam Hussein will watch from his Baghdad jail cell as Iraq's newly elected parliament chooses a new president today, the next step in building Iraq's first democratically elected government in 50 years, Iraqi officials said.

Lawmakers put the finishing touches Tuesday on an agreement-making Kurdish leader Jalal Talabani president and Shiite Adel Abdul-Mahdi and interim President Ghazi al-Yawer, a Sunni Arab, his two vice presidents.

On Thursday, the 275 lawmakers elected Jan. 30 likely will name Shiite leader Ibrahim al-Jaafari prime minister, clearing the way for lawmakers to begin focusing their attention on writing a permanent constitution by their Aug. 15 deadline.

The new, interim government will lay the foundation for future elections and a perma-

a reduced majority in the Commons.

### Kyrgyz parliament fails to reach quorum to accept resignation

BISHKEK, Kyrgyzstan — Kyrgyz lawmakers failed to show up in sufficient numbers Tuesday to accept the resignation of President Askar Akayev, leaving the ousted leader still technically in power and extending a two-week-old political crisis.

Parliament was two short of the 50 lawmakers needed to form a quorum. Some of those who had helped negotiate Akayev's resignation were among the legislators absent on Tuesday. At the same time, some Akayev supporters attended the session, adding to the confusion.

The reasons behind the no-shows were not clear. Some observers attributed it to a lack of discipline rather than politi-

cal motives. "We have quorum in a few days, maker Soronbai Jeyen complained.

Kyrgyz officials had hard to secure Akayev's resignation as a significant step toward restoring order and giving a stamp of approval to a new leadership to power less than two weeks ago amid widespread

### Prince Albert malice

MONACO — Prince made his first official appearance Tuesday since Monaco's royal duties were assumed by his father, the late Pope Paul II.

Albert, the only son of Prince Rainier III, a late movie star Grace I was accompanied at M cathedral by his sister, Caroline, his nephew, and his niece, Charlotti



### Grave Sweeping Day

Students offer wreaths for martyrs on Grave Sweeping Day at the Mausoleum in Shanghai, China. People visited graves and swept them on Tuesday, when Chinese traditionally observe a day to clean up grave sites, make offerings of food and

